		_
6):		

	ROPARKS Plant Community Asse		Quality Control Form Quality Control Form: 1064 Date Sampled: 12715 Lead: CKM
Project Label:	PCAP	Plot No	
	40.10.11.	T	Comment required if item answer is NO
Parking/Access outside		YO	If yes, write details in Comments section below
Field journals complete		(Y) N	
Site sketch made on 1:	121 124	W N	
Check cover page	X-axis Bearing of plot recorded		10000
	GPS coords. Recorded	(T) N	
	North direction recorded	Фи	
	Photographs taken?	Y N	
	Relocated Pins Mapped	Y N	
Plot No., Date agreeme	ent on all pages?	N	
leader data completed	all pages?	(y) N	
Cover classes recorded	in all Intensive modules	Q N	
Browse Level By Spec	ies	Ø N	-10
Woody stem quality co	entrol check	(V) N	Check every line and cross check with the Tree Cover Sheet
nvasive plant quality	control check	Y N	NA
Ash trees mapped	Ø.	(Y) N	<u> </u>
Completed Forest Pest	Pathogen Datasheet	(Y) N	2.00
Cover by Strata? (conf		Ви	And the second s
	with matching plot #.	YN	NA
Cross check 2010 info	100	(Y) N	Highlight any changes from 2010 information
	ntasheet with initials and number	₩ N	
Vouchers labeled on co		Ø N	
Pink flags removed	sneedon cag	(y) N	
Data sheet QA before	equipa cite?	(Ŷ) N	
Common equipment re	ACC 5 5 1 1 CT (5 A) 2 A	YN	
Data sheets scanned?	admed to tab.	1 1 1	Enter date to left
Final data sheets scan	- 10		Enter date to left
uffer Widths measure		V 11	Enter date to fer
	50.7	YN	
Web Soil Survey		YN	
Voucher Location	Refrigerator	YN	
# vouchers collected)	Press (#)		Enter number to left
CKM239-	Drier	YN	
240	Identified	Y N	
	Mounted	Y N	
	Thrown away	Y N	
			<u> </u>
GRTS point verificat	ion: Is plot sampleable?		
□ Yes _	Original GRTS point is sampleable		
□ No =	Original GRTS point lands in a non-	-sampleable area (i	fill in category below)
	☐ Point falls in a water (i.e. river.	lake)	
	Managed mowed area (i.e. golf	course, picnic area, rig	tht-of-way)
	☐ Paved area (i.e. parkinglot, road)☐ ☐ Unsafe to sample (i.e. steep slop	····	<del>-</del>
	Unsafe to sample (i.e. steep slop     Other	~,	
Additional Comment			
Additional Comment	5;		
		_	

#S

8

Minimum required fields in Bold and Underlined

\*Definitions and values in CM PCAP FOM v. 1.0 and CVS Field Guide

OVER

CLEVELAND METROPARKS Plant Community Assessment Program - Background Data Sheet	munity Assessment Program	- Background Data S	heet	į		( Clumburd Natrografts
Project Label:	PCAP	Project Name: 02 32 40( )	C 107	Hot No.: /O.	100	Page 2 of 2
MODIFIED NATURESERVE CLASS*		DISTUR	DISTURBANCES			
CODE (on separate form):	Fit= Conf=	type*	severity** yrs ago	yrs ago % of plot	description	
600		Human				
0		Natural				
COMMUNITY NAME:		Fire				
To To To Co		Cut	_			
Beech - Mapie 10123		Animal	WH D	901	Der Browse	
		Other				
HOMOGENEITY		**[,=low,	ML=med low, M=me	d, MH=med h	**L=low, ML=med low, M=med, MH=med high, H=high, VH=very high	igh
Homogeneous   Compositional t	Compositional trend across the plot	Current	Current Land Use: CM P		,	
☐ Conspicuous inclusions ☐ Irregular/pattern mosaic	mosaic	Former Land Use:	and Use:			
	HYDROLOGIC REGIME*	:				
	Upland (seldom flooded)	D Intermittently flooded	paded			
SALINITY*	o Intermittently/seasonally saturated	a Semipermanently flooded	flooded			
D Saltwater	(seldom flooded)	a Permanently flooded	ded			
Brackish	C Permanently/Semipermanent, saturated	rated a Tidal/Seiche flooded daily	ded daily			
n Fresh	(dry <1/yr, seldom flooded)	o Tidal/Seiche flooded monthly	ded monthly			
/ Upland (n/a)	□ Occasionally flooded (<1/yr)	o Tidal/Seiche flooded irregular	ded irregular			
	a Temporarily flooded	(e.g. wind, storms)	ls)			
(by default unless plot is a wetland)		a Unknown				
Additional notes & diagrams: (Representativene	ss of plot to the stand, successional sta	itus, maturity, etc.)				
The gae is un-even	aged. There are s	ome really n	ice matur	e the	so in the	told
Soin gouth	Charrys. The	Canopy has	many sa	nall su	gar maples	14. 71
IIICINAINI A IIICINAINI	in in as the re	ext generation	n. Pict his	- hard	by worms	bus
loop howers the herb layer sparse and not diverse. Shrub layer thick but	aver source a	nd not dive	rse, Shru	ib lay	RY HINK	but
some trees dying out.						

