

## Ex1: Evade

Cho dữ liệu evade trong tập tin evade.xlsx.

**Yêu cầu:** Hãy đọc dữ liệu từ tập tin này, áp dụng Naive Bayes để thực hiện việc xác định có evade hay không dựa trên các thông tin như: 'Refund', 'Marital Status', 'Taxable Income'

**Cho dữ liệu Test:**

```
X_test = [["No", "Married", 120000],["Yes","Divorce",25000]]
```

**Yêu cầu:**

1. Hãy chuẩn hóa dữ liệu cho phù hợp
2. Áp dụng Naive Bayes. Tìm kết quả Y1 (Y test)
3. Kiểm tra độ chính xác

```
In [0]: import pandas as pd
```

```
In [0]: df = pd.read_excel('evade.xlsx', index_col = 0)
df
```

```
Out[0]:
```

|     | Refund | Marital_Status | Taxable_Income | Evade |
|-----|--------|----------------|----------------|-------|
| Tid |        |                |                |       |
| 1   | 1      | 0              | 125000         | 0     |
| 2   | 0      | 1              | 100000         | 0     |
| 3   | 0      | 0              | 70000          | 0     |
| 4   | 1      | 1              | 120000         | 0     |
| 5   | 0      | 2              | 95000          | 1     |
| 6   | 0      | 1              | 60000          | 0     |
| 7   | 1      | 2              | 220000         | 0     |
| 8   | 0      | 0              | 85000          | 1     |
| 9   | 0      | 1              | 75000          | 0     |
| 10  | 0      | 0              | 90000          | 1     |

```
In [0]: df.info()
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Int64Index: 10 entries, 1 to 10
Data columns (total 4 columns):
Refund      10 non-null int64
Marital_Status  10 non-null int64
Taxable_Income  10 non-null int64
Evade       10 non-null int64
dtypes: int64(4)
memory usage: 400.0 bytes
```

```
In [0]: features = df[["Refund","Marital_Status","Taxable_Income"]]
target = df[["Evade"]]
```

```
In [0]: #features
```

```
In [0]: #target
```

```
In [0]: from sklearn.naive_bayes import GaussianNB
import numpy as np
from sklearn.utils.validation import column_or_1d
#Create a Gaussian Classifier
model = GaussianNB()
# Train the model using the training sets
model.fit(features, column_or_1d(target))
```

```
Out[0]: GaussianNB(priors=None, var_smoothing=1e-09)
```

```
In [0]: import numpy as np
# Kiểm tra độ chính xác
print("The prediction accuracy is: ",
      model.score(features,np.array(target))*100,"%")
```

The prediction accuracy is: 100.0 %



```
In [0]: class_names = model.classes_  
class_names
```

```
Out[0]: array([0, 1], dtype=int64)
```

```
In [0]: # X_test = [["No", "Married", 120000],["No","Single",90000]]  
X_test = [[0, 1, 120000], [0, 0, 90000]]  
y_pred = model.predict(X_test)  
y_pred
```

```
Out[0]: array([0, 1], dtype=int64)
```

```
In [0]: import pickle  
# Save to file in the current working directory  
pkl_filename = "pickle_model.pkl"  
with open(pkl_filename, 'wb') as file:  
    pickle.dump(model, file)
```

```
In [0]: with open(pkl_filename, 'rb') as file:  
    pickle_model = pickle.load(file)
```

```
In [0]: X_test = [[0, 0, 75000]]  
y_pred = pickle_model.predict(X_test)  
y_pred
```

```
Out[0]: array([0], dtype=int64)
```

```
In [0]:
```

