

Name:

Entry No:

Group:

Instructions: Both questions are worth 5 marks each. Show your work.

1. Find all possible solutions of the following system of linear equations by converting the augmented matrix into its RRE form.

$$2x_1 + 3x_2 + x_3 + 2x_4 = 8$$

$$3x_1 + 2x_2 + 2x_3 + x_4 = 8$$

$$5x_2 - x_3 + 4x_4 = 8$$

$$\left(\begin{array}{cccc|c} 2 & 3 & 1 & 2 & 8 \\ 3 & 2 & 2 & 1 & 8 \\ 0 & 5 & -1 & 4 & 8 \end{array} \right) \xrightarrow{R_2 \leftrightarrow R_1} \left(\begin{array}{cccc|c} 2 & 3 & 1 & 2 & 8 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 5 & -1 & 4 & 8 \end{array} \right)$$

$$\xrightarrow{R_1 \leftrightarrow R_2} \left(\begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & -1 & 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 2 & 3 & 1 & 2 & 8 \\ 0 & 5 & -1 & 4 & 8 \end{array} \right) \xrightarrow{R_2 \rightarrow 2R_1} \left(\begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & -1 & 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 5 & -1 & 4 & 8 \\ 0 & 5 & -1 & 4 & 8 \end{array} \right)$$

$$\xrightarrow{R_3 \rightarrow R_3 - R_2} \left(\begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & -1 & 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 5 & -1 & 4 & 8 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right) \xrightarrow{R_2 \rightarrow \frac{1}{5}R_2} \left(\begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & -1 & 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -\frac{1}{5} & \frac{4}{5} & \frac{8}{5} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right)$$

$$\xrightarrow{R_1 \rightarrow R_1 + R_2} \left(\begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 0 & \frac{4}{5} & -\frac{1}{5} & \frac{8}{5} \\ 0 & 1 & -\frac{1}{5} & \frac{4}{5} & \frac{8}{5} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right)$$

x_3 & x_4 are independent unknowns & x_1, x_2 are dependent.
 Putting $x_3 = \lambda$, $x_4 = \mu$ gives $x_1 = \frac{8}{5} - \frac{4}{5}\lambda + \frac{1}{5}\mu$
 $x_2 = \frac{8}{5} + \frac{1}{5}\lambda - \frac{4}{5}\mu$

2. Find the rank of the following matrix for every $\alpha, \beta \in \mathbb{R}$.

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 \\ 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 \\ \alpha & \alpha & \beta & \beta \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{\substack{R_2 \rightarrow R_2 - R_1 \\ R_3 \rightarrow R_3 - R_2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ \alpha & \alpha & \beta & \beta \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{\substack{R_1 \rightarrow R_1 - R_2 \\ R_2 \rightarrow R_2 - R_3}} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \alpha & \alpha & \beta & \beta \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\xrightarrow{\substack{R_1 \leftrightarrow R_2 \\ R_3 \leftrightarrow R_4}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 \\ \alpha & \alpha & \beta & \beta \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_3 \rightarrow R_3 - \alpha R_1} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & \beta - \alpha & \beta - \alpha \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\xrightarrow{R_1 \rightarrow R_1 - R_2} \sim \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & \beta - \alpha & \beta - \alpha \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

If $\beta = \alpha$ then rank = 2

If $\beta \neq \alpha$ then rank = 3

Total Marks: 10

**MTL101 Quiz-1

Time: 25 mins

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Instructions: Both questions are worth 5 marks each. Show your work.

1. Find all possible solutions of the following system of linear equations by converting the augmented matrix into its RRE form.

$$\begin{array}{l}
 x_1 + 3x_2 + 2x_3 + 2x_4 = 5 \\
 2x_1 + 2x_2 + 3x_3 + x_4 = 5 \\
 -x_1 + 5x_2 + 4x_4 = 5
 \end{array}$$

$$\left(\begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 3 & 2 & 2 & 5 \\ 2 & 2 & 3 & 1 & 5 \\ -1 & 5 & 0 & 4 & 5 \end{array} \right)$$

