models validation mix 26 set

September 27, 2023

```
[]: import tensorflow as tf

from tensorflow.keras import datasets, layers, models
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import skimage.measure

import random
import copy
import math
import cv2
import os
```

1 TRAINED MODELS

1.1 Loading of the models

```
[]: model = tf.keras.models.load_model('IRI_models/26sep_8px_steps_mix_paths')

model1 = tf.keras.models.load_model('IRI_models/26sep_8px_steps_mix_vels')

model2 = tf.keras.models.load_model('IRI_models/26sep_8px_steps_mix_stops')
```

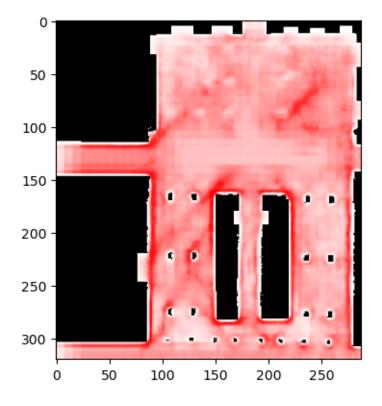
2 Variables definition

2.1 Testing closed corridors (completely or partially closed)

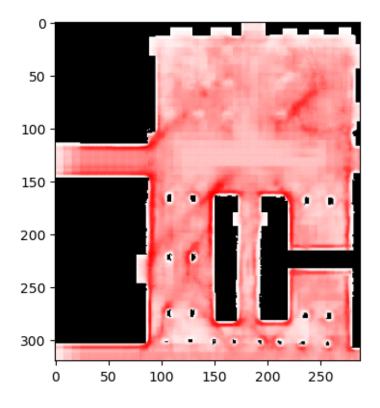
```
[]: for map_name in map_list_t:
       print(map_name)
       lines = 0
       with open('maps/semantics/'+map_root_name+'/'+map_name+'.csv') as f:
         lines = f.readlines()
      h = len(lines)
       w = len(lines[0].split(','))
       # Converts data to a list of integers
      map = []
       for line in lines:
         map.extend([int(c) for c in line.split(',')])
       for lab_class in sem_dict:
         lines = 0
         try:
           with open('maps/semantics/'+map_root_name+'/
      - '+map_root_name+'_sem_'+lab_class+'.csv') as f:
             lines = f.readlines()
           hh = len(lines)
           ww = len(lines[0].split(','))
           if hh != h or ww != w:
             print(f'h: {h}\tw: {w}')
             print(f'h: {hh}\tw: {ww}')
             raise SystemExit("ERROR: Different sizes!!")
           # Converts data to a list of integers
           for line in lines:
             map.extend([int(c) for c in line.split(',')])
         except FileNotFoundError:
           for i in range(h):
             for j in range(w):
```

```
map.extend([255])
map = np.reshape(map,[chans,h,w])
map = np.moveaxis(map, 0, -1)
map = map/255
map aux = map
map = np.zeros((int(math.ceil(h/2)),int(math.ceil(w/2)),chans))
for idx in range(chans):
  map[:,:,idx] = skimage.measure.block reduce(map aux[:,:,idx], (2,2), np.max)
h, w, _ = map.shape
diff_h = int((h-div*int(h/div))/2)
r h = int((h-div*int(h/div))\%2) + diff h
diff_w = int((w-div*int(w/div))/2)
r_w = int((w-div*int(w/div))\%2) + diff_w
map = map[r_h:-diff_h:,r_w+diff_w:,:]
# print(map.shape)
h, w, _= map.shape
#
# creating subplot and figure
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(w/70,h/70))
data_pred = np.zeros((int(math.ceil(h)),int(math.ceil(w))))
step = int(32/4)
for i in np.arange((w/step+int(div/step-1))*(h/step+int(div/step-1))):
  c = int(i%(w/step+int(div/step-1))) - int(div/step-1)*0
  r = int(i/(w/step+int(div/step-1))) - int(div/step-1)*0
  submap = map[max(step*r,0):step*r+div, max(step*c,0):step*c+div,:]
  subdata = model.predict(np.expand dims(submap,axis=0),verbose=0)[:,:,:,0]
  subdata = np.squeeze(subdata,axis=0)
  data_pred[max(step*r,0):step*r+div, max(step*c,0):step*c+div] += subdata*1/
contrasted_data = cv2.LUT((data_pred/np.max(data_pred)*255).astype(np.uint8),_
⇔lut_8u).astype(float)/255
plt.imshow(np.multiply(np.stack((map[:,:,0],map[:,:,0],map[:,:,0]),axis=2),___
→np.stack((np.full(contrasted_data.
shape,1),1-contrasted_data,1-contrasted_data),axis=2)), vmin=0, vmax=1)
# plt.imshow(np.multiply(np.stack((map[:,:,0],map[:,:,0],map[:,:,0]),axis=2),__
⇒np.stack((np.full(data_pred.shape,1),1-data_pred,1-data_pred),axis=2)),⊔
\rightarrow vmin=0, vmax=1)
plt.show()
```