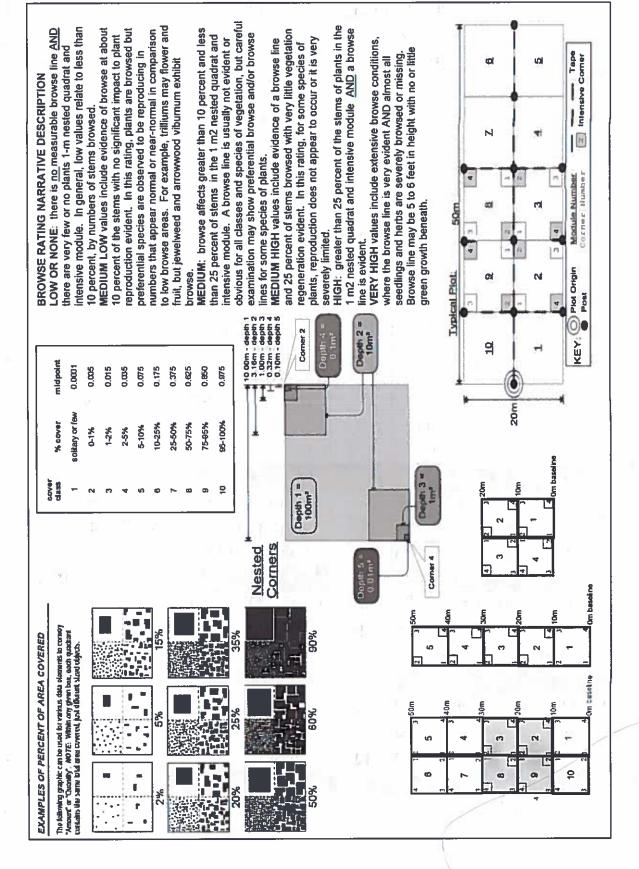
CLEVELAND METROPARKS Plant Community Assessment Program Species Cover Data Sheet

Project Label: PCAP Project name: 02 5 4 2 0 5 Plot no.: 1064

Total modules: 10 Intensive modules: 4 Plot configuration: 2 x 5 Plot area (ha):

Br = Browse Level. Use cover classes to intensive restricts are describe amount of browse per species over survey. Br. (F)(A) Br Species Specie	VS.		26	- 10	, Vie	W		-	121	1		, A		Specia			7									50	Strata		T O	<u>က</u>		1152
Br B Brown Level Use cover classes to describe amount of thomas per species over such as a control from the post over such	1	_	17	12			7	17	2	1-2	17	7	¥	2	N.	12	1	2		2	7	12	2	2	(H	エ	Š		ģ	5		Q
Br B Brown Level Use cover classes to describe amount of thomas per species over such as a control from the post over such			Ė						<u> </u>							È	-					1			į.	T	. entii		Brks	1		
Br B Brown Level Use cover classes to describe amount of thomas per species over such as a control from the post over such		_	$\vdash$	$\vdash$		$\vdash$	,		6	0.	_	-	-17		7	1	תו						-	_		(A) B	e plot		-			
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Estimate for each	×.	3	λ	אער	30.	Sp			á	24.5	<u>ت</u> _	Sp.	ابدط	ちゃ	5	NE NE	9	ich	1	50.	35	22	na 2	der	Š		-		ă	moun c		
Estimate for each	_	1		3	15.5	~	<del>S</del> -	<b>\$</b> Φ.	T		۶,		luy		S	1	ARA	UT)	20		).	7	120	dr	CC	Spe			entin	of	5	
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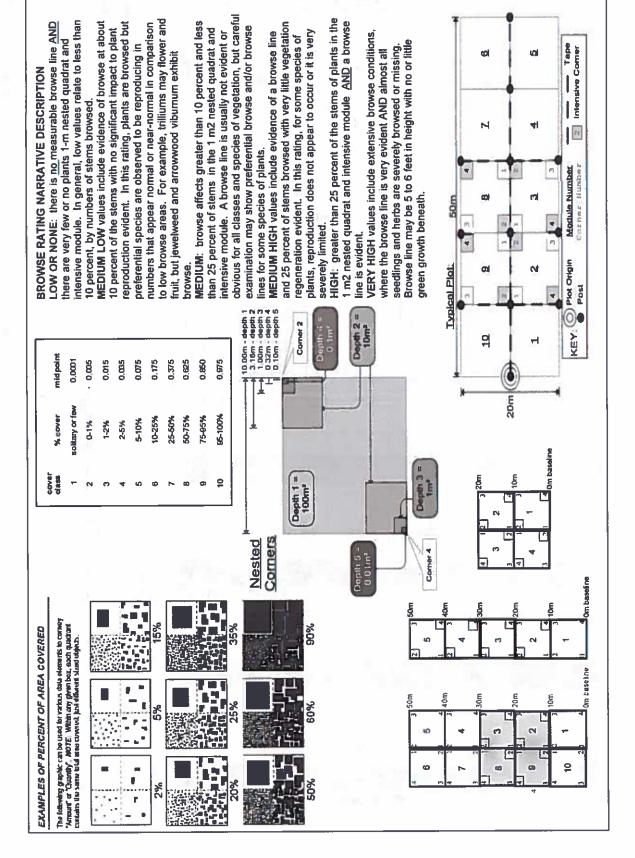
With Stall and



