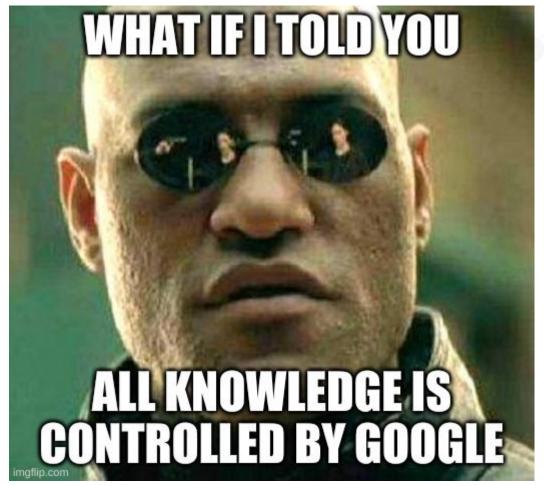
Creating a Knowledge Graph with Neo4j:

A Simple Machine Learning Approach

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Data Science Advocate

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All materials for this demonstration are available on the workshop GitHub repo:

https://dev.neo4j.com/nodes2021 kg workshop



Two different methods we can run today's code

Docker

- docker-compose build && docker-compose up
- Contains both Jupyter Lab and Neo4j database
- Not needed for today, but you will want access to Jupyter Lab somewhere

2. Neo4j Sandbox

https://dev.neo4j.com/sandbox

We can either populate the database manually, or I will show how to download a pre-populated one...



By the end of this workshop you will be able to...

Get some text and extract relevant information

Create a knowledge graph

Vectorize knowledge graph (create graph embeddings) Apply data science and machine learning to knowledge graph



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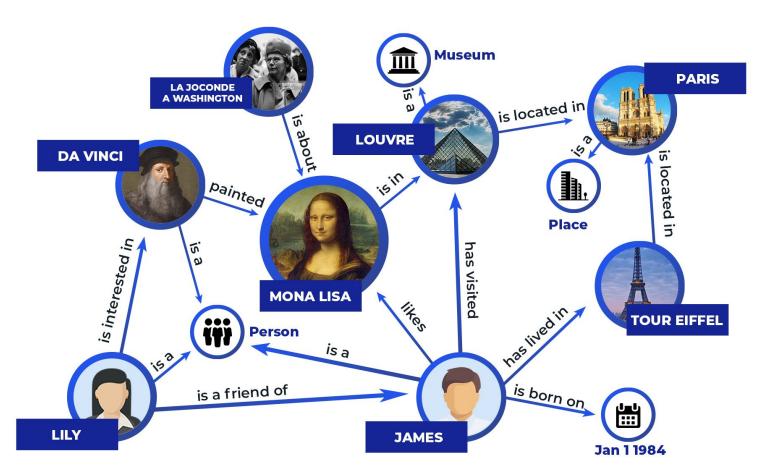
Natural Language Processing (NLP)

Graph Data Science Library + Basic ML



Two Key Concepts

- There is no proverbial "silver bullet" with Natural Language Processing (NLP)
- The quality of what you get out of a knowledge graph depends on the quality of what you put into it



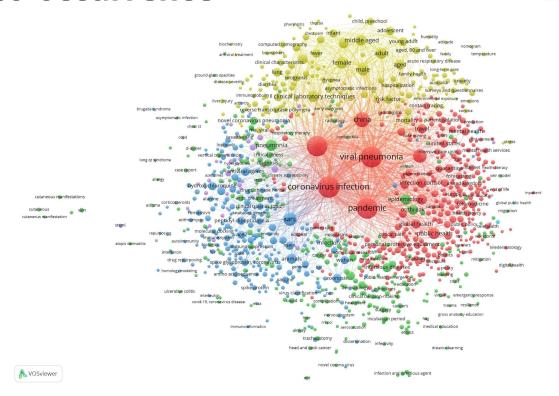
https://yashuseth.blog/2019/10/08/introduction-question-answering-knowledge-graphs-kgqa/

Introduction to knowledge graphs

- "Things not strings"
- What knowledge graphs are useful for
 - Search
 - Question answering
 - Recommendation engine
- Can be generated a lot of different ways
 - Co-occurrence
 - Resource Description Framework (RDF)
 - Subject-Verb-Object (SVO)