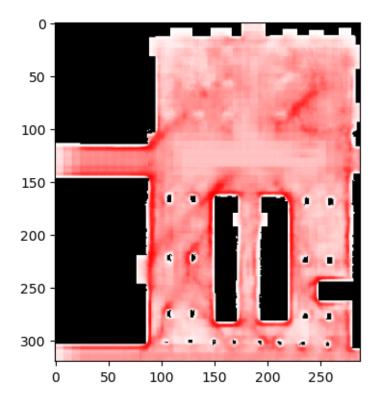
master_big



master_big_closed



master_big_semiclosed



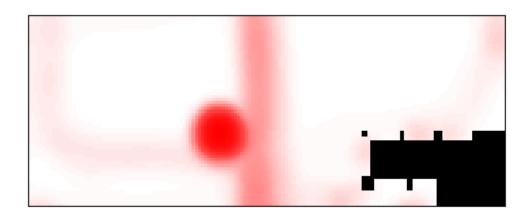
2.2 Model 1 testing

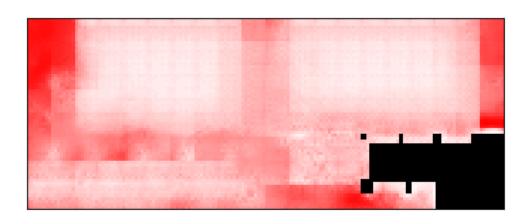
```
[]: kl1 = []
     for map_count, map_name in enumerate(map_list):
       print(map_name)
       lines = 0
       with open('maps/semantics/'+map_name+'/'+map_name+'.csv') as f:
         lines = f.readlines()
      h = len(lines)
       w = len(lines[0].split(','))
       # Converts data to a list of integers
      map = []
      for line in lines:
         map.extend([int(c) for c in line.split(',')])
      for lab_class in sem_dict:
         lines = 0
         try:
           with open('maps/semantics/'+map_name+'/'+map_name+'_sem_'+lab_class+'.
      ⇔csv') as f:
             lines = f.readlines()
           hh = len(lines)
           ww = len(lines[0].split(','))
           if hh != h or ww != w:
             print(f'h: {h}\tw: {w}')
             print(f'h: {hh}\tw: {ww}')
             raise SystemExit("ERROR: Different sizes!!")
           # Converts data to a list of integers
           for line in lines:
             map.extend([int(c) for c in line.split(',')])
         except FileNotFoundError:
           for i in range(h):
             for j in range(w):
               map.extend([255])
       map = np.reshape(map,[chans,h,w])
```

```
map = np.moveaxis(map, 0, -1)
 map = map/255
 map_aux = map
 map = np.zeros((int(math.ceil(h/red[map_count])),int(math.ceil(w/
 →red[map_count])),chans))
 for idx in range(chans):
   map[:,:,idx] = skimage.measure.block_reduce(map_aux[:,:,idx],__
 h, w, _= map.shape
 diff_h = int((h-div*int(h/div))/2)
 r_h = int((h-div*int(h/div))%2) + diff_h
 diff_w = int((w-div*int(w/div))/2)
 r_w = int((w-div*int(w/div))%2) + diff_w
 map = map[r_h:-diff_h:,r_w+diff_w:,:]
 # print(map.shape)
 h, w, _= map.shape
#__
 with open('maps/semantics/'+map_name+'/humandensity-'+map_name+'-new.csv') as__
   lines = f.readlines()
 hd = len(lines)
 wd = len(lines[0].split(','))
 # Converts data to a list of integers
 data = []
 for line in lines:
   data.extend([int(c) for c in line.split(',')])
 data = np.reshape(data,[hd,wd])
 sigma = 2.0
 data = skimage.filters.gaussian(data+(data==0), sigma=(sigma, sigma),__
 ⇔channel_axis=-1)*(data>0)
 data = skimage.measure.block_reduce(data, (red[map_count]), red[map_count]), np.
 data = data[r_h:-diff_h,r_w+diff_w:]
 data = np.subtract(data, np.full((h, w), np.min(data)))/(np.max(data)-np.
 →min(data))
```

