# Programs with time in a Discrete Runtime Environment

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## Yampa

- Yampa: DSL of Haskell for hybrid system
  - continuous and discrete transitions
- Signal functions: continuous behavior

sf: *SF a b* 

$$\begin{cases} \frac{d^2p}{dt^2} = 0 \\ \frac{dp}{dt} = \frac{d^2p}{dt^2}t + v_0 \\ p = \frac{dp}{dt}t + p_0 \end{cases}$$

$$v' < - \text{ integral } -< 0$$

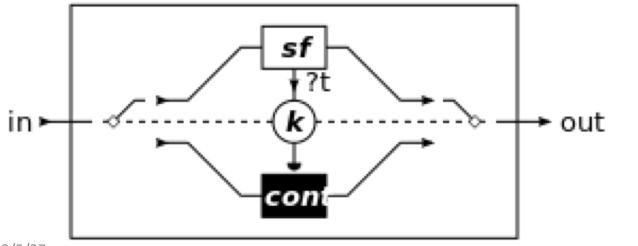
$$v < - \text{ arr } (+ \text{ v0}) -< \text{ v'}$$

$$p' < - \text{ integral } -< \text{ v}$$

$$p < - \text{ arr } (+ \text{ p0}) -< \text{ p'}$$

## Yampa

- Events trigger discrete behavior
  - Event: truth change of a given predicate over the signal function
  - 'switch' function changes another signal function determined by the event



switch: *SF in (out, Event t)* 

 $\rightarrow$  (t -> SF in out)

-> *SF in out* 

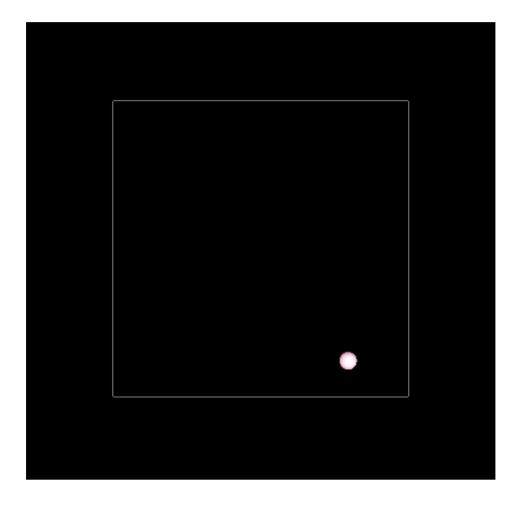
## Yampa Program

```
moving p0 v0 = proc () -> do
     v' <- integral -< 0
     v <- arr (+ v0) -< v'
                                                                                                       Update
     p' <- integral -< v
                                                                                                  Continuous Value
     p <- arr (+ p0) -< p'
     returnA - < (p,v)
                                           Sf1
                                                          Sf2
   hal px0 py0 vx0 vy0 = switch (traj px0 py0 vx0 vy0) ssfunc
     where traj px' py' vx' vy' = proc input -> do
                  (px,vx) < -moving px' vx' - < input
10
                  (py,vy) < -moving py' vy' - < input
11
                  event <- edge -< (px <= -10 || px >= 15 || py <= -10 || py >= 15)
                                                                                                  Event generation
12
                  \operatorname{returnA} -< ((px,py,vx,vy),\operatorname{event 'tag'}(px,py,vx,vy))
13
           ssfunc (px',py',vx',vy') = if(px' \le -10 \mid px' > = 15)
14
                                       then if(py' \leq -10 || py' \geq 15)
15
                                              then hal px' py' (-vx') (-vy')
16
                                              else hal px' py' (-vx') vy'
                                                                                               New signal function
17
                                       else if(py' <= -10 \mid | py' >= 15)
18
                                              then hal px' py' vx' (-vy')
19
                                              else hal px' py' vx' vy'
20
```

#### Example: Yampa Behavior

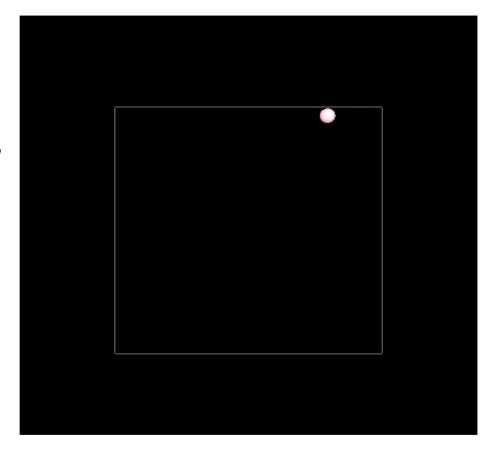
Continuous behavior:Ball Position

Discrete behavior:Bouncing on frame



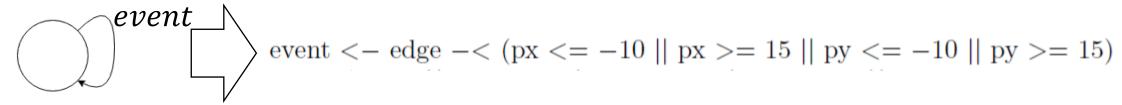
#### Unexpected Behavior in Yampa Program