bx mg blact **CLEVELAND METROPARKS Plant Community Assessment Program Species Cover Data Sheet** Strata - Cov. entire plot Project Label: Cleveland Metroparks Total modules: H (F)(A)Br 8 PENONYMUS Carex \* Sp Species Species Woody #4: Ac RHAMMUS FRANGULA Ostrya virginiana taxious penns y lyanica describe amount of browse per species over 0 Polygonatum pubescens Valanthemum canddenso Br = Browse Level. Use cover classes to THISTICALINA entire plot ALATAUS ດ Intensive modules: %unveg. ground (bare soil) intensive module: Estimate for each %unvegetated open water %unveg. inter (bare later) KKM240 C4672-673 Project name: 025C2015 Voucher # %open water corner mod corner cov , depth cov i depth Plot configuration: 2x5 ş 8 COV 6 depth cov i depth Plot no.: 1064 VOC ğ depth cav depth N ğ 🗴 Commer cov i depth cov depth ∞ ₹ 7 comer Plot area (ha): ğ 9 Pom Mod Page ( cov i depen cov f depth Dom N COTTLET 8 8 depth mod N N SRE

SRE\_CM PCAP Species Cover Data .xls last revised 6/10/2015 jim

Natural Resource Management FORM NR/2010-02a



SRE\_CM PCAP TREE Species Cover Data sheet.xls last revised 6/10/2015 jjm

CLEVELAND METROPARKS Plant Community Assessment Program Tree Cover Data Sheet % COVER Strata - Cov. entire plot Project Label: 막 Aces Lindendron Larya ovata Quercus rubra Acer rubrum Prunus serotina Lagus granditalia 1tis aestivalis aryo saccharum corditarmis Species tulioiter ဂ Prensence of tree mod mod species (X) 2 3 Project name: 02 5 4 20 15 Plot no.: 1064 Voucher # 3 jo 4 9

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ent Program Tre Project name:	Prensence of tre	species (X)	Voucher #		n.	0													
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CLEVELAND METROPARKS Plant Community Assessment Program Tree Cover Data Sheet Project Label: PCAP Project name: F		lot	Species																
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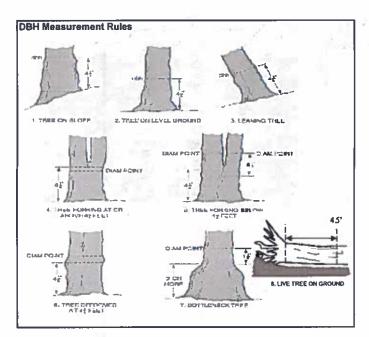
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I MisIDidas Canja glabro fagus grandifolia andura subra facus grandifolia STANDING DEAD Acer Soccharum Acer rubrum Acer Socchanin Fagus grandifalia STANDINKS DEAD Faigus grandifilia STANDING DEAD Explain subsample (additional room on back): STANDIAK DEAD 110 BROWSE Acer southorson Acer săccharum THE NO BROWSE querous rubro. Traximus Sp. Acer saccharum NOBEUWSE Acer pubrum STANDING DEAD arua Cordiformis indena benzall Project Label: PCAP voucher# 0-1.4m sterns or super % sub Project Name: OaSCaOIS shrub • size class (cm) woody stems >1.4m <u>Z</u> 11 11 1-<2.5 .7 • 2.5-<5 Plot No.: 1064 . • • 10-<15 15 - <20 • 20 - <25 Page: 25 - <30 30 - <35 Cheveland Metroparks 35 - <40 9.6t >40 (record each tree) 84.8 =

CLEVELAND METROPARKS Plant Community Assessment Program Natural Woody Stem Data Sheet

011911000





## Woody Stem Deer Browse

Record the number of stems/plants between 0.5-1.0 meters tall that exhibit evidence of this years deer browse.

Record using the tally system from 1 to 16















# ASH CANOPY CONDITION

- 1. Healthy, full canopy: A healthy ash canopy is normally thinner than many other trees such as maple.
- 2. Thinning canopy: There aren't as many leaves as there ought to be, but all top branches exposed to sunlight have leaves.
- Dieback: Canopy is thinning and some top branches exposed to sunlight are dead (have no leaves). Lower branches, not exposed to sunlight, die naturally and are not considered.
- 4. >50% Dieback: The canopy has less than half of the leaves that should be there and/or half of the top branches are dead,
- Dead canopy: No leaves remain in the canopy portion of the tree. It still counts as a 5 even if there are epicormic sprouts below the canopy (lowest branch) on the trunk.



