



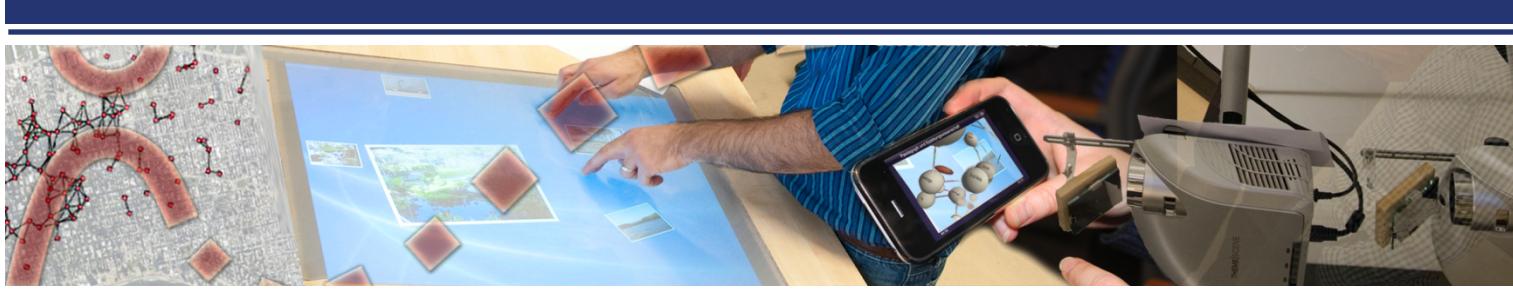
Telecooperation Lab
Prof. Dr. Max Mühlhäuser

TK3: Ubiquitous (& Mobile) Computing

Chapter ?: Privacy

Lecturer: Jörg Daubert

(based on slides by Stefan Schiffner)



PRIVACY - OUTLINE

- An Introduction to Privacy:
 - Definitions and Terminology
 - Privacy Enhancing Technologies
 - Case study: Smart Meter Privacy



Privacy – Dictionary Definition



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1

- a : the quality or state of being apart from company or observation : seclusion
- b : freedom from unauthorized intrusion <one's right to privacy>

2

- archaic : a place of seclusion

3

- a : secrecy
- b : a private matter : secret

From Merriam Webster Online Dictionary

Not Really a basis for technical solutions



Informational self-determination



“The claim of individuals, groups and institutions to determine themselves, when, how and to what extent information about them is communicated to the others”

Privacy and Freedom:
Westin 1967

Information
about the
subject

Subj+ communicate +What? +ToWhom? +When?How?How much?

Verb

Direct Object

Indirect Object

Adverbial Adjuncts



What is Personal Data



EU Data Protection Directive (95/46/EC):

“personal data” shall mean any information relating to an **identified or identifiable** natural person ('Data Subject');

an identifiable person is one who can be **identified, directly or indirectly**, in particular by reference to an **identification number** or to one or more factors specific to his **physical, physiological, mental, economic, cultural or social identity**.

Personally Identifiable Information (PII)



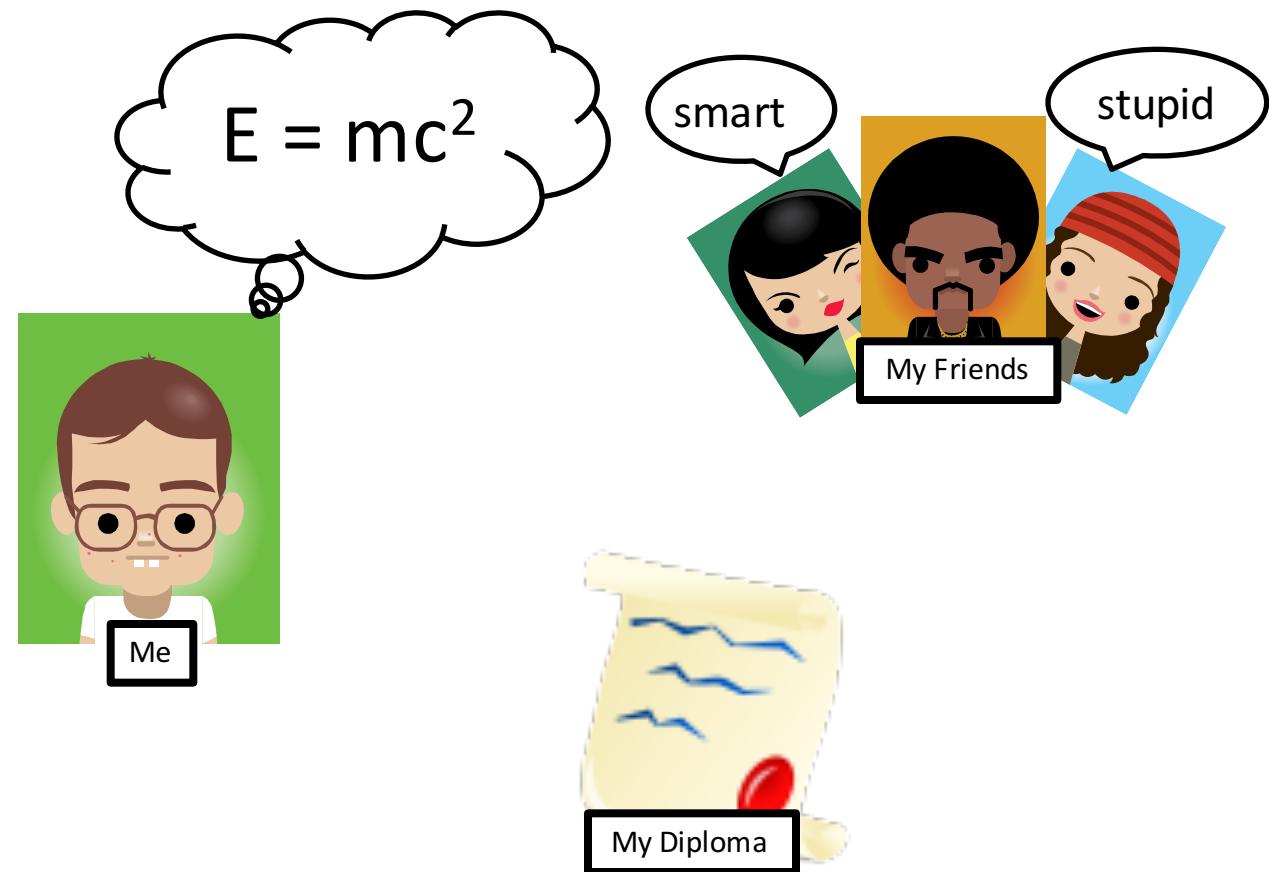
Who I am?



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My Car





How to enforce my right to informational self-determination?

- Protect legal privacy principles using technology
 - minimizing or avoiding personal data
 - safeguarding of lawful data processing

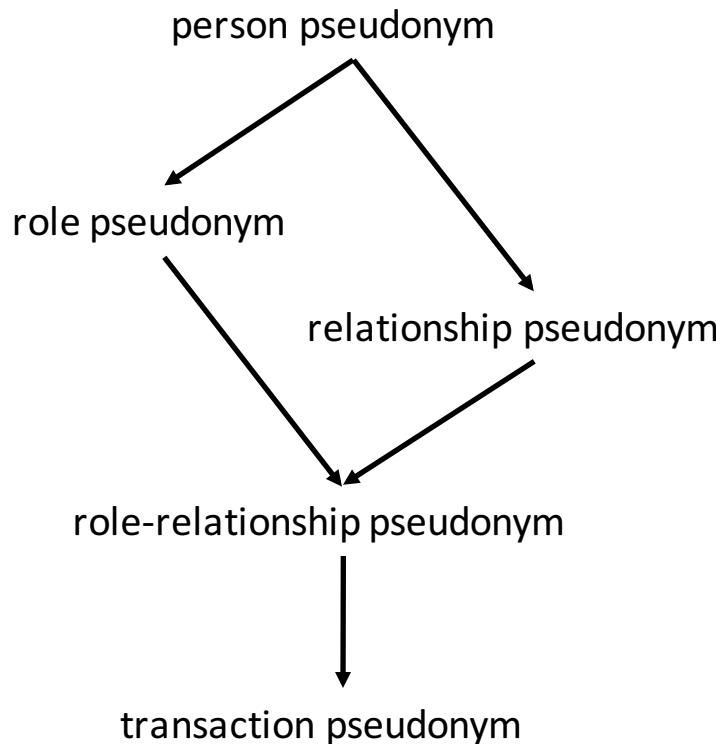


Pseudonyms



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ID in a certain context



- **Increasing Anonymity support**
- **Linkability**
 - Separate pseudonyms might be linkable by context, e.g., used IP address
 - Can lead to re-identification, e.g., several linkable transaction pseudonyms can be seen as a role-relationship pseudonym

The internet is not made for unlinkable pseudonymous communication



PETs for Data Minimization



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- Anonymous Communication
 - MIXes
 - DC-Nets
- Controlled Disclosure
 - Anonymous credentials
 - Anonymous payment systems
 - Voting systems
- Privacy enhanced ID Management Systems
- Ecosystems that use the above



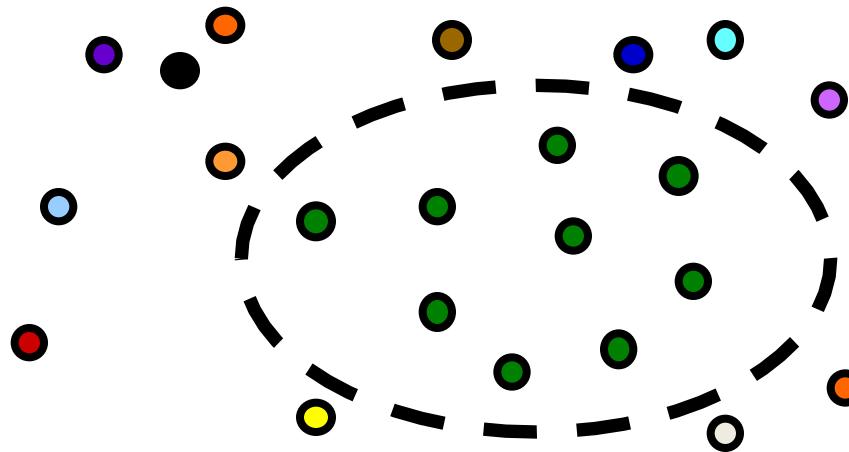


Anonymity



- Anonymity of a subject means that the subject is not identifiable within a set of subjects, the anonymity set

