Django Forms



SoftUni Team Technical Trainers







Software University

https://softuni.bg

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Have a Question?



sli.do

#python-web



Django Validators (1)



- A validator is a function (or a class) that tries to meet some criteria:
 - If it does returns nothing
 - Otherwise it raises a ValidationError

```
validators.py

from django.core.exceptions import ValidationError

def validate_function(value):
    # if not valid:
    raise ValidationError("Some Error Message")
```

Django Validators (2)



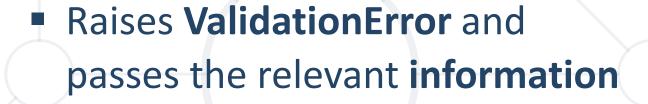
- You can reuse validation logic between different types of fields
- Also, you can reuse it between
 - A Model
 - A Form
 - A ModelForm



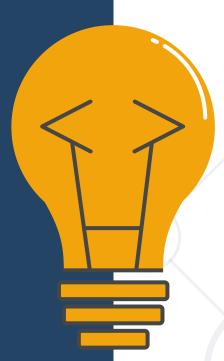
Validating Forms



Form validation happens when the data is cleaned



- Returns the normalized (cleaned) data as a Python object
- Each form field has a custom validation logic



Form Validators



You can pass additional validators to a Form field



```
class NameForm(forms.Form):
    name = forms.CharField(
        validators=[validator_one, validator_two, ...]
)
```

- You can use both:
 - Custom validators
 - Built-in Django validators

Built-in Validators (1)



 The Django validators module contains a collection of validators for use

```
from django.core import validators

class NameForm(forms.Form):
    name = forms.CharField(
        validators=[
            validators.MinLengthValidator(2),
            validators.MinLengthValidator(50),
        ])
```

Built-in Validators (2)



- EmailValidator
- URLValidator
- MinValueValidator / MaxValueValidator
- MinLengthValidator / MaxLengthValidator
- RegexValidator

ModelForm Validators



- You can make validation in a ModelForm by:
 - Validating the Model
 - Validating the Form



Validating the Model



Pass additional validators to the Model field constructor

```
class Name(models.Model):
    first_name = models.CharField(
        max_length=20,
        validators=[
            validator_one,
            validator_two,
```

Validating the ModelForm



Override the clean() method in the ModelForm class

Error Messages in Forms



- You can override the default error messages on an existing validator
 - Each validator has a list of error message keys
- Pass in a dictionary with keys and error messages

```
class NameForm(forms.Form):
    name = forms.CharField(
        error_messages={
            'required': 'Please enter your name'
        })
```



Error Messages in Models



 You can directly override the error messages in the model

```
class UserName(models.Model):
    username = models.CharField(
        max_length=50,
        unique=True,
        error_messages={
            "unique": "The name is already taken."
        })
```

Error Messages in ModelForms



 You can override the error messages in the model form



Working with Media Files

Live Demo

What are Media Files?





- Computer programs or applications can read and work with a digital file after it is encoded during the saving process
- For instance, document formats can be read and edited in word-processing programs like Microsoft Word



Most Common Media Files



- Photo file formats: JPEG, GIF, TIFF, BMP
- Music file formats: AAC, MP3, WAV, WMA, DOLBY DIGITAL, DTS
- Other available music file formats: AIFF, ASF, FLAC, ADPCM, DSD, LPCM, OGG
- Video file formats: MPEG-1, MPEG-2, MPEG-4, AVI, MOV,
 AVCHD, H.264, H.265
- Other available video formats: DivX and DivX HD, Xvid HD, MKV, RMVB, WMV9, TS/TP/M2T, WMV

Pillow - Python Imaging Library



- Python Imaging Library (abbreviated as PIL) (in newer versions known as Pillow) is a free library
- It adds support for opening, manipulating, and saving many different image file formats
- It is available for Windows, Mac OS X and Linux
- Some of the file formats supported are PPM, PNG, JPEG, GIF, TIFF, and BMP



Installing Pillow



To install pillow, we can use the python package manager (pip)

