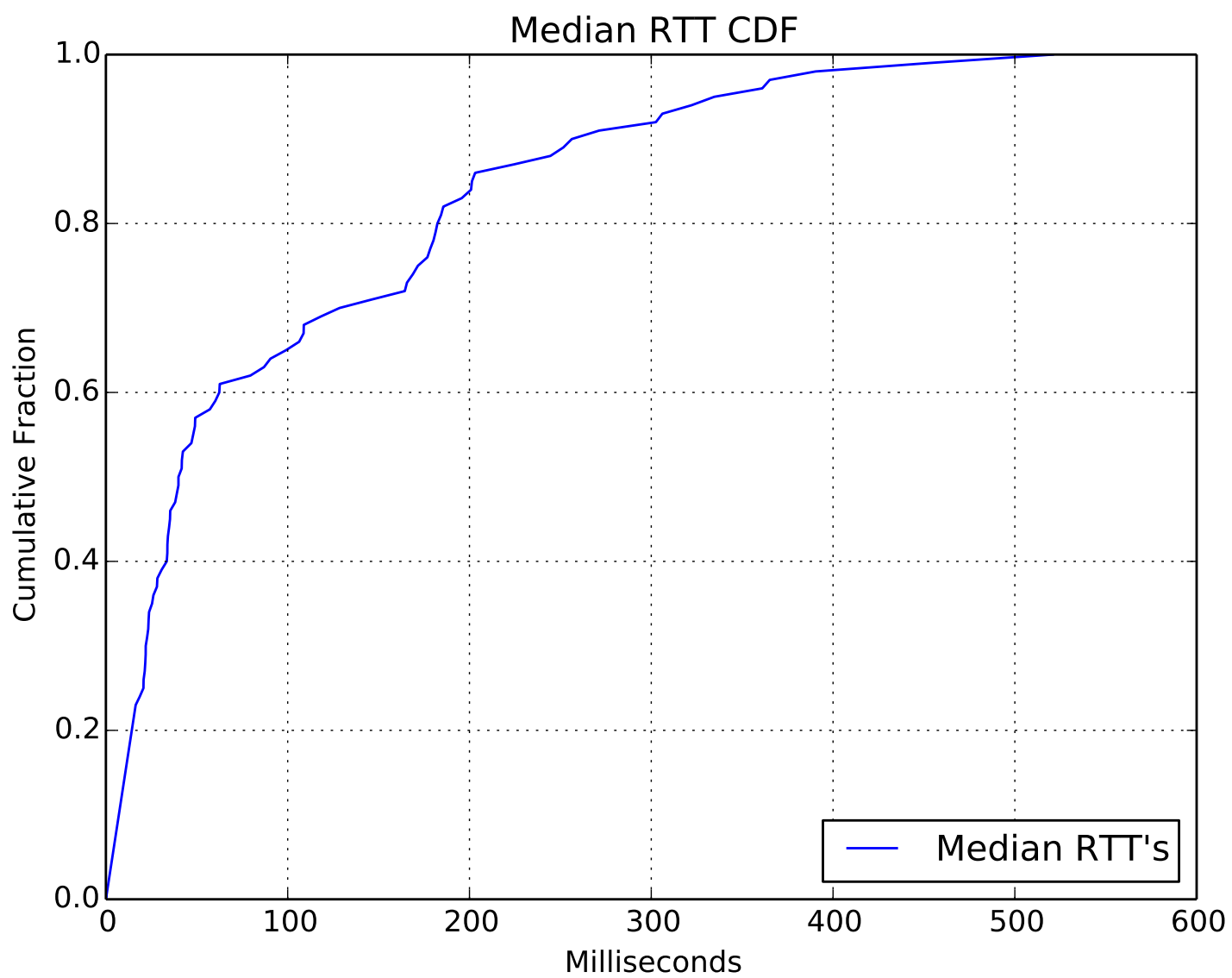


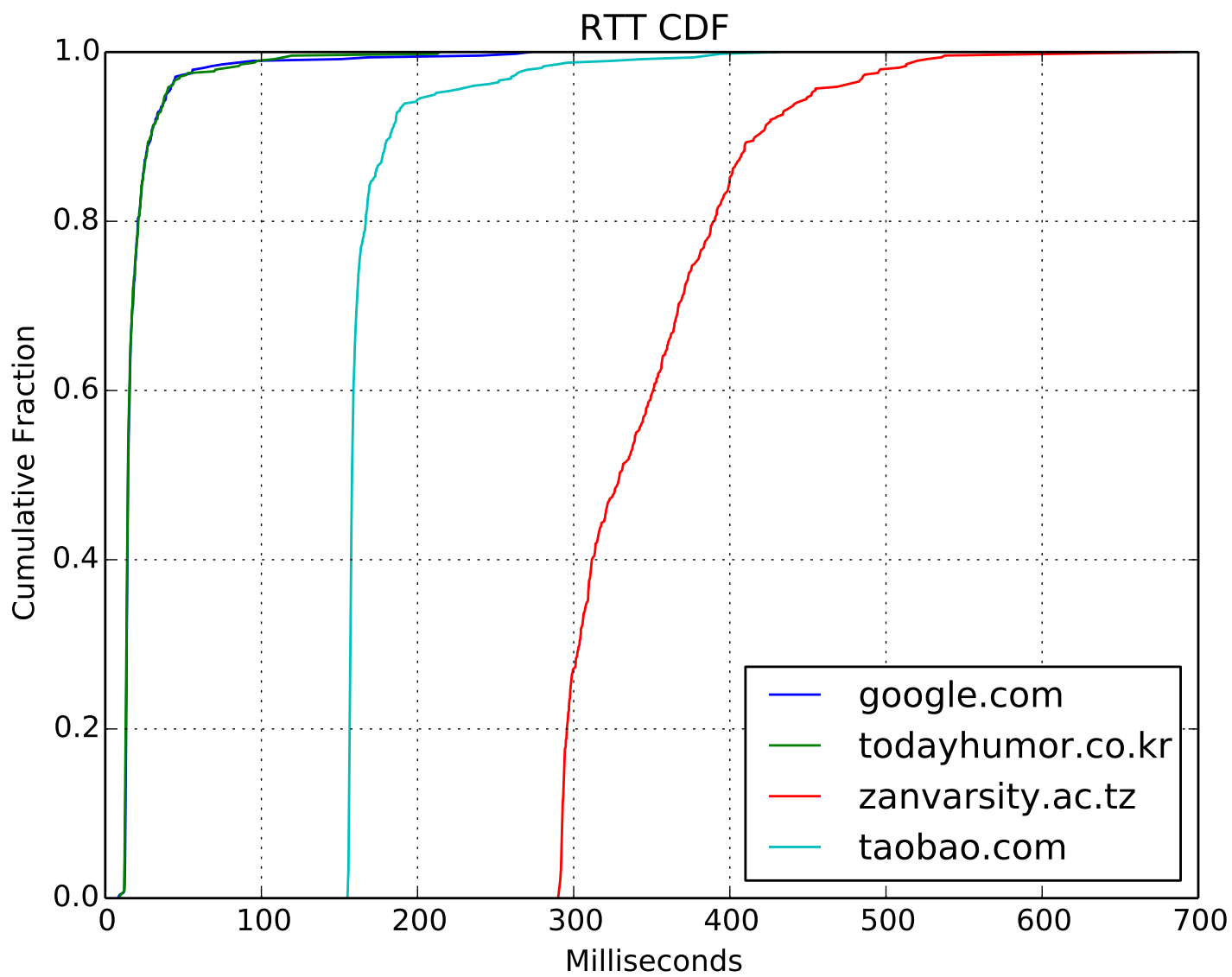
1 Round Trip Time

1. Experiment A:
 - (a) 22% never respond to pings. 35% fail at least one ping.
 - (b) CDF on next page.



2. Experiment B:

- (a) For "google.com", median RTT: 95.495 ms, maximum RTT: 6.872 ms.
It's loss rate is 0.0.
For "todayhumor.co.kr", median RTT: 154.546 ms, maximum RTT: 11.985 ms.
It's loss rate is 0.0.
For "zanvarsity.ac.tz", median RTT: 680.526 ms, maximum RTT: 76.276 ms.
It's loss rate is 2.0.
For "taobao.com", median RTT: 668.561 ms, maximum RTT: 74.398 ms.
It's loss rate is 0.8.
- (b) CDF on next page.
- (c)
 - i. The multiplier for google.com is $3.18537033 * 10^{-10} s^2/m$. The multiplier for zanvarsity.ac.tz is $2.26999039 * 10^{-9} s^2/m$.
 - ii. The reason why the ping time is not equal to the speed of light time is due to several factors, one example being distance that the packets have to travel back and forth, using cables and routers. Due to this, trying to ping a location that is farther away such as zanvaristy.ac.tz's servers compared to google.com's yields for a greater median RTT. This would mean that a website's "physical location" contributes to the amount of time it takes to ping the website.



2 Routing

1. Experiment A

- (a) Which ASes are Berkeley directly connected to?
- (b) Which traceroute traverses the most number of ASes? How about the least number of ASes?
