# ML with sklearn

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# **Data Exploration**

## Reading and Manipulating Data

```
In [ ]: import pandas as pd

df = pd.read_csv('auto.csv')
    df.head() # print first few rows
```

```
Out[]:
             mpg cylinders displacement horsepower weight acceleration year origin
                                                                                                    name
                                                                                                 chevrolet
             18.0
                           8
                                      307.0
                                                    130
                                                            3504
                                                                          12.0
                                                                                70.0
                                                                                           1
                                                                                                  chevelle
                                                                                                   malibu
                                                                                              buick skylark
                                                                                70.0
              15.0
                           8
                                      350.0
                                                    165
                                                            3693
                                                                          11.5
                                                                                                      320
                                                                                                 plymouth
                           8
                                      318.0
                                                    150
                                                            3436
                                                                                70.0
              18.0
                                                                          11.0
                                                                                                  satellite
                                                                                                 amc rebel
              16.0
                                      304.0
                                                    150
                                                            3433
                                                                          12.0
                                                                                70.0
                                                                                           1
                                                                                                       sst
                                      302.0
                                                    140
                                                                          NaN 70.0
                                                                                                ford torino
          4 17.0
                                                            3449
                                                                                           1
```

```
In [ ]: print('Data frame dimensions: ' + str(df.shape))

Data frame dimensions: (392, 9)

In [ ]: # print summaries of mpg, weight, year columns
print(df.mpg.describe())
print()
print(df.weight.describe())
print(df.year.describe())
```

```
count
                  392.000000
        mean
                   23.445918
                    7.805007
        std
        min
                    9.000000
        25%
                   17.000000
        50%
                   22.750000
        75%
                   29.000000
        max
                   46.600000
        Name: mpg, dtype: float64
        count
                   392.000000
                  2977.584184
        mean
        std
                   849.402560
        min
                  1613.000000
        25%
                  2225.250000
        50%
                  2803.500000
        75%
                  3614.750000
                  5140.000000
        max
        Name: weight, dtype: float64
                  390.000000
        count
        mean
                  76.010256
        std
                    3.668093
                   70.000000
        min
        25%
                   73.000000
        50%
                   76.000000
        75%
                   79.000000
                   82.000000
        max
        Name: year, dtype: float64
        mpg:
        range = 37.6, mean = 23.445918
        weight:
        range = 3527, mean = 2977.584184
        year:
        range = 12, mean = 76.010256
        df.dtypes # print types of columns
                         float64
Out[]: mpg
        cylinders
                           int64
        displacement
                         float64
        horsepower
                           int64
                           int64
        weight
        acceleration
                         float64
        year
                         float64
                           int64
        origin
```

In [ ]:

name

dtype: object

object

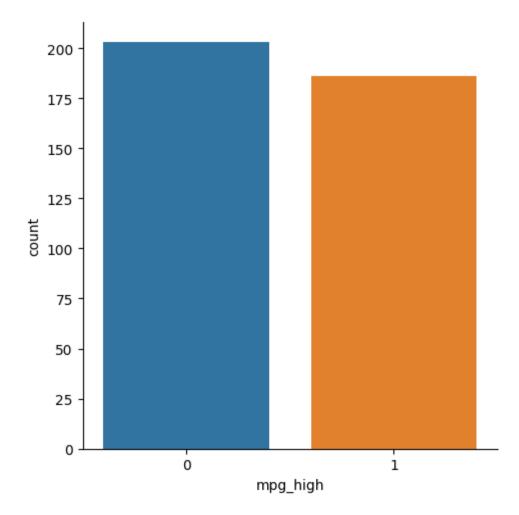
```
In [ ]: df.cylinders = df.cylinders.astype('category').cat.codes
        df.origin = df.origin.astype('category')
        df.dtypes
Out[]: mpg
                        float64
        cylinders
                           int8
        displacement float64
                         int64
        horsepower
        weight
                          int64
        acceleration
                       float64
        year
                       float64
        origin
                       category
                         object
        name
        dtype: object
In [ ]: | df.dropna(inplace=True) # drop rows with NA values
        print('Dimensions after dropping NAs: ' + str(df.shape))
        Dimensions after dropping NAs: (389, 9)
In [ ]: |# make binary classifier 'mpg_high' column
        avg_mpg = df.mpg.mean()
        df['mpg_high'] = df.mpg.map(lambda x: 1 if x > avg_mpg else 0).astype('category')
        # remove 'mpg' and 'name' columns
        df.drop(columns=['mpg', 'name'], inplace=True)
        df.head()
```

