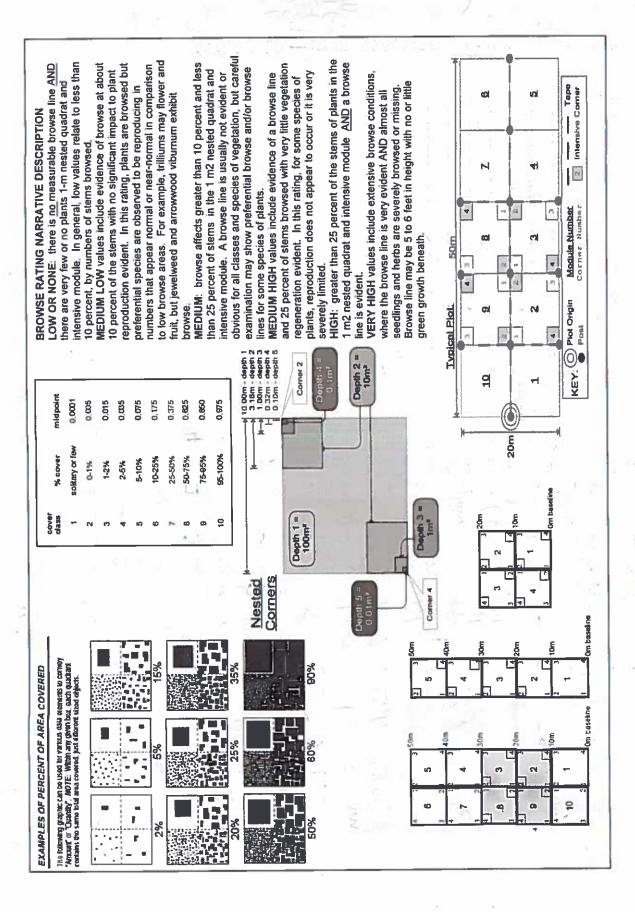
Project Label:		Plot No	Date Sampled: 07/13/15 Lend: LAUCE
			Comment required if item answer is NO
Parking/Access outsi	de of Park Boundaries:	A Las	If yes, write details in Comments section below
Field journals comple	ated	Y N	
Site sketch made on	1:3000 map?	(Y) N	8 327
Check cover page	X-axis Bearing of plot recorded	(X) N	
	GPS coords. Recorded	И	
	North direction recorded	N	
	Photographs taken?	N	
	Relocated Pins Mapped	N (X)	
lot No., Date agreen	nent on all pages?	(🔀) и	
leader data complete	ed all pages?	N	
Cover classes recorde	ed in all Intensive modules	N	
Browse Level By Spe	cies	N (Y)	
Woody stem quality of	control check	(Y) N	Check every line and cross check with the Tree Cover Sheet
Invasive plant quality	control check	YN	INIA
Ash trees mapped		Y N	AIA
	st/Pathogen Datasheet	И	
Cover by Strata? (con	firm cover type)	N (Y)	17.
The Control of the Co	d with matching plot #.	YN	MA
Cross check 2010 inf	Part Committee of the C	Y N	Highlight any changes from 2010 information
ouchers labeled on	datasheet with initials and number	(Y) N	
Vouchers labeled on		₩ N	
Pink flags removed		Q N	
Data sheet QA before	leaving site?	(X) N	
Common equipment		P) N	
Data sheets scanned?		-	Enter date to left
inal data sheets scan	ned?		Enter date to left
Buffer Widths measu		YN	Lines date to leg
Web Soil Survey		CX N	
Voucher Location	Refrigerator	(Y) N	
# vouchers collected)	Press (#)	V	Fotos anados to 2-0
# vouchers collected)	Drier	V N	Enter number to left
ACL	Identified	YN	
264-	-	Y N	
3269	Mounted	YN	
	Thrown away	Y N	1 A
	tion: Is plot sampleable?		
✓ Yes	Original GRTS point is sampleable		
□ No	Original GRTS point lands in a non-		fill in category below)
	D Point falls in a water (i.e. river.		
	Managed mowed area (i.e. golf Paved area (i.e. parkinglot, road)	course, picnic area, ri	ht-of-way)
	Unsafe to sample (i.e. steep slop	e)	
4.5	Other		
Additional Commen	ts:		
Additional Commen			