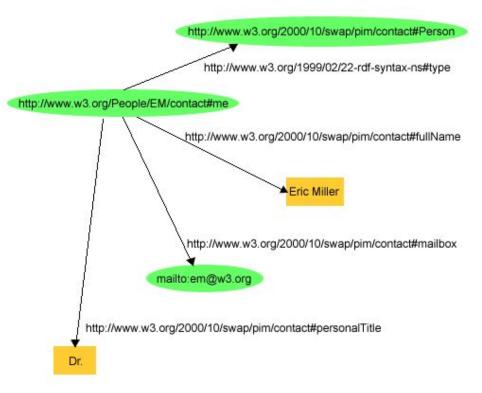
Word co-occurrence



https://covid19biblio.com/2020/04/28/keyword-co-occurrence-network-graph-for-the-overall-research-field-on-covid-19-up-to-april-27th-2020/



RDF triples

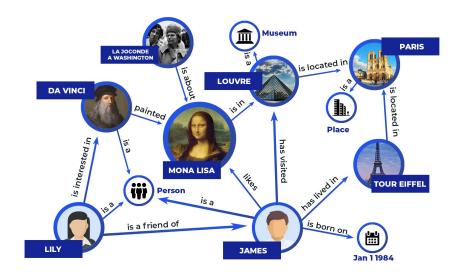


https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Resource_Description_Framework#Examples



SVO triples







NLP considerations for knowledge graph creation

- Named Entity Recognition (NER)
- SVO / SPO triples
 - ...but verbs can be difficult to reliably detect via NLP!
- Very language dependent
- Very topic-area dependent