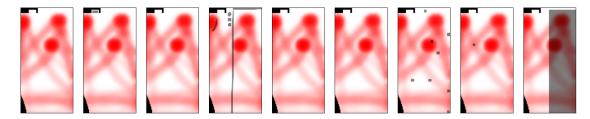
```
# print(data.shape)
hd, wd = data.shape
print(sem_dict)
plt.figure(figsize=(20,5))
for i in range(len(sem_dict)):
  i = i+1
  ax = plt.subplot(1, len(sem_dict), i)
  alp = 0.5
  contrasted_data = cv2.LUT((data/np.max(data)*255).astype(np.uint8), lut_8u).
⇒astype(float)/255
  ax.imshow(np.multiply(np.stack((map[:,:,0],map[:,:,0],map[:,:
,0]),axis=2),np.multiply(np.stack((map[:,:,i],map[:,:,i],map[:,:
-,i]),axis=2)*alp+(1-alp), np.stack((np.full(contrasted_data.
shape,1),1-contrasted_data,1-contrasted_data),axis=2))), vmin=0, vmax=1)
   # ax.imshow(np.multiply(np.stack((map[:,:,0],map[:,:,0],map[:,:
→, 0]), axis=2), np. multiply(np. stack((map[:,:,i], map[:,:,i], map[:,:
\rightarrow, i]), axis=2)*alp+(1-alp), np.stack((np.full(data.
\hookrightarrowshape, 1), 1-data, 1-data), axis=2))), vmin=0, vmax=1)
  ax.get_xaxis().set_visible(False)
  ax.get_yaxis().set_visible(False)
plt.show()
ax = plt.subplot(111)
contrasted_data = cv2.LUT((data/np.max(data)*255).astype(np.uint8), lut_8u).
⇒astype(float)/255
ax.imshow(np.multiply(np.stack((map[:,:,0],map[:,:,0]),map[:,:,0]),axis=2), np.
⇔stack((np.full(contrasted_data.
shape,1),1-contrasted_data,1-contrasted_data),axis=2)), vmin=0, vmax=1)
# ax.imshow(np.multiply(np.stack((map[:,:,0],map[:,:,0],map[:,:,0]),axis=2),__
→np.stack((np.full(data.shape,1),1-data,1-data),axis=2)), vmin=0, vmax=1)
ax.get xaxis().set visible(False)
ax.get_yaxis().set_visible(False)
plt.show()
# creating subplot and figure
ax = plt.subplot(111)
data_pred = np.zeros((int(math.ceil(h)),int(math.ceil(w))))
step = int(32/4)
for i in np.arange((w/step+int(div/step-1))*(h/step+int(div/step-1))):
  c = int(i%(w/step+int(div/step-1))) - int(div/step-1)
  r = int(i/(w/step+int(div/step-1))) - int(div/step-1)
  submap = map[max(step*r,0):step*r+div, max(step*c,0):step*c+div,:]
```

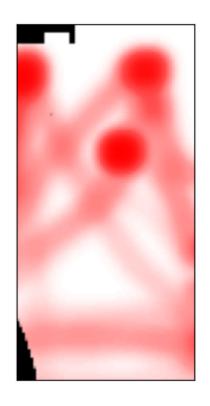
```
subdata = model.predict(np.expand_dims(submap,axis=0),verbose=0)[:,:,:,0]
    subdata = np.squeeze(subdata,axis=0)
    data_pred[max(step*r,0):step*r+div, max(step*c,0):step*c+div] += subdata*1/
  contrasted_data = cv2.LUT((data_pred/np.max(data_pred)*255).astype(np.uint8),__
  ⇔lut 8u).astype(float)/255
  plt.imshow(np.multiply(np.stack((map[:,:,0],map[:,:,0],map[:,:,0]),axis=2),__
  →np.stack((np.full(contrasted_data.
  shape,1),1-contrasted_data,1-contrasted_data),axis=2)), vmin=0, vmax=1)
  # plt.imshow(np.multiply(np.stack((map[:,:,0],map[:,:,0],map[:,:,0]),axis=2), 
  \hookrightarrow np.stack((np.full(data\_pred.shape,1),1-data\_pred,1-data\_pred),axis=2)), 
  \rightarrow vmin=0, vmax=1)
  ax.get_xaxis().set_visible(False)
  ax.get_yaxis().set_visible(False)
  plt.show()
  data = data/sum(sum(data))
  data_pred = data_pred/sum(sum(data_pred))
  kl = 0
  for i in range(data.shape[0]):
      for j in range(data.shape[1]):
          if data[i,j] > 0 and data_pred[i,j] > 0:
             kl = kl + data[i,j]*math.log2(data[i,j]/data_pred[i,j])
  print(f'KL-divergence: {kl}')
  kl1 = np.append(kl1,kl)
print(f'Mean KL-divergence: {np.mean(kl1)}')
stanford_hyang10
['cash', 'entrance', 'light', 'sit', 'stairs', 'trash', 'tree', 'restricted',
'grass']
```