Pfitzmann 2000



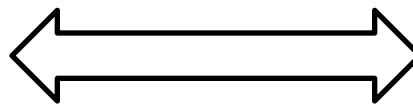
the anonymity set



- Anonymous communication between peers

- Attacker Model

- How resource attacker is
- Active
- Passive



- Global Attacker

- Dolev-Yao threat model
- All communication
- Some nodes



- Local Attacker

- Some communication
- Some nodes



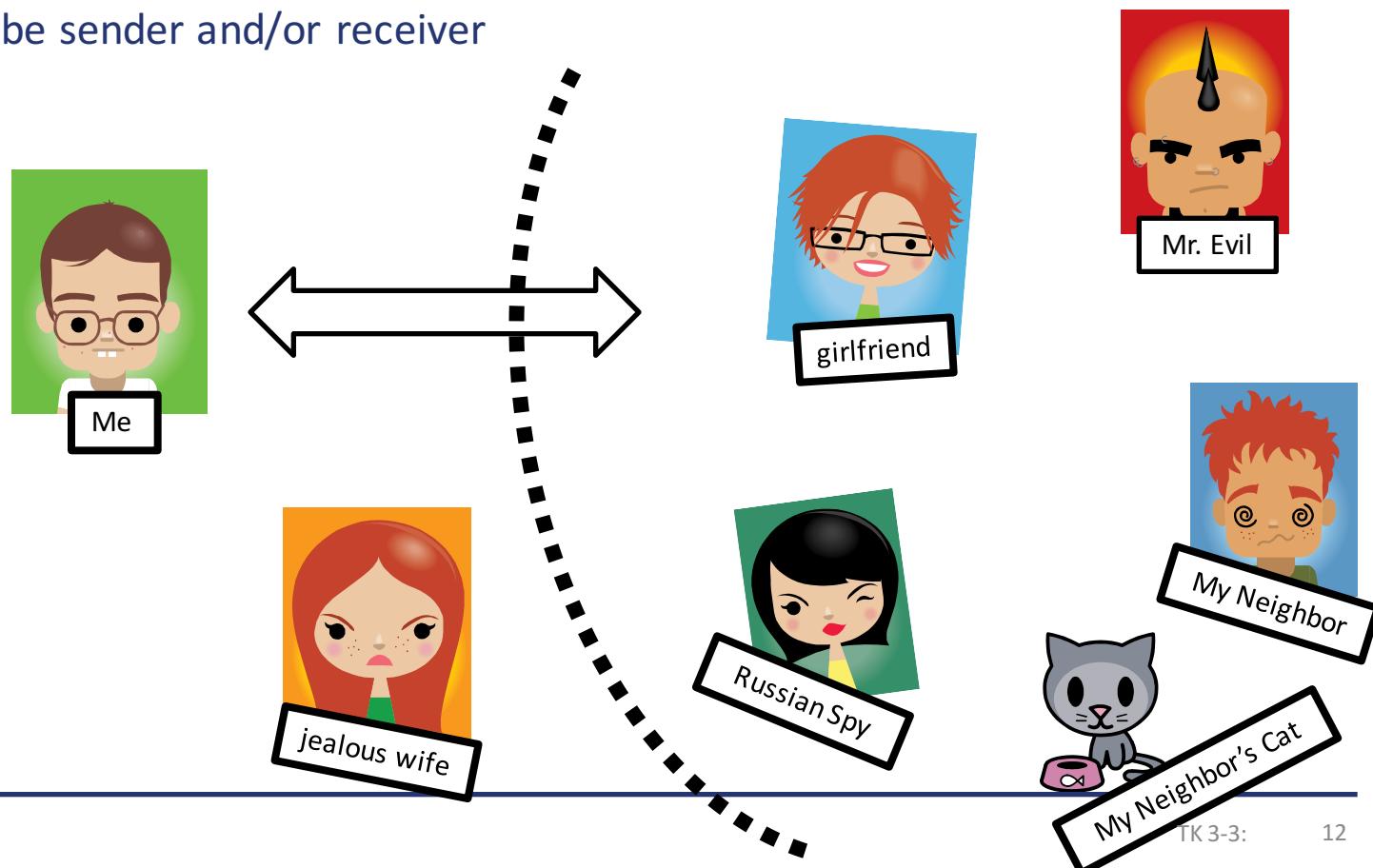
Anonymous Communication



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■ Basic Idea:

- Every message can be sent by anyone
- ~can be received by anyone
- Attacker can be sender and/or receiver



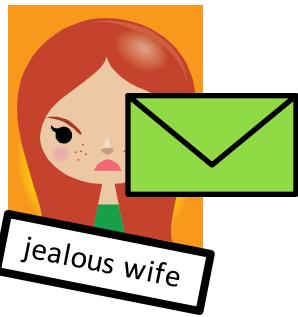


1. Collects messages
2. Deletes doublets
3. Re-Codes
4. Shuffles
5. Forwards





Replay attack (why step 2)



Repetitions need to be
dropped

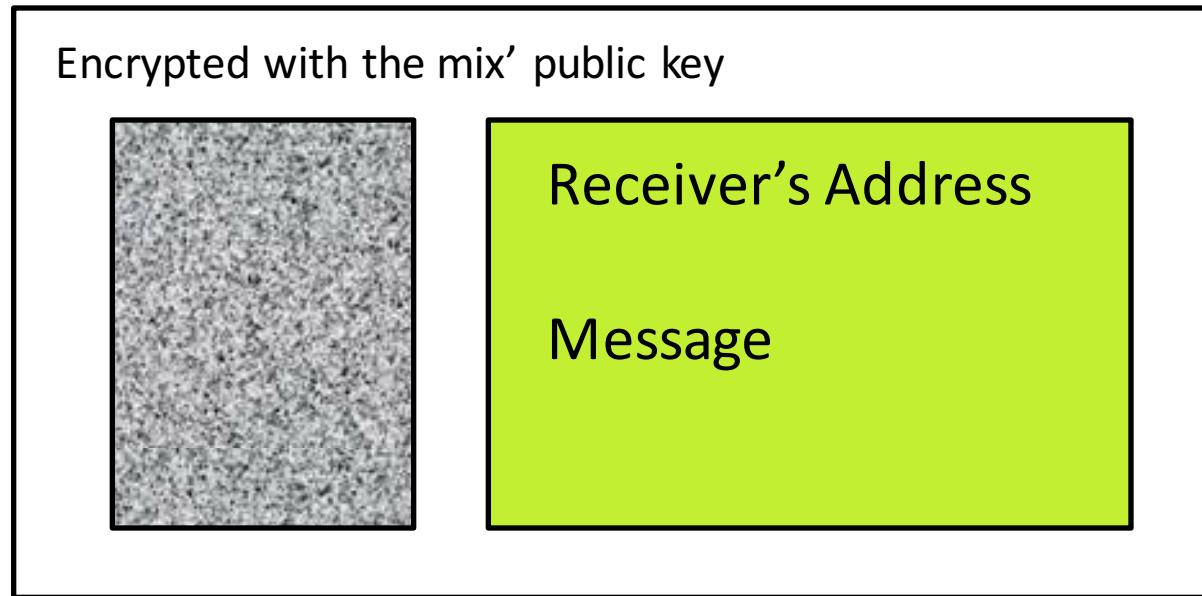




How to construct the messages?

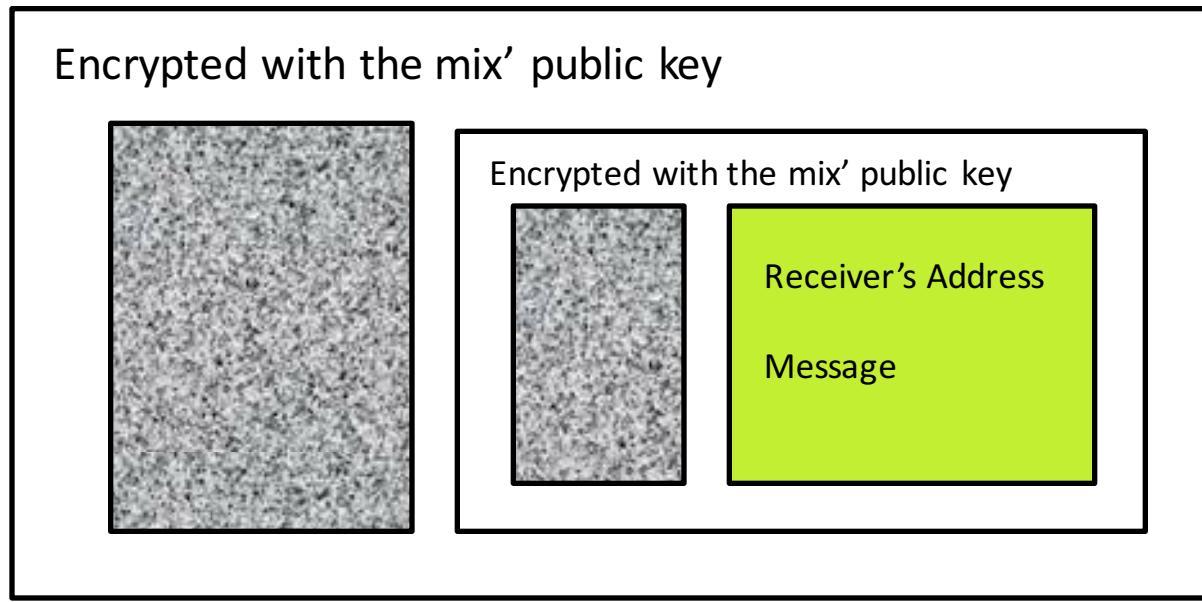


- Symmetric Encryption -> key distribution problem
- Hence Mix provides a public key
- Problem: The attacker knows the public key, can encrypt the forwarded messages