Out[ ]:		cylinders	displacement	horsepower	weight	acceleration	year	origin	mpg_high
	0	4	307.0	130	3504	12.0	70.0	1	0
	1	4	350.0	165	3693	11.5	70.0	1	0
	2	4	318.0	150	3436	11.0	70.0	1	0
	3	4	304.0	150	3433	12.0	70.0	1	0
	6	4	454.0	220	4354	9.0	70.0	1	0

## Graphs

```
In [ ]: import seaborn as sb
sb.catplot(x='mpg_high', kind='count', data=df)
```

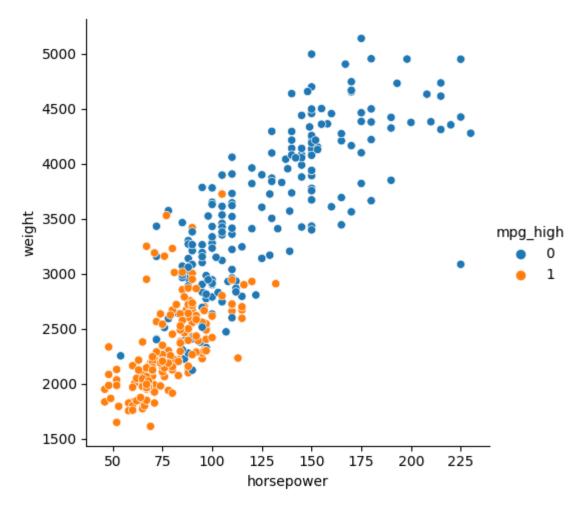
Out[]: <seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x22b94a38d90>



This graph shows that most cars in the dataset have below average mpg.

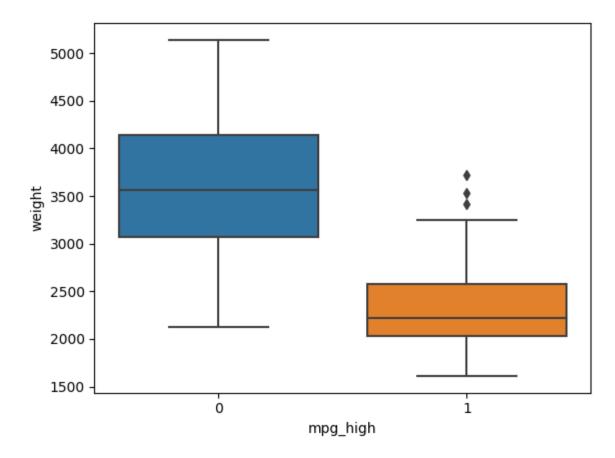
```
In [ ]: sb.relplot(x='horsepower', y='weight', hue='mpg_high', data=df)
```

Out[]: <seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x22b94a4f6d0>



This graph shows that vehicles with high horsepower and weight tend to have below average mpg.

```
In [ ]: sb.boxplot(x='mpg_high', y='weight', data=df)
Out[ ]: <AxesSubplot: xlabel='mpg_high', ylabel='weight'>
```



This graph shows that cars with above average mpg tend to have lower weight than cars with below average mpg.

## Classification

We will now perform classification using various methods available in sklearn. First, we will divide the data into train/test data.

```
In [ ]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split

X = df.loc[:, df.columns != 'mpg_high']
y = df.mpg_high
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, random_sta

print('Dimensions:')
print(f'X_train: {str(X_train.shape)}')
print(f'y_train: {str(y_train.shape)}')
print(f'Y_test: {str(X_test.shape)}')
print(f'y_test: {str(y_test.shape)}')

Dimensions:
X_train: (311, 7)
y_train: (311,)
X_test: (78, 7)
y_test: (78,)
```

## Logistic Regression

```
In [ ]: from sklearn.metrics import classification_report
    from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression

lr = LogisticRegression(solver='lbfgs', max_iter=1000, random_state=1234)
    lr.fit(X_train, y_train)
    pred_lr = lr.predict(X_test)
    print(classification_report(y_test, pred_lr))
```

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	1.00	0.84	0.91	50
1	0.78	1.00	0.88	28
accuracy			0.90	78
macro avg	0.89	0.92	0.89	78
weighted avg	0.92	0.90	0.90	78

Accuracy is 90%. Precision is higher for class 0, but the recall is higher for class 1. We would like both precision and recall to be more even between both classes.