LEVELAND METROPARKS Plant Co.	CLEVELAND METROPARKS Plant Community Assessment Program - Background Data Sheet	nd Data Sheet	Page 1 of 2
GENERAL INFORMATION	LOCATION	Slope	D
ا	State: OH County: Coupenage		
Project Name: 028, 2015 Plot Name:	Quadrangle: Marchafteld	•	
The Sticky Ticky	Cak Gove PA Landowner, CM P	2.19 3 4 3 4 phot: #10 #9 #8	#7 #6 A= pīn
Level 4 (no nested corners sampled)	Data Confidentiality:	- lə	approx. 1 m
Date (mm/dd/yyyy): 07/13/2015	Check one: Tublic data Private Data Gruzz 100m Gruzz 250m Gruzz 500m	#2 2 2	## #5 towards
		Blot origin GPS location	a center line
Party Role**	If data not public why?	Key: (0,0) point with	with direction permanent posts
Lance, C. Minn Bot lender	Source of coordinates MAP GPS	NOTES: Include Layout (any unusual shape details), Location (directions and landscape content), Rationale (why here), and Veg Characterization (description of community,	ion (directions and landscape (description of community.
Sweet M. Geltary But. Aust.	Coordinate system: Coord, Units	dominants, strata, BROWSE). Additional notes in space on back.	back.
E. Kraus	■ LavLong □ UTM □ StatePlane ■ deg □ deg min	Layout > 2×5	THE STATE OF THE S
1. Busam Crew	AD83/WGS84 DNAD27	Location > Follow brief trail for	to 1 5
Roles: Co-leader, Asst., Guide, Owner, Taxonomist, etc.	GPS location in plot x=0 to 5, y=1,0,+1):	200	WW I'm
PLOT NOT SAMPLED: DOther	x = 0 $y = 0$ (base of plot $x=0$, $y=0$)	APT park at Oak Ridge PA	lae PA.
□ Perm. water □ Paved □ Slope □ Safety	E	- Undulate and com	•
Effort Level: subjective evaluation of	Coord. Accuracy: Win o ft +- 3	O I	
3	1041	Notionale > GRTS: PCAP re-sample	re-sample
Accurate may still provide good	Plot size for cover data: (hectares)	Von Charles V District	
Humled data	earing of plot: [O]O	och. Com acted such 1 10t	15 10cared
TAXONOMIC ACCURACY	Denth: (1-5): 4	along a slope with a small creek	small creek
high modera. low not smpl	Intensive modules: 2, 3, 8, 9 (EDIT IF MODIFIED		
	brake of 10.	con the bottom. Canopy 1	is primarily
1		Sugar maple and red o	oak Shrike
lichen	Plot placement: WarTS a Representative		, , , , , ,
TAXONOMIC STANDARD	D Random D Stratified Random D Transect component	include musclewood, Ustrya, and	thre, and
	Sustamotic (and) of animal america feature of Other	1000 CTX	

CLEVELAND METROPARKS Plant Community Assessment Program Species Cover Data Sheet Cleveland Metroparks Total modules: Project Label: S H (F)(A) Br GEraxiaus Polygona virginione Pilea Alliacia Trans. blystichum acrostichoides risaema Heek 50. Jepan a accostichates Jackella virginiano arthenocissus quinque to ryaptens describe amount of browse per species over eersia virginica arpinus caroliniana Personles atticionalis icer saccharum iare lla Br = Browse Level. Use cover classes to indera 0 APT-FOTUS canadense or holata pensylvanica Species triphyllum entire plot maculaten cordiforda DENZOIN PCAP carthusiana O Intensive modules: %unveg. ground (bare soil) intensive module: Estimate for each %unvegetaled open water %unveg. litter (bare litter Project name: 028 3015 Diel Gi Voucher # %open wa N. 506 Plot configuration: 2×5 corner mod ş ğ Plot no.: 104 A Partie 8 Plot area (ha): Page _ 9 ş

xadis stricta



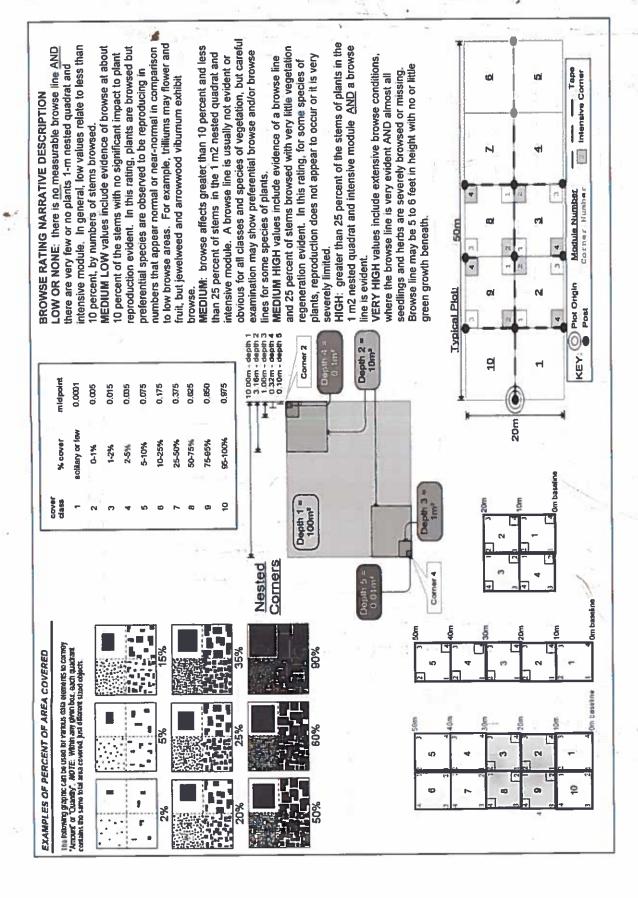
Cleveland Metroparks Strata - Cov. entire plot CLEVELAND METROPARKS Plant Community Assessment Program Species Cover Data Sheet Total modules: Project Label: describe amount of browse per species over Br = Browse Level. Use cover classes to entire plot PCAP Project name: 028,2015 Intensive modules: 4 Plot of %unveg. ground (bare soil) %unvegetaled open water intensive module: Estimate for each %unveg, litter (bare litter) %open water Plot configuration: 2x5 Plot no.: 104 Plot area (ha): Page 2 of 4 9

