

# **Chapter 9: K-Means Clustering**

# Ex1: 3D points

Dataset: data3D.csv.

## Requirement:

- Read dataset
- · Pre-process data
- Use K-means clustering algorithm to cluster 3D points in data3D.csv.

```
In [8]:
         import findspark
         findspark.init()
 In [9]:
         import pyspark
In [10]: from pyspark.sql import SparkSession
         spark = SparkSession.builder.appName('kmeans 3D point').getOrCreate()
In [11]:
In [12]: | # Loads data.
         data = spark.read.csv("data3D.csv", header=True,
                                inferSchema=True)
In [13]: | data.show(3)
          |point0|5.647627534046943|-6.356222340123802|-7.240816026826695|
          |point1|4.414367138680041|-10.32624175635328| 8.963324308916228|
         |point2|5.005396944639823|-9.301070062115645| 10.35473056351597|
         only showing top 3 rows
         from pyspark.sql.functions import col
In [14]:
In [17]: | data = data.select(['x', 'y', 'z'])
```

In [18]: data.show(3)



## Format from data

## Scale the Data

```
In [28]: final data.show(3, False)
          -----
          _____
                    Ιу
                                                 |features
       |scaledFeatures
       5.647627534046943 | -6.356222340123802 | -7.240816026826695 | [5.647627534046943, -6.
       356222340123802,-7.240816026826695||[1.0159673512169811,-0.81335799160424,-1.13
       006310236368071
       4.414367138680041 | -10.32624175635328 | 8.963324308916228 | [4.414367138680041, -1
       0.32624175635328, 8.963324308916228 | [0.7941127247055396, -1.3213715327025133, 1.
       3988923401033817]|
       5.005396944639823|-9.301070062115645|10.35473056351597 | [5.005396944639823,-9.
       301070062115645,10.35473056351597] |[0.9004347126254774,-1.1901880174546189,1.6
       1604698992401971
       +-----
         only showing top 3 rows
```

## Train the Model and Evaluate

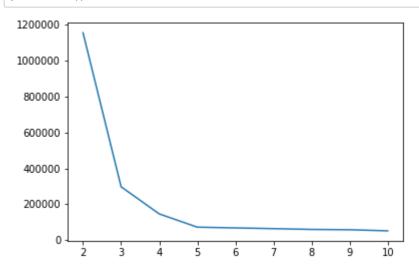
### Seleck k with minimun WSSSE: k between 2 - 10

```
In [29]: from pyspark.ml.clustering import KMeans
In [31]: # Trains a k-means model.
         k list = []
         wssse list = []
         for k in range(2,11):
             kmeans = KMeans(featuresCol='scaledFeatures', k=k)
             model = kmeans.fit(final_data)
             wssse = model.computeCost(final data)
             k list.append(k)
             wssse list.append(wssse)
             print("With k =", k, "Set Sum of Squared Errors = " + str(wssse))
         With k = 2 Set Sum of Squared Errors = 1155067.2563008904
         With k = 3 Set Sum of Squared Errors = 297656.40920043044
         With k = 4 Set Sum of Squared Errors = 146718.50451770602
         With k = 5 Set Sum of Squared Errors = 72720.18504204818
         With k = 6 Set Sum of Squared Errors = 68583.68208541229
         With k = 7 Set Sum of Squared Errors = 64483.499921190276
         With k = 8 Set Sum of Squared Errors = 60180.384358530224
         With k = 9 Set Sum of Squared Errors = 58364.71279295459
         With k = 10 Set Sum of Squared Errors = 52251.866281251554
```

In [32]: import pandas as pd
 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
 import seaborn as sns



```
In [33]: plt.plot(k_list, wssse_list)
plt.show()
```



• According to Elbow Method, we choose k = 5. Look like there is very little gain after k=5, so we stick to that choice when processing the full data set.