Don't want to trust in 1 single MIX

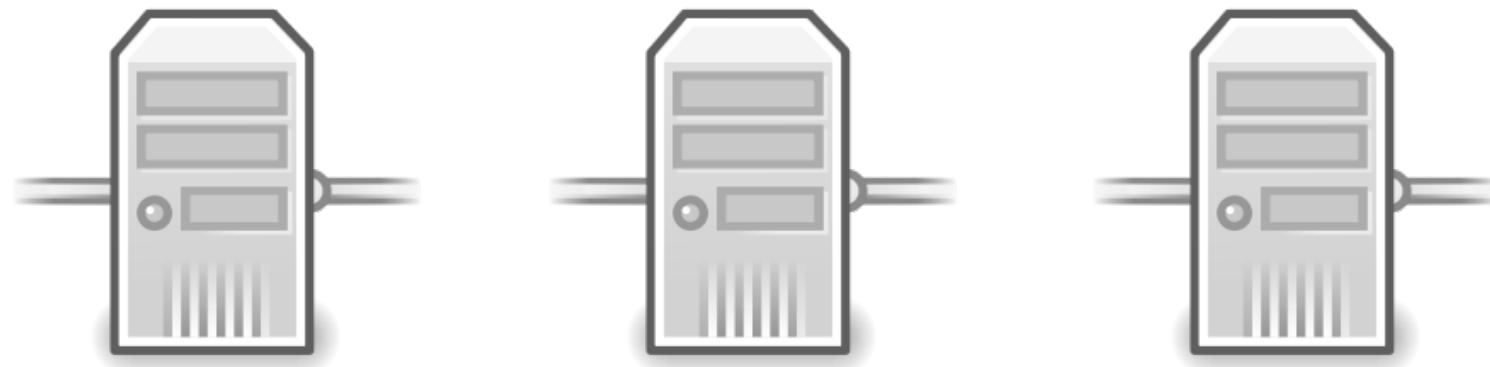




MIX Cascades



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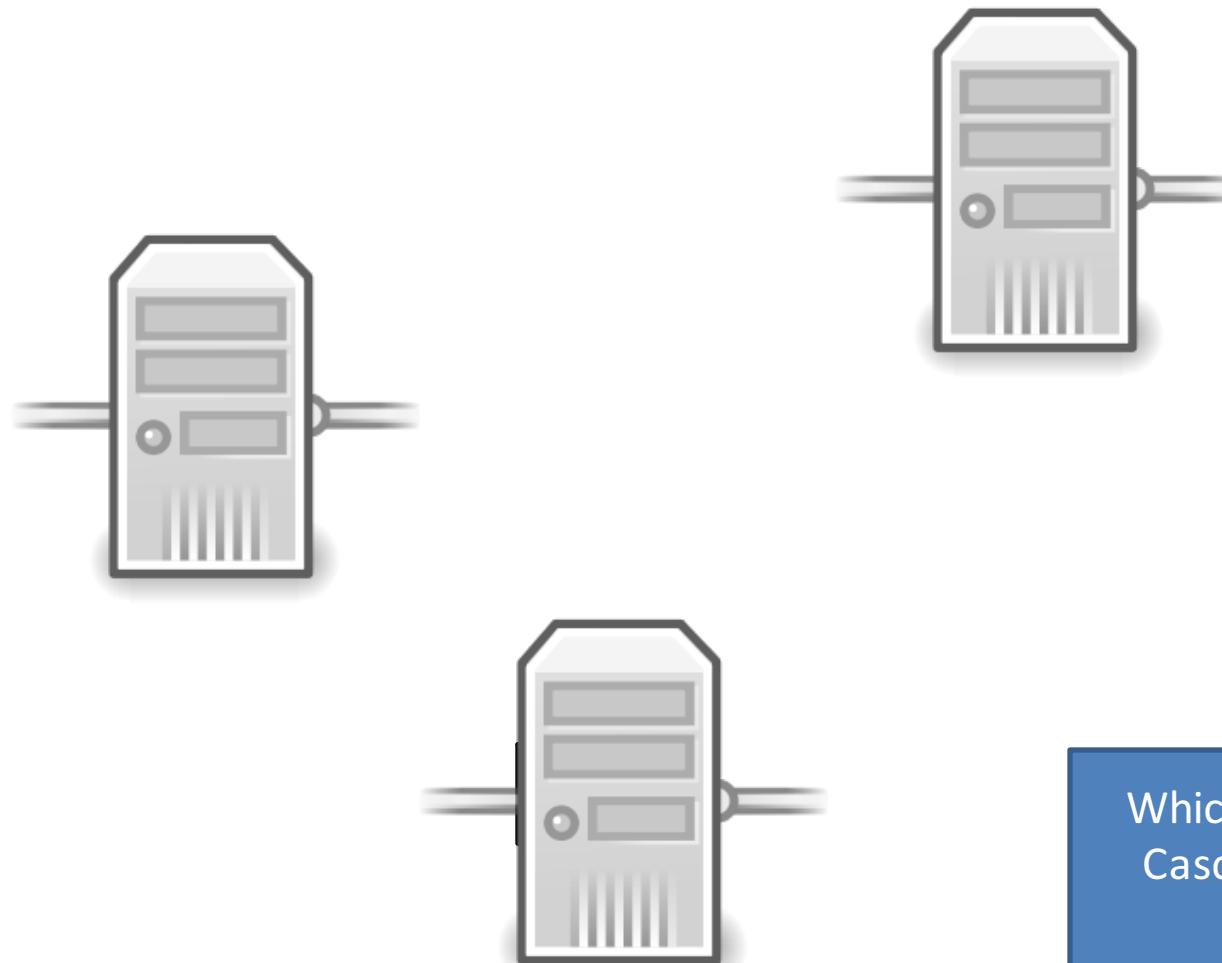




Free Routes



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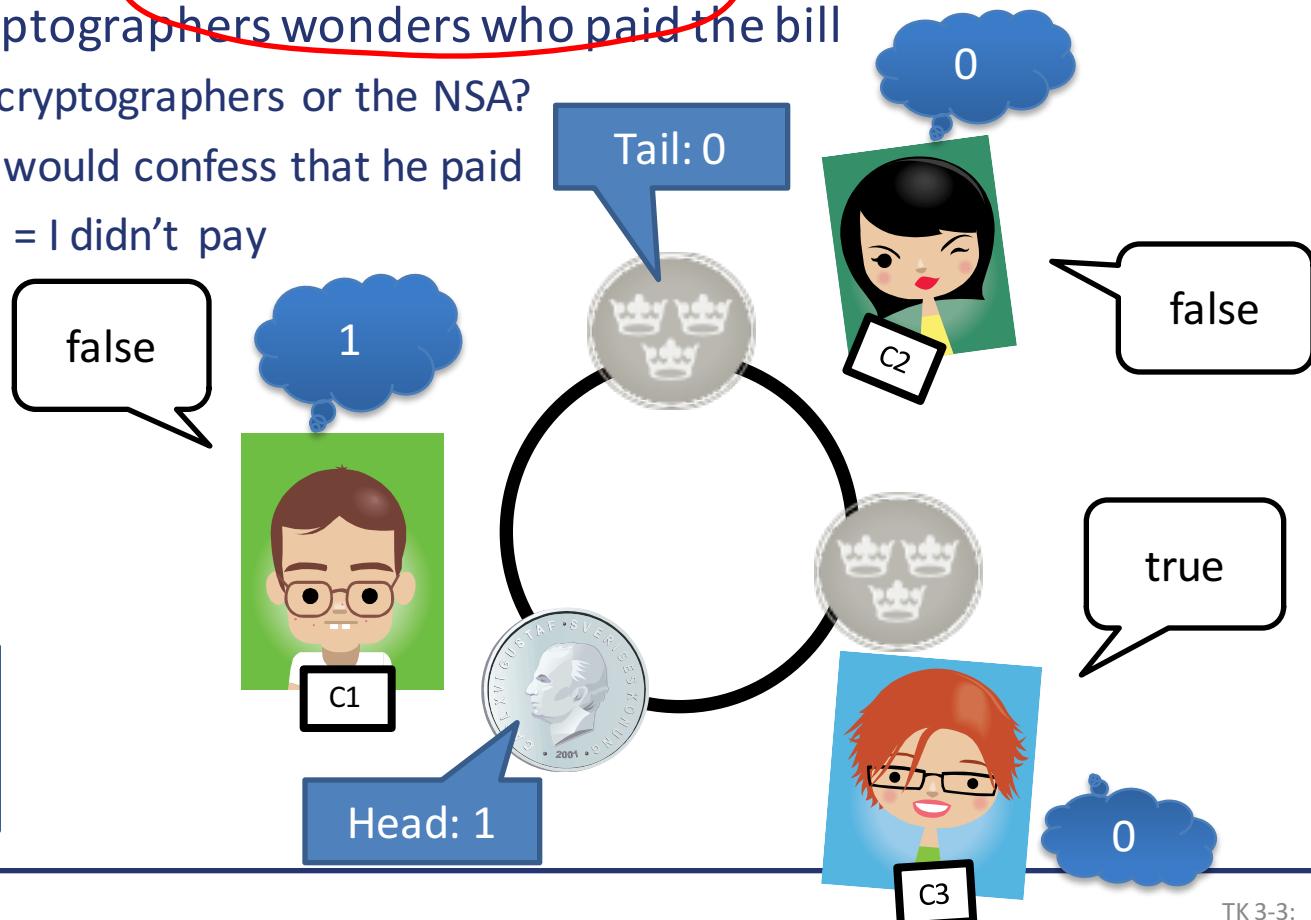




Is information theoretic anonymity possible



- DC-Nets
- A short tale about dining cryptographers
 - A group of cryptographers wonders who paid the bill
 - One of the cryptographers or the NSA?
 - But no one would confess that he paid
 - $1 = \text{I paid}, 0 = \text{I didn't pay}$

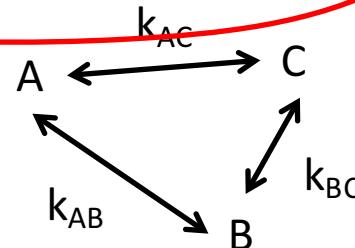




DC Nets – Binary Superposed



Sender and Receiver
Anonymity



A
$m_A = 110101$
$k_{AB} = 101011$
$k_{AC} = 110110$

B
$m_B = 000000$
$k_{AB} = 101011$
$k_{BC} = 101111$

C
$m_C = 000000$
$k_{BC} = 101111$
$k_{AC} = 110110$

101000

000100

011001

110101



Anonymous Communication!