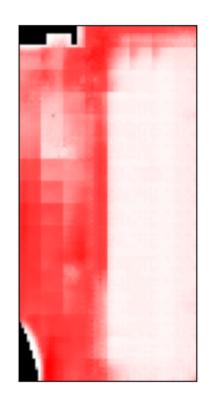




stanford_gates2







master_big









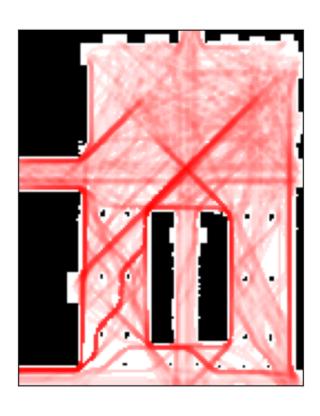


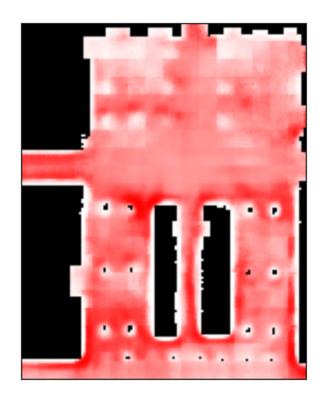












KL-divergence: 1.0570437128271506 willow ['cash', 'entrance', 'light', 'sit', 'stairs', 'trash', 'tree', 'restricted', 'grass']











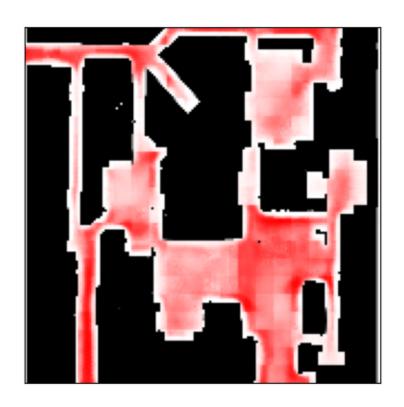








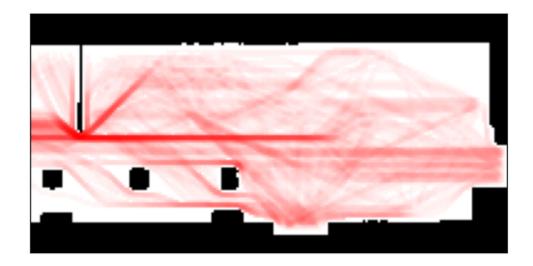


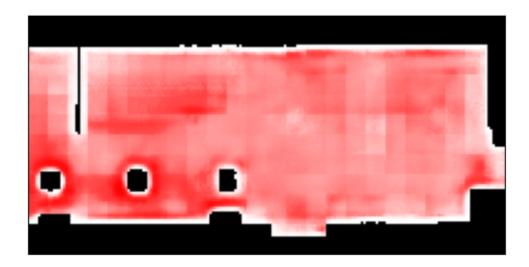


costacafe

['cash', 'entrance', 'light', 'sit', 'stairs', 'trash', 'tree', 'restricted', 'grass']







KL-divergence: 1.1389788657951534

map3

'grass']