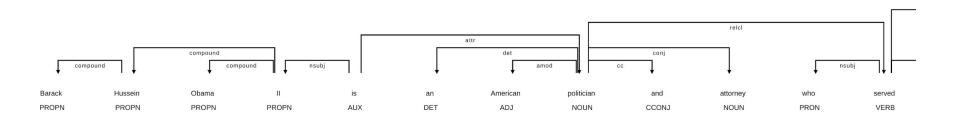


Barack Hussein Obama II PERSON ((listen) ba-RAHK hoo-SAYN oh-BAH-ma; born August 4, 1961 DATE) is an American NORP politician and attorney who served as the 44th ORDINAL president of the United States GPE from 2009 DATE to 2017 DATE, A member of the Democratic Party ORG, Obama PERSON was the first ORDINAL African-American NORP president of the United States GPE. He previously served as a U.S. GPE senator from Illinois GPE from 2005 to 2008 and as an Illinois GPE state senator from 1997 DATE to 2004. Obama PERSON was born in Honolulu GPE. Hawaii GPE, After graduating from Columbia University ORG in 1983 DATE, he worked as a community organizer in Chicago GPE. In 1988 DATE, he enrolled in Harvard Law School ORG, where he was the first ORDINAL black person to be president of the Harvard Law Review ORG. After graduating, he became a civil rights attorney and an academic, teaching constitutional law at the University of Chicago Law School ORG from 1992 DATE to 2004, Turning to elective politics, he represented the 13th ORDINAL district from 1997 DATE until 2004 DATE in the Illinois Senate, when he ran for the U.S. Senate ORG. Obama PERSON received national attention in 2004 DATE with his March Senate ORG primary win, his well-received July DATE Democratic National Convention keynote address, and his landslide November DATE election to the Senate ORG, in 2008 DATE, he was nominated by the Democratic Party ORG for president, a year DATE, after beginning his campaign, and after a close primary campaign against. Hillary Clinton, PERSON, was elected over Republican NORP Senator John McCain PERSON in the general election and was inaugurated alongside his running mate. Joe Biden PERSON on January 20, 2009 DATE. Nine months later DATE, he was named the 2009 DATE Nobel Peace Prize WORK OF ART laureate. Obama PERSON signed many landmark bills into law during his first two years DATE in office. The main reforms that were passed include the Affordable Care Act LAW (commonly referred to as ACA ORG or "Obamacare") WORK OF ART "), although without a public health insurance option, the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act, and the Don't Ask, Don't Tell Repeal Act of 2010 DATE. The American Recovery and Reinvestment Act ORG of 2009 DATE and Tax Relief, Unemployment Insurance Reauthorization, and Job Creation Act of 2010 DATE served as economic stimuli amidst the Great Recession EVENT. After a lengthy debate over the national debt limit, he signed the Budget Control ORG and the American Taxpayer Relief Acts ORG. In foreign policy, he increased U.S. GPE troop levels in Afghanistan GPE, reduced nuclear weapons with the United States— GPE Russia New START treaty, and ended military involvement in the Iraq War EVENT . He ordered military involvement in Libya GPE for the implementation of the UN Security Council ORG Resolution 1973 DATE , contributing to the overthrow of Muammar Gaddafi PERSON He also ordered the military operations that resulted in the deaths of Osama bin Laden PERSON and suspected American NORP Al-Qaeda ORG operative Anwar al-Awlaki PERSON After winning re-election by defeating Republican NORP opponent Mitt Romney PERSON, Obama PERSON was sworn in for a second ORDINAL term in 2013 DATE. During this term, he promoted inclusion for LGBT Americans . His administration filed briefs that urged the Supreme Court ORG to strike down same-sex marriage bans as unconstitutional (United States GPE v. Windsor PERSON and Obergefell ORG v. Hodges PERSON); same-sex marriage was legalized nationwide in 2015 DATE after the Court ORG ruled so in Obergefell ORG . He advocated for gun control in response to the Sandy Hook Elementary School ORG shooting, indicating support for a ban on assault weapons, and issued wide-ranging executive actions concerning global warming and immigration. In foreign policy, he ordered military intervention in Irag GPE in response to gains made by ISIL ORG after the 2011 DATE withdrawal from Irag GPE , continued the process of ending U.S. GPE combat operations in Afghanistan GPE in 2016 DATE , promoted discussions that led to the 2015 DATE Paris Agreement EVENT on global climate change, initiated sanctions against Russia GPE following the invasion in Ukraine GPE and again after interference in the 2016 DATE U.S. GPE elections, brokered the JCPOA ORG nuclear deal with Iran GPE, and normalized U.S. GPE relations with Obama PERSON nominated three CARDINAL justices to the Supreme Court ORG : Sonia Sotomayor PERSON and Elena Kagan PERSON were confirmed as justices, while Merrick Garland PERSON faced partisan obstruction from the Republican NORP -led Senate ORG led by Mitch McConnell PERSON, which never held hearings or a vote on the nomination. Obama PERSON left office in January 2017 DATE and continues to reside in Washington GPE , D.C.During Obama's PERSON term in office, the United States' GPE reputation abroad, as well as the American NORP economy, significantly improved. Obama PERSON 's presidency has generally been regarded favorably, and evaluations of his presidency among historians, political scientists, and the general public frequently place him among the upper tier of American NORP presidents.



Barack Hussein Obama II is an American politician and attorney who served as the 44th president of the United States from 2009 to 2017.







Barack Hussein Obama II is an American politician and attorney who served as the 44th president of the United States from 2009 to 2017.

Text	Lemma	Tag	POS	DEP	is_stop
Barack	Barack	NNP	PROPN	compound	FALSE
Hussein	Hussein	NNP	PROPN	compound	FALSE
Obama	Obama	NNP	PROPN	compound	FALSE
II	II	NNP	PROPN	nsubj	FALSE
is	be	VBZ	AUX	ROOT	TRUE
an	an	DT	DET	det	TRUE
American	american	JJ	ADJ	amod	FALSE
politician	politician	NN	NOUN	attr	FALSE
and	and	CC	CCONJ	СС	TRUE
attorney	attorney	NN	NOUN	conj	FALSE
who	who	WP	PRON	nsubj	TRUE
served	serve	VBD	VERB	relcl	FALSE
as	as	IN	ADP	prep	TRUE
the	the	DT	DET	det	TRUE
44th	44th	JJ	ADJ	amod	FALSE
president	president	NN	NOUN	pobj	FALSE
of	of	IN	ADP	prep	TRUE
the	the	DT	DET	det	TRUE
United	United	NNP	PROPN	compound	FALSE
States	States	NNP	PROPN	pobj	FALSE
from	from	IN	ADP	prep	TRUE
2009	2009	CD	NUM	pobj	FALSE
to	to	IN	ADP	prep	TRUE
2017	2017	CD	NUM	pobj	FALSE
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2017	2017	CD	NUM	pobj	FALSE
			PUNCT	punct	FALSE



An introduction to the tools we will use today

- spacy
- Wikipedia Python package
- Google Knowledge Graph
- Pywikibot
- Neo4j
 - Awesome Procedures on Cypher (APOC)
 - Graph Data Science (GDS) Library
 - Cypher





