Project - Phishing Detector using LR

Description:

The dataset is a text file which provides the following resources that can be used as inputs for model building:

- 1. A collection of website URLs for 11000+ websites. Each sample has 30 website parameters and a class label identifying it as a phishing website or not (1 or -1).
- 2. The code template containing these code blocks:
 - a. Import modules (Part 1)
 - b. Load data function + input/output field descriptions

The dataset also serves as an input for project scoping and tries to specify the functional and non-functional requirements for it.

Background of the Problem Statement:

You are expected to write the code for a binary classification model (phishing website or not) using Python Scikit-Learn that trains on the data and calculates the accuracy score on the test data. You have to use one or more of the classification algorithms to train a model on the phishing website dataset.

Domain: Cyber Security and Web Mining

Dataset Description:

Data Dictionary – Variable and Description

- **UsingIP** (categorical signed numeric) : { -1,1 }
- LongURL (categorical signed numeric): { 1,0,-1 }
- **ShortURL** (categorical signed numeric) : { 1,-1 }
- **Symbol**@ (categorical signed numeric) : { 1,-1 }
- Redirecting// (categorical signed numeric) : { -1,1 }
- **PrefixSuffix-** (categorical signed numeric) : { -1,1 }
- **SubDomains** (categorical signed numeric) : { -1,0,1 }
- **HTTPS** (categorical signed numeric) : { -1,1,0 }
- **DomainRegLen** (categorical signed numeric) : { -1,1 }
- **Favicon** (categorical signed numeric) : { 1,-1 }
- NonStdPort (categorical signed numeric) : { 1,-1 }
- HTTPSDomainURL (categorical signed numeric) : { -1,1 }
- RequestURL (categorical signed numeric) : { 1,-1 }

- AnchorURL (categorical signed numeric) : { -1,0,1 }
- LinksInScriptTags (categorical signed numeric) : { 1,-1,0 }
- **ServerFormHandler** (categorical signed numeric) : { -1,1,0 }
- InfoEmail (categorical signed numeric) : { -1,1 }
- AbnormalURL (categorical signed numeric) : { -1,1 }
- WebsiteForwarding (categorical signed numeric) : { 0,1 }
- StatusBarCust (categorical signed numeric) : { 1,-1 }
- **DisableRightClick** (categorical signed numeric) : { 1,-1 }
- **UsingPopupWindow** (categorical signed numeric) : { 1,-1 }
- IframeRedirection (categorical signed numeric): { 1,-1 }
- **AgeOfDomain** (categorical signed numeric) : { -1,1 }
- **DNSRecording** (categorical signed numeric) : { -1,1 }
- **WebsiteTraffic** (categorical signed numeric) : { -1,0,1 }
- PageRank (categorical signed numeric) : { -1,1 }
- GoogleIndex (categorical signed numeric) : { 1,-1 }
- LinksPointingToPage (categorical signed numeric) : { 1,0,-1 }
- StatsReport (categorical signed numeric) : { -1,1 }
- class (categorical signed numeric) : { -1,1 }

Dataset Size: 11055 rows x 31 columns

Hint:

- The dataset is a ".txt" file with no headers and has only the column values.
- The actual column-wise header is described above and, if needed, you can add the header manually.
- The header list is as follows:

```
['UsingIP', 'LongURL', 'ShortURL', 'Symbol@', 'Redirecting//', 'PrefixSuffix-', 'SubDomains', 'HTTPS', 'DomainRegLen', 'Favicon', 'NonStdPort', 'HTTPSDomainURL', 'RequestURL', 'AnchorURL', 'LinksInScriptTags', 'ServerFormHandler', 'InfoEmail', 'AbnormalURL', 'WebsiteForwarding', 'StatusBarCust', 'DisableRightClick', 'UsingPopupWindow', 'IframeRedirection', 'AgeofDomain', 'DNSRecording', 'WebsiteTraffic', 'PageRank', 'GoogleIndex', 'LinksPointingToPage', 'StatsReport', 'class']
```

Questions to be answered with analysis:

- 1. Write the code for a binary classification model (phishing website or not) using Python Scikit-Learn that trains on the data and calculates the accuracy score on the test data.
- 2. Use one or more of the classification algorithms to train a model on the phishing website dataset.

Project Guidelines:

1. Initiation:

• Begin by creating a new ipynb file and load the dataset in it.

2. Exercise 1:

- Build a phishing website classifier using Logistic Regression with "C" parameter =
- Use 70% of data as training data and the remaining 30% as test data.
 [Hint: Use Scikit-Learn library LogisticRegression]
 [Hint: Refer to the logistic regression tutorial taught earlier in the course]
- Print count of misclassified samples in the test data prediction as well as the accuracy score of the model.

3. Exercise 2:

- Train with only two input parameters parameter Prefix_Suffix and 13 URL_of_Anchor.
- Check accuracy using the test data and compare the accuracy with the previous value.
- Plot the test samples along with the decision boundary when trained with index 5 and index 13 parameters.