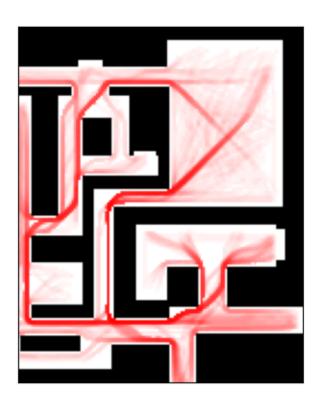


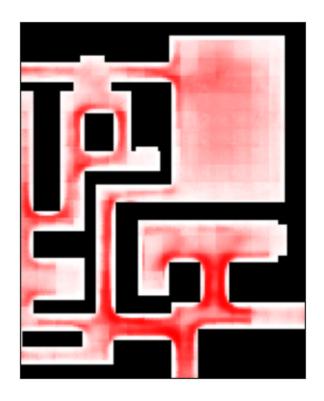












KL-divergence: 1.9192050710030273
Mean KL-divergence: 1.8505348997120195

2.3 Model 2 testing

```
for map_count, map_name in enumerate(map_list):
    print(map_name)

lines = 0
    with open('maps/semantics/'+map_name+'/'+map_name+'.csv') as f:
        lines = f.readlines()

h = len(lines)
    w = len(lines[0].split(','))

# Converts data to a list of integers
    map = []
    for line in lines:
        map.extend([int(c) for c in line.split(',')])

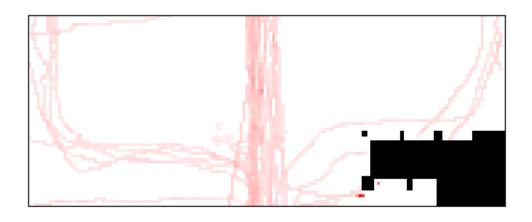
for lab_class in sem_dict:
```

```
lines = 0
   try:
     with open('maps/semantics/'+map_name+'/'+map_name+'_sem_'+lab_class+'.
       lines = f.readlines()
     hh = len(lines)
     ww = len(lines[0].split(','))
     if hh != h or ww != w:
       print(f'h: {h}\tw: {w}')
       print(f'h: {hh}\tw: {ww}')
       raise SystemExit("ERROR: Different sizes!!")
     # Converts data to a list of integers
     for line in lines:
       map.extend([int(c) for c in line.split(',')])
   except FileNotFoundError:
     for i in range(h):
       for j in range(w):
         map.extend([255])
 map = np.reshape(map,[chans,h,w])
 map = np.moveaxis(map, 0, -1)
 map = map/255
 map_aux = map
 map = np.zeros((int(math.ceil(h/red[map_count])),int(math.ceil(w/
 →red[map_count])),chans))
 for idx in range(chans):
   map[:,:,idx] = skimage.measure.block_reduce(map_aux[:,:,idx],__
 h, w, _ = map.shape
 diff_h = int((h-div*int(h/div))/2)
 r_h = int((h-div*int(h/div))%2) + diff_h
 diff_w = int((w-div*int(w/div))/2)
 r_w = int((w-div*int(w/div))%2) + diff_w
 map = map[r_h:-diff_h:,r_w+diff_w:,:]
 # print(map.shape)
 h, w, _ = map.shape
#__
```

```
lines = 0
with open('maps/semantics/'+map_name+'-humandensity-'+map_name+'-vel.csv') as_
  lines = f.readlines()
hd = len(lines)
wd = len(lines[0].split(','))
# Converts data to a list of integers
data = []
for line in lines:
  data.extend([float(c) for c in line.split(',')])
data = np.reshape(data,[hd,wd])
sigma = 2.0
data = skimage.filters.gaussian(data+(data==0), sigma=(sigma, sigma),__
⇔channel_axis=-1)*(data>0)
data = skimage.measure.block_reduce(data, (red[map_count],red[map_count]), np.

max)
data = data[r_h:-diff_h,r_w+diff_w:]
data = np.subtract(data, np.full((h, w), np.min(data)))/(np.max(data)-np.
→min(data))
# print(data.shape)
hd, wd = data.shape
print(sem_dict)
plt.figure(figsize=(20,5))
for i in range(len(sem_dict)):
  i = i+1
  ax = plt.subplot(1, len(sem_dict), i)
  alp = 0.5
  ax.imshow(np.multiply(np.stack((map[:,:,0],map[:,:,0],map[:,:
4,0]),axis=2),np.multiply(np.stack((map[:,:,i],map[:,:,i],map[:,:
(np.full(data.
\hookrightarrowshape,1),1-data,1-data),axis=2))), vmin=0, vmax=1)
  ax.get_xaxis().set_visible(False)
  ax.get_yaxis().set_visible(False)
plt.show()
ax = plt.subplot(111)
ax.imshow(np.multiply(np.stack((map[:,:,0],map[:,:,0]),map[:,:,0]),axis=2), np.
stack((np.full(data.shape,1),1-data,1-data),axis=2)), vmin=0, vmax=1)
ax.get_xaxis().set_visible(False)
ax.get_yaxis().set_visible(False)
plt.show()
```

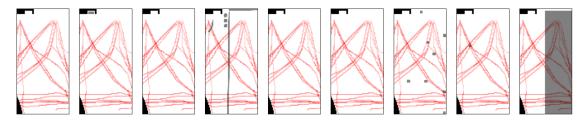
```
#__
  # creating subplot and figure
  ax = plt.subplot(111)
  data pred = np.zeros((int(math.ceil(h)),int(math.ceil(w))))
  step = int(32/4)
  for i in np.arange((w/step+int(div/step-1))*(h/step+int(div/step-1))):
    c = int(i%(w/step+int(div/step-1))) - int(div/step-1)*0
    r = int(i/(w/step+int(div/step-1))) - int(div/step-1)*0
    submap = map[max(step*r,0):step*r+div, max(step*c,0):step*c+div,:]
    subdata = model1.predict(np.expand_dims(submap,axis=0),verbose=0)[:,:,:,0]
    subdata = np.squeeze(subdata,axis=0)
    data_pred[max(step*r,0):step*r+div, max(step*c,0):step*c+div] += subdata*1/
  plt.imshow(np.multiply(np.stack((map[:,:,0],map[:,:,0],map[:,:,0]),axis=2),__
  onp.stack((np.full(data_pred.shape,1),1-(data_pred),1-(data_pred)),axis=2)),⊔
  \rightarrow vmin=0, vmax=1)
  ax.get_xaxis().set_visible(False)
  ax.get_yaxis().set_visible(False)
  plt.show()
  data = data/sum(sum(data))
  data pred = data pred/sum(sum(data pred))
  kl = 0
  for i in range(data.shape[0]):
      for j in range(data.shape[1]):
          if data[i,j] > 0 and data_pred[i,j] > 0:
              kl = kl + data[i,j]*math.log2(data[i,j]/data_pred[i,j])
  print(f'KL-divergence: {kl}')
  kl1 = np.append(kl1,kl)
print(f'Mean KL-divergence: {np.mean(kl1)}')
stanford_hyang10
['cash', 'entrance', 'light', 'sit', 'stairs', 'trash', 'tree', 'restricted',
'grass']
```



