CS 477/677 Analysis of Algorithms

Spring 2024

Homework 4

Due date: March 5, 2024

1. (U&G-required) [40 points]

Implement in C/C++ a divide and conquer algorithm that computes the number of *pairs of adjacent equal elements* in an array of integer values. The algorithm should run in $\theta(nlgn)$ in the average case. For instance, for the array $[3\ 3\ 2\ 4\ 4]$ there are the following adjacent pairs with identical elements (shown in parentheses): $[(3\ 3)\ 3\ 2\ 4\ 4]$, $[3\ (3\ 3)\ 2\ 4\ 4]$ and $[3\ 3\ 3\ 2\ (4\ 4)\]$. Show how your algorithm runs on the following input: $A = [1\ 2\ 2\ 4\ 5\ 5\ 6\ 7\ 7\ 3\ 3\ 3\ 8\ 9\ 8\ 8]$. After each combine step, and before returning from the recursive call, your algorithm should print the following: 1) the array that was used as input for the current call, and 2) the number of pairs computed for that input. Note: Submit your source code (in a file named problem1.corproblem1.cpp) as well as an image with the program output (in a file named output1, with JPG or PDF extension).

2. (U&G-required) [30 points]

- (a) [15 points] Suppose you are playing a game where you are flipping 2 fair dice. If the sum of the two dice comes up even you earn **\$6 per dice** and if the sum is odd you lose **\$2 for each dice**. What is the expected value of your earnings if playing this game?
- (b) [15 points] In a box, I have 40 marbles: 6 red, 5 yellow, 10 blue, 14 green and 5 black. I select one marble at random from the urn, and I win money based on the following rule: red (\$8), yellow (\$6), blue (\$4), green (\$2), black (\$0). What is the expected value of my winnings?

3. (U & G-required) [30 points] Answer the following questions:

(a) [15 points] For the second PARTITION algorithm discussed in class, what value of q does it return when all elements in the array A [p...r] have the same value?

- (b) [15 points] Suppose that RANDOMIZED-SELECT is used to select the minimum element of the array A = [2, 3, 0, 5, 7, 9, 1, 8, 6, 4]. Describe a sequence of partitions that results in a worst-case performance of RANDOMIZED-SELECT.
- **4.** (G-required) [20 points] Write pseudocode for an iterative version of RANDOMIZED-SELECT.

Extra credit:

5. [20 points] Suppose you have a bag with 30 slips of paper in it. Some of the slips have a 14 on them and the rest have an 8 on them. If the expected value of the number shown on a slip randomly drawn from the bag is 10, then how many slips have an 8?