Ex 2: Store data version 2

Chuẩn hóa dữ liệu

memory usage: 523.8+ KB

0 1

2 2000-01-01 1 sandwich bags

yogurt

pork

0 2000-01-01 1

1 2000-01-01 1

In [9]: data.head(3)

Out[9]:

2. Áp dụng ECLAT, Tìm kết quả

Cho dữ liệu store data trong tập tin dataset_group.csv.

Yêu cầu: Áp dụng thuật toán ECLAT để tính toán mức độ kết hợp giữa các item

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3. Cho biết 10 nhóm có độ kết hợp cao nhất?
          4. Tìm kiếm thông tin từ kết quả: trong thông tin kết quả có 'eggs' không? Nếu có thì 'eggs' kết hợp với item nào?"
In [1]: # from google.colab import drive
        # drive.mount("/content/gdrive", force_remount=True)
In [1]: # %cd '/content/gdrive/My Drive/LDS6_MachineLearning/practice_2023/Chapter12_ECLAT/'
In [3]: import sys
        from collections import defaultdict
        import random
In [4]: import pandas as pd
        from mlxtend.preprocessing import TransactionEncoder
        from mlxtend.frequent_patterns import apriori
In [5]: # # source code from: http://codegist.net/snippet/python/eclatpy_evertheylen_python
        def tidlists(transactions):
            tl = defaultdict(set)
            for tid, t in enumerate(transactions):
                for item in t:
                    tl[item].add(tid)
            return list(tl.items())
        class IntersectAll:
            def __and__(self, other):
                return other
        IntersectAll = IntersectAll()
In [6]: def eclat(items, minsup=0, minlen=1):
            frequent_itemsets = {(): IntersectAll}
            def recurse(items, prefix):
                while len(items) > 0:
                    item, item_tidlist = items.pop()
                    1 = prefix + (item,) # L is the (ordered) tuple of items we are looking for
                    new_tidlist = frequent_itemsets[prefix] & item_tidlist
                    if len(new_tidlist) >= minsup: # add frequent_itemsets to the new frequent_itemsets
                        frequent_itemsets[1] = new_tidlist
                    # define the new L-conditional database
                    new items = []
                    for new_item, _item_tidlist in items:
                        new_item_tidlist = _item_tidlist & item_tidlist
                        if len(new_item_tidlist) >= minsup:
                             new_items.append((new_item, new_item_tidlist))
                    # recurse, with L as prefix
                    recurse(new_items, 1)
            recurse(items.copy(), ())
            return {k: len(v) for k, v in frequent_itemsets.items() if len(k) >= minlen}
In [7]: data = pd.read_csv("dataset_group.csv", header = None, sep=',')
In [8]: data.info()
        <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
        RangeIndex: 22343 entries, 0 to 22342
        Data columns (total 3 columns):
             22343 non-null object
             22343 non-null int64
             22343 non-null object
        dtypes: int64(1), object(2)
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In [10]: | df = data.iloc[:,1:3]
In [11]: df.head(3)
Out[11]:
          0 1
                     yogurt
                       pork
          2 1 sandwich bags
In [12]: dataset = df.groupby(1)[2].apply(list)
In [13]: dataset[1]
Out[13]: ['yogurt',
           'pork',
           'sandwich bags',
           'lunch meat',
           'all- purpose',
           'flour',
           'soda',
           'butter',
           'vegetables',
           'beef',
           'aluminum foil',
           'all- purpose',
           'dinner rolls',
           'shampoo',
           'all- purpose',
           'mixes',
           'soap',
           'laundry detergent',
           'ice cream',
           'dinner rolls']
In [14]: tl = tidlists(dataset)
Out[14]: [('yogurt',
            {0,
             6,
            11,
            19,
             22,
             24,
             25,
             30,
             31,
             32,
             33,
             34,
             35,
             38,
             44,
In [15]: for i in range(len(tl)-1):
             if tl[i][0] == 'nan':
