

Project Proposal

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1 Problem Description

K-means clustering is a unsupervised learning algorithm for solving clustering problem. Formally, the problem states as follows [3]: Given a set of data points $\{x_i | i = 1..n\} \subseteq \mathbb{R}^d$, k-means clustering aims to partition the n data points in to $k(\leq n)$ sets $S = \{S_1, S_2, \dots, S_k\}$ so as to minimize the within-cluster sum of squared errors,

$$\arg \min_S \sum_{i=1}^k \sum_{x \in S_i} \|x - \mu(S_i)\|^2$$

where $\mu(S_i)$ is the mean of points in S_i .

2 Standard Sequential Algorithm

- Choose the number of clusters, k.
- Randomly generate k points as cluster centers.
- Assign each point to the nearest cluster center.
- Recompute the new cluster centers.
- Repeat the previous two steps until some convergence criterion is met.

3 Plan

We plan to use GPU and CUDA to implement the parallel version of k-means algorithm. For GPU, we will use NVIDIA GPU Tesla K20c to test and benchmark our implementation.

We will compare our implementation with two kinds of baselines:

- A correspondent k-means implementation on CPU.
- Some existing GPU k-means implementation we find on the Internet[1, 2].

References

- [1] A cuda implementation of the k-means clustering algorithm. <https://github.com/serban/kmeans>. Accessed: 03-05-2015.

- [2] gpuminer. <https://code.google.com/p/gpuminer/>. Accessed: 03-05-2015.
- [3] k-means clustering. http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/K-means_clustering. Accessed: 03-05-2015.