

# The Clean Coder

Chapter 4: Coding

# About the Author

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Co-Author of the Agile Manifesto

Author and Software Engineer

Published Four Books on Software Engineering

Significant Industry Experience

Nicknamed “Uncle Bob”



# Coding - Chapter Overview

Recommended rules and principles of coding

They do not pertain to the code itself

About behavior mood and attitude when writing code

“They are not intended to be absolute truths for anyone other than me.”

Key to mastering any discipline are: confidence and error-sense

# Preparedness

Coding is an intellectually challenging and exhausting activity

There are many factors we as coders must juggle

- Code must work!

- Your code must solve the customer's problem

  - Balancing wants and needs

- Code must fit well into the existing system

- Code must maintain readability



# Distracted Coding

## 3AM Code

Dangers of tired coding

Feeling “productive” and “dedicated”

Wrong solutions

Coding while distracted creates waste

Dedication and professionalism are more about discipline than hours



# Worry Code

# We all have personal problems

## At work, these are background worries

# They do not mix well with coding

## Solve them, then code

... or at least mitigate them (allocate some time to diminish them)





# Flow State

Hyper productive, highly focused, tunnel-vision state of consciousness

Also called **The Zone**

Programmers in “the zone” feel productive and infallible

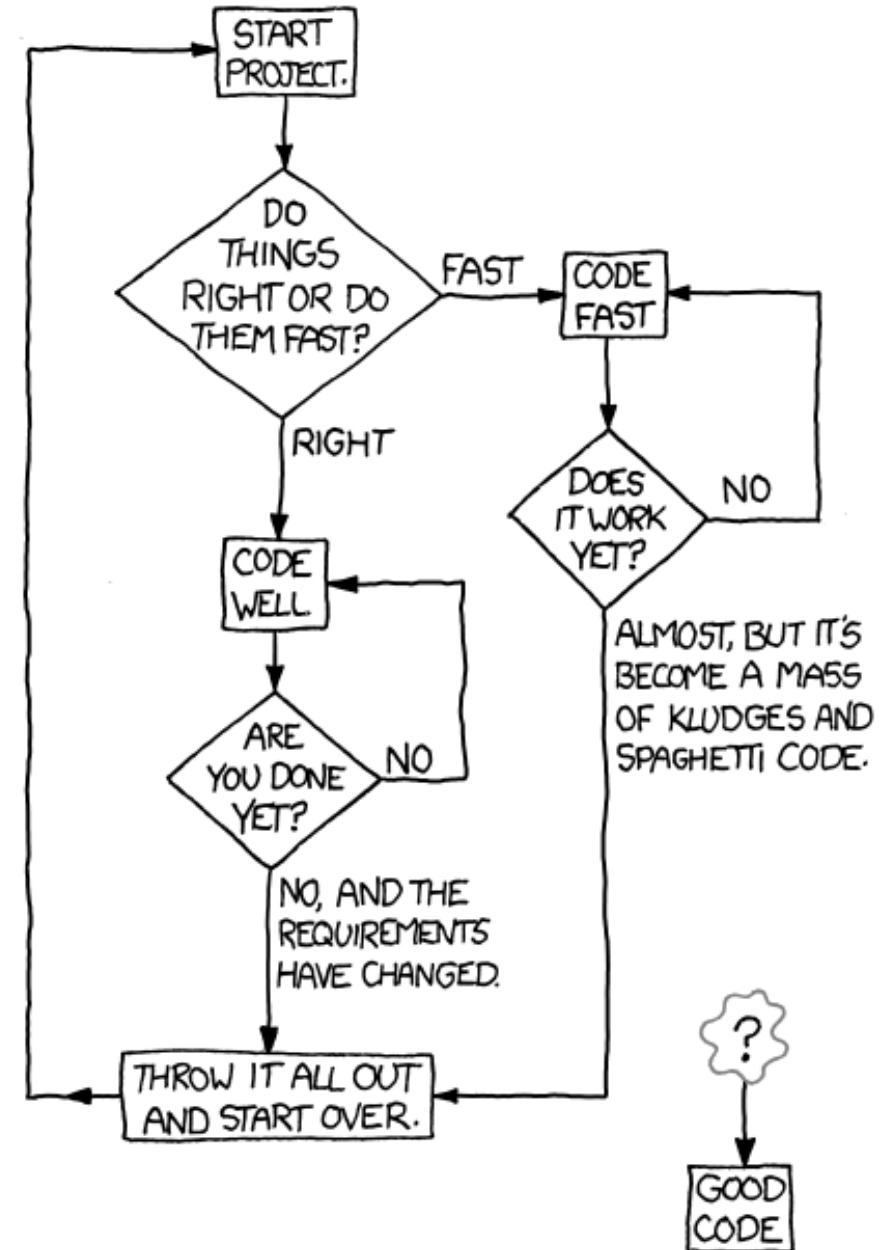
## Avoiding The Zone

“Mild meditative state in which rational faculties are diminished in favor of a sense of speed”

You lose much of the big picture in The Zone

You’ll likely reverse some decisions

### HOW TO WRITE GOOD CODE:



# The Zone - continued

How to avoid

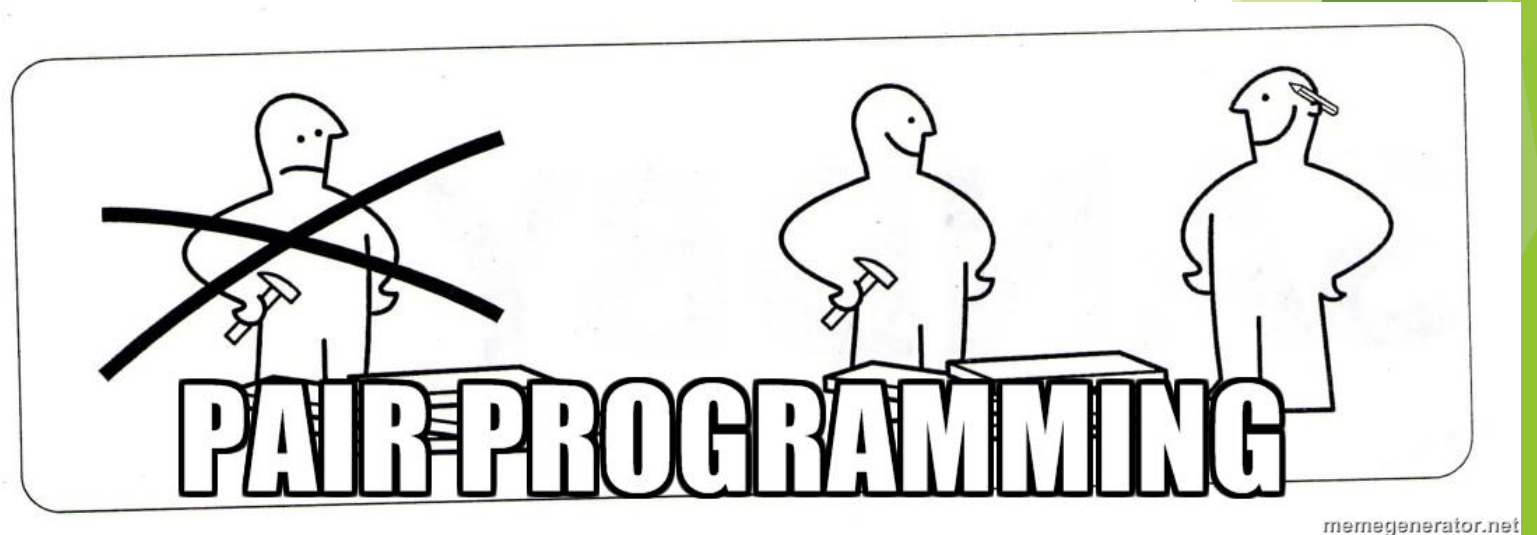
- Pair programming!

- Zone is non-communicative

- Pair Programming = Super communicative

When to be in the zone?

- When practicing





# Music

Music is a mixed bag

Good for some but maybe bad for others

Understand if it helps or hinders you

Author is suspicious that music just help people enter the zone...



# Interruptions

What do you do when interrupted while coding?