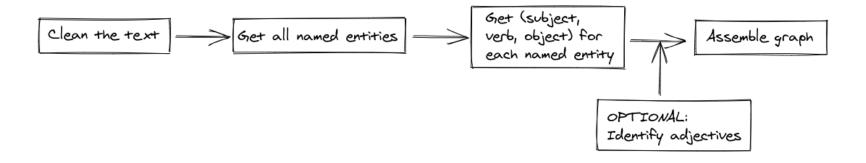
Clone the GitHub repository at

https://dev.neo4j.com/nodes2021 kg workshop



Method 1: The NLP Only Approach

Some ways we could get this done: NLP only approach

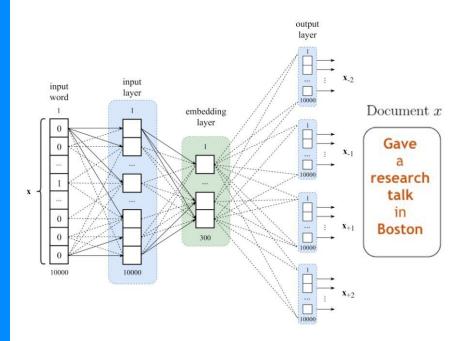


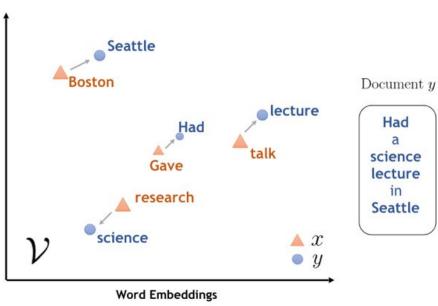
Advantage: limitless verbs

Drawback: entity disambiguation



word2vec



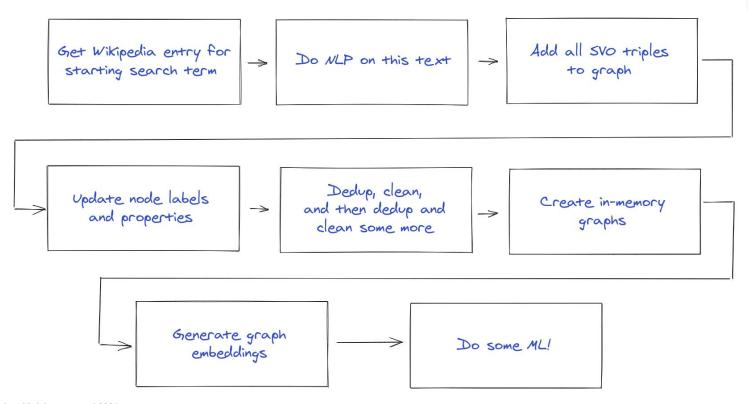


https://www.kdnuggets.com/2019/01/burkov-self-supervised-learning-word-embeddings.html

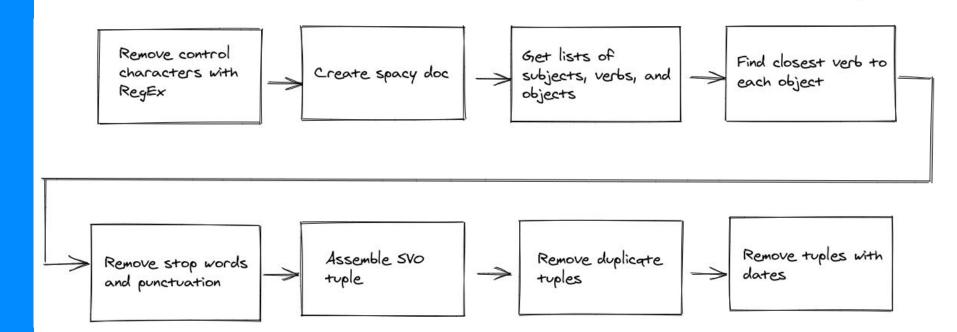
https://medium.com/swlh/word2vec-in-practice-for-natural-language-processing-a179b3286a21

neo4j

Overview of workflow



NLP workflow



Create a Google Knowledge API key

https://developers.google.com/knowledge-graph/how-tos/authorizing

Home > Search Central > Knowledge Graph Search API

Rate and review 🖒 🗇

When your application requests public data, the request doesn't need to be authorized, but does need to be accompanied by an identifier, such as an API key.