- (c) Which websites' routes are load-balanced?
- (d) Are the observed routes stable over multiple runs? For each website, how many unique routes did you observe?
- (e) Using one sentence, please explain one advantage of having stable routes.
The ASes of Berkeley are directly connected to

2. Experiment B

- (a) How many hops do you observe in each route when you run traceroute from your computer? How many hops do you observe in the reverse direction?

Number of hops from our computer to the public servers:

18 hops to tpr-route-server.saix.net

13 hops to route-server.ip-plus.net

14 hops to route-views.oregon-ix.net

13 hops to route-views.on.bb.telus.com

Number of hops to our computer from the public servers:

17 hops to tpr-route-server.saix.net

23 hops to route-server.ip-plus.net

9 hops to route-views.oregon-ix.net

14 hops to route-views.on.bb.telus.com

- (b) Are these routes symmetric? How many are symmetric and how many are not?
None of these routes are symmetric.
- (c) What might cause asymmetric routes? List one or two reasons?
Traffic congestion is one potential cause of routing asymmetry.

3 Naming

- 1. The average root TTL: 22996220.
The average TLD TTL: 12960000.
The average other name server TTL: 31022125.
The average terminating entry TTL: 269238.
- 2. CDF on the next page.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5.
- 6.

Alexa Top 100 Times CDF