#### **Decision Trees**

```
In [ ]: from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier

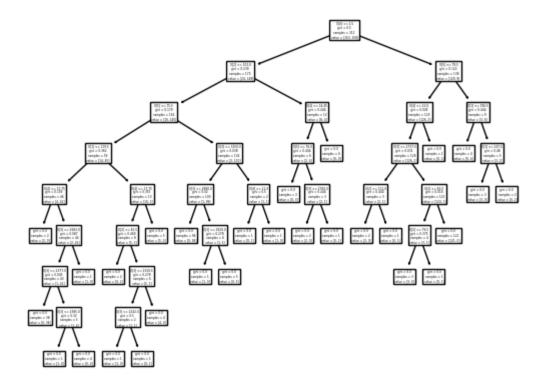
    dt = DecisionTreeClassifier(random_state=1234)
    dt.fit(X_train, y_train)
    pred_dt = dt.predict(X_test)
    print(classification_report(y_test, pred_dt))

# plotting tree
from sklearn import tree
tree.plot_tree(dt)
```

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.96	0.92	0.94	50
1	0.87	0.93	0.90	28
accuracy			0.92	78
macro avg	0.91	0.92	0.92	78
weighted avg	0.93	0.92	0.92	78

```
11\nvalue = [153, 158]'),
                                Text(0.4338235294117647, 0.833333333333333334, |X[2]| <= 101.0 \neq 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 = 0.239 =
                             = 173\nvalue = [24, 149]'),
                                Text(0.27941176470588236, 0.722222222222222, 'X[5] <= 75.5\ngini = 0.179\nsamples
                             = 161\nvalue = [16, 145]'),
                                Text(0.14705882352941177, 0.61111111111111111, X[1] <= 119.5 \ngini = 0.362 \nsample
                             s = 59 \setminus value = [14, 45]'),
                                Text(0.058823529411764705, 0.5, 'X[4] <= 13.75  ngini = 0.159 \ nsamples = 46 \ nvalue
                             = [4, 42]'),
                                Text(0.029411764705882353, 0.3888888888888889, 'gini = 0.0\nsamples = 2\nvalue =
                             [2, 0]'),
                                Text(0.08823529411764706, 0.3888888888888889, 'X[3] <= 2683.0\ngini = 0.087\nsampl
                             es = 44\nvalue = [2, 42]'),
                                Text(0.058823529411764705, 0.2777777777778, 'X[3] <= 2377.0\ngini = 0.045\nsamp
                             les = 43\nvalue = [1, 42]'),
                                [0, 38]'),
                                es = 5\nvalue = [1, 4]'),
                                Text(0.058823529411764705, 0.05555555555555555, 'gini = 0.0\nsamples = 1\nvalue =
                             [1, 0]'),
                                Text(0.11764705882352941, 0.05555555555555555, 'gini = 0.0\nsamples = 4\nvalue =
                             [0, 4]'),
                                Text(0.11764705882352941, 0.2777777777778, 'gini = 0.0\nsamples = 1\nvalue =
                             [1, 0]'),
                               Text(0.23529411764705882, 0.5, 'X[4] \le 17.75 \cdot gini = 0.355 \cdot gini = 13 \cdot gini = 12 \cdot gi
                             [10, 3]'),
                                Text(0.20588235294117646, 0.3888888888888889, 'X[2] <= 81.5\ngini = 0.469\nsamples
                              = 8\nvalue = [5, 3]'),
                                Text(0.17647058823529413, 0.2777777777778, 'gini = 0.0\nsamples = 2\nvalue =
                             [0, 2]'),
                                Text(0.23529411764705882, 0.27777777777778, 'X[3] <= 2329.5\ngini = 0.278\nsampl
                             es = 6\nvalue = [5, 1]'),
                                Text(0.20588235294117646, 0.16666666666666666, 'X[3] <= 2242.0\ngini = 0.5\nsample
                             s = 2 \mid value = [1, 1]'),
                                Text(0.17647058823529413, 0.05555555555555555, 'gini = 0.0\nsamples = 1\nvalue =
                             [1, 0]'),
                                Text(0.23529411764705882, 0.05555555555555555, 'gini = 0.0\nsamples = 1\nvalue =
                             [0, 1]'),
                                [4, 0]'),
                                Text(0.2647058823529412, 0.38888888888888888, 'gini = 0.0\nsamples = 5\nvalue = [5,
                             0]'),