$\xrightarrow{R_2 \rightarrow R_2 - 2R_1}$ $\left(\begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 3 & 2 & 2 & 5 \\ 0 & -4 & -1 & -3 & -5 \\ -1 & 5 & 0 & 4 & 5 \end{array} \right)$
 $\xrightarrow{R_3 \rightarrow R_3 + R_1}$ $\left(\begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 3 & 2 & 2 & 5 \\ 0 & -4 & -1 & -3 & -5 \\ 0 & 8 & 2 & 5 & 10 \end{array} \right)$
 $\xrightarrow{R_3 \rightarrow \frac{1}{4}R_3}$ $\left(\begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 3 & 2 & 2 & 5 \\ 0 & 1 & -\frac{1}{4} & -\frac{3}{4} & -\frac{5}{4} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right)$
 $\xrightarrow{R_1 \rightarrow R_1 - 3R_2}$ $\left(\begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 0 & \frac{5}{4} & -\frac{1}{4} & \frac{5}{4} \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{3}{4} & \frac{5}{4} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right)$

$x_3 = \lambda, x_4 = \mu, x_1 = \frac{5}{4} - \frac{5}{4}\lambda + \frac{1}{4}\mu, x_2 = \frac{5}{4} - \frac{1}{4}\lambda - \frac{3}{4}\mu.$

2. Find the rank of the following matrix for every $a, b \in \mathbb{R}$.

$$\begin{pmatrix} a & a & b & b \\ 4 & 3 & 2 & 1 \\ 5 & 4 & 3 & 2 \\ 6 & 5 & 4 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{\substack{R_3 \rightarrow R_3 - R_2 \\ R_4 \rightarrow R_4 - R_3}} \begin{pmatrix} a & a & b & b \\ 4 & 3 & 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_4 \rightarrow R_4 - R_3} \begin{pmatrix} a & a & b & b \\ 4 & 3 & 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\xrightarrow{R_1 \leftrightarrow R_3} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 4 & 3 & 2 & 1 \\ a & a & b & b \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{\substack{R_2 \rightarrow R_2 - 4R_1 \\ R_3 \rightarrow R_3 - aR_1}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & -2 & -3 \\ 0 & 0 & b-a & b-a \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\xrightarrow{R_1 \rightarrow R_1 + R_2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & b-a & b-a \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_2 \rightarrow -R_2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & -3 \\ 0 & 0 & b-a & b-a \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

If $b=a$, rank = 2

If $b \neq a$, rank = 3

Total Marks: 10

***MTL101 Quiz-1

Time: 25 mins

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Instructions: Both questions are worth 5 marks each. Show your work.

1. Find all possible solutions of the following system of linear equations by converting the augmented matrix into its RRE form.

$$\begin{array}{l}
 3x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 + 2x_4 = 7 \\
 2x_1 + 3x_2 + 2x_3 + x_4 = 7 \\
 5x_1 - x_3 + 4x_4 = 7
 \end{array}$$

$$\left(\begin{array}{cccc|c} 3 & 2 & 1 & 2 & 7 \\ 2 & 3 & 2 & 1 & 7 \\ 5 & 0 & -1 & 4 & 7 \end{array} \right)$$

$\xrightarrow{R_1 \rightarrow R_1 - R_2}$

$$\left(\begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & -1 & -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 3 & 2 & 1 & 7 \\ 5 & 0 & -1 & 4 & 7 \end{array} \right)$$

$\xrightarrow{R_3 \rightarrow R_3 - 5R_1}$

$$\left(\begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & -1 & -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 5 & 4 & -1 & 7 \\ 0 & 5 & 4 & -1 & 7 \end{array} \right)$$

$\xrightarrow{R_3 \rightarrow R_3 - 5R_2}$

$$\left(\begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & -1 & -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right)$$

$\xrightarrow{R_2 \rightarrow \frac{1}{5}R_2}$

$$\left(\begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & -1 & -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{4}{5} & -\frac{1}{5} & \frac{7}{5} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right)$$

$\xrightarrow{R_1 \rightarrow R_1 + R_2}$

$$\left(\begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 0 & -\frac{1}{5} & \frac{4}{5} & \frac{7}{5} \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{4}{5} & -\frac{1}{5} & \frac{7}{5} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right)$$