We are Safe!

Really?

A large, solid red arrow points diagonally downwards from the text "We are Safe!" towards a red rectangular box containing the word "Really?".



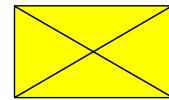
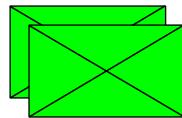
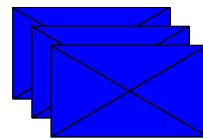
Application Layer Information



System Model



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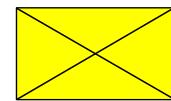
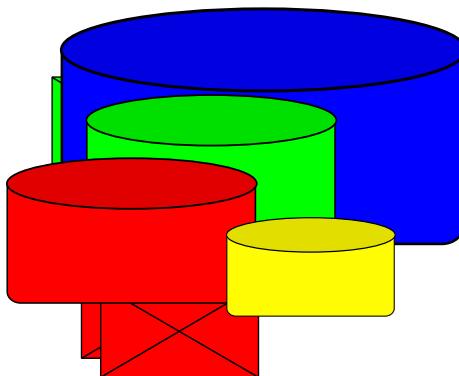
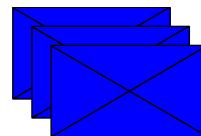
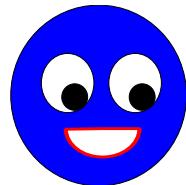
Mix



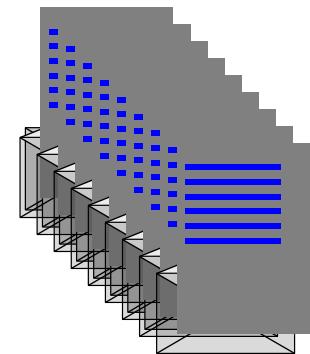
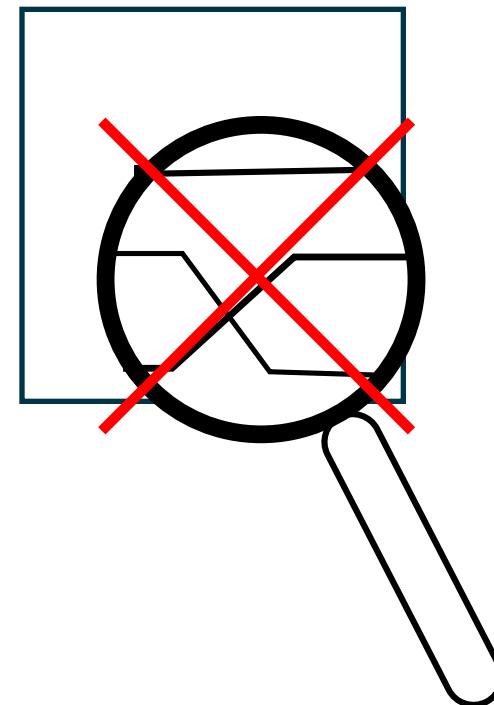
Attacker Knowledge



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Traffic Data



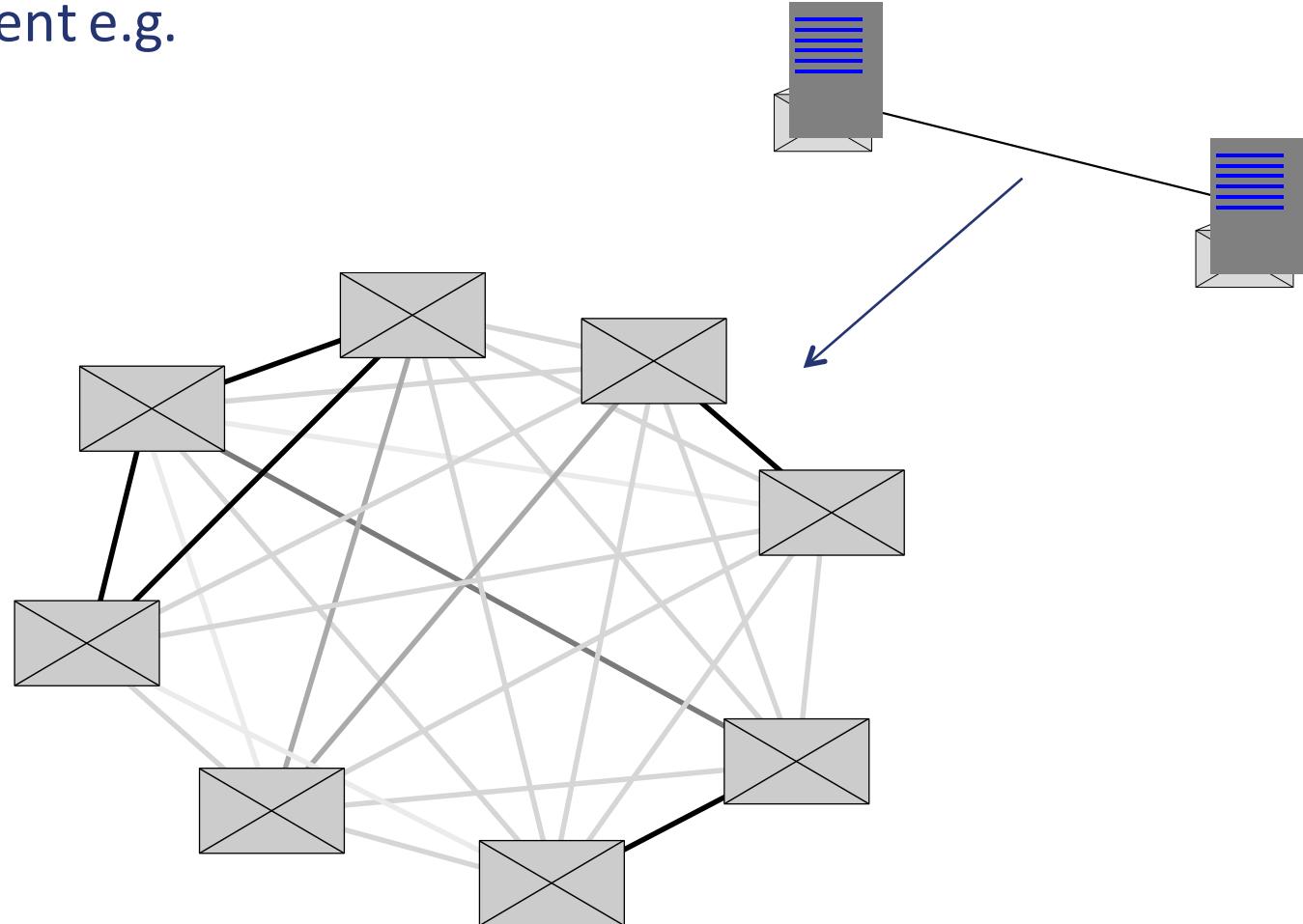
Application Data



Linkability Information

Message Content e.g.

