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Some of the answers were arrived at while working in group with: Lokesh Kumar Jamjoor Ramachandran - 2596208 Dhanasekar Boopalan - 2863180

# Problem 6.1

# A. Routing tables of each nodes after Route Reply arrived at Node A:

Node A				
Req-ID : 3 Loc. Seq. # : 6				
Dest.	Link	Hops	Seq.#	
В	В	1	8	
С	С	1	3	
D	С	3	12	

Node B				
Req-ID : 5 Loc. Seq. # : 8				
Dest.	Link	Hops	Seq.#	
А	А	1	6	
С	С	1	3	
D	С	3	12	

Node C				
Req-ID : 1 Loc. Seq. # : 3				
Dest.	Link	Hops	Seq.#	
А	А	1	6	
В	В	1	8	
E	E	1	4	
D	E	2	12	

Node D			
Req-ID : 6 Loc. Seq. # : 12			
Dest.	Link	Hops	Seq.#
Е	Е	1	4
F	F	1	7

Node E			
Req-ID : 2 Loc. Seq. # : 5			
Dest.	Link	Hops	Seq.#
С	С	1	3
D	D	1	12
F	F	1	7

Node F			
Req-ID : 3 Loc. Seq. # : 7			
Dest.	Link	Hops	Seq.#
D	D	1	12
E	E	1	4

# B. Routing tables of each nodes after Route Reply arrived at Node B: (this is after A)

Node A				
Req-ID : 3 Loc. Seq. # : 6				
Dest.	Link	Hops	Seq.#	
В	В	1	9	
С	С	1	3	
D	С	3	12	

Node B			
Req-ID : 6 Loc. Seq. # : 9			
Dest.	Link	Hops	Seq.#
А	А	1	6
С	С	1	3
D	С	3	12

Node C			
Req-ID : 1 Loc. Seq. # : 3			
Dest.	Link	Hops	Seq.#
Α	Α	1	6
В	В	1	9
E	E	1	4
D	E	2	12

Node D			
Req-ID : 6 Loc. Seq. # : 12			
Dest.	Link	Hops	Seq.#
E	E	1	4
F	F	1	7

Node E				
Req-ID : 2 Loc. Seq. # : 6				
Dest.	Link	Hops	Seq.#	
С	С	1	3	
D	D	1	12	
F	F	1	7	

Node F				
Req-ID : 3 Loc. Seq. # : 7				
Dest.	Link	Hops	Seq.#	
D	D	1	12	
E	E	1	4	

# Problem 6.2

#### Problem 6.3

# A. Barter Trade:

- o Disadvantages
  - i. Only immediate & bilateral trading
  - ii. Exchanged goods must be of equal value
- Advantages
  - i. Low transaction costs

#### Bond based patterns:

- Disadvantages
  - i. Forgery
  - ii. Double-spending
  - iii. High transaction costs
- Advantages
  - i. Flexibility: deferred & multilateral trading

# B. Pricing:

- Maps a service onto a value (price) -- Price determination
- Communicates price to other peers -- Price dissemination

# Accounting:

Aggregates the service value

#### Charging:

• Maps the aggregated value onto a monetary charge

# Problem 6.4

- A. Prisoner's Dilemma with  $U_F = 5$  and  $C_F = 2$ :
  - a. Payoff matrix

Peer2	Cooperate	Defect
Cooperate	R = 3	T = 5
	R = 3	S = -2
Defect	S = -2	P = 0
	T = 5	P = 0

b. Defection would be the dominant strategy.

B. 
$$U_F = 2$$
 and  $C_F = -1$ :

a. Payoff Matrix

Peer2	Cooperate	Defect
1 6611		
	R = 3	T = 2
Cooperate	R = 3	S = 1
Defect	S = 1	P = 0
	T = 2	P = 0

- b. Cooperation would be the dominant strategy
- c. No! The inequality here is : R > T > S > P

To be classified as Prisoner's Dilemma, in a strong sense, we need : T > R > P > S