                  print(i)
                 del tl[i]
In [16]: result = eclat(tl, minsup=150, minlen=3)
In [17]: result
Out[17]: {('sugar', 'eggs', 'vegetables'): 150,
           ('sugar', 'poultry', 'vegetables'): 173,
           ('sugar', 'cereals', 'vegetables'): 150,
           ('sugar', 'dishwashing liquid/detergent', 'vegetables'): 152,
           ('sugar', 'waffles', 'vegetables'): 155,
           ('sugar', 'ice cream', 'vegetables'): 151,
           ('sugar', 'dinner rolls', 'vegetables'): 157,
           ('sugar', 'vegetables', 'soda'): 155,
           ('sugar', 'vegetables', 'lunch meat'): 161,
           ('sugar', 'vegetables', 'yogurt'): 152,
           ('fruits', 'eggs', 'vegetables'): 151,
           ('fruits', 'bagels', 'vegetables'): 154,
           ('fruits', 'poultry', 'vegetables'): 150,
           ('fruits', 'dishwashing liquid/detergent', 'vegetables'): 157,
           ('fruits', 'cheeses', 'vegetables'): 151,
           ('fruits', 'ice cream', 'vegetables'): 151,
           ('fruits', 'beef', 'vegetables'): 151,
           ('fruits', 'vegetables', 'lunch meat'): 151,
           ('fruits', 'vegetables', 'yogurt'): 150,
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In [18]: from collections import OrderedDict
         d_sorted_by_value = OrderedDict(sorted(result.items(), key=lambda x: x[1]))
         type(d_sorted_by_value)
Out[18]: collections.OrderedDict
In [19]: sorted_d = sorted((value, key) for (key, value) in result.items())
         sorted_d[len(sorted_d)-1]
Out[19]: (184, ('poultry', 'dinner rolls', 'vegetables'))
In [20]: sorted_d[len(sorted_d)-10:]
Out[20]: [(175, ('eggs', 'dishwashing liquid/detergent', 'vegetables')),
          (177, ('eggs', 'poultry', 'vegetables')),
          (178, ('eggs', 'dinner rolls', 'vegetables')),
          (178, ('poultry', 'mixes', 'vegetables')),
          (179, ('eggs', 'vegetables', 'yogurt')),
          (179, ('waffles', 'vegetables', 'lunch meat')),
          (180, ('eggs', 'vegetables', 'soda')),
          (180, ('poultry', 'vegetables', 'lunch meat')),
          (182, ('poultry', 'dishwashing liquid/detergent', 'vegetables')),
          (184, ('poultry', 'dinner rolls', 'vegetables'))]
In [21]: # Truc quan hoa ket qua theo result vua tim ra ???
In [22]: # "Có eggs không? nó kết hợp với item nào?"
         for k, v in result.items():
             if "eggs" in k:
                 print(k, ":", v)
          ('sugar', 'eggs', 'vegetables'): 150
          ('fruits', 'eggs', 'vegetables') : 151
          ('coffee/tea', 'eggs', 'vegetables') : 155
          ('paper towels', 'eggs', 'vegetables') : 163
          ('pasta', 'eggs', 'vegetables') : 164
          ('juice', 'eggs', 'vegetables') : 164
          ('eggs', 'bagels', 'vegetables') : 165
          ('eggs', 'poultry', 'vegetables') : 177
          ('eggs', 'ketchup', 'vegetables') : 160
          ('eggs', 'spaghetti sauce', 'vegetables') : 158
          ('eggs', 'tortillas', 'vegetables') : 151
          ('eggs', 'cereals', 'vegetables') : 172
          ('eggs', 'individual meals', 'vegetables') : 153
          ('eggs', 'dishwashing liquid/detergent', 'vegetables') : 175
          ('eggs', 'milk', 'vegetables') : 165
          ('eggs', 'cheeses', 'vegetables') : 171
          ('eggs', 'waffles', 'vegetables') : 165
          ('eggs', 'toilet paper', 'vegetables') : 156
           'eggs', 'ice cream', 'vegetables') : 157
          'eggs', 'laundry detergent', 'vegetables') : 160
          ('eggs', 'soap', 'vegetables') : 166
          ('eggs', 'mixes', 'vegetables') : 151
          ('eggs', 'dinner rolls', 'vegetables') : 178
          ('eggs', 'aluminum foil', 'vegetables') : 157
          ('eggs', 'beef', 'vegetables') : 160
          ('eggs', 'vegetables', 'butter') : 155
          ('eggs', 'vegetables', 'soda') : 180
          ('eggs', 'vegetables', 'all- purpose') : 160
          ('eggs', 'vegetables', 'lunch meat') : 160
         ('eggs', 'vegetables', 'yogurt') : 179
In [23]: # 10 san pham ma cua hang ban nhieu nhat/it nhat (theo tl) ???
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