COV

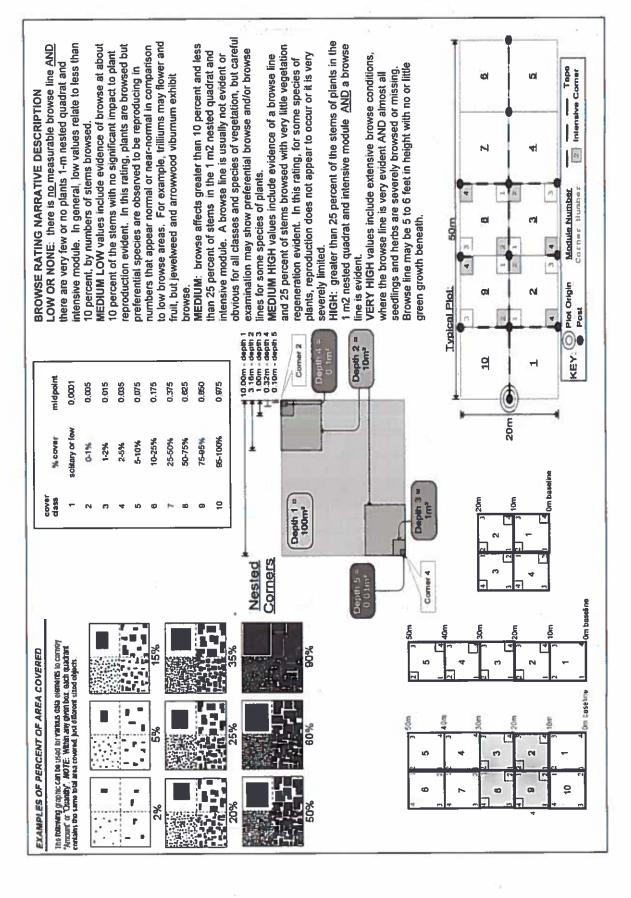
	5) PD	S H (F)(A) Br
Carex sp. 2 lax scilius Carex casear cultus Carex casear cultus	Calcalon Calcalon	Species
	X	c Voucher#
$\frac{\omega - \omega - \omega - \omega_0}{\omega}$	0 0 0 0 5 0 0 0	depth cov depth cov
	ひ ひ め い	v depth cav depth cov
		w depth day depth cay
	(2) (2) E	ov depth cav depth