### Select k = 5

```
In [34]:
         # Trains a k-means model.
         kmeans = KMeans(featuresCol='scaledFeatures', k=5)
         model = kmeans.fit(final data)
         # Evaluate clustering by computing Within Set Sum of Squared Errors.
In [35]:
         wssse = model.computeCost(final data)
         print("Within Set Sum of Squared Errors = " + str(wssse))
         Within Set Sum of Squared Errors = 72720.18504204816
In [36]:
         # Shows the result.
         centers = model.clusterCenters()
         print("Cluster Centers: ")
         for center in centers:
             print(center)
         Cluster Centers:
         [-1.59030525 0.93719373 0.31581855]
         [ 1.19780483 -0.7365009 -0.99420908]
         [ 0.74896823 -1.2269015
                                   1.46702482]
         [-0.45182036 1.15367577 0.72369935]
         [ 0.35333753 -0.87989287 -1.0735622 ]
```

```
In [37]:
         predictions = model.transform(final data)
In [38]:
         predictions.select("prediction").show(5)
          |prediction|
                    1
                    2
                    2
                    2
                    0
         only showing top 5 rows
         # Check number points of each cluster
In [60]:
         predictions.groupBy('prediction').count().show()
          |prediction| count|
                    1 | 199987 |
                    3 | 200017 |
                    4 | 200013 |
                    2 | 200000 |
                    0 | 199983 |
         \# Our clustering algorithm created 5 equally sized clusters with K=5
In [39]: data result = predictions.select("prediction")
          data_result.columns
Out[39]: ['prediction']
In [40]: type(data_result)
Out[40]: pyspark.sql.dataframe.DataFrame
```

```
In [41]: final data.show(3, False)
                                                               |features
                          Ιу
         |scaledFeatures
         |5.647627534046943|-6.356222340123802|-7.240816026826695|[5.647627534046943,-6.
         356222340123802,-7.240816026826695||[1.0159673512169811,-0.81335799160424,-1.13
         006310236368071
         4.414367138680041 | -10.32624175635328 | 8.963324308916228 | [4.414367138680041, -1
         0.32624175635328, 8.963324308916228 | [0.7941127247055396, -1.3213715327025133, 1.
         3988923401033817
         5.005396944639823 - 9.301070062115645 | 10.35473056351597 | [5.005396944639823, -9.
         301070062115645,10.35473056351597] |[0.9004347126254774,-1.1901880174546189,1.6
         160469899240197]
         +-----
         only showing top 3 rows
In [42]: temp = final data.select("scaledFeatures").rdd.map(lambda x: \
                                                  x[0].toArray().tolist()).toDF()
In [43]:
         temp.show(3)
         |1.0159673512169811| -0.81335799160424|-1.1300631023636807|
         |0.7941127247055396|-1.3213715327025133| 1.3988923401033817|
         0.9004347126254774 -1.1901880174546189 | 1.6160469899240197
         only showing top 3 rows
In [44]:
         import pyspark.sql.functions as f
In [45]:
         # since there is no common column between these two dataframes add row index so
         temp=temp.withColumn('row_index', f.monotonically_increasing_id())
         data_result=data_result.withColumn('row_index',
                                           f.monotonically_increasing_id())
         temp = temp.join(data_result,
                         on=["row index"]).sort("row index").drop("row index")
```

In [46]: temp.show(3)



```
In [49]: df = temp.toPandas()
```

### In [54]: df.head(3)

#### Out[54]:

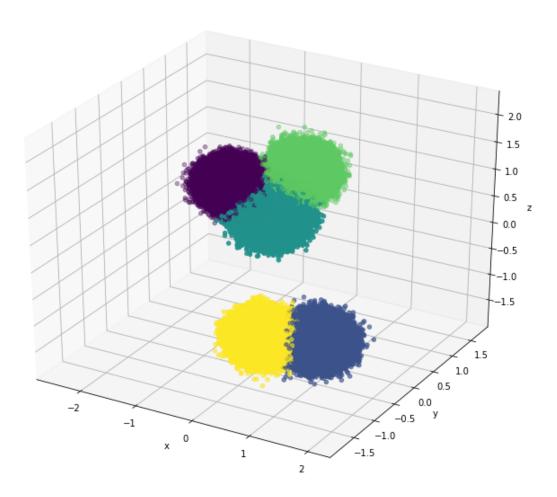
	x_scale	y_scale	z_scale	prediction
0	1.015967	-0.813358	-1.130063	1
1	0.794113	-1.321372	1.398892	2
2	0.900435	-1.190188	1.616047	2

```
In [50]: centers_df = pd.DataFrame(centers)
    centers_df.head()
```

### Out[50]:

2	1	0	
0.315819	0.937194	-1.590305	0
-0.994209	-0.736501	1.197805	1
1.467025	-1.226902	0.748968	2
0.723699	1.153676	-0.451820	3
-1.073562	-0.879893	0.353338	4

```
In [55]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from mpl_toolkits.mplot3d import Axes3D
```



# **Combine results**

```
In [51]: # since there is no common column between these two dataframes add row_ir
         final data=final_data.withColumn('row_index',
                                            f.monotonically increasing id())
         temp=temp.withColumn('row index',
                               f.monotonically increasing id())
         final_data = final_data.join(temp,
                                        on=["row index"]).sort("row index").drop("row index")
In [52]:
         final data.show(3, False)
                                                                    |features
          lχ
                            Ιу
          scaledFeatures
                                                                        |x scale
                              z scale
                                                   |prediction|
          y scale
          5.647627534046943 | -6.356222340123802 | -7.240816026826695 | [5.647627534046943, -6.
         356222340123802,-7.240816026826695||[1.0159673512169811,-0.81335799160424,-1.13
         00631023636807 | 1.0159673512169811 | -0.81335799160424 | -1.1300631023636807 | 1
          4.414367138680041 | -10.32624175635328 | 8.963324308916228 | [4.414367138680041, -1
         0.32624175635328, 8.963324308916228 | [0.7941127247055396, -1.3213715327025133, 1.
         3988923401033817]|0.7941127247055396|-1.3213715327025133|1.3988923401033817 |2
          |5.005396944639823|-9.301070062115645|10.35473056351597 | [5.005396944639823,-9.
         301070062115645,10.35473056351597 [0.9004347126254774,-1.1901880174546189,1.6
         160469899240197] | 0.9004347126254774 | -1.1901880174546189 | 1.6160469899240197 | 2
         only showing top 3 rows
```