GENERALITIES ON ORBIFOLD COHOMOLOGY AND TORIC DM STACKS

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ABSTRACT. I will explain various technicalities in Gromov-Witten theory for Deligne-Mumford stacks and how to construct toric Deligne-Mumford stacks from (extended) stacky fans.

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- 1.1. Moduli of stable maps

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1. Orbifold Gromov-Witten theory

Let X be a smooth and separated Deligne-Mumford stack of finite type over \mathbb{C} . **Definition 1.1.** The *inertia stack* of X is the fiber product in the diagram

$$\begin{array}{ccc} IX & \longrightarrow & X \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow \Delta \\ X & \stackrel{\Delta}{\longrightarrow} & X \times X. \end{array}$$

More concretely, we may think about |X| as parameterizing pairs (x, g), where $x \in X$ and $g \in Aut(x)$. There is another description of IX if X lives over C.

Definition 1.2. A morphism $X \to Y$ of algebraic stacks is *representable* if for all schemes S and morphisms $S \to Y$, the fiber product $X \times_S Y$ is an algebraic space.

Remark 1.3 (Abramovich-Graber-Vistoli). Let

$$I_{\mu}X \coloneqq \bigsqcup_{r \geqslant 0} Hom_{rep}(B\mu_r, X)$$

denote the stack of representable morphisms from classifying stacks of roots of unity to X (the *cyclotomic inertia stack*). Then $I_uX \simeq IX$.

Recall that by the Keel-Mori theorem, X (which has finite inertia) has a coarse moduli space |X|, which is an algebraic space satisfying two properties:

- The morphism π : $X \to |X|$ is bijective on k-points whenever k is an algebraically closed field;
- |X| is initial for morphisms from X to any algebraic space.

From now on, we will assume that |X| is quasiprojective, and in particular that it is a scheme.

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1.1. Moduli of stable maps.