AlgHW3

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HW₃

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Q1

```
# read in data
cancer <- read.table("PCA.example1.txt",header=TRUE)</pre>
# fill in missing values
for(i in 1:ncol(cancer)){
cancer[is.na(cancer[,i]), i] <- round(mean(cancer[,i], na.rm = TRUE))</pre>
}
sum(is.na(cancer))
## [1] 0
# spectral decomp
date()
## [1] "Tue Jan 30 15:33:11 2024"
cancer.pc.eigen.cor <- prcomp(cancer)</pre>
date()
## [1] "Tue Jan 30 15:37:53 2024"
\mathbf{Q2}
date()
## [1] "Tue Jan 30 15:37:53 2024"
```

```
cancer1 <- scale(cancer, scale = FALSE)
cancer.pc.scale.svd <- svd(cancer1)
date()

## [1] "Tue Jan 30 15:41:57 2024"</pre>
```

The singular value decomposition took less time by just under a minute.

Q3

```
# our three populations
cancer.scores.eigen <- cancer.pc.eigen.cor$x</pre>
cancer.euro <- apply(cancer.scores.eigen[19662:19826,1:2], 2, mean)</pre>
cancer.asian <- apply(cancer.scores.eigen[19827:19963,1:2], 2, mean)
cancer.african <- apply(cancer.scores.eigen[19964:20166,1:2],2,mean)</pre>
# calculate centroid
(centroid <- rbind(cancer.asian, cancer.euro, cancer.african))</pre>
##
                         PC1
                                     PC2
## cancer.asian 17.177547
                               6.374995
                  -1.736351
                               0.390416
## cancer.euro
## cancer.african 12.804149 -18.833158
# cluster first 19661 samples into the closest cebtroid
sample <- cancer.scores.eigen[1:19661, 1:2]</pre>
# calculate distance from centroid
distances <- function(sample, centroids) {</pre>
  dist matrix <- dist(rbind(sample, centroids))</pre>
 dist_vector <- as.vector(dist_matrix)[1:(length(centroids) - 1)]</pre>
 return(dist_vector)
}
# now calculate the distances
new <- t(apply(sample, 1, distances, centroid))</pre>
# find out which centroid our datapoint is closest too
(df <- apply(new, 1, which.min)) |>
head(3)
```

[1] 2 1 2

Q4

```
# cluster points
colFirst <- c("#ffbe0b", "#ff006e", "#3a86ff")[df]
# plot
plot(cancer.scores.eigen[1:19661,1],cancer.scores.eigen[1:19661,2],type="p",col=colFirst,pch=1,xlab="PC
# colored points</pre>
```

```
points(cancer.scores.eigen[19662:19826,1],cancer.scores.eigen[19662:19826,2],col="#ff006e",pch=20) points(cancer.scores.eigen[19827:19963,1],cancer.scores.eigen[19827:19963,2],col="#ffbe0b",pch=20) points(cancer.scores.eigen[19964:20166,1],cancer.scores.eigen[19964:20166,2],col="#3a86ff",pch=20) title(main="Principal Components Analysis (PCA)", col.main="black", font.main=1)
```

Principal Components Analysis (PCA)