Rude responses often come from the Zone

Resentment from being dragged out

Interruptions of intense concentration

How to help mitigate the damage

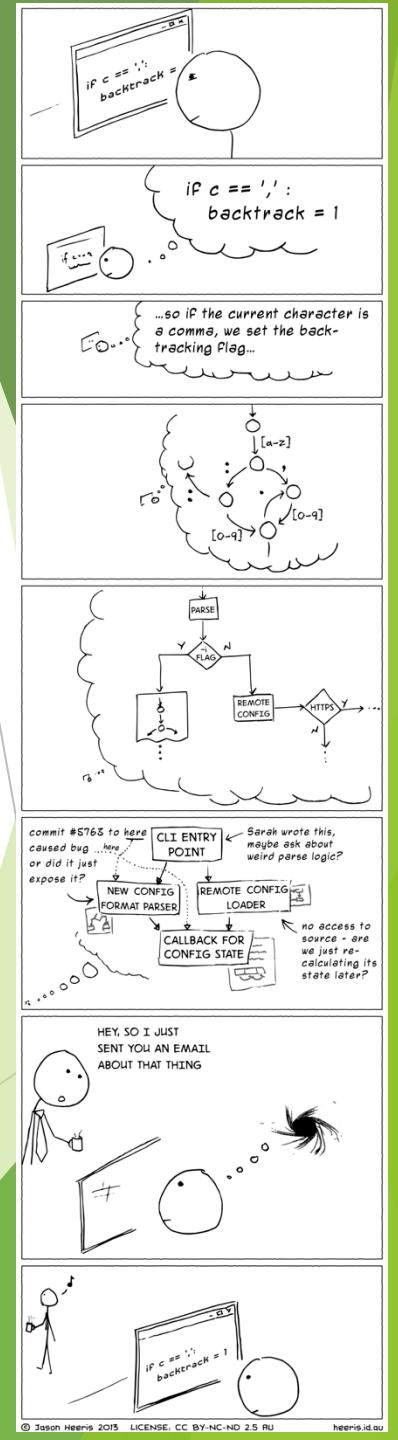
Pair Programming (yep again)

Test Driven Development

Acceptance

Professional attitude is a polite willingness to be helpful

Recall you might need to interrupt someone too





# Writer's Block

Procrastination

Many things lead to writer's block

- Fear

- Anxiety

- Depression

- Lack of sleep

How to resolve

- PAIR PROGRAMMING (again!)

