



# Relational Algebra

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ERIN KEITH

# Goals

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1. Introduce Relational Algebra
2. Practice!

# Relational Algebra

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|                   |           |
|-------------------|-----------|
| Selection         | $\sigma$  |
| Projection        | $\pi$     |
| Renaming          | $\rho$    |
| Union             | $\cup$    |
| Intersection      | $\cap$    |
| Difference        | $-$       |
| Cartesian product | $\times$  |
| Join              | $\bowtie$ |

# Relational Algebra

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**Union** – set of all elements in each relation (duplicates are removed)

**Intersection** – set of elements that are only in both relations

**Difference** – set of elements in one relation but not the other (order matters)

- The relations must have schemas with identical sets of attributes.
- The types (domains) and order for each attribute must be the same
- This may require renaming of attributes in one or both relations

# Relational Algebra

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**Projection** – eliminates some columns

**Selection** – eliminates some rows (tuples)

**Cartesian Product** – pairs tuples of two relations in all possible ways

**Join** – selectively pairs tuples from two relations

| <i>title</i>  | <i>year</i> | <i>length</i> | <i>genre</i> | <i>studioName</i> | <i>producerC#</i> |
|---------------|-------------|---------------|--------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Star Wars     | 1977        | 124           | sciFi        | Fox               | 12345             |
| Galaxy Quest  | 1999        | 104           | comedy       | DreamWorks        | 67890             |
| Wayne's World | 1992        | 95            | comedy       | Paramount         | 99999             |

Figure 2.13: The relation Movies

# Projection

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- Performed on one relation
- Produces a subset of columns

$\pi_{title, year, length}(\text{Movies})$

| <i>title</i>  | <i>year</i> | <i>length</i> | <i>genre</i> | <i>studioName</i> | <i>producerC#</i> |
|---------------|-------------|---------------|--------------|-------------------|-------------------|
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| Wayne's World | 1992        | 95            | comedy       | Paramount         | 99999             |

| <i>title</i>  | <i>year</i> | <i>length</i> |
|---------------|-------------|---------------|
| Star Wars     | 1977        | 124           |
| Galaxy Quest  | 1999        | 104           |
| Wayne's World | 1992        | 95            |

# Selection

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- Performed on one relation
- Produces a subset of tuples

$\sigma_{length \geq 100}(\text{Movies})$

| <i>title</i>  | <i>year</i> | <i>length</i> | <i>genre</i> | <i>studioName</i> | <i>producerC#</i> |
|---------------|-------------|---------------|--------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Star Wars     | 1977        | 124           | sciFi        | Fox               | 12345             |
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| <i>title</i> | <i>year</i> | <i>length</i> | <i>genre</i> | <i>studioName</i> | <i>producerC#</i> |
|--------------|-------------|---------------|--------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Star Wars    | 1977        | 124           | sciFi        | Fox               | 12345             |
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# Cartesian Product

- Performed on two relations
- Produces all possible combinations of tuples

| <i>A</i> | <i>B</i> |
|----------|----------|
| 1        | 2        |
| 3        | 4        |

(a) Relation *R*

| <i>B</i> | <i>C</i> | <i>D</i> |
|----------|----------|----------|
| 2        | 5        | 6        |
| 4        | 7        | 8        |
| 9        | 10       | 11       |

(b) Relation *S*

| <i>A</i> | <i>R.B</i> | <i>S.B</i> | <i>C</i> | <i>D</i> |
|----------|------------|------------|----------|----------|
| 1        | 2          | 2          | 5        | 6        |
| 1        | 2          | 4          | 7        | 8        |
| 1        | 2          | 9          | 10       | 11       |
| 3        | 4          | 2          | 5        | 6        |
| 3        | 4          | 4          | 7        | 8        |
| 3        | 4          | 9          | 10       | 11       |

(c) Result  $R \times S$



# (natural) Joins

- Performed on two relations
- Produces combinations of tuples where values in a column match

| <i>A</i> | <i>B</i> |
|----------|----------|
| 1        | 2        |
| 3        | 4        |

(a) Relation *R*

| <i>B</i> | <i>C</i> | <i>D</i> |
|----------|----------|----------|
| 2        | 5        | 6        |
| 4        | 7        | 8        |
| 9        | 10       | 11       |

(b) Relation *S*

| <i>A</i> | <i>B</i> | <i>C</i> | <i>D</i> |
|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| 1        | 2        | 5        | 6        |
| 3        | 4        | 7        | 8        |

(c) Result  $R \bowtie S$

# (natural) Joins

- Performed on two relations
- Produces combinations of tuples where values in a column match

| <i>A</i> | <i>B</i> | <i>C</i> |
|----------|----------|----------|
| 1        | 2        | 3        |
| 6        | 7        | 8        |
| 9        | 7        | 8        |

(a) Relation *U*

| <i>B</i> | <i>C</i> | <i>D</i> |
|----------|----------|----------|
| 2        | 3        | 4        |
| 2        | 3        | 5        |
| 7        | 8        | 10       |

(b) Relation *V*

| <i>A</i> | <i>B</i> | <i>C</i> | <i>D</i> |
|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| 1        | 2        | 3        | 4        |
| 1        | 2        | 3        | 5        |
| 6        | 7        | 8        | 10       |
| 9        | 7        | 8        | 10       |

(c) Result  $U \bowtie V$

Figure 2.16: Natural join of relations

# Practice

Provide the results for the following query on the relation below.