IVE DESCRIPTION measurable browse line AND	there are very few or no plants 1-m nested quadrat and intensive module. In general, low values relate to less than	ms browsed.	evidence of browse at about no significant impact to plant	reproduction evident. In this rating, plants are browsed but	ved to be reproducing in	numbers that appear normal or near-normal in comparison in low browse areas. For example, fulliums may flower and	wood vibumum exhibit		MEDIUM: browse affects greater than 10 percent and less	ine is usually not evident or	obvious for all classes and species of vegetation, but careful	ential browse and/or browse	ıts.	e evidence of a browse line	and 25 percent of stems browsed with very little vegetation	conserts occur or it is very	appear to occur of it is very	HIGH: greater than 25 percent of the stems of plants in the	1 m2 nested quadrat and intensive module AND a browse		xtensive browse conditions,	evident AND almost all rely browsed or missing.	at in height with no or little	1		Ī		25		-	4	_		Table Comer	
BROWSE RATING NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION LOW OR NONE: there is no measurable browse line AND	there are very few or no plants 1-m nested quadrat and intensive module. In general, low values relate to less to	10 percent, by numbers of stems browsed.	MEDIUM LOW values include evidence of browse at about 10 percent of the stems with no significant impact to plant	reproduction evident. In this r	preferential species are observed to be reproducing in	numbers that appear normal or near-normal in comparison to low browse areas. For example, trilliums may flower and	fruit, but jewelweed and arrowwood vibumum exhibit	browse.	MEDIUM: browse affects gre	man 25 percent of stems. If the 1 ms rester quantal and intensive module. A browse line is usually not evident or	obvious for all classes and sp	examination may show preferential browse and/or browse	lines for some species of plants.	MEDIUM HIGH values include evidence of a browse line	and 25 percent of stems brow	regeneration evident. In this rating, for some species of	plants, reproduction does not appear to occur of it is very severaly limited.	HIGH: greater than 25 perce	1 m2 nested quadrat and inte	line is evident.	VERY HIGH values include extensive browse conditions,	where the browse line is very evident AND aimost all seedlings and herbs are severely browsed or missing.	Browse line may be 5 to 6 feet in height with no or little	green growth beneath.		Typical Plot: 50m	4 3	col		2	- 0		3 4 3	Origin	Post
	few 0.0001	0.005	0.015	0.035	5/0'0	6 0.175	6 0.375	0.625	6 0.850	% 0.975 ×		10 00m - depth 1		0.10m - depth 5	/1	Corner 2	Depth 4 =	0 tm²		Depth 2 =						Diagi	 	9	-(20m	•	1		KEY.	
	datas 7 cover	2 0-1%	3 1-2%	4 2-5%	5 5-10%	6 10-25%	7 25-50%	8 50-75%	8 15-85%	10 85-100%						100m²						ſ		Depth 3 =			fig.	2 3 20m	2	T _o			Om baseline		
OVERED	éris to comeny sch quadrant objects.					15%		認能			35%		Nested	Comers		-11	%OA			Dopth 5 =	0.000	1		5 5 Compre	्र ्र	2 3			е е	20 30 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3		\	- To	-	1 4 Om baseline
EXAMPLES OF PERCENT OF AREA COVERED	The interventy graphic can be used for various data elements to convey "Amount" or "Outselby", NOTE: Within any given box, each quadrant contains the same to tal area covered, just different stand objects.					2% 5%			通 有情景學就是一种情景的意思		20% 25%						20% 80%					3	500	, ro	4 P	# 3	4	30m	60	3 73 F 20m	0	4	10m	- 0(3 21 4 Ogn baseline

Project Label: Total modules:	Project Label: PCAP Project name: 02 br 2015 Project Label: PCAP Project name: 02 br 2015 Total modules: 10 Intensive modules: 4 Plot configu	Project name: 03 b, 2015 Intensive modules: 4 Plot co	2015 Plot no.: 104	Page 3 of 4
Cleveland Metroparks	Br = Browse Level. Use cover classes to describe amount of browse per species over entire plot	med comer mod	3 74 -	corner mod
S H (F)(A) Br	3r Species	C Voucher# depth cov depth cov	depth cay depth cay depth	cov depth cov depth cov depth cov depth
	Ranjunciul		<u> </u>	
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10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	Herberts Thunbergii		14	
۹	mancer		583)
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نون	5		ಬ	22
7	Carya conditionals			となってい
92	Foccurum carrabinum			20
u	Smila'x hispida			
	Ranunculus abornitus			
1. 1.	Hamamelis vicalizaria			
2	too sp. alsodes			93
	Harimania sp.			
	Estal pa speciosa			
XU	todophyllum peltostum			9.
- 2	DIVINUS 30			>
2	Monotropa uniflora			20
	P			2)
<u>5</u>	Cornus Sp.			9
\(\frac{1}{2}\)	Acer cubcum	حو		יב
	P-1	SREIZ-15-IS		
3	Carex terrisations (exition)	X ACLOGA		9.1



Project Label:	CLEVELAND METROPARKS Plant Community Assessment Program Species Cover Data Sheet Project Label: PCAP Project name: 025, 2015	nen	t Program Species Project name: (380	SA SA	Cover Data	SH	ě	믿	Plot no.:	=	王					Ţ,	age	Page 4	0	7 10
Total modules:	10	=	Intensive modules:			믕	con	Plot configuration:	ation	13	3×5	57			70	ot a	Plot area (ha):	ha):	•		
			Estimate for each	9.73	두쁿	20mer mod	اقار	3 I	F Dom	<u>ٿ</u>	<u>ه</u> و	∞ 3 8		Comer mod				다틟	Corner mod corner mod	y amer	R mod
4	Br = Browse Level. Use cover classes to	=:	intensive module:	depth	ş	depth	ОР	- deg	8			depth			3	PQ P	depth	8	depth	VBD	depth
Metroparks	entire plot	*	%unvegetated open water	-	П				П		H		30	H	Н	Ц					
Strata - Cov entire plot		_ X	%unveg. ground (bare soil)						Ť	h		A					1-				
S H (F) (A) Br	r Species	c	Voucher#	depth	V00	depth	CDV	depth	g	e depth	g Qy	depth	200	cov depth	_	VQ2	depts	8	depth	8	depth
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	Conophalis americana		1		Г	Ť	J.			†**				+					200		2
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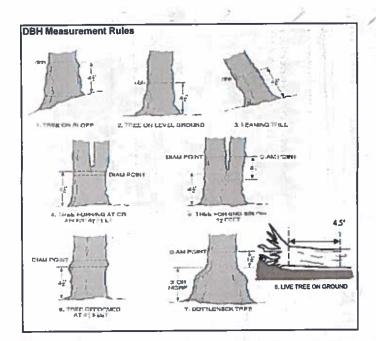