- Physiological change from human interaction

# Creative Input

A vaccine against Writer's Block

Creative output depends on creative input

Read, Read, Read

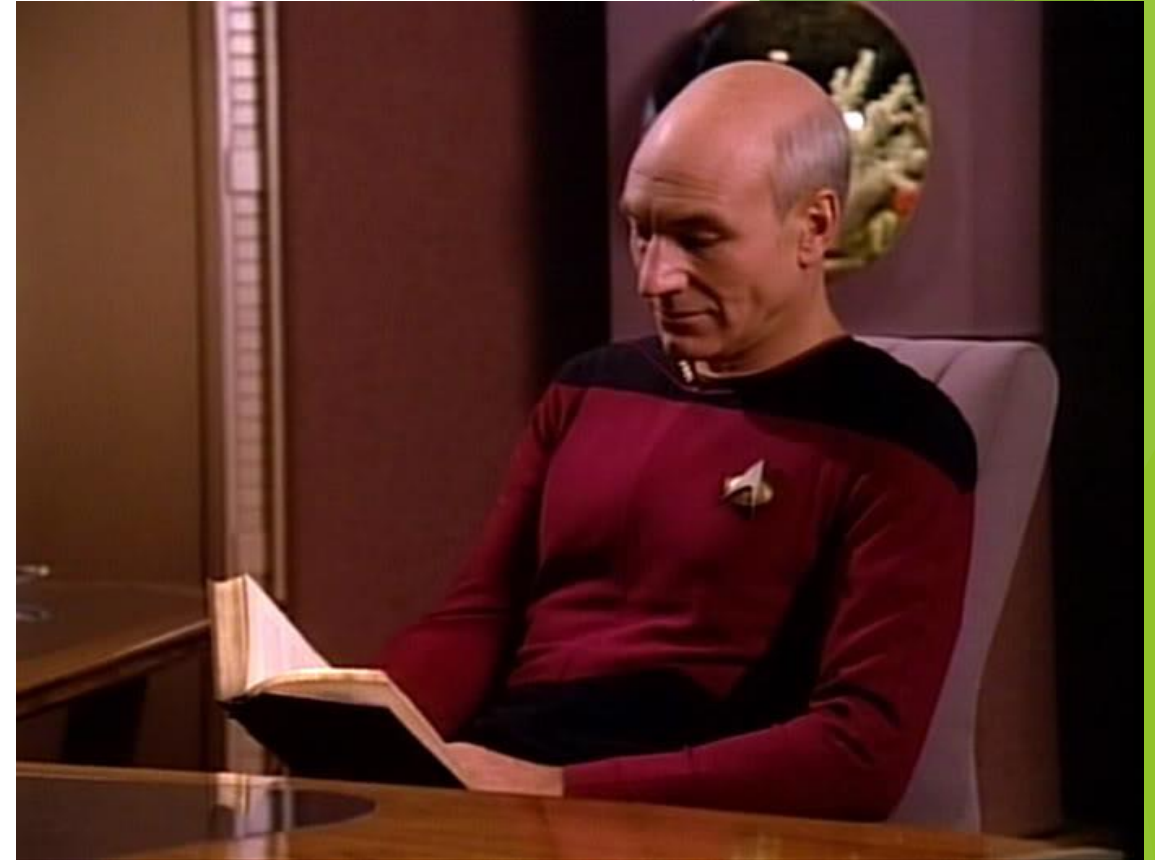
Any and all topics

Spend time away from problems

Actively DON'T think about them

Feel stimulated to create when engaging with a creative work

Positive element of escapism



# Debugging Time

## Time Spent Debugging and Time Spent Coding

In developers minds: Coding != Debugging

In employers minds: They Cost the Same Thing

So we should work to mitigate time spent debugging

How: Test Driven Development!

## Bugs and Professional Behavior

Creating many bugs is unprofessional (consider doctors or lawyers fixing errors repeatedly!)

# Pacing Yourself

## Software Development: A Marathon

Win by conserving resources and pacing yourself

Take care of yourself before, after and during “the race”

## When to Walk away

When you are stuck or tired, disengage for a while

“Give your creative subconscious a crack at the problem”