$\pi_{title, year}(\sigma_{length \geq 100 \text{ AND } studioName = 'Fox'}(Movies))$

|                   |           |
|-------------------|-----------|
| Selection         | $\sigma$  |
| Projection        | $\pi$     |
| Renaming          | $\rho$    |
| Union             | $\cup$    |
| Intersection      | $\cap$    |
| Difference        | $-$       |
| Cartesian product | $\times$  |
| Join              | $\bowtie$ |
| Logical AND       | $\wedge$  |
| Logical OR        | $\vee$    |
| Logical NOT       | $\sim$    |

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Figure 2.13: The relation Movies

# Practice

Provide the results for the following query on the relation below.

$\pi_{title, year}(\sigma_{length \geq 100 \text{ AND } studioName = 'Fox'}(Movies))$

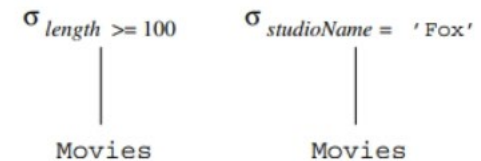


Figure 2.18: Expression tree for a relational algebra expression

| <i>title</i> | <i>year</i> | <i>length</i> | <i>genre</i> | <i>studioName</i> | <i>producerC#</i> |
|--------------|-------------|---------------|--------------|-------------------|-------------------|
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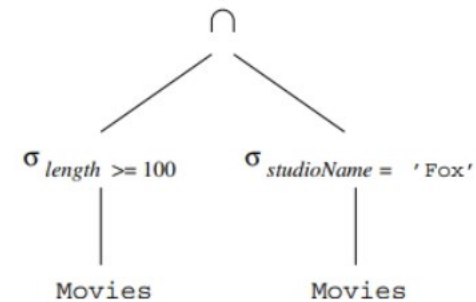


Figure 2.18: Expression tree for a relational algebra expression

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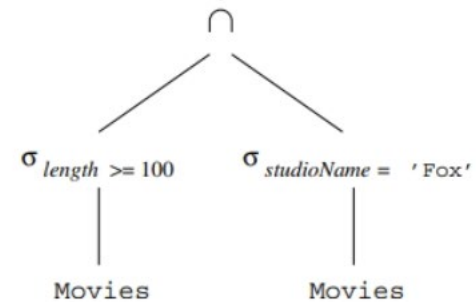


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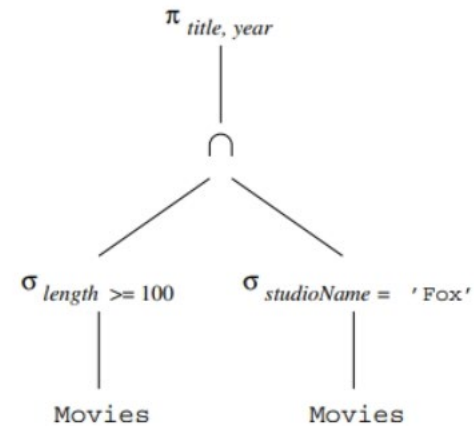


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| <i>title</i> | <i>year</i> | <i>length</i> | <i>genre</i> | <i>studioName</i> | <i>producerC#</i> |
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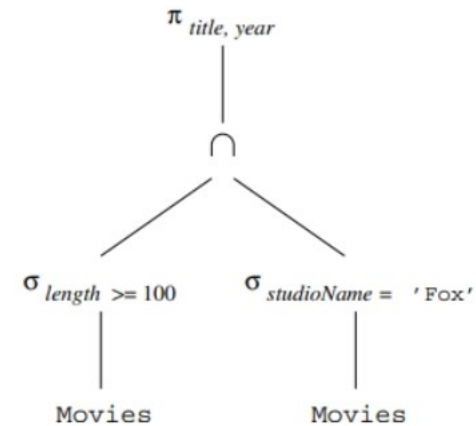


Figure 2.18: Expression tree for a relational algebra expression

| title     | year |
|-----------|------|
| Star Wars | 1977 |

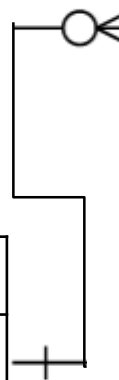


# Practice

## College Rankings

- How much was in-state tuition at UNR?

| Tuition |            |       |
|---------|------------|-------|
| PK, FK  | inst       | int   |
| PK      | year       | int   |
|         | instate    | float |
|         | outstate   | float |
|         | room_board | float |



| Institution |         |              |
|-------------|---------|--------------|
| PK          | UNITID  | int          |
|             | name    | varchar(255) |
|             | address | varchar(255) |
|             | city    | varchar(128) |
|             | state   | char(2)      |

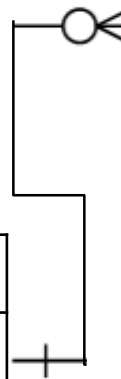
$\pi_{\text{instate}}(\sigma_{\text{name}='UNR'}(\text{Tuition} \bowtie \text{Institution}))$

# Practice

## College Rankings

- How much was in-state tuition at UNR in 2023?

| Tuition |            |       |
|---------|------------|-------|
| PK, FK  | inst       | int   |
| PK      | year       | int   |
|         | instate    | float |
|         | outstate   | float |
|         | room_board | float |



| Institution |         |              |
|-------------|---------|--------------|
| PK          | UNITID  | int          |
|             | name    | varchar(255) |
|             | address | varchar(255) |
|             | city    | varchar(128) |
|             | state   | char(2)      |

$\pi_{\text{instate}}(\sigma_{\text{year}=2023 \text{ AND name}='UNR'}(\text{Tuition} \bowtie \text{Institution}))$

# Activity

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In pairs, come up with 3 more questions you would have about this data.

Write out the corresponding relational algebra expressions.

# Next Class

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Module:

Week 6: Ch 5.1

Topic:

**Relational Operations on Bags**