$x_3 = \lambda, x_4 = \mu, x_1 = \frac{7}{5} + \frac{1}{5}\lambda - \frac{4}{5}\mu, x_2 = \frac{7}{5} - \frac{4}{5}\lambda + \frac{1}{5}\mu$

2. Find the rank of the following matrix for every $p, q \in \mathbb{R}$.

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 \\ 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 \\ 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 \\ p & p & q & q \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_2 \leftrightarrow R_1} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 \\ p & p & q & q \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_3 \rightarrow R_3 - R_2} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 \\ p & p & q & q \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{\begin{matrix} R_1 \rightarrow R_1 - 2R_2 \\ R_3 \rightarrow R_3 - R_2 \end{matrix}} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ p & p & q & q \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\xrightarrow{\begin{matrix} R_1 \leftrightarrow R_2 \\ R_3 \leftrightarrow R_4 \end{matrix}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 \\ p & p & q & q \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_3 \rightarrow R_3 - pR_1} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & q-p & q-p \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\xrightarrow{R_1 \rightarrow R_1 - R_2} \sim \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & q-p & q-p \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

If $p = q$ the rank = 2

If $p \neq q$ the rank = 3

Total Marks: 10

*****MTL101 Quiz-1

Time: 25 mins

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Instructions: Both questions are worth 5 marks each. Show your work.

1. Find all possible solutions of the following system of linear equations by converting the augmented matrix into its RRE form.

$$2x_1 + x_2 + 3x_3 + 2x_4 = 6$$

$$x_1 + 2x_2 + 2x_3 + 3x_4 = 6$$

$$4x_1 - x_2 + 5x_3 = 6$$

$$\left(\begin{array}{cccc|c} 2 & 1 & 3 & 2 & 6 \\ 1 & 2 & 2 & 3 & 6 \\ 4 & -1 & 5 & 0 & 6 \end{array} \right) \xrightarrow{\substack{R_1 \leftrightarrow R_2 \\ R_3 \rightarrow R_3 - 4R_1}} \left(\begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 2 & 2 & 3 & 6 \\ 0 & -3 & -1 & -4 & -6 \\ 0 & -9 & -3 & -12 & -18 \end{array} \right) \xrightarrow{\substack{R_3 \rightarrow R_3 - 3R_2 \\ R_2 \rightarrow \frac{1}{3}R_2}} \left(\begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 2 & 2 & 3 & 6 \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{1}{3} & \frac{4}{3} & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right)$$

$$\xrightarrow{R_1 \rightarrow R_1 - 2R_2} \left(\begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 0 & \frac{4}{3} & \frac{1}{3} & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{1}{3} & \frac{4}{3} & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right)$$

$$x_3 = \lambda, \quad x_4 = \mu, \quad x_1 = 2 - \frac{4}{3}\lambda - \frac{1}{3}\mu$$

$$x_2 = 2 - \frac{1}{3}\lambda - \frac{4}{3}\mu$$

2. Find the rank of the following matrix for every $x, y \in \mathbb{R}$.

$$\begin{pmatrix} x & x & y & y \\ 5 & 4 & 3 & 2 \\ 6 & 5 & 4 & 3 \\ 7 & 6 & 5 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$R_3 \rightarrow R_3 - R_2$$

$$R_4 \rightarrow R_4 - R_3$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} x & x & y & y \\ 5 & 4 & 3 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$R_1 \rightarrow R_1 - xR_3$$

$$R_2 \rightarrow R_2 - 5R_3$$

$$R_4 \rightarrow R_4 - R_3$$

$$\sim \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & y-x & y-x \\ 0 & -1 & -2 & -3 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$R_1 \leftrightarrow R_3$$

$$R_2 \rightarrow -R_2$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & y-x & y-x \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$R_1 \rightarrow R_1 - R_2$$

$$\sim$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & y-x & y-x \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{rank} = 2$$

$$\text{If } y=x \text{ then}$$

$$\text{rank} = 3$$

$$\text{If } y \neq x \text{ then}$$

$$\text{rank} = 3$$