Problem 1. (Data Representation) An eight bit computer stores these bytes:

A = 10100101, B = 00110011, and C = 00000000.

The computer adds  ${\tt A}$  to  ${\tt B}$  and places the result in  ${\tt C}.$ 

(a) What bit sequence does C contain?

(b) Interpret A, B, and C as unsigned integers; what numbers do they represent?

(c) Interpret A, B, and C as signed integers; what numbers do they represent?

(d) Find the eight bit sequence which represents the negative of C.