

Name \_\_\_\_\_

MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.

Find the gradient field of the function.

1)  $f(x, y, z) = \frac{xz + xy + yz}{xyz}$  1) \_\_\_\_\_

A)  $\nabla f = -\frac{1}{x^2}\mathbf{i} - \frac{1}{y^2}\mathbf{j} - \frac{1}{z^2}\mathbf{k}$

B)  $\nabla f = -\frac{1}{x^2yz}\mathbf{i} - \frac{1}{xy^2z}\mathbf{j} - \frac{1}{xyz^2}\mathbf{k}$

C)  $\nabla f = \frac{1}{x^2}\mathbf{i} + \frac{1}{y^2}\mathbf{j} + \frac{1}{z^2}\mathbf{k}$

D)  $\nabla f = \frac{1}{x^2yz}\mathbf{i} + \frac{1}{xy^2z}\mathbf{j} + \frac{1}{xyz^2}\mathbf{k}$

Calculate the flux of the field  $F$  across the closed plane curve  $C$ .

2)  $F = x\mathbf{i} + y\mathbf{j}$ ; the curve  $C$  is the circle  $(x + 5)^2 + (y - 9)^2 = 81$  2) \_\_\_\_\_  
 A)  $2\pi$  B)  $162\pi - 45$  C) 0 D)  $162\pi$

Find the potential function  $f$  for the field  $F$ .

3)  $F = (y - z)\mathbf{i} + (x + 2y - z)\mathbf{j} - (x + y)\mathbf{k}$  3) \_\_\_\_\_  
 A)  $f(x, y, z) = x(y + y^2) - xz - yz + C$  B)  $f(x, y, z) = x + y^2 - xz - yz + C$   
 C)  $f(x, y, z) = xy + y^2 - xz - yz + C$  D)  $f(x, y, z) = xy + y^2 - x - y + C$

Evaluate. The differential is exact.

4)  $\int_{(0, 0, 0)}^{(4, 6, 2)} (2xy^2 - 2xz^2) dx + 2x^2y dy - 2x^2z dz$  4) \_\_\_\_\_  
 A) 0 B) 1024 C) 512 D) 640

Using Green's Theorem, find the outward flux of  $F$  across the closed curve  $C$ .

5)  $F = -\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}\mathbf{i} + \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}\mathbf{j}$ ;  $C$  is the region defined by the polar coordinate inequalities  $1 \leq r \leq 4$  and  $0 \leq \theta \leq \pi$  5) \_\_\_\_\_  
 A) 17 B) 30 C) 0 D) 15