В

C

D

E

## ASH CANOPY BREAKUP CONDITION (for dead trees):

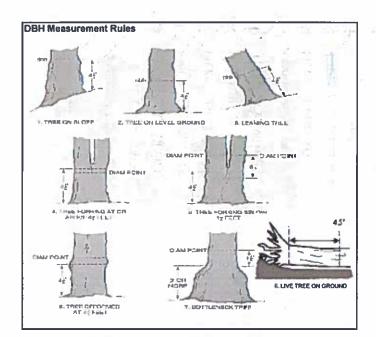
(If an ash receives a score of 5 (dead) under canopy condition it must also receive a breakup condition rank as described below)

- A: All main branches contain fine twigs (newly dead).
- B: Over 50% of main branches have fine twigs.
- C: Less than 50% of main branches have fine twigs.
- D: Stem still standing and tertiary main branches present.
- E: Central stem still standing.

CLEVELAND METROPARKS Plant Community Assessment Program Natural Woody Stem Data Sheet + Fagus grandiblia F ELONYPORS Alatus Pyrus Sp. Explain subsample (additional room on back): Pault Stration Lindera bentoin VIAS DASTAVOLIS Acer sarcharum Acer tubrum Quercus rubia Vitis destivation Ostruo virginiana Acer Saccharum Frans granditalio-STANDANG DEAD Prunus serotina STANDING DEAD Aler sacchanan Ostria virginiana NO BRILLSE Carpinus caroliniera aranys Carolinianos carua ovata indera hentain Project Label: PCAP browsed 91.4m sterns 7 or super % sub Project Name: 02.5C2015 shrub \* size class (cm) woody stems >1.4m 0-<u>^1</u> . . 1-<2.5 -2.5-45 • Plot No .: 1064 5-<10 10-<15 15 - <20 × 20 - <25 Page: 25 - < 30 30 - <35 (V) Gleveland Metroparks 35 - <40 ۰ 可开 >40 (record each tree) 40.6.42.5 63 03.4







### **Woody Stem Deer Browse**

Record the number of stems/plants between 0.5-1.0 meters tall that exhibit evidence of this years deer browse.

Record using the tally system from 1 to 10













## **ASH CANOPY CONDITION**

- 1. Healthy, full canopy: A healthy ash canopy is normally thinner than many other trees such as maple.
- 2. Thinning canopy: There aren't as many leaves as there ought to be, but all top branches exposed to sunlight have leaves.
- Dieback: Canopy is thinning and some top branches exposed to sunlight are dead (have no leaves). Lower branches, not exposed to sunlight, die naturally and are not considered.
- 4. >50% Dieback: The canopy has less than half of the leaves that should be there and/or half of the top branches are dead.
- 5. Dead canopy: No leaves remain in the canopy portion of the tree. It still counts as a 5 even if there are epicormic sprouts below the canopy (lowest branch) on the trunk.



В

C

D

E

### ASH CANOPY BREAKUP CONDITION (for dead trees):

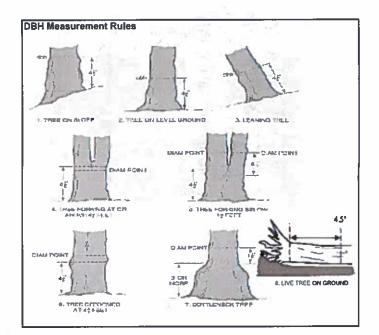
(if an ash receives a score of 5 (dead) under canopy condition it must also receive a breakup condition rank as described below)

- A: All main branches contain fine twigs (newly dead).
- B: Over 50% of main branches have fine twigs.
- C; Less than 50% of main branches have fine twigs.
- D: Stem still standing and tertiary main branches present.
- E: Central stem still standing.

O STANDANG DEAD Fagus arandifolia Explain subsample (additional room on back) STANDING DEAD Lindera benzain Fagus granditalia Acer Succharum Heer sacchaning species Project Label: \_ PCAP voucher# # sterns 0-1.4m or super % sub Project Name: 02SC 105 shrub size class (cm) woody stems >1.4m 0 0 1-<2.5 ľ. 2.5-<5 Plot No.: 1064 5-<10 0 10 - <15 15 - <20 20 - <25 Page: 25 - <30 30 - <35 of Cleveland Metropaiks 35 - <40 5 >40 (record each tree) =

CLEVELAND METROPARKS Plant Community Assessment Program Natural Woody Stem Data Sheet

UT/47/04/1



### Woody Stem Deer Browse

Record the number of stems/plants between 0.5-1.0 meters tall that exhibit evidence of this years deer browse.

Record using the tally system from 1 to















# **ASH CANOPY CONDITION**

- 1. Healthy, full canopy: A healthy ash canopy is normally thinner than many other trees such as maple.
- 2. Thinning canopy: There aren't as many leaves as there ought to be, but all top branches exposed to sunlight have leaves.
- 3. Diaback: Canopy is thinning and some top branches exposed to sunlight are dead (have no leaves). Lower branches, not exposed to sunlight, die naturally and are not considered.
- 4. >50% Dieback: The canopy has less than half of the leaves that should be there and/or half of the top branches are dead.
- 5. Dead canopy: No leaves remain in the canopy portion of the tree. It still counts as a 5 even if there are epicormic sprouts below the canopy (lowest branch) on the trunk.



C

### ASH CANOPY BREAKUP CONDITION (for dead trees):

(if an ash receives a score of 5 (dead) under canopy condition it must also receive a breakup condition rank as described below)

- A: All main branches contain fine twigs (newly dead).
- B: Over 50% of main branches have fine twigs.
- C: Less than 50% of main branches have fine twigs.
- D: Stem still standing and tertiary main branches present.
- E: Central stem still standing.