Strata - Cov. entire plot CLEVELAND METROPARKS Plant Community Assessment Program Tree Cover Data Sheet % COVER Project Label: 막 6 6 Budrous rubra ther saccharum Heer rubrum Surreus alba anja cordiformis agus arentfolia lonus rubra Species Species (X) A 3 8 9 Project name: 028-2015 Voucher# Plot no.: 1041 Page ____ of _

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Page																										
t Plot no.:		œ 0		T	T	1	T		7.6		-					<u> </u>	1						į			
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ant Program Tree Project name:		Prensence of tree mod	species (A)	Voucrei #						· ·	66	1							80							
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CLEVELAND METROPARKS Plant Community Assessment Program Tree Cover Data Sheet				Species	:																					
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CEVELAND MI	CI Laber.	VER	Strata - Cov. entire plot	'n																						
CLEV	١٥١٦	% COVER	Strata -	-																						

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CLEVELAND METROPARKS Plant Community Assessment Program Natural Woody Stem Data Sheet 10 Carpinus Carolinians W. Thomas and the state of the 10 Quercus rubra Ocarya Cordifornis USTANDING DEAD 19 Ulmus americana MAGER PURCUM Berbris Thundra Buthenociscus quinquefaio Frank gardifolia Fraxmus Sp. STANDING BAD Ostrua Virginiana Agy rubrum Acer Saccharum Condition (NO Acer Sacharum Lindera benton Difercus rubra Lindera bentain STRAIDING DEAD Accr-saccharum Maniane Project Label: voucher# # sterns perward 0-1.4m در or super % sub Project Name: 02 6A 2015 clumps shrub size class (cm) woody stems >1.4m <u>7</u> 1-425 Z 1 2,5-<5 Plot No.: 104 11 ۶×10 10 - <15 15 - <20 20 - <25 Page: t 25 - <30 of Officeretand Metroparks 30 - <35 35 - <40 6 555 62.0 >40 (record each tree) =



Record the number of stems/plants between 0.5-1.0 meters tall that exhibit evidence of this years deer browse.

Record using the tally system from 1 to 1













ASH CANOPY CONDITION

- 1. Healthy, full canopy: A healthy ash canopy is normally thinner than many other trees such as maple.
- 2. Thinning canopy: There aren't as many leaves as there ought to be, but all top branches exposed to sunlight have leaves.
- 3. Dieback: Canopy is thinning and some top branches exposed to sunlight are dead (have no leaves). Lower branches, not exposed to sunlight, die naturally and are not considered.
- 4. >50% Dieback: The canopy has less than half of the leaves that should be there and/or half of the top branches are dead
- 5. Dead canopy: No leaves remain in the canopy portion of the tree. It still counts as a 5 even if there are epicormic sprouts below the canopy (lowest branch) on the trunk.



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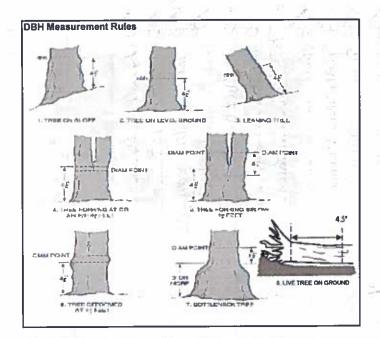
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E

ASH CANOPY BREAKUP CONDITION (for dead trees):

- A: All main branches contain fine twigs (newly dead).
- B: Over 50% of main branches have fine twigs.
- C: Less than 50% of main branches have fine twigs.
- D: Stem still standing and tertiary main branches present.
- E: Central stem still standing.

WASHINGTON BUSINESS OF CLEVELAND METROPARKS Plant Community Assessment Program Natural Woody Stem Data Sheet 7 Acur Sarcharum Berberis thunbergi Nhamnus Franquia facus orandifolia Ostrya virationa Hamenelis virginiana tragus Emarandiblis Acer Soucharron STANDING DEAD compa Cordiffernis Fraxinia penasylvania STUDIES - FRANCISCO IN COLUMN STANDING DEAD Toxicodendan radicans smilax hispada Querrus alba Cornus Sp Fagus grandiful a Lindera beneen Fraxinus permujuania indera benzan Project Label: PCAP 0-1.4m P S 4 or super % sub Project Name: 02 Se 2015 shrub 08 . size class (cm) woody stems >1.4m • . 2 1-<2.5 V 2.5-45 M Plot No .: 104 1 . . 10-<15 15 - <20 20 - <25 Page: 25 - <30 30 - <35 Sprieveland Metroparks 35 - <40 5 H.97 3 >40 (record each tree) =



Record the number of stems/plants between 0.5-1.0 meters tall that exhibit evidence of this years deer browse.