- Language
- Context
- Style

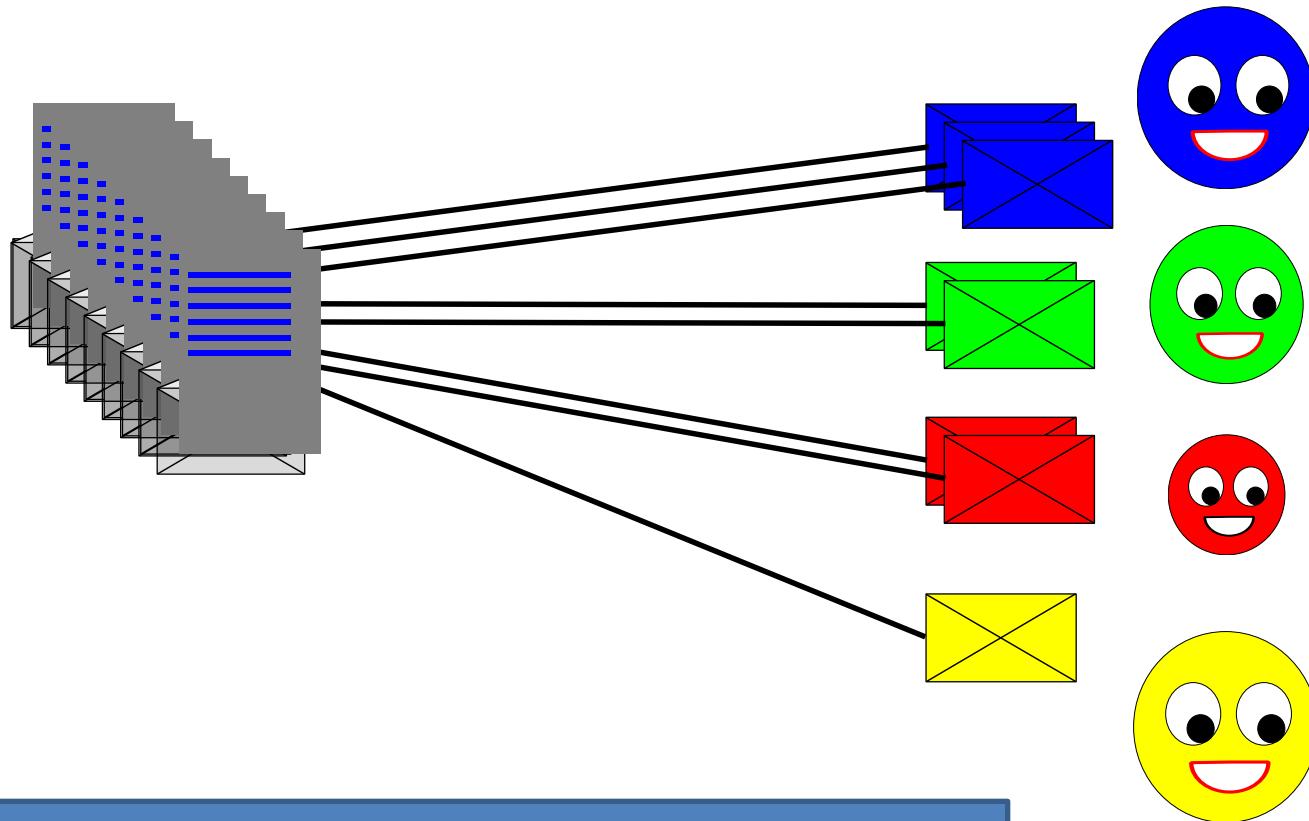




Attacker Aim



- To map anonymized messages to senders

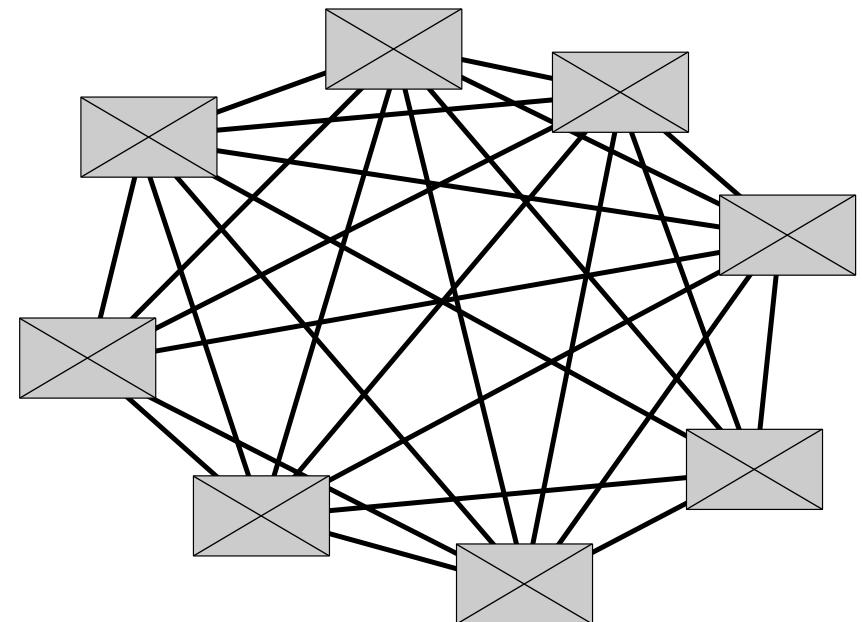
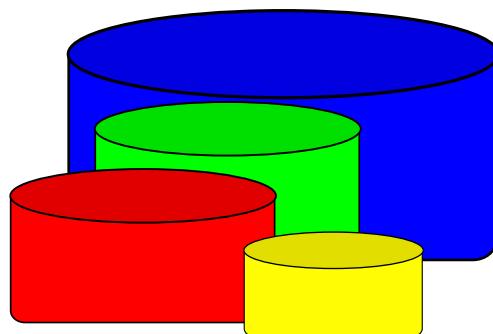


Note: this is not mapping a given ingoing message to a certain outgoing message!



Random Attacker

Number of messages



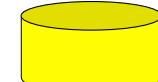
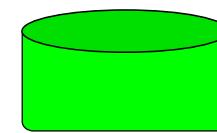
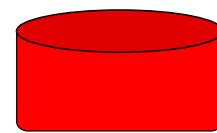
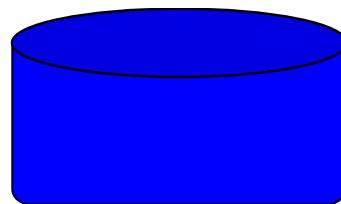
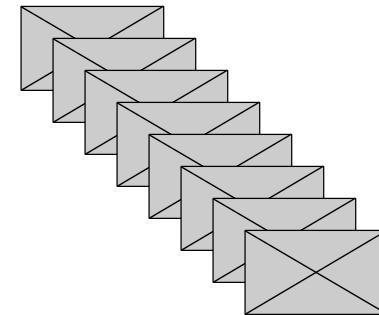
No linkability information



Random Attack



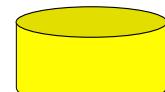
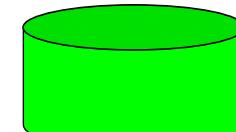
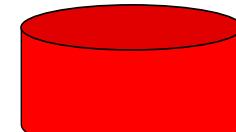
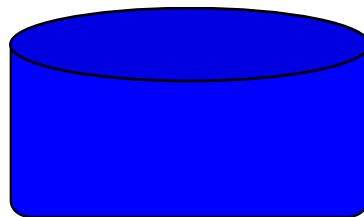
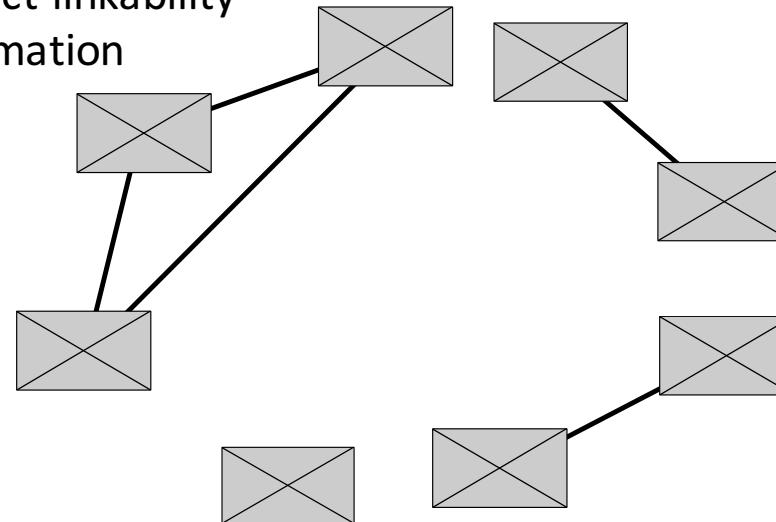
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Perfect Attack