Your application needs to identify itself every time it sends a request to the Google Knowledge Graph Search API, by including an API key with each request.

Acquiring and using an API key

To acquire an API key:

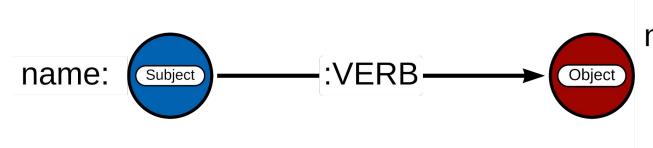
- 1. Open the Credentials page in the API Console.
- 2. This API supports two types of credentials. Create whichever credentials are appropriate for your project:



Enhance the existing data with Google Knowledge Graph

```
"@type": "ItemList",
  "itemListElement": [
      "@type": "EntitySearchResult",
      "result": {
        "@id": "kg:/m/0d1567",
        "name": "Taylor Swift",
        "@type": [
          'Thing",
           'Person"
        "detailedDescription": {
          "articleBody": "Taylor Alison Swift is an American singer-songwriter and
actress. Raised in Wyomissing, Pennsylvania, she moved to Nashville, Tennessee, at the
age of 14 to pursue a career in country music. "
          "url": "http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Taylor_Swift",
```

Detailed knowledge graph data model



name:

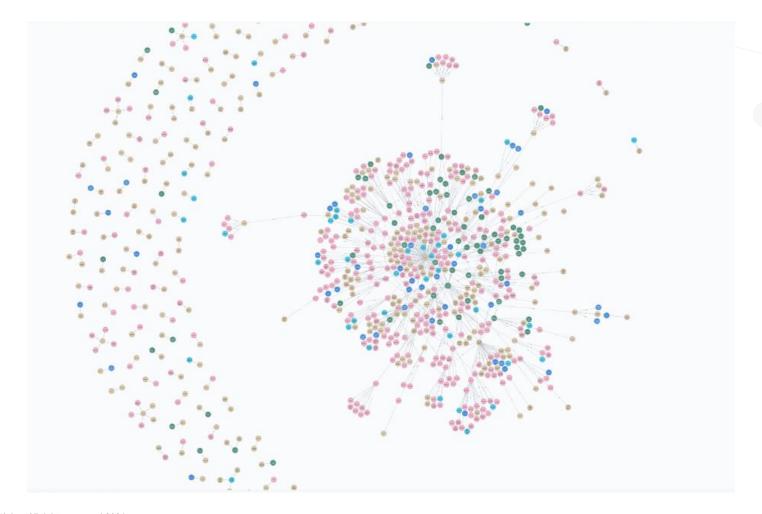
node_labels (*):

description:

url:

word_vec:





Machine Learning on Graphs

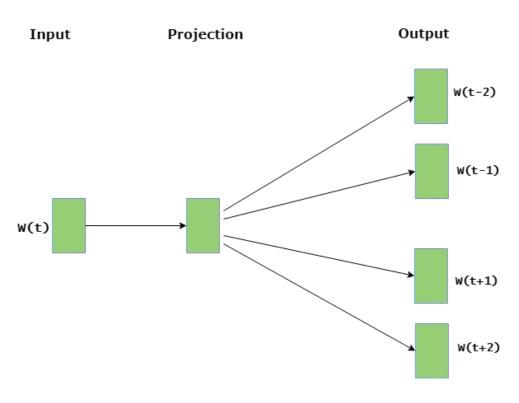
Why machine learning with (knowledge) graphs?

- Traditional ML uses a relational database-type model
 - All data points are are independent of each other
 - Example: churn prediction based on user behavior
- Graphs (and graph databases) treat relationships as a "first class citizen"
 - Models can include homophily
 - Example: churn prediction includes the churn of neighbors within the graph
 - Models can also include the same data as the traditional, independent data point models

Example: making a better recommendation engine



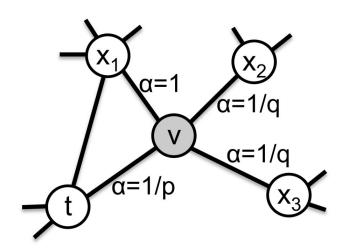
word2vec

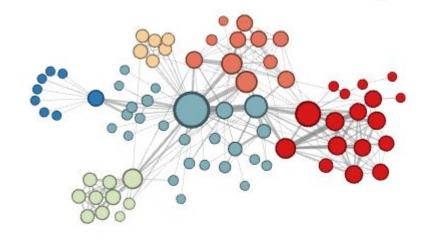


Note: word2vec typically creates one vector per word. The spacy implementation of vectorization takes a document (sentence) and averages the word vectors across the sentence.



