

mannot v0.1.0

A package for highlighting and annotating in math blocks in Typst.

Contents

Usage	1
Limitations	2
API	2

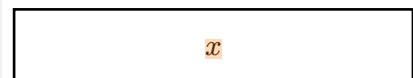
Usage

Import and initialize the package mannot on the top of your document.

```
1 #import "@preview/mannot:0.1.0": *
2 #show: mannot-init
```

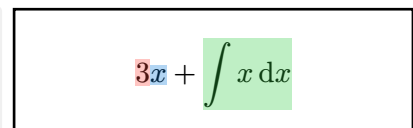
To highlight a part of a math block, use the mark function:

```
1 $
2 mark(x)
3 $
```



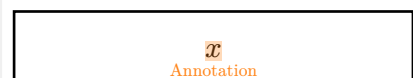
You can also specify a color for the highlighted part:

```
1 $ // Need # before color names.
2 mark(3, color: #red) mark(x, color: #blue)
3 + mark(integral x dif x, color: #green)
4 $
```



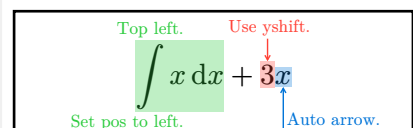
To add an annotation to a highlighted part, use the annot function. You need to specify the tag of the marked content:

```
1 $
2 mark(x, tag: #<x>) // Need # before tags.
3 #annot(<x>)[Annotation]
4 $
```



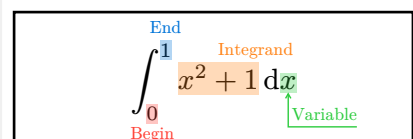
You can customize the position of the annotation and the vertical distance from the marked content:

```
1 $
2 mark(integral x dif x, tag: #<i>, color: #green)
3 + mark(3, tag: #<3>, color: #red) mark(x, tag: #<x>, color: #blue)
4
5 #annot(<i>, pos: left)[Set pos to left.]
6 #annot(<i>, pos: top + left)[Top left.]
7 #annot(<3>, pos: top, yshift: 1.2em)[Use yshift.]
8 #annot(<x>, pos: right, yshift: 1.2em)[Auto arrow.]
9 $
```



For convenience, you can define custom mark functions:

```
1 #let rmark = mark.with(color: red)
2 #let gmark = mark.with(color: green)
3 #let bmark = mark.with(color: blue)
4
5 $
6 integral_rmark(0, tag: #<i0>)^bmark(1, tag: #<i1>)
```



```

7  mark(x^2 + 1, tag: #<i2>) dif gmark(x, tag: #<i3>)
8
9  #annot(<i0>)[Begin]
10 #annot(<i1>, pos: top)[End]
11 #annot(<i2>, pos: top + right)[Integrand]
12 #annot(<i3>, pos: right, yshift: .6em)[Variable]
13 $

```

Limitations

If you mark a inline math element containing linebreaks, its layout will be broken:

```

1
2 $mark(x + x + x + x + x + x + x + x + x)$
3

```

$$x + x + x + x + x + x + x + x + x + x$$

API

- `core-mark()`
- `mark()`
- `mannot-init()`
- `core-annot()`
- `annot()`

core-mark

Marks a part of a math block with a custom overlay.

This function measures the position and size of the marked content, places an overlay on it, and exposes metadata labeled with a tag. This metadata includes the original content, its position (x, y), size (width, height), and the color used for the overlay. Its purpose is to create custom marking functions.

Example

```

1  let mymark(body, tag: none) = {
2    let overlay(width, height, color) = {
3      rect(width: width, height: height, stroke: color)
4    }
5    return core-mark(body, tag: tag, color: red, overlay: overlay,
6      padding: (y: .1em))
7  }
8  $ mymark(x, tag: #<e>) $
9
10 context {
11   let info = query(<e>).last()
12   repr(info.value)
13 }

```

```

(
  body: [x],
  x: 444.68pt,
  y: 522.55pt,
  width: 6.29pt,
  height: 7.18pt,
  color: rgb("#ff851b"),
)

```

Parameters

```
core-mark(  
  body: content,  
  tag: none label,  
  color: color,  
  overlay: none function,  
  padding: none length dictionary,  
  ctx: auto string  
) -> content
```

body `content`

The content to be marked within a math block.

tag `none` or `label`

An optional tag associated with the metadata.

Default: `none`

color `color`

The color for the overlay and annotations put to this.

Default: black

overlay `none` or `function`

An optional function to create a custom overlay. The function takes width, height, and color as arguments, where width and height represent the size of the marked content including padding, and color is the same color passed to core-mark.

Default: `none`

padding `none` or `length` or `dictionary`

The space between the marked content and the border of the overlay. You can specify left, right, top, bottom, x, y, or a rest value.

Default: `(:)`

ctx `auto` or `string`

The context of the marked content. Possible values are "inline", "script" or "sscript". If set to auto, it is automatically chosen.

Default: `auto`

mark

Marks a part of a math block with highlighting.

Marked content can be annotated with `annot` function.