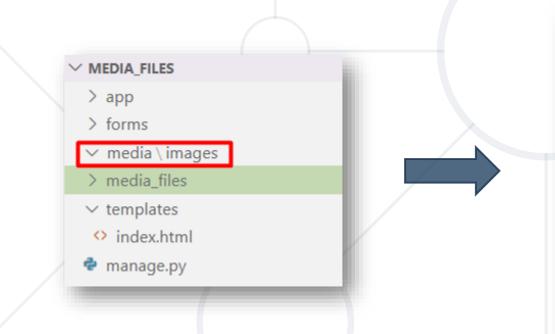
pip install pillow

- Warnings
 - Pillow and PIL cannot co-exist in the same environment
 - Before installing Pillow, please uninstall PIL

Configure Media Folder



Create a media folder and configure it in the settings.py file



```
11/
      USE L10N = True
118
119
120
      USE TZ = True
121
122
      # Static files (CSS, JavaScript, Images)
123
      # https://docs.djangoproject.com/en/3.0/howto/static-files/
124
125
      STATIC URL = '/static/'
126
127
      MEDIA_ROOT = os.path.join(BASE_DIR, 'media/')
128
      MEDIA URL = '/media/'
129
130
```

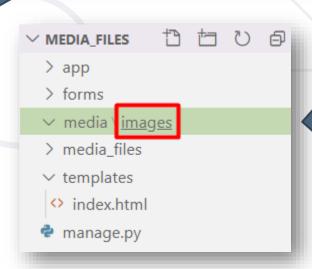
Create Image Field in a Model



```
app > models.py > lmage

1  from django.db import models
2
3  # Create your models here.
4  class Image(models.Model):
5  image = models.ImageField(upload_to="images")
```

Name of the folder where the images will be stored



Create a Model Form



```
forms > image_form.py > imageForm > import ModelForm
    from django.forms import ModelForm
    from app.models import Image
    class ImageForm(ModelForm):
        class Meta:
        model = Image
        fields = '__all__'
```

Add new cat image Image: Choose File No file chosen Submit

Handling the POST Request



```
elif req.method == "POST"
form = ImageForm(req.POST, req.FILES)
if form.is_valid():
    image = form.save()
    image.save()
    return render(req, 'index.html', {'images': images})
```

```
from django.conf import settings
from django.conf.urls.static import static

configure the URLs
for media

urlpatterns = [
    path('', index, name="index")
    path('', index, name="index")
    ] + static(settings.MEDIA_URL, document_root=settings.MEDIA_ROOT)
```

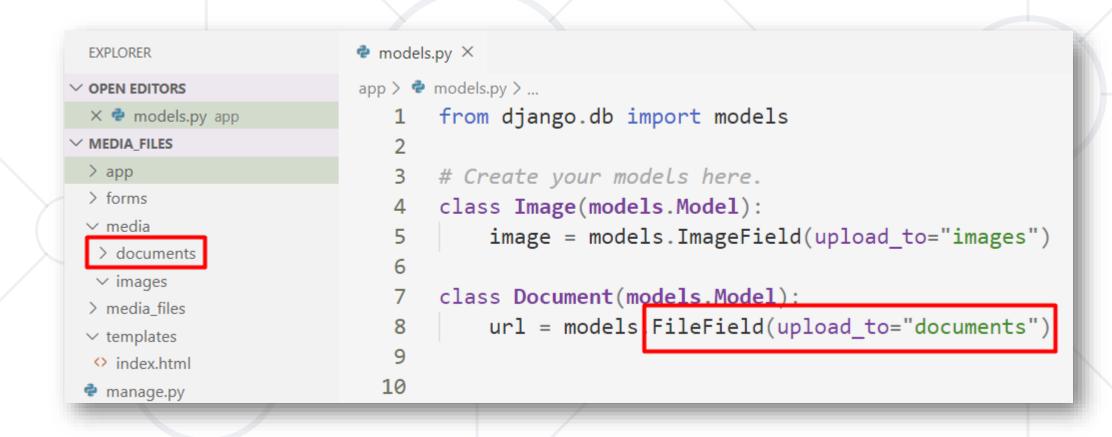
Displaying the Image





Create Documents Folder





Create Model Form



```
document_form.py ×
forms > document_form.py > ...

1  from django.forms import ModelForm
2  from app.models import Document
3
4  class DocumentForm(ModelForm):
5   class Meta:
6   model = Document
7  fields = '__all__'
```

Add new document Url: Choose File No file chosen Submit

Summary



- We can let Django handle the performance and use the prebuilt Django tools
- We can override Django methods, classes, or functions
- We can customize the built-in ones





Questions?

















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