node2vec







node2vec

	name	embedding
1	"Barack Obama"	[-0.5534299612045288, 0.319044291973114, -0.06302239000797272, 0.8757740259170532, -0.5034562945365906, 0.23735041916370392, 0.15117834508419037, 0.8566229939460754, 0.36209946870803833, -0.6797583103179932]
2	"United States of America"	[0.1451471447944641, 0.4807624816894531, 0.4366985261440277, 0.42269086837768555, 0.20110560953617096, -0.5779915452003479, -0.10465864837169647, -0.04139380902051926, 0.3290615975856781, -0.495746374130249]
3	"Democratic Party"	[0.19489407539367676, 0.5242791771888733, -0.7722358703613281, 0.15843135118484497, -0.5232059955596924, 0.5803580284118652, 0.17970407009124756, -0.6052649617195129, -0.7680787444114685, 0.5753467679023743]
4	"Illinois"	[0.8053464293479919, 0.2300983965396881, 0.7079187035560608, -0.03613480180501938, 0.4691833555698395, -0.38967591524124146, 0.0824178084731102, -0.27919191122055054, 0.23097757995128632, 0.7676025032997131]
5	"Honolulu"	[0.5645546317100525, -0.8217434287071228, 0.5297825336456299, 0.31918787956237793, -0.4469479024410248, 0.8200243711471558, -0.4185393154621124, -0.3348398506641388, -0.5732030272483826, -0.39435911178588867]
6	"Hawaii"	$ \begin{bmatrix} -0.5108500719070435, 0.12454281747341156, 0.2569912075996399, -0.6748168468475342, 0.24597491323947906, 0.5893328189849854, 0.26128533482551575, -0.7081990838050842, -0.5841189622879028, 0.13823509216308594 \end{bmatrix} $

Embedding dimension: 10



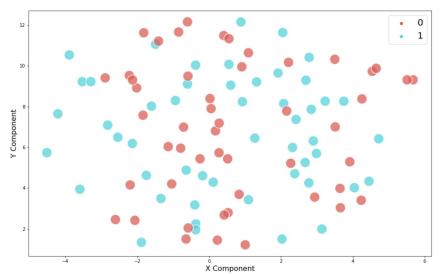
Node similarity via embeddings

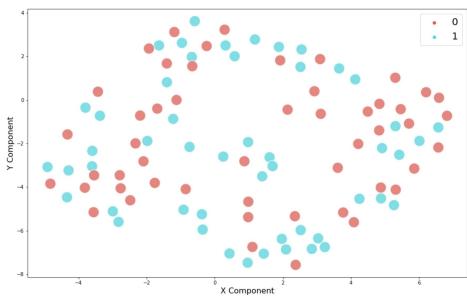
	u.name	n.name	n.type_ls	similarity
1	"mixed-sex education"	"Columbia University"	["private university"]	0.13848771879851898
2	"capital"	"Washington, D.C."	["capital"]	0.1296056718640691
3	"landlocked country"	"Afghanistan"	["sovereign state"]	0.11288100303291404
4	"big city"	"Chicago"	["city of the United States"]	0.08881633377710593
5	"social state"	"Ukraine"	["sovereign state"]	0.08480072967702501

Embedding dimension: 300



Visualizing embeddings with t-SNE

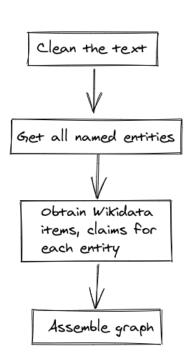


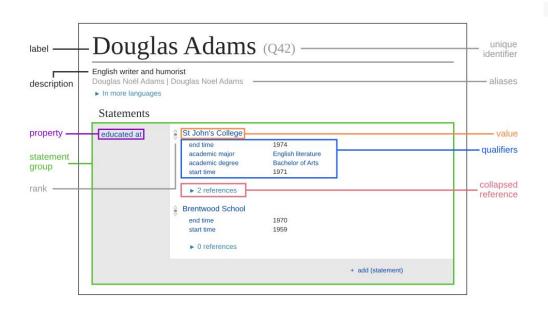




Method 2: The NLP Lite Approach

Some ways we could get this done: NLP "lite"