Record using the tally system from 1 to 19













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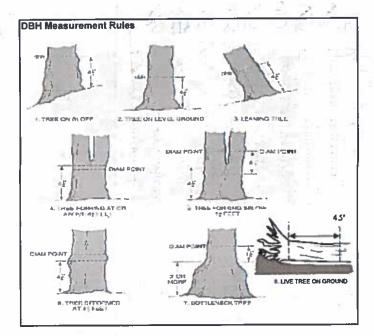
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	CLE	CLEVELAND METROPARKS Plant Community Assessment Program Natural Woody Stem Data Sheet Project Label: PCAP Project Name: 07 Plot No.:	PCAP	Assessn	nent Progrām Natu Project Name: 07	gram . Name:	Natural 02	Woody S	tem Dat	ta Sheet	hol		Page:	L	으	Pierela	Pereland Metroparks
		majoran a sessoran barden barden i constant	l soft	# stems	% sub	*	size class	size class (cm) woody stems >1.4m	y stems >	1.4m				8			
	mod *	species	vouches#	0-1.4m browsed		shrub	<u>z</u> -	1-62,5	2.5-<5	ā -	10 - <15	6 15 - <20	7 - <25	8 - 25 - <30	30 - <35	35 - <40	11 >40 (record each tr
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Record the number of stems/plants between 0.5-1.0 meters tall that exhibit evidence of this years deer browse.

Record using the tally system from 1 to















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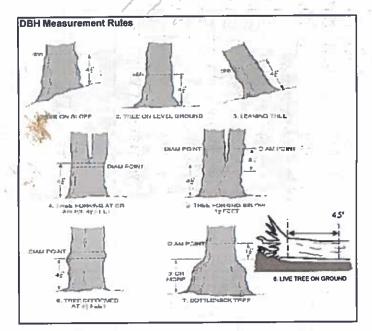
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CLEVELAND METROPARKS Blant Community Assessment Program Natural Woody Stem Data Sheet
Project Labels PCAP Project Name: 028r 2015 Plot No.:_ Per Pubrupa Hibaning. Fags gardiblia Berbens thunbergy Explain subsample (additional room on back) lonicera mauchi Hoxinus penylvanida VHIS SP. Partmenacissus quipleslie Fraxmus pentylunic Acer Sochhainm Cornus sp. Rosa muitifiava Ostruo vicainiama Berbuns thunbergin Ulmis americana STANDING DEBO indexa indera bunzain Acer Sochanin Fraximus sp. Ilmus so. Carya Cardifornis indered benowin and a stable of Mioznia Project Label PCAP voucher# pesword 0-1.4m 2 3 25 دو or super % sub shrub × 0 size class (cm) woody stems >1.4m . . <u>0 ×1</u> . • 1-<2.5 2.5-<5 区 Plot No.: 11 5-<10 10-<15 15 - <20 20 - <25 Page: 上 25 - < 30 30 - <35 잌 Seveland Metroparks 35 - <40 6 >40 (record each tree) :



Record the number of stems/plants between 0.5-1.0 meters tall that exhibit evidence of this years deer browse.

Record using the tally system from 1 to















ASH CANOPY CONDITION

- 1. Healthy, full canopy: A healthy ash canopy is normally thinner than many other trees such as maple.
- 2. Thinning canopy: There aren't as many leaves as there ought to be, but all top branches exposed to sunlight have leaves.
- 3. Dieback: Canopy is thinning and some top branches exposed to sunlight are dead (have no leaves). Lower branches, not exposed to sunlight, die naturally and are not considered.
- 4. >50% Dieback: The canopy has less than half of the leaves that should be there and/or half of the top branches are dead.
- 5. Dead canopy: No leaves remain in the canopy portion of the tree. It still counts as a 5 even if there are epicormic sprouts below the canopy (lowest branch) on the trunk.



B

C

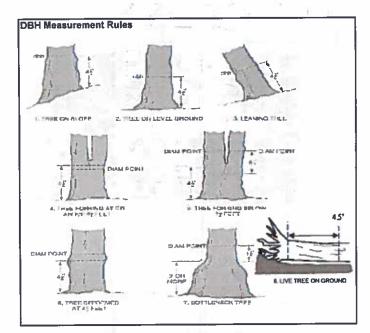
D

E

ASH CANOPY BREAKUP CONDITION (for dead trees):

- A: All main branches contain fine twigs (newly dead).
- B: Over 50% of main branches have fine twigs.
- C: Less than 50% of main branches have fine twigs.
- D: Stem still standing and tertiary main branches present.
- E: Central stem still standing.