                                Text(0.4117647058823529, 0.61111111111111111, |X[3]| <= 3250.0 \mid = 0.038 \mid = 0.0
                             s = 102 \setminus value = [2, 100]'),
                                Text(0.35294117647058826, 0.5, 'X[3] <= 2880.0\ngini = 0.02\nsamples = 100\nvalue
                             = [1, 99]'),
                                Text(0.3235294117647059, 0.388888888888888, 'gini = 0.0\nsamples = 94\nvalue =
                             [0, 94]'),
                               Text(0.38235294117647056, 0.3888888888888889, 'X[3] <= 2920.0\ngini = 0.278\nsampl
                             es = 6 \cdot value = [1, 5]'),
                                Text(0.35294117647058826, 0.27777777777778, 'gini = 0.0\nsamples = 1\nvalue =
                             [1, 0]'),
                                Text(0.4117647058823529, 0.2777777777778, 'gini = 0.0\nsamples = 5\nvalue = [0,
                             5]'),
```

```
Text(0.47058823529411764, 0.5, X[4] <= 21.0 \neq 0.5 = 0.5 = 2 = 2 = 11,
1]'),
   Text(0.4411764705882353, 0.3888888888888888, 'gini = 0.0\nsamples = 1\nvalue = [0,
1]'),
   Text(0.5, 0.388888888888889, 'gini = 0.0\nsamples = 1\nvalue = [1, 0]'),
   Text(0.5882352941176471, 0.722222222222222, 'X[4] <= 14.45\ngini = 0.444\nsamples
= 12 \setminus value = [8, 4]'),
     Text(0.5588235294117647, 0.61111111111111111, X[5] <= 76.0  ngini = 0.444  nsamples
= 6 \ln e = [2, 4]'
    Text(0.5294117647058824, 0.5, 'gini = 0.0\nsamples = 3\nvalue = [0, 3]'),
    Text(0.5882352941176471, 0.5, 'X[3] <= 2760.0 \setminus i = 0.444 \setminus samples = 3 \setminus samples = 3 \setminus i = 0.444 \setminus samples = 3 \setminus i = 0.
 [2, 1]'),
    Text(0.5588235294117647, 0.3888888888888888, 'gini = 0.0 \nsamples = 2 \nvalue = [2, ]
0]'),
   Text(0.6176470588235294, 0.3888888888888889, 'gini = 0.0 \nsamples = 1 \nvalue = [0, ]
   Text(0.6176470588235294, 0.6111111111111112, 'gini = 0.0\nsamples = 6\nvalue = [6,
0]'),
   Text(0.8529411764705882, 0.833333333333333334, 'X[5] <= 79.5\ngini = 0.122\nsamples
= 138\nvalue = [129, 9]'),
   Text(0.7941176470588235, 0.72222222222222, 'X[4] <= 21.6\ngini = 0.045\nsamples
= 129 \text{ nvalue} = [126, 3]'),
    Text(0.7647058823529411, 0.61111111111111111, X[3] <= 2737.0 
s = 128 \setminus value = [126, 2]'),
   Text(0.7058823529411765, 0.5, 'X[2] <= 111.0\ngini = 0.444\nsamples = 3\nvalue =
[2, 1]'),
    Text(0.6764705882352942, 0.3888888888888888, 'gini = 0.0\nsamples = 2\nvalue = [2,
0]'),
   Text(0.7352941176470589, 0.3888888888888889, 'gini = 0.0\nsamples = 1\nvalue = [0,
1]'),
   Text(0.8235294117647058, 0.5, 'X[2] <= 83.0 \setminus i = 0.016 \setminus samples = 125 \setminus i = 125 \setminus 
[124, 1]'),
   Text(0.7941176470588235, 0.388888888888888, X[2] <= 79.5 \neq 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375 = 0.375
= 4 \cdot value = [3, 1]'),
   Text(0.7647058823529411, 0.2777777777778, 'gini = 0.0\nsamples = 3\nvalue = [3,
0]'),
   Text(0.8235294117647058, 0.2777777777778, 'gini = 0.0\nsamples = 1\nvalue = [0,
1]'),
   Text(0.8529411764705882, 0.3888888888888889, 'gini = 0.0\nsamples = 121\nvalue =
[121, 0]'),
   Text(0.8235294117647058, 0.6111111111111112, 'gini = 0.0\nsamples = 1\nvalue = [0,
1]'),
   Text(0.9117647058823529, 0.722222222222222, 'X[1] <= 196.5\ngini = 0.444\nsamples
= 9 \cdot value = [3, 6]'),
   Text(0.8823529411764706, 0.6111111111111112, 'gini = 0.0\nsamples = 4\nvalue = [0,
4]'),
   Text(0.9411764705882353, 0.611111111111111111, X[1] <= 247.0 
= 5 \cdot \text{nvalue} = [3, 2]'),
    Text(0.9117647058823529, 0.5, 'gini = 0.0\nsamples = 3\nvalue = [3, 0]'),
     Text(0.9705882352941176, 0.5, 'gini = 0.0 \setminus samples = 2 \setminus value = [0, 2]')
```