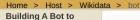


Advantage: entity disambiguation Drawback: must specify which verbs you are interested in



Create a PyWikiBot token

https://heardlibrary.github.io/digital-scholarship/host/wikidata/bot/



Interact with Wikidata or Wikibase

Preliminaries

Set up the bot

Use the bot to write to the Wikidata test instance

Background

Running bot

Modifying the script

Making edits to the real Wikidata

Adding data to a Wikibase instance

Preliminaries

Running the bot

Some notes on the load_csv.py script

Building A Bot to Interact with Wikidata or Wikibase



Preliminaries

What is a bot?

The term "bot" conjures up an image of a cool robot that can do your bidding. Unfortunations of the term "bot" conjures up an image of a cool robot that can do your bidding. Unfortunation of the term "bot" conjures up an image of a cool robot that can do your bidding. Unfortunation of the term "bot" conjures up an image of a cool robot that can do your bidding. Unfortunation of the term "bot" conjures up an image of a cool robot that can do your bidding. Unfortunation of the term "bot" conjures up an image of a cool robot that can do your bidding. Unfortunation of the term "bot" conjures up an image of a cool robot that can do your bidding. Unfortunation of the term "bot" conjures up an image of a cool robot that can do your bidding. Unfortunation of the term is a conjure of the term i

What is the difference between Wikidata and Wikibase?

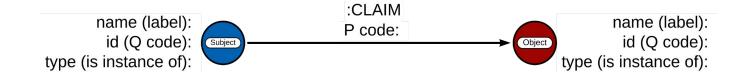
Wikidata is a giant database and knowledge graph that anyone can edit. It is an underly manual edits in Wikidata, but data can also be edited via a bot. Because it would be retest your bot's code there without danger of damaging anything real. We will use the te

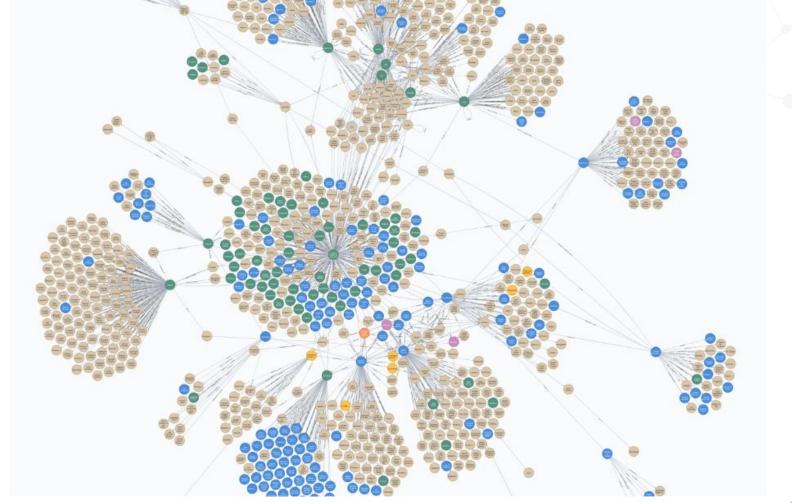
Wikibase is the underlying software application upon which Wikidata is built. Wikibase means to test tools and data structures that might eventually find their way to Wikidata.

Wikibase can be set up on your local computer and accessed using a localhost: addre

Because Wikibase is so empty, it would take a lot of work to enter any meaningful amo Unfortunately, Quickstatements, one of the most useful tools for populating Wikidata wi Wikibase users are likely to be interested in entering data into it using a bot.







Where to go from here?

Two Key Concepts

- There is no proverbial "silver bullet" with Natural Language Processing (NLP)
- The quality of what you get out of a knowledge graph depends on the quality of what you put into it

What could we do from here?

- Add nodes to the graph!
- Various embedding optimization techniques
- Add data for creating embeddings
 - Ex: Word vectors from text descriptions
- Different embedding/modeling techniques
 - FastRP
 - GraphSAGE
 - GNN





Problems we could solve

- Community/cluster detection
- Node classification, link prediction
- Graph-to-graph classification
 - Useful for comparing two different knowledge graphs
- Unstructured text, NLP
- Question answering systems



Thank you!

clair.sullivan@neo4j.com @CJLovesData1