CLEVELAND METROPARKS Plant Community Assessment Program Natural Woody Stem Data Sheet Explain subsample (additional room on back): Smilar hispada STANDING DEAD Fagus Orandimina Par Secondaria Contravalus Sp. species Project Label: n PCAP voucher# # stams browsed 0-1,4m W % sub or super Project Name: 02.87 2015 shrub size class (cm) woody stems >1.4m 7 1-<2.5 2.5~6 Plot No.: 104 5-<10 10-<15 15 - <20 . 20 - <25 on the second 25 - <30 30 - <35 Openeland Netroparks 35 - <40 6 >40 (record each tree) =



Record the number of stems/plants between 0.5-1.0 meters tall that exhibit evidence of this years deer browse,

Record using the tally system from 1 to

10













ASH CANOPY CONDITION

- 1. Healthy, full canopy: A healthy ash canopy is normally thinner than many other trees such as maple.
- 2. Thinning canopy: There aren't as many leaves as there ought to be, but all top branches exposed to sunlight have leaves.
- 3. Dieback: Canopy is thinning and some top branches exposed to sunlight are dead (have no leaves). Lower branches, not exposed to sunlight, die naturally and are not considered.
- 4. >50% Dieback: The canopy has less than half of the leaves that should be there and/or half of the top branches are dead.
- Dead canopy: No leaves remain in the canopy portion of the tree. It still counts as a 5 even if there are epicormic sprouts below the canopy (lowest branch) on the trunk.



В

C

D

E

ASH CANOPY BREAKUP CONDITION (for dead trees):

- A: All main branches contain fine twigs (newly dead).
- B: Over 50% of main branches have fine twigs.
- C: Less than 50% of main branches have fine twigs.
- D: Stem still standing and tertiary main branches present.
- E: Central stem still standing.

If Ash Condition scores 5 (dead) provide breakup score (A-E)
 Count EAB exit holes 1.25m2 x 21.5m
 Woodpecker and epicormic marked present (1) or absent (9)

.

CLEVELAND METROPARKS Plant Community Assessment Program: Invasive Species Survey



Tier 1: Early detection	Rapid response		100	Pres	ence		GPS	
Her I: Larry detection	mapia response	1000	NE	SE	sw	NW		Presence
Alamata alum viminaum	Japanese stiltgrass		114	72				X: yes
Microstegium vimineum	Lesser Celandine							
	Black Swallow-wort				 	1		┪
4	Flowering Rush	 -†		╁	1	1		7
	Giant Hogweed			 	-	1		-
leracleum mantegazzianum Tier 2: Assess a		- 0	Fire and	4 -6	Plants		comments	
Her 2: Assess a	s Needed		NE	SE	SW	NW	Cottanience	# of Plants
	Namuru Manda		ME	3E	244	IAAA		1: 1-10
Acer platanoides	Norway Maple			1	╫	1		2: 11-50.
Ailanthus altissima	Tree of Heaven			-	₩	╀╌┤	<u> </u>	3: 51-100
onicera japonica (vine)	Japanese Honeysuckle			├	-	 		4: 101-1,0
	Purple Loosestrife				\vdash	 		5: >1,000
	Bishop's Goutweed				-	-		3: >1,000
Celastrus orbiculatus (vine)		\longrightarrow		-	├	-		_
Forilis sp	Hedgeparsley			-		1		\dashv
Conium maculatum	Poison Hemlock			 	-	├		-
Rhamnus cathartica		shrub)		_	\vdash	\bot		4
Berberis thunbergii	Japanese Barberry (s	shrub)			<u> </u>	igspace	<u>.</u>	-
Alnus glutinosa	European Alder							_
Dipsacus laciniatus	Cut-leaf Teasel							_
Elaeagnus umbellata	Autumn Olive (s	shrub)						_
Lonicera maackii	Amur Honeysuckle (s	shrub)						
Euonymus fortunei	Wintercreeper							
Tier 3: Presence i		+ -1		# of	Plants		comments	
		11-30)	NE	SE	SW	NW		# of Plant
Convallaria majalis (G-cover)	Lily of the Valley					Ţ [1: 1-10
	Crown Vetch							2: 11-50.
Eleutherococcus pentaphyllus	Five-leaf Aralia (s	shrub)				\Box	· ·	3: 51-100
	Japanese Pachysandra							4: 101-1,0
Philadelphus coronarius		shrub)						5: >1,000
Pulmonaria officinalis (G-cover)	-	-	\vdash	1			-	7
Rubus phoenicolasius	Wineberry			 	\vdash			7
Iris pseudacorus (wetland)					1	\vdash		\neg
Ornithogalum umbellatum	Star of Bethlehem				1	-		
Viburnum opulus var. opulus		shrub)		+-	+-			7
		shrub)	-	+-	+-	1	-	\dashv
Viburnum plicatum Tier 4: Widespread		oni uu)		Dro	sence		comments	
Tiel 4. Widespread	and abandone		NE	SE	sw	NW		# of Plant
Alliaria petiolata	Garlic Mustard							1: 1-10
Ligustrum vulgare		shrub)	1	1	+	\vdash		2: 11-50.
Ligustrum vulgare L. morrowii, L. tatarica		shrub)	\vdash	\top	+		<u> </u>	3: 51-10
L. morrowii, L. tatarica Phalaris arundinacea	Reed Canarygrass	J. 11 GD/	\vdash	+	+			4: 101-1,0
				+	+	┿		5: >1,00
Phragmites australis (wetland)	Phragmites			+-	+	+		-
Polygonum cuspidatum	Japanese Knotweed Glossy Buckthorn (s	المادوط	1	+	+	+		-
		hrub)_						-
Frangula alnus		A. a. a. A. A.		1				
Frangula alnus Rosa multiflora	Multiflora Rose (s	hrub)_		\vdash	-			-
Frangula alnus Rosa multiflora Typha angustifolia, T. x.glauca	Multiflora Rose (s Cattails (wetland)	shrub)_						
Frangula alnus Rosa multiflora Typha angustifolia, T. x.glauca Cirsium arvense	Multiflora Rose (s Cattails (wetland) Canada thistle	shrub)_						
Frangula alnus Rosa multiflora Typha angustifolia, T. x.glauca Cirsium arvense Dipsacus fullonum	Multiflora Rose (s Cattails (wetland) Canada thistle Common Teasel	shrub)_						
Frangula alnus Rosa multiflora Typha angustifolia, T. x.glauca Cirsium arvense	Multiflora Rose (s Cattails (wetland) Canada thistle	shrub)_						