 If Ash Condition scores 5 (dead) provide breakup score (A-E) Count EAB exit holes 1.25m2 x 21.5m
 Woodpecker and epicormic marked present (1) or absent (0)

Page: 1 of 2

CLEVELAND METROPARKS Emerald Ash Borer - Fraxinus Sheet

Project Label: PCAP

Module		NONE PERSON	Dead	0		Voucher #	(cm)	(cm)	(cm)	DBH Ht @ Ash "Dead condition condition	DBH Ht & Ash Dad condition condition	(cm)
	7 8 5											
	<b>6</b>											
	10											
	11				3							
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	23											
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\*\*\* Change intensive module numbers when necessary

z

9

**CO** 

Map all ash trees ≥10cm in each module using Tree ID number

**N** 

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Natural Resources Management FORM 2010-04a

# CLEVELAND METROPARKS Plant Community Assessment Program: Invasive Species Survey



Tier 1: Earl	y detection,	Rapid response			Pre	sence		GPS	
				NE	SE	sw	NW		Presence
Microstegium vimineum		Japanese stiltgrass							X: yes
Ranunculus ficaria		Lesser Celandine			1	_			1
Cynanchum louiseae	(vine)	Black Swallow-wort							
Butomus umbellatus		Flowering Rush			1				<del>-</del>
Heracleum mantegazzianı		Giant Hogweed		<del>                                     </del>	<del>                                     </del>	<del> </del>			_
	r 2: Assess a				# of	Plants		comments	
	2. A33E33 8	3 1466666	1000.051	NE	SE	SW	NW	COMMITTERS	# of Plants
Acer platanoides		Norway Maple		IAE	35	244	1444		1: 1-10
Ailanthus altissima		Tree of Heaven			+	+-			2: 11-50.
	fortant.	Japanese Honeysuckle	_	<del>                                     </del>	+	$\vdash$	<del>                                     </del>		3: 51-100
Lonicera japonica		<del></del>		-	+	+-			
Lythrum salicaria	<del></del>	Purple Loosestrife		<del> </del>	┼	-			4: 101-1,00
Aegopodium podagraria	(G-cover)	Bishop's Goutweed		_		-			5: >1,000
Celastrus orbiculatus	(vine)	Asian Bittersweet		<u> </u>	┼	-			_
Torilis sp.		Hedgeparsley		<u> </u>	-	<del> </del>			_
Conium maculatum		Poison Hemlock		<u> </u>	-	₩			_
Rhamnus cathartica		Common Buckthorn	(shrub)	<u> </u>	_		$\vdash$		
Berberis thunbergii		Japanese Barberry	(shrub)						_
Alnus glutinosa		European Alder							
Dipsacus laciniatus		Cut-leaf Teasel							
Elaeagnus umbellata		Autumn Olive	(shrub)						
Lonicera maackii		Amur Honeysuckle	(shrub)						
Euonymus fortunei		Wintercreeper							
Tier 3	: Presence is	s of Interest			# of	Plants	- 3	comments	
	3.97 77			NE	SE	SW	NW		# of Plants
Convallaria majalis	(G-cover)	Lily of the Valley							1: 1-10
Coronilla varia		Crown Vetch				1			2: 11-50.
Eleutherococcus pentaphy	/llus	Five-leaf Aralia	(shrub)						3: 51-100
Pachysandra terminalis		Japanese Pachysandra							4: 101-1,00
Philadelphus coronarius	, ,	Mock Orange	(shrub)			<del> </del>			5: >1,000
Pulmonaria officinalis	(G-cover)	Lungwort	(=::::::::::)						
Rubus phoenicolasius	(= ====,	Wineberry				1			_
Iris pseudacorus	(wetland)	Yellow Flag Iris		$\vdash$	+				$\dashv$
Ornithogalum umbellatum		Star of Bethlehem							$\dashv$
Viburnum opulus var. opu		European Cranberry	(chrub)		+				$\dashv$
Viburnum plicatum	ius		(shrub)	<del>                                     </del>		-			$\dashv$
	Videenread :	and abundant	(SIII GD)		Dre	sence		comments	
Het 40 t	riuespicau	bild poblication		NE	SE	SW	NW	Commence	# of Plants
Alliaria petiolata		Garlic Mustard		IVE	JL	244	1444	***************************************	1: 1-10
Alliaria petiolata Ligustrum vulgare			(shrub)	-	+-	1			2: 11-50.
0 0			•	-	+	<del> </del>			
L. morrowii, L. tatarica		<del></del>	(shrub)		-	-	<del>                                     </del>		3: 51-100
Phalaris arundinacea	f 41 44	Reed Canarygrass		_	$\vdash$	+-			4: 101-1,00
Phragmites australis	(wetland)	Phragmites			+	$\vdash$	$\vdash$		5: >1,000
Polygonum cuspidatum		Japanese Knotweed		<u> </u>			<del>  </del>		-
Frangula alnus			(shrub)	<u> </u>	-	₩			-
Rosa multiflora			(shrub)		<u> </u>	₩			_
Typha angustifolia, T. x.gla	auca	Cattails (wetland)		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			_
Cirsium arvense		Canada thistle		<u> </u>	<u> </u>				_
Dipsacus fullonum		Common Teasel						<u> </u>	
Hesperis matronalis		Dame's Rocket							
Vinca minor	(G-cover)	Periwinkle							
					_				<del></del>