Example

```
1 $ mark(x) $
```



Parameters

```
mark(  
  body: content,  
  tag: none label,  
  color: auto color,  
  fill: auto none color gradient pattern,  
  stroke: none auto length color gradient stroke pattern dictionary,  
  radius: relative dictionary,  
  padding: none length dictionary,  
  ctx: auto string  
) -> content
```

body `content`

The content to be highlighted within a math block.

tag `none` or `label`

An optional tag used to identify the highlighted content for later annotation.

Default: `none`

color `auto` or `color`

The color used for the highlight. If set to `auto` and `fill` is `auto`, `color` will set be set to orange. Otherwise, it defaults to black.

Default: `auto`

fill `auto` or `none` or `color` or `gradient` or `pattern`

The fill style for the highlight rectangle. If set to `auto`, `fill` will be set to `color.transparentize(70%)`.

Default: `auto`

stroke `none` or `auto` or `length` or `color` or `gradient` or `stroke` or `pattern` or `dictionary`

The stroke style for the highlight rectangle.

Default: `none`

radius `relative` or dictionary

The corner radius of the highlight rectangle.

Default: `(:)`

padding `none` or `length` or dictionary

The space between the highlighted content and the border of the highlight. You can specify left, right, top, bottom, x, y, or a rest value.

Default: `(y: .1em)`

ctx `auto` or `string`

The context of the marked content. Possible values are "inline", "script" or "sscript". If set to auto, it is automatically chosen.

Default: `auto`

mannot-init

Setup function.

To start using mannot, you need to initialize mannot using a show rule:

```
1 #show: mannot-init
```

This removes unintentional spaces around marked elements within math blocks.

Parameters

`mannot-init`(body)

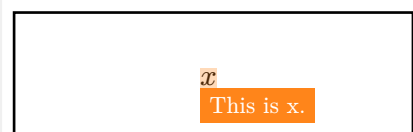
core-annot

Places a custom annotation to the marked content.

This function creates a custom annotation by placing an overlay on the content that was previously marked with a specific tag. It must be used within the same math block that contains the marked content.

Example

```
1 let myannot(tag, annotation) = {  
2   let overlay(width, height, color) = {  
3     set text(white, .8em)  
4     let annot-block = box(fill: color, inset: .4em, annotation)  
5     place(annot-block, dy: height)  
6   }  
7   return core-annot(tag, overlay)  
8 }
```



```

9
10 $
11 mark(x, tag: #<e>)
12 #myannot(<e>)[This is x.]
13 $

```

Parameters

```

core-annot(
  tag: label,
  overlay: function
)

```

tag `label`

The tag associated with the content you want to annotate. This tag must match a previously used tag in a core-mark call.

overlay `function`

The function to create a custom annotation. It takes width, height, and color as arguments, where width and height represent the size of the marked content, and color is the base color passed to core-mark.

annot

Places an annotation to the marked content.

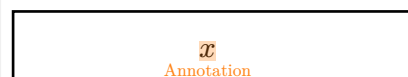
This function must be used within the same math block that contains the marked content.

Example

```

1 $
2 mark(x, tag: #<e>)
3 #annot(<e>)[Annotation]
4 $

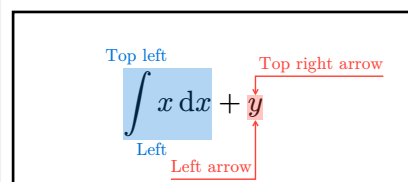
```



```

1 $
2 mark(integral x dif x, tag: #<x>, color: #blue)
3 + mark(y, tag: #<y>, color: #red)
4
5 #annot(<x>, pos: left)[Left]
6 #annot(<x>, pos: top + left)[Top left]
7 #annot(<y>, pos: left, yshift: 2em)[Left arrow]
8 #annot(<y>, pos: top + right, yshift: 1em)[Top right arrow]
9 $

```



Parameters

```
annot(  
  tag: label,  
  annotation: content,  
  pos: alignment,  
  yshift: length,  
  text-props: dictionary,  
  par-props: dictionary,  
  alignment: auto alignment,  
  show-arrow: auto bool,  
  arrow-stroke: auto none color length dictionary stroke,  
  arrow-padding: length  
)
```

tag label

The tag associated with the content you want to annotate. This tag must match a previously used tag in a core-mark call.

annotation content

The content of the annotation.

pos alignment

The position of the annotation relative to the marked content. Possible values are (top or bottom) + (left, center or right).

Default: center + bottom

yshift length

The vertical distance between the annotation and the marked content.

Default: .2em

text-props dictionary

Properties for the annotation text. If the fill field is not specified, it defaults to the color used in the marking.

Default: (size: .6em, bottom-edge: "descender")

par-props dictionary

Properties for the annotation paragraph.

Default: (leading: .3em)

alignment `auto` or alignment

The alignment of the annotation text within its box.

Default: `auto`

show-arrow `auto` or bool

Whether to display an arrow connecting the annotation to the marked content. If set to auto, an arrow will be shown when `yshift > .4em`.

Default: `auto`

arrow-stroke `auto` or `none` or `color` or `length` or dictionary or `stroke`

The stroke style for the arrow. If the paint field is not specified, it defaults to the color used in the marking.

Default: `.08em`

arrow-padding `length`

The space between the arrow and the annotation box.

Default: `.2em`