perfect linkability
information



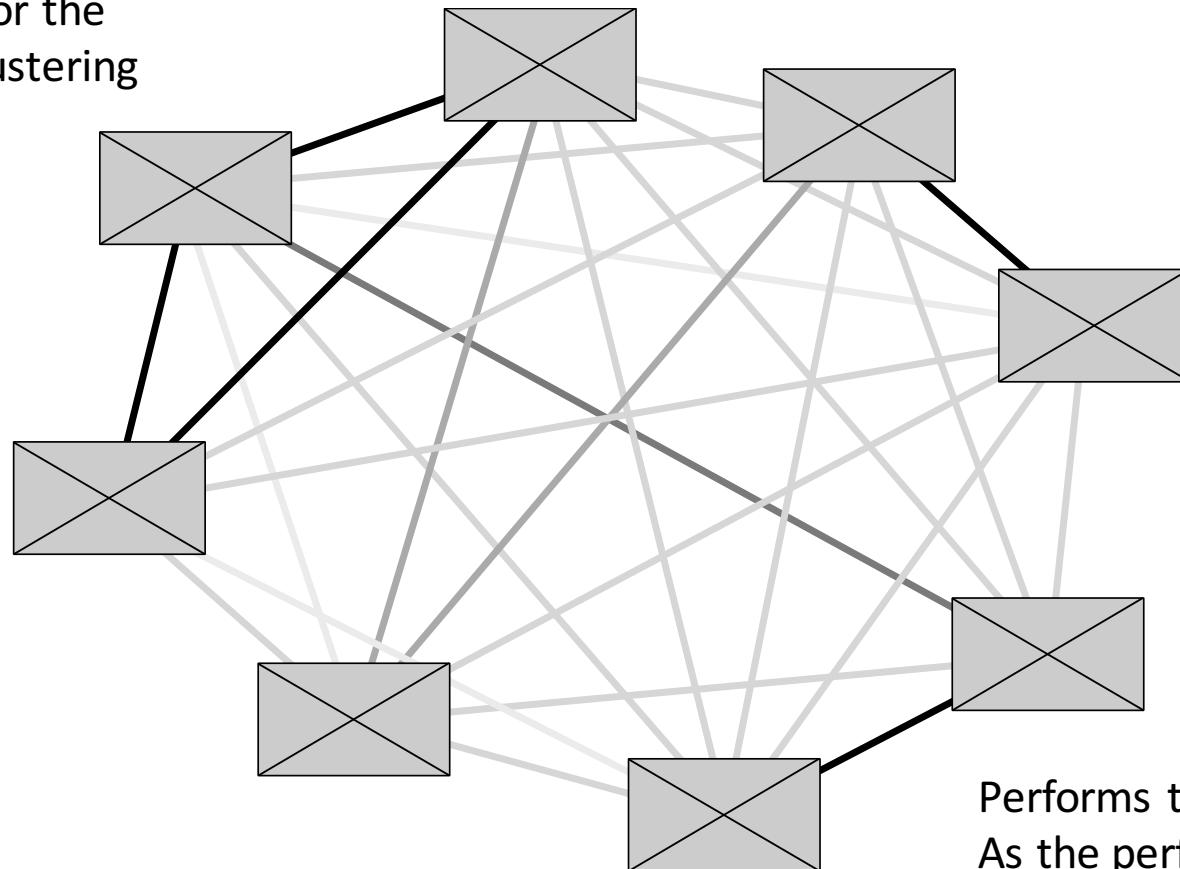
same # of messages

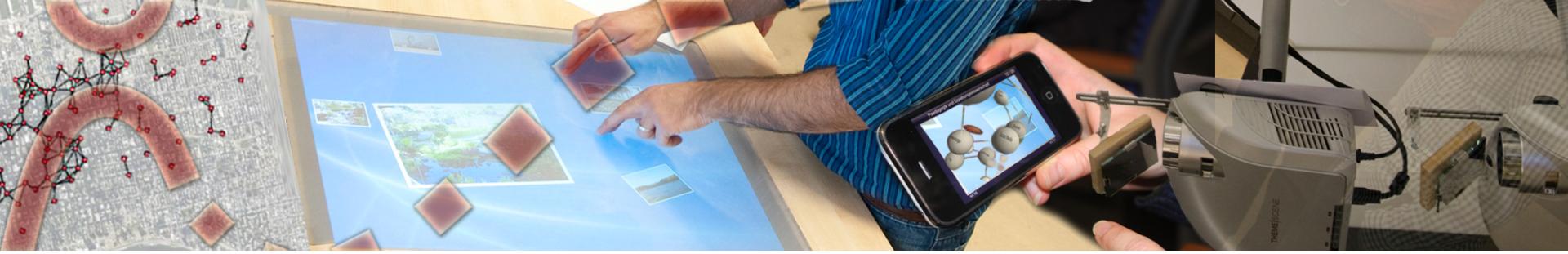


Noisy linkability information



Searches for the optimal clustering





Smart Meter Privacy



Smart Grid Anatomy



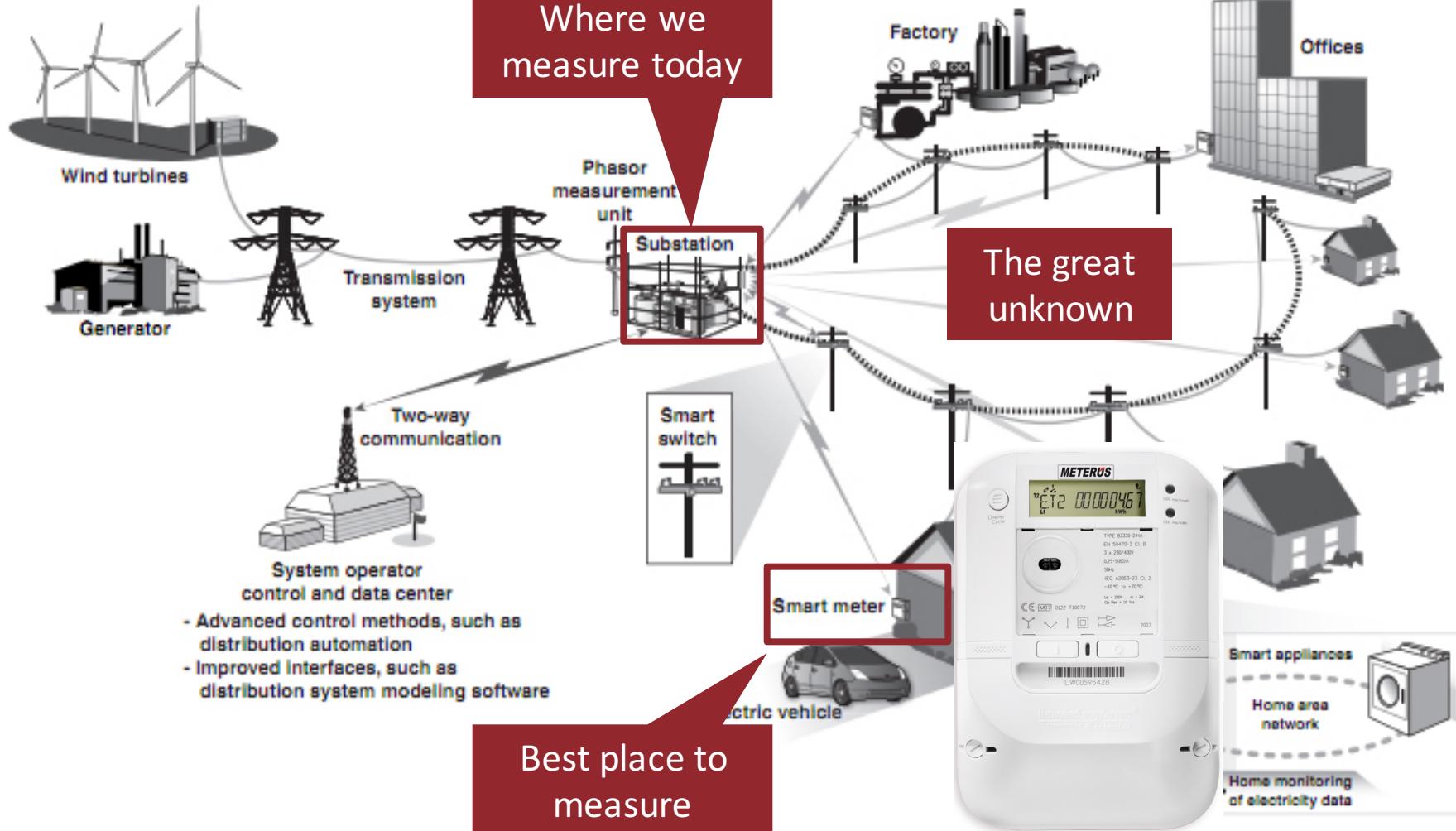
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Where we





Smart Grid Anatomy





Smart Meter Privacy Issue



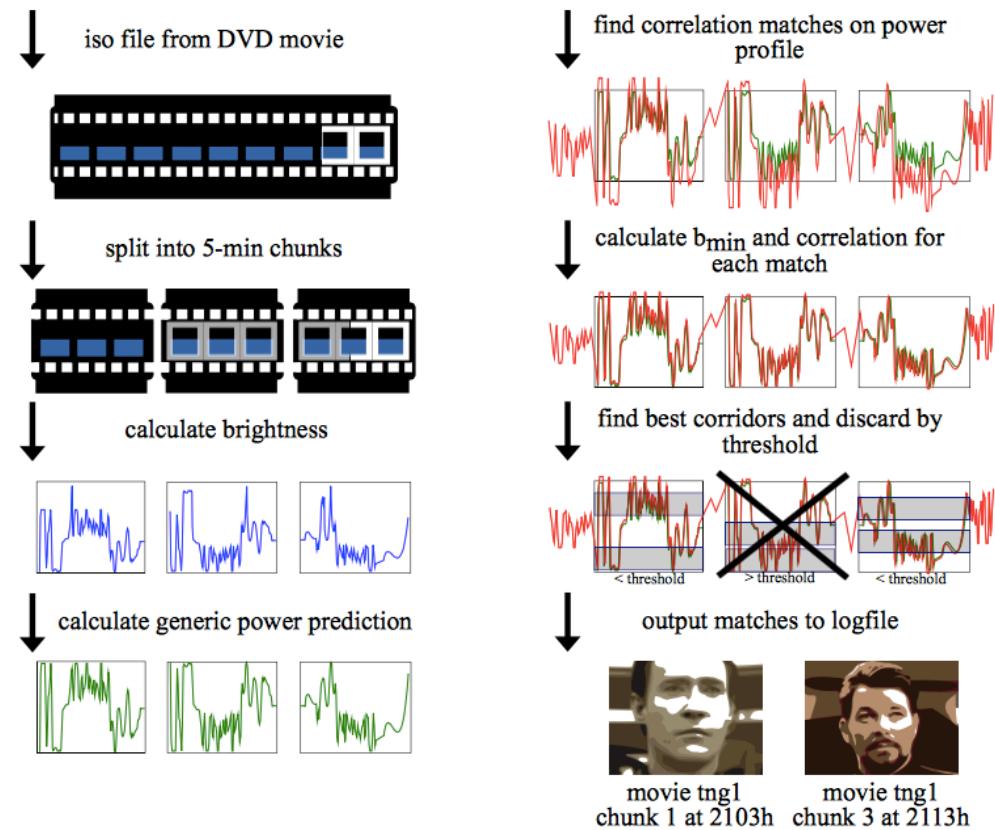
Greveler 2012
Smart Meter pilot project
Real meter
Real energy supplier
Real plain HTTP
2s intervals

Flat screen TV:
more white →
more power

```
POST /api/w.html HTTP/1.1
Content-Type: application/
Host:85.214.93.99
Content-Length:851
```

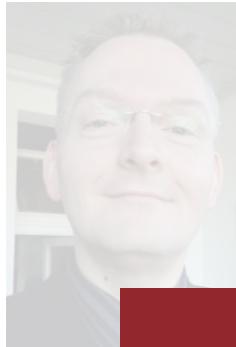
```
version=0.9&identity=
{"meterdata": "00000285.9822239*kWh", "seconds": "399511319.61"}, {"meterdata": "00000285.9824793*kWh", "seconds": "399511321.61"}, {"meterdata": "00000285.9826075*kWh", "seconds": "399511323.61"}, {"meterdata": "00000285.9827358*kWh", "tickdelta": "00000285.982636*kWh", "seconds": "399511325.62"}, {"meterdata": "00000285.9828636*kWh", "tickdelta": "00000285.9827358*kWh", "seconds": "399511327.62"}, {"meterdata": "00000285.9829915*kWh", "tickdelta": "00000285.9828636*kWh", "seconds": "399511329.62"}, {"meterdata": "00000285.9831196*kWh", "tickdelta": "00000285.9829915*kWh", "seconds": "399511331.62"}, {"meterdata": "00000285.9832476*kWh", "tickdelta": "00000285.9831196*kWh", "seconds": "399511333.62"}]
&now=399511335.65
```

00000285.9822239*kWh", "seconds": "399511319.61"},
00000285.9823514*kWh", "seconds": "399511321.61"},

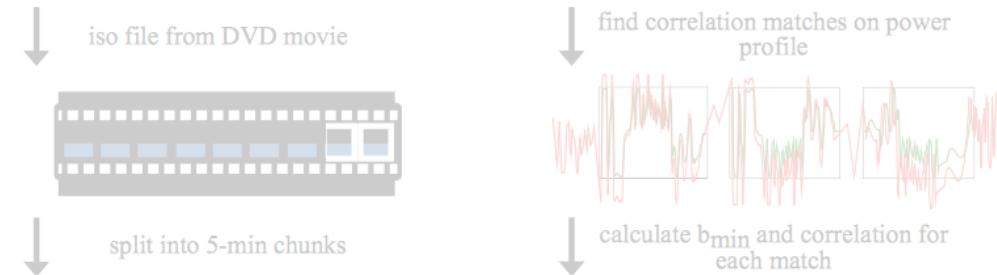




Smart Meter Privacy Issue



Greveler 2012
Smart Meter pilot project
Real meter
Real energy supplier
Real plain HTTP