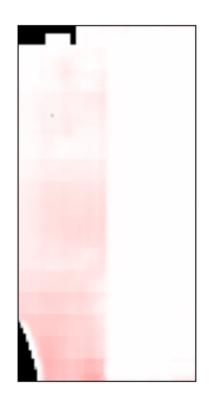


KL-divergence: 3.3698415348820725

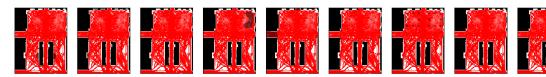
stanford_gates2

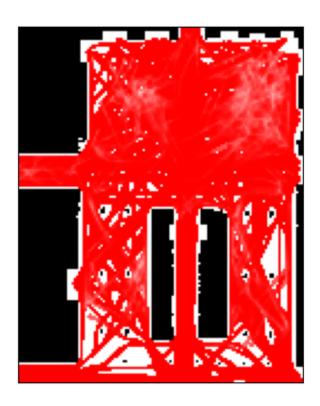


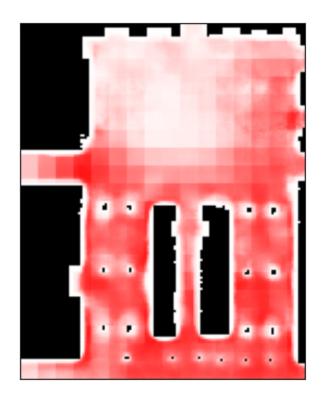




master_big







KL-divergence: 0.6563648331542629 willow ['cash', 'entrance', 'light', 'sit', 'stairs', 'trash', 'tree', 'restricted', 'grass']











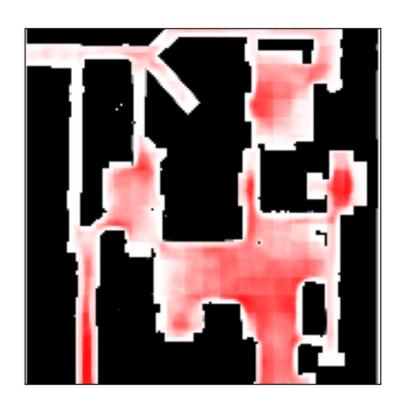










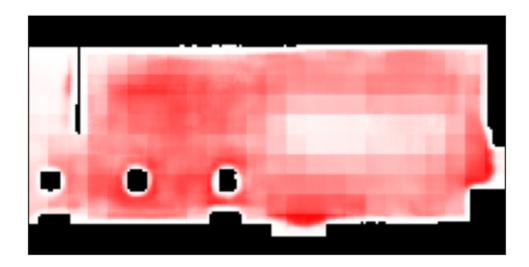


costacafe

['cash', 'entrance', 'light', 'sit', 'stairs', 'trash', 'tree', 'restricted', 'grass']







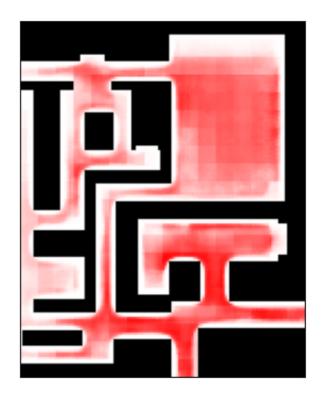
KL-divergence: 0.5739543463180902

map3

'grass']







Mean KL-divergence: 2.0100364365994876

2.4 Model 3 testing

```
for map_count, map_name in enumerate(map_list):
    print(map_name)

lines = 0
    with open('maps/semantics/'+map_name+'/'+map_name+'.csv') as f:
        lines = f.readlines()

h = len(lines)
    w = len(lines[0].split(','))

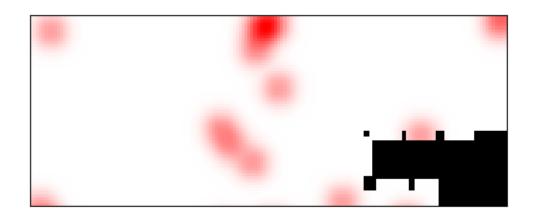
# Converts data to a list of integers
    map = []
    for line in lines:
        map.extend([int(c) for c in line.split(',')])

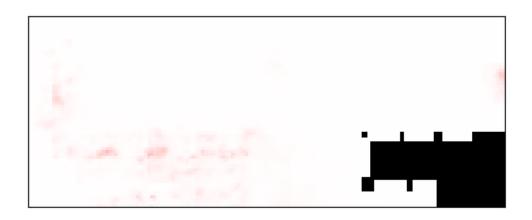
for lab_class in sem_dict:
```

```
lines = 0
   try:
     with open('maps/semantics/'+map_name+'/'+map_name+'_sem_'+lab_class+'.
       lines = f.readlines()
     hh = len(lines)
     ww = len(lines[0].split(','))
     if hh != h or ww != w:
       print(f'h: {h}\tw: {w}')
       print(f'h: {hh}\tw: {ww}')
       raise SystemExit("ERROR: Different sizes!!")
     # Converts data to a list of integers
     for line in lines:
       map.extend([int(c) for c in line.split(',')])
   except FileNotFoundError:
     for i in range(h):
       for j in range(w):
         map.extend([255])
 map = np.reshape(map,[chans,h,w])
 map = np.moveaxis(map, 0, -1)
 map = map/255
 map_aux = map
 map = np.zeros((int(math.ceil(h/red[map_count])),int(math.ceil(w/
 →red[map_count])),chans))
 for idx in range(chans):
   map[:,:,idx] = skimage.measure.block_reduce(map_aux[:,:,idx],__
 h, w, _ = map.shape
 diff_h = int((h-div*int(h/div))/2)
 r_h = int((h-div*int(h/div))%2) + diff_h
 diff_w = int((w-div*int(w/div))/2)
 r_w = int((w-div*int(w/div))%2) + diff_w
 map = map[r_h:-diff_h:,r_w+diff_w:,:]
 # print(map.shape)
 h, w, _ = map.shape
#__
```