Note: For Ground-cover plants record "stem #" but in comment field describe # of colonies and patch size (S,M, L)

1.1911901

\* IF EVIDENCE OF PEST OR PATHOGEN RECORD TOTAL SPECIES POPULATION IN THE PLOT EVEN THE NOT INFECTED

Strata	# of stem Se	Severity (H,M, or L)	* Write	* Write None Present if no evidence:	
Tree (size class 3 or above)			MONE	IONIS POSSIDE eech (Fungus)	NK. PRESENTAsian Longhorned Beetle
Shrub				4	
(size class 2 or below including shrub clumps)				Hemlock (HWA)	Other Pest or Pathogen
7				Walnut (Thousand Canker)	
			[		
Severity			A LEAVE		
High = more than 50% of leaf/needle cover exhibiting symptoms	needle cover ex	hibiting symp	toms	3 1	
Medium = Less than 50% of leaf/needle cover exhibiting symptoms	af/needle cover	exhibiting sy	mptoms		
Low = Only a few leaves or branches are exhibiting symptoms	anches are exhi	biting sympto	ms		

STANDING BYOMASS (required for emergent wetlands) collected in 0.1m clip plots (32x32 cm) from corners 1 and 3 in each intensive module. Required for VIBI-E score calculation. C7-check when CLEVELAND METROPARKS Plant Community Assessment Program - Plant Cover and Earth Surface

Project Label: PCAP Project Name: 02 50 2 05 collected

ន

CLASSIFICATION		
OH = excellent p fit and Confidence		
Hydroecomorphic class (WETLANDS ONLY):		
DEPRESSION	1	Conf
d IMPOUNDMENT to Beaver to Human	File	Conf-
g RIVERINE g Headwater g Mainstern g Channel	T T	Conf =
EI SLOPE (pround water by thrology or on a physical slops	Fig	Conf=
o FRINGING to Reservoir to Natural Lake	Film	Conf-
to COASTAL (specify subclass)	File	Conf-
D BOG (strongly, moderately, weekly ombrotrophic)	File	Conf -
Ohio ETA VIBI Flant Community Class (WETLANDS ONLY):	KLIN	
the FOREST is awarming forest to bog forest to forest seep	1	Conf=
a EMERGENT a marsh in wet meadow in open bog	2. 	Conf*
o SHRUB o shrub swamp or tall sh. bog a tall sh. fon	Fire	Confa

feature is absent or functionally absent from the wetland feature is present in the wetland in very small amounts or if more contrnon, of low quality	wetland ounts or If more comm	on, of low quality					
7 feature is present in moderate amounts, but not of highest quality, or in small amounts of highest quality 10 feature is present in moderate or greater amounts and of highest quality	d highest quality, or in s a and of highest quality	smail amounts of high	est quality				
	A STANCES OF		c.w.d cour	X for pieces with	c.w.d count for pieces with minimum 1m length		
no. of	ne. of	no macro.	c.w.d	c.w.d	C W.M	microhab.	microhab
tussocks	hymenocks	depressions	(2-12 cm)	(12-40cm)	y to ca	interspers.	
							200
c end he	2 undae	oepin i	r mése	1 melso	ochus r	r metan	20016
lxlm	3.16x3.16m	10x10m	10x10m	10x 10m	lox10m	10x10m	19210m
mod# corner (count)	(count)	(count)	(sount)	(count)	(count)	(rank)	(mak)
0	0	ی	5	0	O	2	_
0	O	b	0 1	0	0	ນ	
Q	Ø	ນ	0	0	ð	႒ာ	_
9 0	Ö	25	4	1		ς)	1

\* Landform Index (poelson within landscape)
\*\* Terrain Shape Index (site microtopographic shape) McNAB INDICES (degrees) + for up - for down (FILLED OUT USING GIS PROGRAM - DO NOT FILL OUT IN FIELD)

+270 degrees

\*

+315 degrees

Z

+225 degrees

WS

+ I I/I degrees

+135 degrees

+90 degree

LFI is angle of plot to the horizon. TSI is sagle formed by local alopes. For TSI measure angle from recorders eye to eye of person standing - 10 m

+45 degrees

됬

At aspect

CROWN COVER (DENSIOMETER). Make 4 readings per module facing N. S. E. W. Place dot count corresonding space. (4 dots per grid square)

9		La la	2	Medule
_	0	9	0	Z
_	0	0	0	s
B	ىع	-	0	Е
-	_	0	0	*

C102/28/10 (Conveignd Metroparts

Page: 1 of 1

NOTE: baseck and hummocks are counted in BOTH nected quadrat comers but counts are aggregated.