This is slightly more accurate than the logistic regression model at 91%. The values for precision and recall are also more even between both classes compared to logistic regression.

#### **Neural Network**

Before making a neural network, we'll first scale the data to improve the performance of our models.

```
In [ ]: from sklearn import preprocessing

scaler = preprocessing.StandardScaler().fit(X_train)
    X_train_scaled = scaler.transform(X_train)
    X_test_scaled = scaler.transform(X_test)
```

Now we'll make our first neural network. The choice of network topology is mostly arbitrary at this stage.

		precision	recall	f1-score	support
	0	0.96	0.88	0.92	50
	1	0.81	0.93	0.87	28
accur	асу			0.90	78
macro	avg	0.88	0.90	0.89	78
weighted	avg	0.90	0.90	0.90	78

With these settings, we've already gotten 90% accuracy, performing about as well as the other two models, and precision and recall are fairly balanced.

Now we will make a second neural network. For this model, I will change the solver and increase the number of layers to see if it will get better results.

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
	•			
0	0.98	0.82	0.89	50
1	0.75	0.96	0.84	28
accuracy			0.87	78
macro avg	0.86	0.89	0.87	78
weighted avg	0.89	0.87	0.87	78

As we can see, this model unfortunately performed worse than the first neural network. This may be because the addition of a third hidden layer caused the model to overfit the training data. Since the dataset is relatively small, overfitting is very likely with a neural network.

#### **Analysis**

The decision tree performed the best, followed by the first neural network, the second neural network, and finally the logistic regression model.

With regards to class 0, the logistic regression model had the highest precision, followed by the second neural network, decision tree and first neural network. The decision tree had the highest recall, followed by the first neural network, the logistic regression model, and finally the second neural network.

With regards to class 1, the decision tree had the highest precision, followed by the first neural network, logistic regression model, and finally the second neural network. The logistic regression model had the highest recall, followed by the second neural network, decision tree and first neural network. The decision tree overall had the most balanced values for both precision and recall.

Both neural networks may have slightly overfit the data given that the training set is relatively small. The logistic regression algorithm also did not adapt to the imbalance of the classes in the training set as well as the decision trees model. However, logistic regression, decision trees, and the first neural network got very similar accuracies, with decision trees just barely performing better. It is possible that a different seed for the train/test split may change which algorithm performs the best.

Overall, I much prefer the experience of using pandas and sklearn in Python compared to writing R. Pandas feels easier to learn compared to R's syntax for data manipulation. Since I am writing this in an IDE, I get tooltips for text-completion and documentation. While RStudio has text completion, learning how to use its various functionalities usually necessitates going to the help console or simply looking things up online.