# **Phase Pharmacophore Modeling in Maestro**

This document summarizes the procedure for developing a pharmacophore model using the Develop Common Pharmacophore Hypotheses panel in Maestro, which you open from the Phase submenu of the Applications menu. Full details are given in the *Phase User Manual*.

#### To select and prepare the ligands (Prepare Ligands step):

- 1. Import the ligands into the Phase run, by clicking From File, From Run, or From Project.
- 2. Separate stereoisomers if necessary by selecting the relevant ligands in the table and choosing Separate stereoisomers from the shortcut (right-click) menu.
- 3. If you want to build a QSAR model or do activity scoring, enter activity data for the ligands if it is not already present.
- 4. Clean up the ligand structures and generate variations on stereochemistry or ionization state by clicking Clean Ligands, if necessary.
- 5. Generate sets of conformers for each ligand by clicking Generate Conformers, if necessary.
- 6. Define the pharm (active) set and the inactive set, either by setting the activity thresholds (click Activity Thresholds), or by selecting ligands in the Ligands table.
- 7. Assign actives to groups if desired, and specify any required matches for partial matching.
- 8. Click Next.

# To create site points for each ligand (Create Sites step):

- 1. Set options as required:
  - Add to the existing features, create custom features, and exclude or ignore patterns by clicking Edit Features.
  - Select the use of projected points for acceptors and donors rather than treating them as vector features.
  - Define the active and inactive ligands by clicking Activity Threshold or clicking in the Pharm Set column of the Ligands table.
  - Select features to exclude from the search for common pharmacophores.
- 2. Click Create Sites.
- 3. Click Next.

#### To find common pharmacophores (Find Common Pharmacophores step):

- 1. Choose the number of sites from the Number of sites option menu.
- 2. Specify the number of actives to match in the Must match section.
- 3. Set limits on the minimum and maximum number of features of each type in the Feature frequencies table.
- 4. Select variants from the Variant list.
- 5. (Optional) Set search parameters by clicking Options and entering values in the Find Common Pharmacophores Options dialog box.
- 6. Start the search by clicking Find.
- 7. Click Next.

#### To score hypotheses (Score Hypotheses step):

1. Click Score Actives.

- 2. Set scoring options in the Score Actives dialog box.
- 3. Score the hypotheses by clicking OK.

# Optional tasks:

- Score inactives to generate an adjusted scoring function by clicking Score Inactives.
- · Rescore the hypotheses with an adjusted scoring function by clicking Rescore.
- Export the selected hypothesis to a file, by clicking Export.
- Cluster the hypotheses, by clicking Cluster, and restrict the hypotheses shown to ta representative of each cluster, by clicking View Clusters.
- Add excluded volumes to the selected hypothesis, by clicking Excluded Volumes.
- View hypotheses and alignments in the Workspace, using the toolbar buttons and the Alignments table.

# To proceed to building QSAR models:

- 1. Select the desired hypotheses in the Hypotheses table.
- 2. Click Next.

# To proceed to searching for matches:

- 1. Select the desired hypotheses in the Hypotheses table.
- 2. Click Search for Matches.

# To build QSAR models (Build QSAR step):

- 1. Display the ligands in the Alignments table.
- 2. Select the training set and the test set.
- 3. (Optional) Choose a model and set parameters in the Build QSAR Model Options dialog box.
- 4. Click Build Models.

#### To proceed to searching for matches:

- 1. Select the desired hypotheses in the Hypotheses table.
- 2. Click Search for Matches.