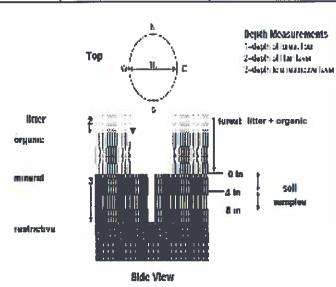
SeCM PCAP Plant Cover\_Earth Surface Data sheet Page 1\_ver 3.xis but revised \$29/2012 ceh

#### **COVER BY STRATA**

STRATUM	GENERAL FORM
Tree (generally >5 m)	Tree (overstory), very tall shrubs*, liana, epiphyte)
Shrub (generally 0,5 to 5 m)	Tree (sapling), shrub, liana, epiphyte)
Herb (Field)	Herb, dwarf-shrub**, tree (seedling***)
Floating	Floating
Aquatic (submerged)	Submerged

"Very tall shrubs are sometimes included in the tree stratum

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>Tree seedlings are often defined as up to 1.4 m height or as <2.5 cm DBH in which case they would span the herb and shrub layers.



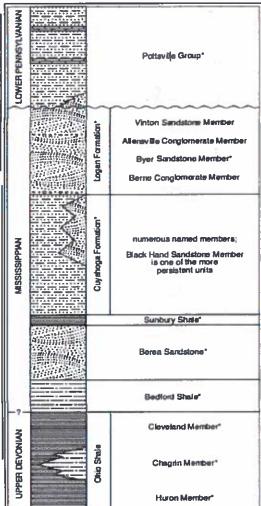


FIGURE 3-20.—Generalized section of Upper Devoman, Missesspian, and Lower Pennsylvanian formations in northeastern Ohio Arturales indicate units that are fossiliferous. This composite section transcents about 400 meters of rock exposed across the area. The section is not to earle, but the chicknesses indicated are propertional. The term "Waverty" is used in the older literature to refer to Mississpian rocks in Ohio. Some geologists use the European nerm "Carbomferous," which encompasses the Mississpian and Pennsylvanian Periods of the U.S. Many until have been named within the Cuyahoga Formation, but most units are local and cannot be traced over great distances. The Black Hand Member is a spectacular massive sandarone that is fault widestread but discontinuous. See Hyde (1953), Hoover (1960), and Collins (1979) for more information on Mississippian rocks in Ohio. See figure 3-18 for explanation of rock types.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Can also include seedlings of shrubs, i.e. all shrubs <0.5m

CLEVELAND METROPARKS Plant Community Assessment Program - Soils, Crown Cover, Standing Biomass Data Sheet 6a

Project label: PCAP Project Name: 025C20/5

Plot No.: 1064

CIUMIT DITU

(E) Clemeland likehoparks

Page: 1 of 1

<u>SOIL PIT DESCRIPTION:</u> Excavate 20 cm plug with shove! Describe using Munsell chart, visual exam, texture, and odor.

Soil pit module # \_\_\_ (one per entire plot)

						20 cm							2 CM
hydro. cond.***	redox features**	texture*	oxid roots	%mottle	mottle color	matrix color	hydr. cond.***	redox features**	texture*	oxid roots	%mottle	mottle color	matrix color
ı s	<		~				S	Y		4			
M D	z		z		l		N	z		z		T	

refer to texture classes on reverse side

e.g. hydrogen sulfide odor, gleying, etc. lotes: Include evidence of earthworms (worms underdated S-saturated M-moist D-dry

MODZ: NO Whems OBSTERVED. CASTINGS PRESENT SWAON: EGOR

MIDDIES PRESENT

MOD D: Worms, castings

SOIL SAMPLES Standard procedure: collect a soil sample of the top 10 cm of soil from center of each mtensive module and composite the sample

Soil Collection Modul Herizan (A. B. C)	5	
2,3,8,9 composited	>	
Web Sall Survey Information:		
Soil Series/Type:		
Soil Series Source: Ohio Soil Survey	2.3	
Landform type:		
Depth to rest. Layer:		
Parent Material	L	
DRAINAGE*		
o Excessively dr. o Somewhat excessively	cessively	
Z	well dr.	
a Somewhat poorly dr. a Very poorly dr.	oorly dr.	
o impermeable surface		

ord as >30	cm in center of intensive modules. If >30.5 cm	IL DEPTH MEASUREMENT: Measure to the neares
နှိ	cente	ž
	맆	Ē
	inter	SUR
	ISIVE	E
	Ð	N
	dules	Mea
	=	BUTS
	>30	10 1
	50	ne n
	Ę	99
		188

SOIL DEPTH 0.1 cm in cent record as >30	SOIL DEPTH MEASUREMENT: Measure to the nea 0.1 cm in center of intensive modules. If >30.5 cm, record as >30	IREMENT: I	Measure to lules, If >3	the nearest 0,5 cm,
	1 litter+ organic depth	2 litter	water depth	depth sat
) mode	(ciii)		>	<b>*</b> (cm)
0	-	-		
W	1.9	0	0	0
8	1.6	18	0	0
p	0.0	ರ.೮	0	0

Underlying Earth Surface*	Surface*	Ground Cover
(NO01 - 100%)	percent	(Each \( \) 100%)
Histosol	1	Coarse Woody Debris***
Mineral Soil	8	Fine Woody Debris***
Gravel-Cobble*		Litter
Boulder**		Duff (Ferm. + Humus)
Bedrock	1	Bryophyle- Lichen
Oravel-Cobble = 1/16-10	1/16-10*	Water
••Boulder => 10 in	m	Bare Soil
•••>5 cm an diameter	edar	Roed/Trail
450	ett <5 cm in diameter	Olive