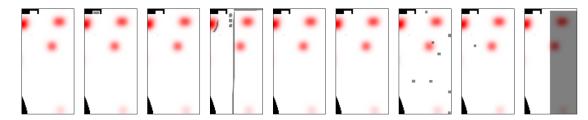
```
lines = 0
with open('maps/semantics/'+map_name+'-humandensity-'+map_name+'-stop.csv')__
  lines = f.readlines()
hd = len(lines)
wd = len(lines[0].split(','))
# Converts data to a list of integers
data = []
for line in lines:
  data.extend([float(c) for c in line.split(',')])
data = np.reshape(data,[hd,wd])
sigma = 4.0
data = skimage.filters.gaussian(data, sigma=(sigma, sigma), channel_axis=-1)
data = skimage.measure.block_reduce(data, (red[map_count], red[map_count]), np.
data = data[r_h:-diff_h,r_w+diff_w:]
data = np.subtract(data, np.full((h, w), np.min(data)))/(np.max(data)-np.
⇒min(data))
# print(data.shape)
hd, wd = data.shape
print(sem_dict)
plt.figure(figsize=(20,5))
for i in range(len(sem_dict)):
  i = i+1
  ax = plt.subplot(1, len(sem_dict), i)
  alp = 0.5
  ax.imshow(np.multiply(np.stack((map[:,:,0],map[:,:,0],map[:,:
σ,0]),axis=2),np.multiply(np.stack((map[:,:,i],map[:,:,i],map[:,:
→,i]),axis=2)*alp+(1-alp), np.stack((np.full(data.
⇒shape,1),1-data,1-data),axis=2))), vmin=0, vmax=1)
  ax.get xaxis().set visible(False)
  ax.get_yaxis().set_visible(False)
plt.show()
ax = plt.subplot(111)
ax.imshow(np.multiply(np.stack((map[:,:,0],map[:,:,0],map[:,:,0]),axis=2), np.
stack((np.full(data.shape,1),1-data,1-data),axis=2)), vmin=0, vmax=1)
ax.get_xaxis().set_visible(False)
ax.get_yaxis().set_visible(False)
plt.show()
```

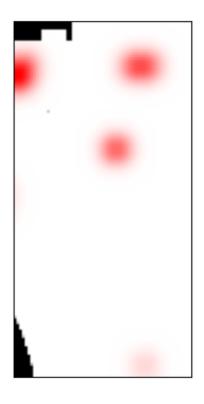
```
#__
  # creating subplot and figure
  ax = plt.subplot(111)
  data_pred = np.zeros((int(math.ceil(h)),int(math.ceil(w))))
  step = int(32/4)
  for i in np.arange((w/step+int(div/step-1))*(h/step+int(div/step-1))):
    c = int(i%(w/step+int(div/step-1))) - int(div/step-1)*0
    r = int(i/(w/step+int(div/step-1))) - int(div/step-1)*0
    submap = map[max(step*r,0):step*r+div, max(step*c,0):step*c+div,:]
    subdata = model2.predict(np.expand_dims(submap,axis=0),verbose=0)[:,:,:,0]
    subdata = np.squeeze(subdata,axis=0)
    data_pred[max(step*r,0):step*r+div, max(step*c,0):step*c+div] += subdata*1/
  plt.imshow(np.multiply(np.stack((map[:,:,0],map[:,:,0],map[:,:,0]),axis=2),_{\square}
  anp.stack((np.full(data_pred.shape,1),1-(data_pred),1-(data_pred)),axis=2)),u
  →vmin=0, vmax=1)
  ax.get_xaxis().set_visible(False)
  ax.get_yaxis().set_visible(False)
  plt.show()
  data = data/sum(sum(data))
  data_pred = data_pred/sum(sum(data_pred))
  kl = 0
  for i in range(data.shape[0]):
      for j in range(data.shape[1]):
          if data[i,j] > 0 and data_pred[i,j] > 0:
             kl = kl + data[i,j]*math.log2(data[i,j]/data_pred[i,j])
  print(f'KL-divergence: {kl}')
  kl1 = np.append(kl1,kl)
print(f'Mean KL-divergence: {np.mean(kl1)}')
stanford_hyang10
['cash', 'entrance', 'light', 'sit', 'stairs', 'trash', 'tree', 'restricted',
'grass']
```





