

# Software Defined Networking

## Lab Work 2 Introduction



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# INTRODUCTION TO OpenFlow Controller / Ryu

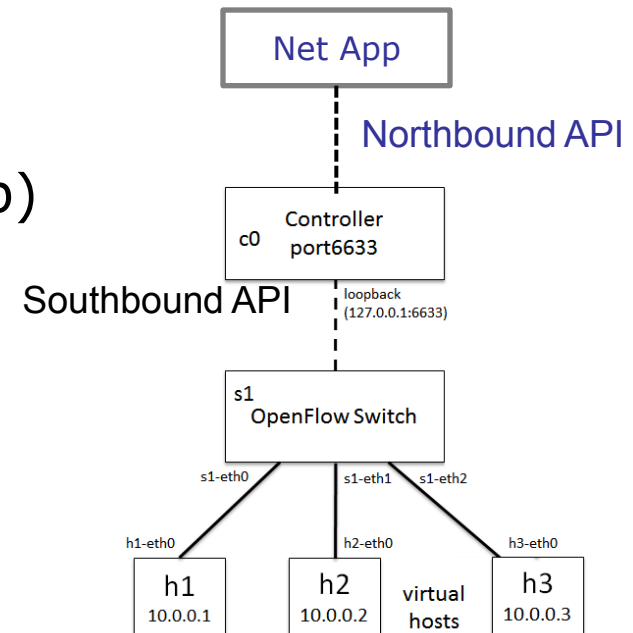
# Short Recap

## ❖ Previously we manually added rules in the switch

➤ `$ dpctl add-flow tcp:127.0.0.1:6634\  
in_port=1,idle_timeout=0,actions=output:2`

## ❖ This should be done automatically

- Task of a Network Application (NetApp)
- E.g. a simple switching NetApp



[1] <http://sdnhub.org/resources/useful-mininet-setups/>

# Installing Ryu

## ❖ Reboot your existing Mininet VM and enter:

- `$ sudo -s`
- `$ apt-get install python-eventlet python-routes  
python-webob python-paramiko python-pip python-dev  
libxml2-dev libxslt-dev zlib1g-dev`
- `$ pip install ryu`
- `$ mn -c`

# Run a simple\_switch

## ❖ Enter:

- `$ mn --topo single,3 --mac --arp --switch ovsk\ --controller=remote,ip=127.0.0.1`
- `$ h1 ping h2 -> timeout`

## ❖ Open a second terminal and connect to the VM

### ➤ Execute

- `$ ryu-manager ryu.app.simple_switch --verbose`
- `h1 ping h2 ➡ success`
- Investigate the OpenFlow rules in switch s1
  - New tool: `ovs-ofctl`
  - `$ ovs-ofctl dump-flows s1`

# Understand how it works

- ❖ A step-by-step explanation can be found here
  - [http://osrg.github.io/ryu-book/en/html/switching\\_hub.html](http://osrg.github.io/ryu-book/en/html/switching_hub.html)
  - Read it carefully!
- ❖ Other resources like books and tutorials available
  - E.g. <http://books.google.de/books?id=JC3rAgAAQBAJ>

# Task 1: Packet Replication 1/2

- ❖ Modify the *simple\_switch.py* in a way that all received ICMP request packets are sent through the two other *out\_ports* of the switch. The packet should not be sent back to the port from where it originated.
  - The basis for the task is the Ryu application *simple\_switch.py* and OF 1.0:  
[https://github.com/osrg/ryu/blob/master/ryu/app/simple\\_switch.py](https://github.com/osrg/ryu/blob/master/ryu/app/simple_switch.py)
  - A ping request from h1 to h2 should result in a ping reply to h1 from h2 and h3. As a result, h1 receives more packets than it has sent.
    - It is sufficient for the solution to work for in the example network with 3 hosts
    - Mininet provides a fixed mapping between OpenFlow port numbers, MAC, and IP addresses. This information should be used for implementation.
  - Carefully think about what actions need to be applied to the ICMP packets
  - Have a look at the respective standards documents:
    - OpenFlow Switch Specification 1.0.0 & Errata  
<https://www.opennetworking.org/sdn-resources/technical-library>

# Task 1: Packet Replication 2/2



## ❖ Debugging

- How to open a third terminal and connect it to one of the hosts?
  - Use xterm if you have a GUI installed
  - Open a second ssh session to the mininet VM
  - In Mininet run: `mininet> py h3.pid -> 3013`
  - Attach to h3 by running `$ sudo mnexec -a 3013 bash`
  - Verify by running `$ ip a ->` you should see the interfaces of h3 only
- Run tcpdump on h3
  - Open a terminal on h3
  - `$ tcpdump -eUvi h3-eth0`
  - `mininet> h1 ping h3`
  - With the packet duplication code in place
  - `mininet> h1 ping h2`
  - A packet copy of the ICMP request to h2 should be visible in the tcpdump output
    - Why does h3 not send an ICMP reply to the ICMP request?