Hiking sanctioned

Bridle

Bootleg unsanctioned

All Purpose

TRAIL INFORMATION:

NONE

cord type and cover for each

%Cover

Gravel

(Floating)*	Herb	Shrub	Tree	Strata	COVER BY STRATA
1	0.5	.5 .5.0	5.0.7	Height Range (m)	COVER BY STRATA estimate using midpoints of 5,ex:3, 8, 13
1	51	63	88	Total Cover (%)	ex:3, 8, 13

O < plot state	a 1-3 x plot size	a 3-10 x plot size	76-100 x plot size	a > 100 x plot size	a >600 x plot size	STAND SIZE
	di		ů			

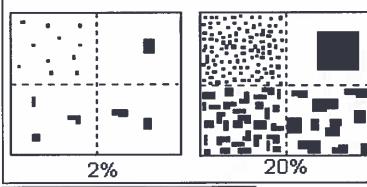
(Aquatic)\*

rooted and floating or slightly emersed submersed, most plant mass below surface

SEE BACK OF PAGE FOR "TYPICAL"STRATA
DESCRIPTIONS. STRATA CAN VARY BY COVER TYPE.



Class	C	code	Criteria: % of		
	Conv.	NASIS	Surface Area Covered		
Few	f	#	< 2		
Common	С	#	2 to < 20		
Many	m	#	≥ 20		

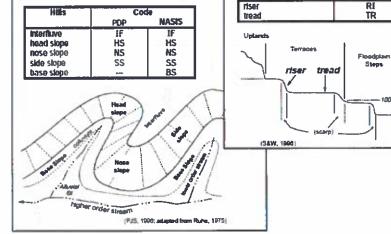


SOIL TEXTURE: Record the code for the soil texture of the 5 cm and 20 cm layers. To estimate texture, collect a soil sample from the appropriate layer and moisten it with water to the consistency of modeling clay/wet newspaper; the sample should be wet enough that all of the particles are saturated but excess water does not freely flow from the sample when squeezed. Attempt to roll the sample into a ball. If the soil will not stay in a ball and has a grainy texture, the texture is either sandy or coarse sandy. If the soil does form a ball, squeeze the sample between your fingers and attempt to form a self-supporting ribbon. Samples which form both a ball and a ribbon should be coded as clayey; samples which form a ball but not a ribbon should be coded as loamy.

- 0= Organic
- 1= Loamy
- 2= Clayey
- 3= Sandy
- 4= Coarse Sand
- 9= Not measured make plot note

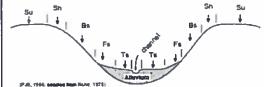
Georeorphic Component - Three-dimensional descriptors of parts of landforms or microfeatures that are best applied to areas. Unique descriptors are available for Hills, Terraces. Mountains, and Fiat Plains:

e.g., (for Hills) nose slope or NS.



Hitslope - Profile Pesition (Hitslope Position in PDP) - Twodimensional descriptors of parts of line segments (i.e., slope position) along a transect that runs up and down the slope; e.g., backslope or BS. This is best applied to transects or points, not areas.

Position	Code
summit	SU
shoulder	SH
backslope	BS
footslope	FS
toeslope	TS



HYDROLOGIC REGIME Modified from Grossman et al 1998. (Frequency and duration of flooding.)

Terraces

UPLAND: Not a wetland. Very rarely flooded.

INTERMITTENTLY/SEASONALLY SATURATED: Dry at least once per year. Surface water is seldom present, but substrate is saturated to surface for extended periods during the growing season.

PERMANENTLY/SEMIPERMANENTLY SATURATED: Dry less than once per year. Surface water is seldom present, but substrate is saturated to surface for extended periods during the growing season. Equivalent to Cowardin's Saturated modifier.

OCCASIONALLY FLOODED: Surface water can be present for brief periods during growing season, but not in most years. Often characterizes flood-plain upper terraces.

TEMPORARILY FLOODED: Surface water present for brief periods during growing season, but water table usually lies well below soil surface. Often characterizes flood-plain levees and lower terraces. Equivalent to Cowardin's Temporary modifier.

INTERMITTENTLY FLOODED: Substrate is usually exposed, but surface water can be present for variable periods without detectable seasonal periodicity. Inundation is not predictable to a given season and is dependent upon highly localized rain storms. This modifier was developed for use in the arid West for water regimes of Playa lakes, intermittent streams, and dry washes but can be used in other parts of the U.S. where appropriate. This modifier can be applied to both wetland and non-wetland situations. Equivalent to Cowardin's Intermittently Flooded modifier.

SEMIPERMANENTLY FŁOODED (exposed <1/year): Surface water persists throughout the growing season in most years. Land surface is normally saturated when water level drops below soil surface. Includes Cowardin's Intermittently Exposed and Semipermanently Flooded modifiers.

PERMANENTLY FLOODED: Water covers the land surface at all times of the year in all years. Equivalent to Cowardin's "permanently flooded".

UNKNOWN: The hydrologic regime cannot be determined from the available information.