## The power of showers!

No distractions: gives your mind breathing room



# Being Late

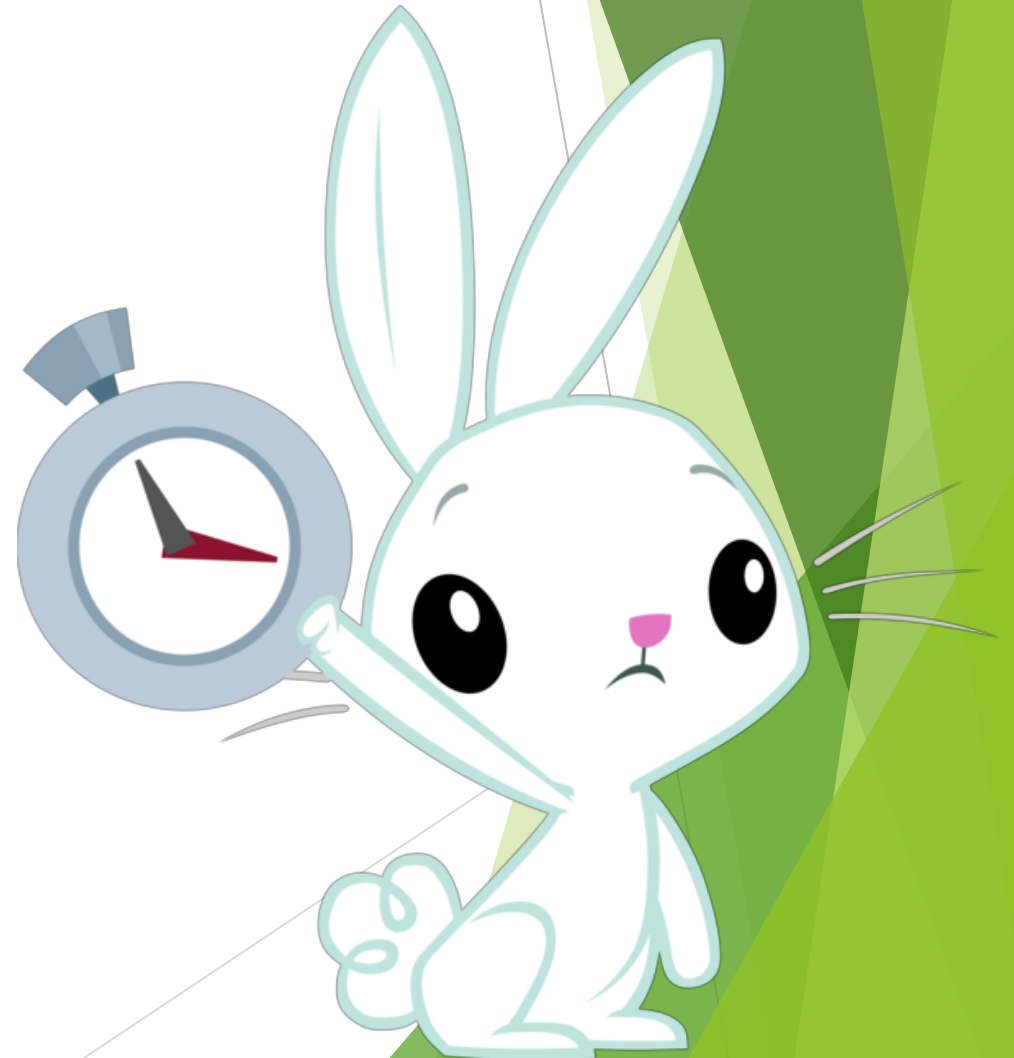
You WILL be late

But that's OK

The important thing is *early detection* and *transparency*

Don't:

Tell everyone you will be on time until the very end and then let everyone down



## Being Late - Do's

Regularly measure progress  
against a goal

Come up with three fact based  
dates:

Best Case, Nominal Case, Worst  
Case

Be as honest as you can about  
these dates

Even to yourself

Never incorporate **hope** into your  
estimates!

# Hope

“Hope destroys schedules and ruins reputations”

What do you do if numbers show that you *might* miss a deadline?

Example: Trade Show in 10 days

Your estimates (best, nominal, and worse cases): 8/12/20

Do not **hope** to get it all done in ten days!

Assume the correctness of your nominal estimate and plan accordingly

Make sure everyone understands the situation

Ensure there is a backup plan

Do not inadvertently spread hope

# Rushing

Oh but wait!

Your manager has a “great” idea

He/she says “Do what it takes to make the deadline!”

How do you respond?

- Say No

- Hold to your estimates

- Do not be tempted to rush

- Tell your boss you have considered the options

There is no effective way to rush!



# Overtime

But wait! Your boss has more ideas!

“What if you work 2 more hours a day or this weekend!?”

Overtime CAN work but it's risky

20% more hours != 20% more work done

And, if it goes on for more than two or three weeks: It WILL fail



# Overtime - How it works

Do not agree to work overtime unless

- You can personally afford it

- It is short term

- Your boss has a fall-back plan in case overtime effort fails

Number 3 is especially important

- If your boss cannot articulate to you what he/she is going to do if overtime fails, then do not agree to work overtime



# Unprofessional Behavior

## False Delivery

Saying you are done when you are not

Rationalizing new definitions of “done”

Contagious practice

Programmers will collectively adopt and stretch creative definitions of “done”

Eventually `int main() {}` becomes “Almost done”

## Define “Done”

Have an objective, independent definition of done

“When the code passes automated acceptance tests”



# Help

Programming is hard

So help is very important

Helping others

Professional responsibility to make yourself available to others

A violation of professional ethics to sequester yourself in an office

Of course, you are allowed alone time

But be polite and open about when you don't wish to be disturbed

Offer help!

When you help sit down and program with them

Be fully engaged in helping!

# Help [cont'd]

## Being helped

- Be gracious about help offered

- Accept help gratefully

- Don't be territorial about your code

- Honor bound to accept help

## Even if you are under pressure accept help

- Give it 30 mins or so

## Learn how to ask for help

- It's unprofessional to remain stuck when help is easily accessible

# Help [cont'd]

Programmers tend to be self-absorbed introverts

They like to deal with multiple concepts and complexities, take care of minutia, and prove they are able to find great solutions

...

... while not dealing with the complexities of other people

[Of course, there are many exceptions]

Yet collaboration is critical to effective programming

So, need to rely on disciplines that drive to collaboration

# Mentoring

## Responsibility of Experienced Programmers

Effective mentoring teaches concepts much, much better than reading or online tutorials

## Younger Programmers

Have a professional duty to seek out mentoring

Also, it's generally a good idea to get to know people in your office