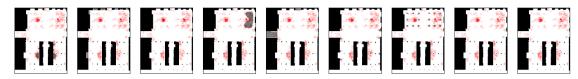
stanford_gates2

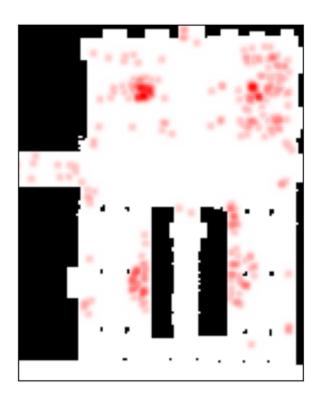


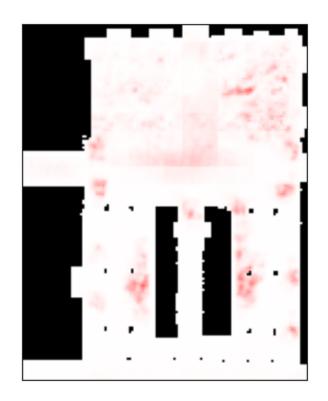




master_big







KL-divergence: 2.228552932107571 willow









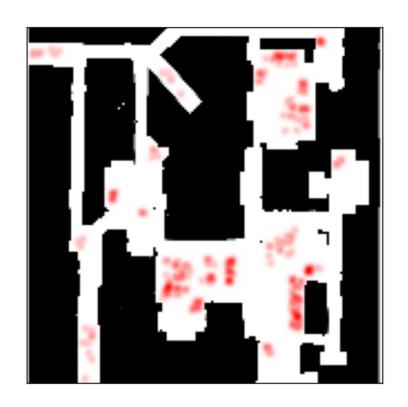


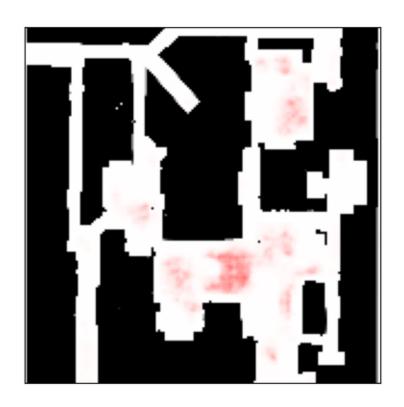








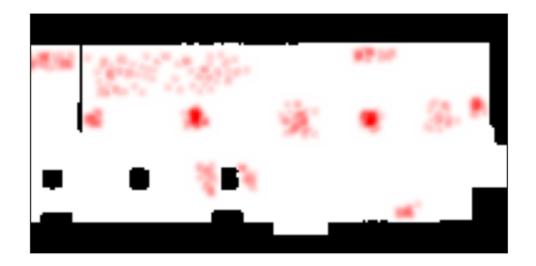


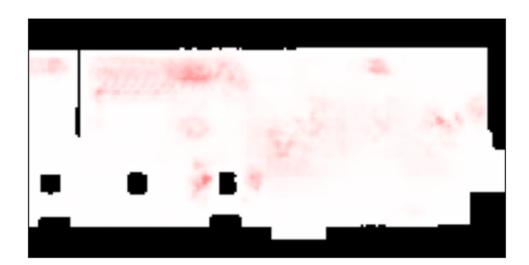


costacafe

['cash', 'entrance', 'light', 'sit', 'stairs', 'trash', 'tree', 'restricted', 'grass']





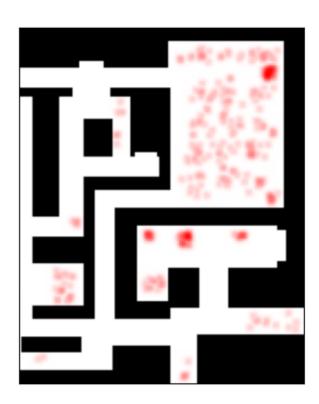


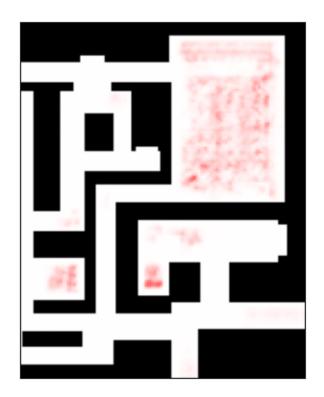
KL-divergence: 2.1481136218531924

map3

'grass']







Mean KL-divergence: 3.4056257291846426