

**Project name: Science Qtech Employee Performance Mapping**

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## **1. Introduction**

ScienceQtech is a startup that works in the Data Science field. ScienceQtech has worked on fraud detection, market basket, self-driving cars, supply chain, algorithmic early detection of lung cancer, customer sentiment, and the drug discovery field. With the annual appraisal cycle around the corner, the HR department has asked you (Junior Database Administrator) to generate reports on employee details, their performance, and on the project that the employees have undertaken, to analyze the employee database and extract specific data based on different requirements.

## **2. Objective**

To facilitate a better understanding, managers have provided ratings for each employee which will help the HR department to finalize the employee performance mapping. As a DBA, you should find the maximum salary of the employees and ensure that all jobs are meeting the organization's profile standard. You also need to calculate bonuses to find extra cost for expenses. This will raise the overall performance of the organization by ensuring that all required employees receive training.

### **3. Sql code**

1.create database employee;

3. SELECT EMP\_ID, FIRST\_NAME, LAST\_NAME, GENDER, DEPT

FROM emp\_record\_table;

SELECT \* FROM emp\_record\_table;

4. SELECT EMP\_ID, FIRST\_NAME, LAST\_NAME, GENDER, DEPT, EMP\_RATING

FROM emp\_record\_table

WHERE EMP\_RATING < 2;

SELECT EMP\_ID, FIRST\_NAME, LAST\_NAME, GENDER, DEPT, EMP\_RATING

FROM emp\_record\_table

WHERE EMP\_RATING >4;

SELECT EMP\_ID, FIRST\_NAME, LAST\_NAME, GENDER, DEPT, EMP\_RATING

FROM emp\_record\_table

WHERE EMP\_RATING BETWEEN 2 AND 4;

5. SELECT CONCAT(FIRST\_NAME, ' ', LAST\_NAME) AS NAME

FROM emp\_record\_table

WHERE DEPT = 'Finance';

6. SELECT \*

FROM emp\_record\_table

WHERE emp\_id IN (

SELECT DISTINCT manager\_id

FROM emp\_record\_table

```
WHERE manager_id IS NOT NULL  
);
```

```
7. SELECT EMP_ID, FIRST_NAME, LAST_NAME, DEPT  
FROM emp_record_table  
WHERE DEPT = "HEALTHCARE"  
  
UNION  
  
SELECT EMP_ID, FIRST_NAME, LAST_NAME, DEPT  
FROM emp_record_table  
WHERE DEPT = "FINANCE"
```

```
8. SELECT dept, emp_id, first_name, last_name, role, emp_rating, MAX(emp_rating) OVER (PARTITION  
BY dept) AS max_emp_rating  
  
FROM emp_record_table  
  
GROUP BY dept, emp_id, first_name, last_name, role, emp_rating;
```

```
9. SELECT role, MIN(salary) AS min_salary, MAX(salary) AS max_salary  
  
FROM emp_record_table  
  
GROUP BY role;
```

```
10. SELECT emp_id, FIRST_NAME, DEPT, exp, RANK() OVER (ORDER BY exp DESC)  
  
FROM emp_record_table;
```

```
11. CREATE VIEW employee_salary_view AS  
  
SELECT *  
  
FROM emp_record_table  
  
WHERE salary > 6000  
  
GROUP BY country;
```

```
12. SELECT *  
FROM emp_record_table  
WHERE exp > 10;
```

```
13. DELIMITER &&  
CREATE PROCEDURE sp_employee_experience()  
BEGIN  
SELECT *  
    FROM emp_record_table  
    WHERE exp > 3;  
END;  
CALL sp_employee_experience();
```

```
14. DELIMITER &&  
CREATE FUNCTION EMPLOYEE_ROLE_MATCH ( EXP INT ) RETURNS VARCHAR (50) DETERMINISTIC  
BEGIN  
    DECLARE STANDARD_ROLE VARCHAR (50);  
    IF EXP < 2 THEN  
        SET STANDARD_ROLE ='JUNIOR DATA SCIENTIST';  
    ELSEIF ( EXP >=2 and EXP <5) THEN  
        SET STANDARD_ROLE ='ASSOCIATE DATA SCIENTIST';  
    ELSEIF ( EXP >=5 and EXP <10) THEN  
        SET STANDARD_ROLE ='SENIOR DATA SCIENTIST';  
    ELSEIF ( EXP >=10 and EXP <12) THEN  
        SET STANDARD_ROLE ='LEAD DATA SCIENTIST';  
    ELSEIF ( EXP >=12 and EXP <16) THEN  
        SET STANDARD_ROLE ='MANAGER';
```

```
END IF;  
RETURN (STANDARD_ROLE);  
END &&
```

```
15. SELECT EMP.EMP_ID, DS.ROLE, EMP.EXP, EMPLOYEE_ROLE_MATCH(EMP.EXP)  
FROM emp_record_table EMP  
JOIN data_science_team DS ON EMP.EMP_ID = DS.EMP_ID;
```

```
16. CREATE INDEX idx_employee_firstname ON emp_record_table (FIRST_NAME);
```

```
17. SELECT EMP_ID, SALARY, emp_rating, 0.05 * SALARY * emp_rating AS bonus  
FROM emp_record_table;
```

```
18. SELECT  
    continent,  
    country,  
    AVG(salary) AS avg_salary  
FROM  
    emp_record_table  
GROUP BY  
    continent,  
    country;
```