- No privacy!
- Energy supplies learns absolutely everything!
- Noise (fridge, etc) does NOT help!
- 80% of EU households with smart meter until 2020
- Clear need for technical privacy protection

POST /api/w.h
Content-Type: application/json
Host: 85.214.8.13
Content-Length: 100

version=0.98
{"meterdata":
{"meterdata":
{"meterdata":
{"meterdata":
{"meterdata":
{"meterdata":
{"meterdata":
{"meterdata":
&now=39951}

0000
0000

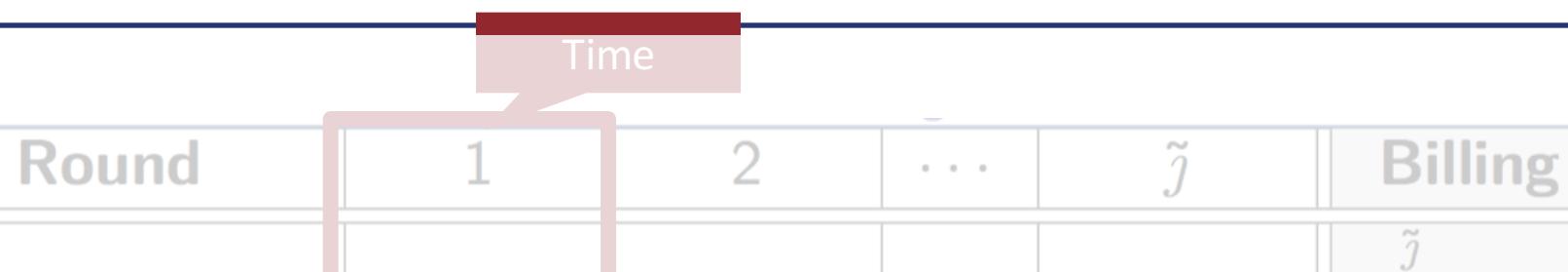


Smart Metering Goals

Round	1	2	...	\tilde{j}	Billing
Meter 1	$m_{1,1}$	$m_{1,2}$...	$m_{1,\tilde{j}}$	$\sum_{j=1}^{\tilde{j}} m_{1,j}$
Meter 2	$m_{2,1}$	$m_{2,2}$...	$m_{2,\tilde{j}}$	$\sum_{j=1}^{\tilde{j}} m_{2,j}$
:	:	:	..	:	:
Meter \tilde{i}	$m_{\tilde{i},1}$	$m_{\tilde{i},2}$...	$m_{\tilde{i},\tilde{j}}$	$\sum_{j=1}^{\tilde{j}} m_{\tilde{i},j}$
Consolidated	$\sum_{i=1}^{\tilde{i}} m_{i,1}$	$\sum_{i=1}^{\tilde{i}} m_{i,2}$...	$\sum_{i=1}^{\tilde{i}} m_{i,\tilde{j}}$	=

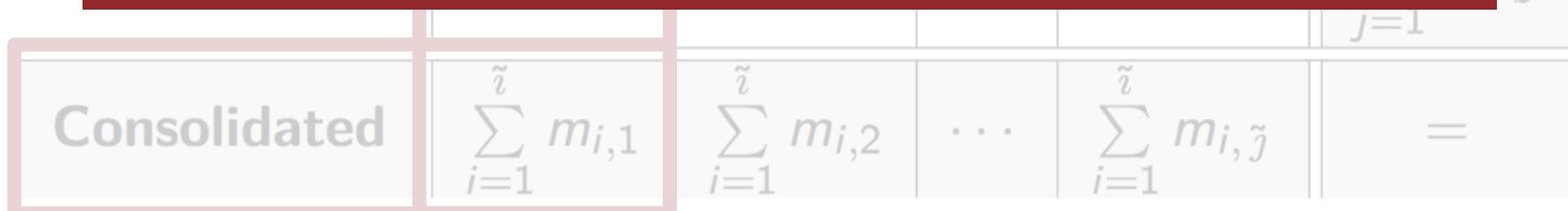


Smart Metering Goals



Goals:

1. Billing—Aggregation over rounds (per meter)
 - E.g., monthly bills
2. Grid monitoring—Aggregation over meters (per round)
 - E.g., consumption per street





Smart Metering Protocol (1)



Meters



$m_{1,j}$



$m_{2,j}$



$m_{3,j}$

⋮

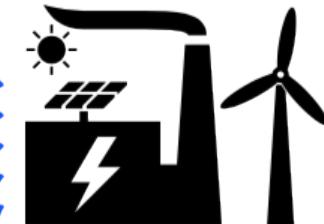


$m_{i,j}$

Measurement $m_{i,j}$
Meter i
Round j (second, minute)

Round: j

Supplier





Smart Metering Protocol (2)



Meters



1) Need encryption to protect against external attacker.



$m_{2,j}$



$m_{1,j}$

⋮



Measurement $m_{\{i,j\}}$
Meter i
Round j (second, minute)

Round: j

Supplier





Smart Metering Protocol (3)



Meters



1) Need encryption to protect against external attacker.



$\text{Enc}(m_{2,j})$



$\text{Enc}(m_{3,j})$

:



$\text{Enc}(m_{i,j})$

2) Need aggregation to protect against internal attacker.

Round: j

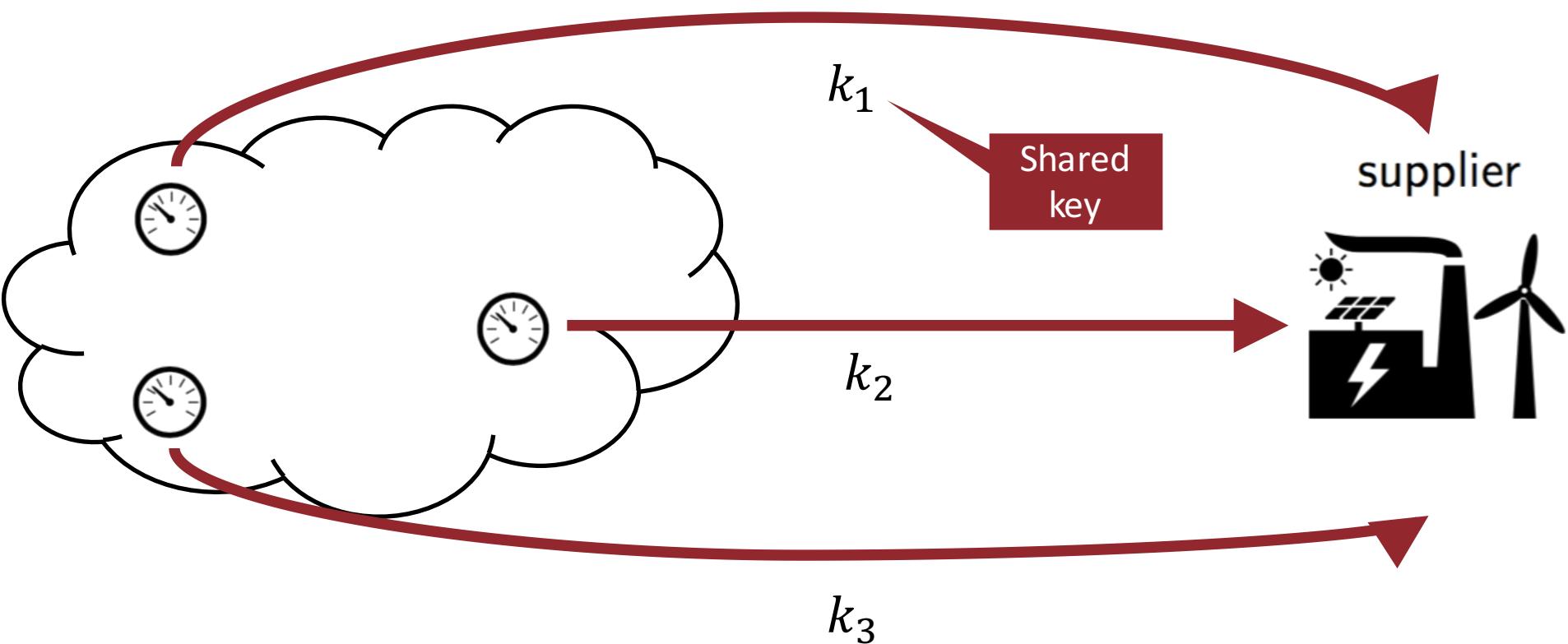
Supplier





In Network Aggregation (PPP1)

Step 0 (setup)

