

**PRINCIPLES OF ANALYSIS**  
**PROBLEM SET D**

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ABSTRACT. The problems are taken from the book and are due Thursday,  
November 20, 2003.

**Problem 1** (Exercise 3.19). Let  $f, g : D \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  be uniformly continuous. Show that the function  $f + g : D \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  is uniformly continuous. What can be said about the function  $fg : D \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ ? Justify.

**Problem 2** (Exercise 3.20). Let  $f : A \rightarrow B$  and  $g : B \rightarrow C$  be uniformly continuous. What can be said about the function  $g \circ f : A \rightarrow C$ ? Justify.

**Problem 3** (Exercise 3.23). A function  $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  is *periodic* if there exists  $h \in \mathbb{R}$  with  $h > 0$  such that  $f(x + h) = f(x)$  for all  $x \in \mathbb{R}$ . Show that if  $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  is periodic and continuous, then it is uniformly continuous.

**Problem 4** (Exercise 3.31). Suppose  $f : [a, b] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  and  $g : [a, b] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  are continuous. Let  $T = \{x \in [a, b] \mid f(x) = g(x)\}$ . Show that  $T$  is closed.

**Problem 5** (Exercise 3.44). Suppose that  $f : [a, b] \rightarrow [a, b]$  is continuous. Show that  $f$  has a *fixed point*, that is, there exists  $x \in [a, b]$  such that  $f(x) = x$ .

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