- Ball gets out of frame
  - sampling causes this error
  - When ball reflect near the corner, this error occur
- Program can avoid the error
  - Programming technique without changing the semantics

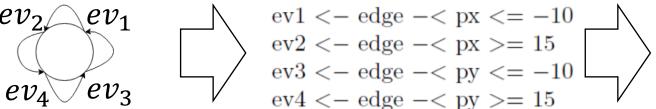


#### Simple Example

•HA1: check for one frame



•HA4: check for each frame



No error

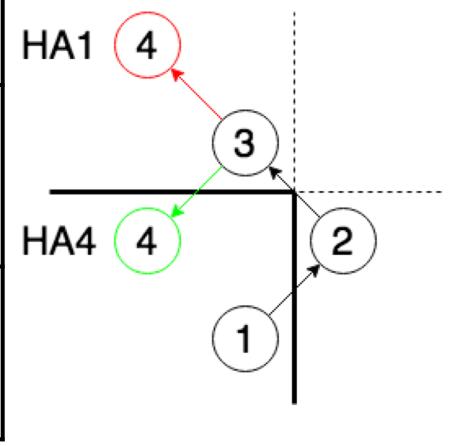
- $\bullet$  HA1 = HA4
  - $event = ev_1 \lor ev_2 \lor ev_3 \lor ev_4$

## HA4 Program

```
1 moving p0 v0 = proc () -> do
     v' <- integral -< 0
                                                                                                              Update
     v <- arr (+ v0) -< v'
     p' <- integral -< v
                                                                                                        Continuous Value
     p <- arr (+ p0) -< p'
     returnA -< (p,v)
                                                        Sf2
                                            Sf1
   ha4 px0 py0 vx0 vy0 = switch (traj px0 py0 vx0 vy0 ssfunc
     where traj px' py' vx' vy' = \frac{1}{1} proc input -> do
                 (px,vx) < -moving px' vx' - < input
10
                 (py,vy) < -moving py' vy' - < input
11
                 ev1 < -edge - < px < = -10
12
                 ev2 < -edge - < px > = 15
13
                                                                                                         Event generation
                 ev3 < -edge - < py < = -10
14
                 ev4 < - edge - < py > = 15
15
                 returnA -< ((px,py,vx,vy)|if(ev1 /= NoEvent || ev2 /= NoEvent)
16
                                            then if(ev3 /= NoEvent || ev4 /= NoEvent)
17
                                                   then Event() 'tag' (px,py,-vx,-vy)
18
                                                                                                           Update signal
                                                   else Event() 'tag' (px,py,-vx,vy)
19
                                                                                                             functions
                                            else if(ev3 /= NoEvent || ev4 /= NoEvent)
20
                                                   then Event() 'tag' (px,py,vx,-vy)
21
                                                   else NoEvent 'tag' (px,py,vx,vy))
22
            ssfunc (px',py',vx',vy') = ha4 \overline{px'} py' vx' vy'
23
```

### Error by Clock Sampling

	<b>1</b> → <b>2</b>	$2 \rightarrow 3$
HA1	Frame:in→out Can detect event	Frame:out→out Can't detect event
HA4	Left frame out Can detect event	Top frame out Can detect event



#### Checking Discretized behavior

 Automatic conversion from (restricted) Yampa programs to the model expressing these discrete behavior in the uppaal model

Model checking the Yampa programs by Uppaal

## Results of Uppaal

•HA1

A $\square$ (Output1 >= -100 and Output1 <= 100 and Output2 >= -100 and Output2 <= 100) Verification/kernel/ellapsed time used: 0s / 0s / 0.008s.

Resident/virtual memory usage peaks: 7,324KB / 26,656KB.

属性は満たされませんでした。

• HA4

A $\square$ (Output1 >= -100 and Output1 <= 100 and Output2 >= -100 and Output2 <= 100)

Verification/kernel/ellapsed time used: 0.015s / 0.016s / 0.024s.

Resident/virtual memory usage peaks: 7,644KB / 26,980KB.

属性は満たされました

#### Implementability

- Timed automata
  - Always implementable [Bouyer et.al 11]
  - Existence of sampling for untimed language equivalence [Abudula et.al 10]
- Analysis using pushdown system
  - DTPDA[Abudula 11], NeTA[Li,Ogawa, Y 13,15]
- Discretized Communication?