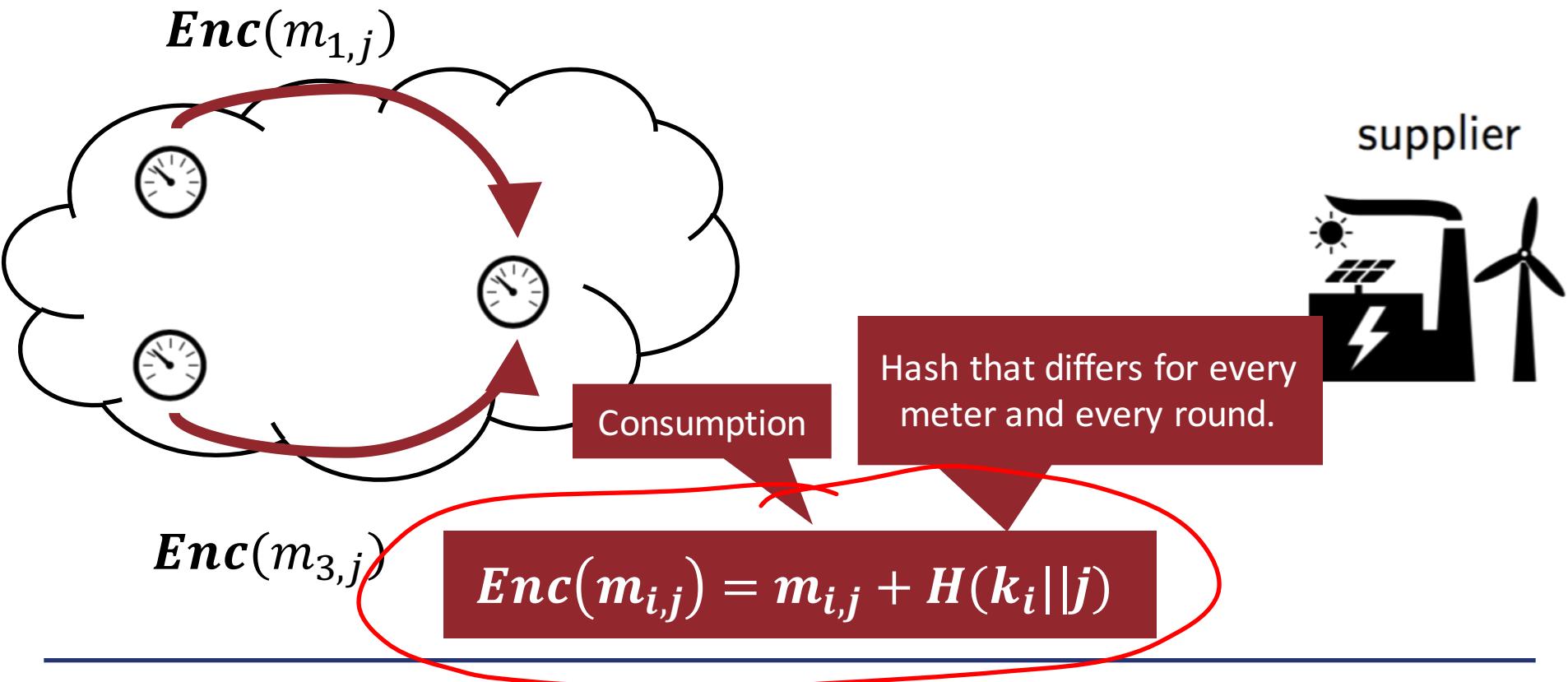




In Network Aggregation (PPP1)



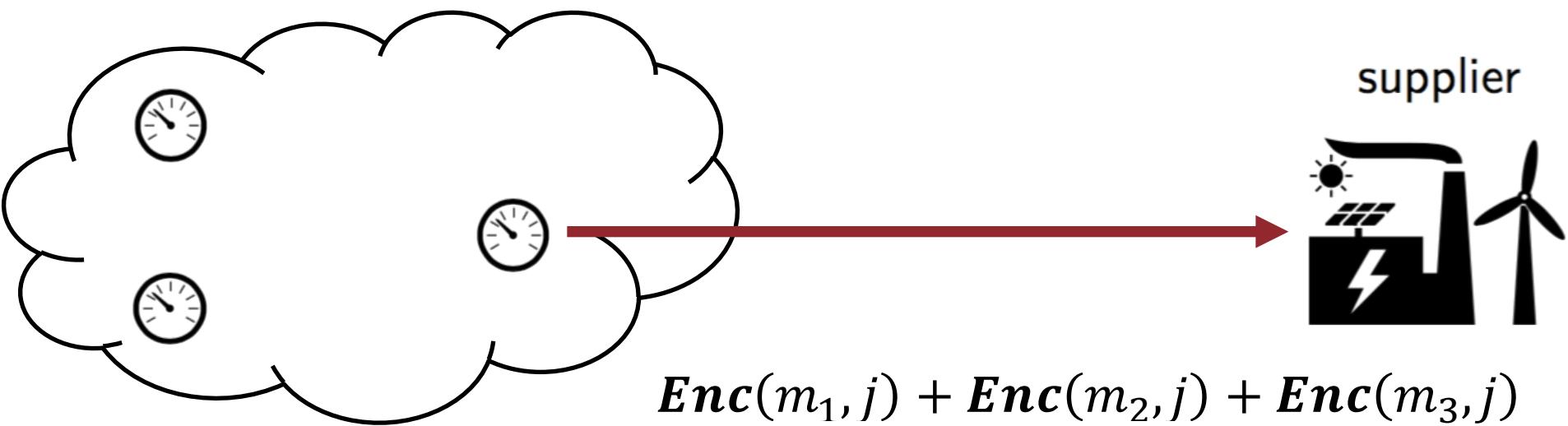
Step 1





In Network Aggregation (PPP1)

Step 2

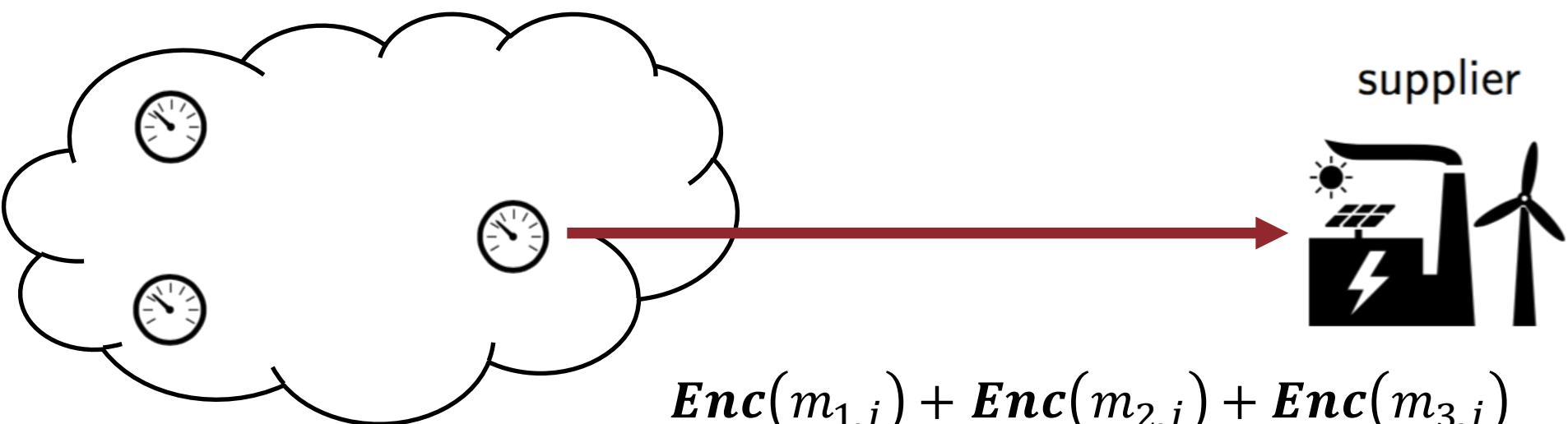




In Network Aggregation (PPP1)



Step 2



$$\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{Enc}(m_{1,j}) + \mathbf{Enc}(m_{2,j}) + \mathbf{Enc}(m_{3,j}) \\ &= \mathbf{Enc}(m_{1,j} + m_{2,j} + m_{3,j}) = \mathbf{C} \end{aligned}$$



In Network Aggregation (PPP1)

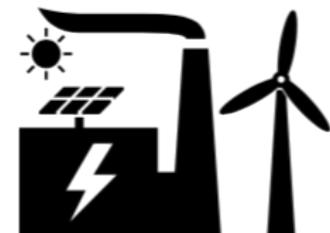
Step 3

$$C = \text{Enc}(m_{1,j} + m_{2,j} + m_{3,j})$$



$$\text{Dec}(C) = C - \sum_{i=1}^N H(k_i || j) = \sum_{i=1}^N m_{i,j}$$

supplier



Aggregate over
meters



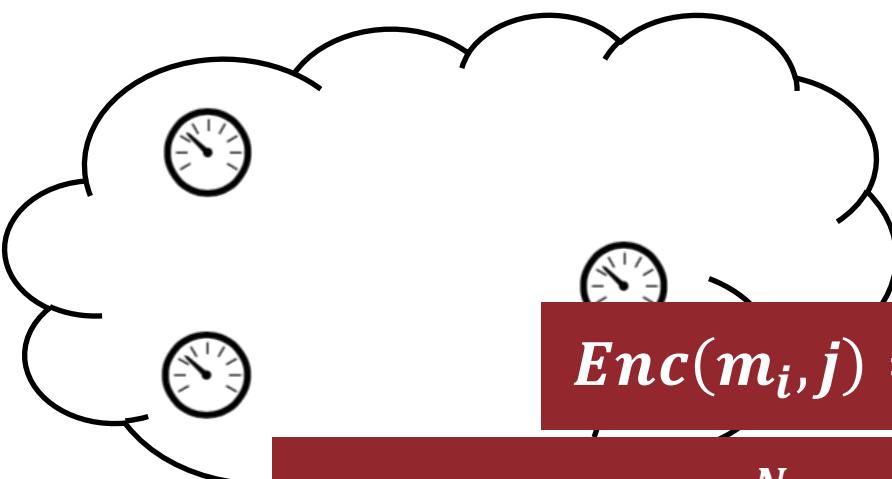
In Network Aggregation (PPP1)



Borges 2014
DC-Net

Step 3

$$C = \text{Enc}(m_{1,j} + m_{2,j} + m_{3,j})$$



$$\text{Enc}(m_{i,j}) = m_{i,j} + H(k_i || j)$$

$$\text{Dec}(C) = C - \sum_{i=1}^N H(k_1 || j) = \sum_{i=1}^N m_{i,j}$$



Aggregate over
meters



Take home message



- Privacy protection is a legal requirement
- Data minimization is the technical mean to protect privacy
- Anonymous communication is the basis
 - MIX (practical)
 - DC-Net (theoretical bounds)
- Application layer info can be used for attacks
- Smart Metering as application of DC-Nets
- **Do not try this at home**



Further Reads



- Terminology
 - Anonymity, Unobservability, and Pseudonymity - A Proposal for Terminology
http://dx.doi.org/10.1007/3-540-44702-4_1
 - For General understanding of anonymous communication
 - Untraceable electronic mail, return addresses, and digital pseudonyms
<http://dl.acm.org/citation.cfm?id=358563>
 - The dining cryptographers problem: *Unconditional sender and recipient untraceability*
<http://link.springer.com/article/10.1007/BF00206326>
 - For Application Layer Privacy
 - Using Linkability Information to Attack Mix-Based Anonymity Services
<https://www.cosic.esat.kuleuven.be/publications/article-1215.pdf>
 - For Smart Metering Privacy
 - iKUP keeps users' privacy in the Smart Grid
<http://dx.doi.org/10.1109/CNS.2014.6997499>