

DDECENITATION

**OUTLINE OF** 

## Introduction





The Bank of Ghana considers the PFMI as a critical determinant and yardstick for assessing the resilience and robustness of the Significantly Important Payment Systems (SIPs)

The core payment infrastructure designated as significantly important are the;

- 1. Realtime Gross Settlement System
- 2. National Switch

## PFMI ASSESSMENT OF FMIs



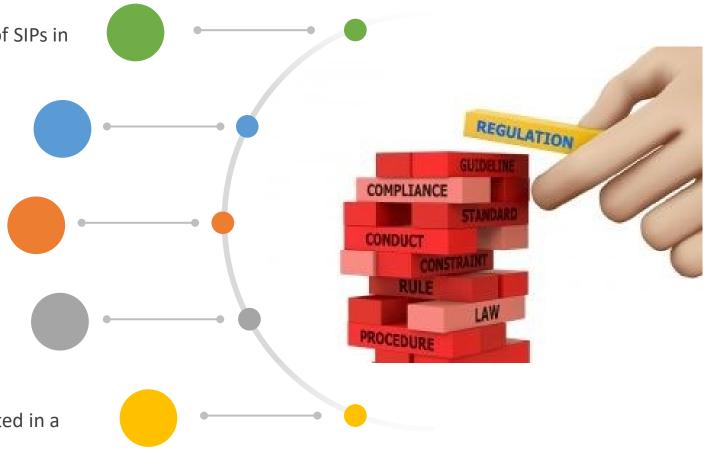
Ghana completed its first PFMI assessment of SIPs in November 2021

The assessment covered both the RTGS and the National Switch

Prior, the IMF Afritac Team had held workshop on the assessment methodology, and encouraged the Bank to carry out the self assessment

The IMF team was part of the assessment workshop and provided valuable input and insight into the applicability of the principles

The results of the assessment were presented in a report



## Applicable Principles for SIPs

Legal Basis Principle 1 Principle 2 Governance Principle 3 Framework for the Comprehensive Management of Risk Credit Risk Principle 4 Principle 5 Collateral **PFMI** Principle 7 Liquidity Risk ◀ Settlement Finality Principle 8

Principle 9 Money Settlement

Principle 12 Exchange of Value

**Settlement Systems** 

Principle 13 Participant Default Rules and Procedures

Principle 15 General Business Risk

Principle 16 Custody and Investment

Risk

Principle 17 operational Risk

Principle 18 Access and Participation

Requirement Settlement Finality

Principle 19 Tiered Participation

Agreement

Principle 21 Efficiency and Effectiveness

Principle 22 Communication

**Procedures and Standards** 

Principle 23 Disclosure of Rules, Key Procedures and Market Data

## PFMI Reporting and Follow Up