Note: For Ground-cover plants record "stem #" but in comment field describe # of colonies and patch size (S,M, L)

Je.	Project Label: Projec	PCAP	Projec	ct Name:	Project Name: 02-04	6	1000	Plot No.: 10	1071		Page:	-	g,
		shrub #	size class (cm) woody stems > 1m	;m) woody	stems >11	.	Uh.		7		ω	ō	=
mod # species	s voucher#	clumps	<u>2</u>	1-<2.5	2.5~5	5-<10	10 - <15	15 - <20	20 - <25	25 - <30	30 - <35	8	>40 (record each tree)
2								-,Up2					
ယ													
4													
UT.													
6									000000				
7													
Gs.				8								120000	
9													
10													
	1												
FEVIDENCE OF	IF EVIDENCE OF PEST OR PATHOGEN RECORD TOTAL SPECIES POPULATION IN THE PLOT EVEN	ECORD TOTA	L SPECI	ES POP	ULATIO	Ž N T	E PLO1		THE NOT INFECTED	TWFE	CIED		
Strata	# of stem Infected	Severity (H.M., or L)		* Write	* Write None Present if no evidence:	esent if	no evide	nce:					
Tree (size class 3 or above)						Beech (Fungus)	Fungus)				Asian Lo	auroupur	Asian Longhorned Beetle
Shrub (size class 2 or below including shrub clumps)	including shrub					Hemlock (HWA)	(HWA)				Other P	Other Pest or Pathogen	ithogen
*						Walnut (Thousand Can	(Thousa	nd Cank	ker)				
Severity													
High = more than :	High = more than 50% of leaf/needle cover exhibiting symptoms	exhibiting symp	toms										
Medium = Less that	Medium = Less than 50% of leaf/needle cover exhibiting symptoms	er exhibiting sy	/mptoms										

(4) Citcretand Metroparks

Page: 1 of 1

CLEVELAND METROPARKS Plant Community Assessment Program - Soils, Crown Cover, Standing Biomass Data Sheet 6a
Project label: PCAP Project Name: 02 Br 205

plug wih shovel. Describe using Munsell chart, SOIL PIT DESCRIPTION: Excavate 20 cm visual exam, texture, and odor

Soil pit module # 6 cm matrix color (one per entire plot)

Soil Collection Modul (Herizen (A. B. C)

3,8,9 composited

20 cm redex features** matrix color stoor bux ydr cond *** dox features** and roots mottle ottle color rtle color 4 S M D z □ Impermeable surface D Excessively dr.

Depth to rest. Layer:

rent Material

ATNACE.

andform type:

Spil Series Source Ohio Spil Survey

soil Series/Type:

eb Sell Servey lafer

refer to texture classes on reverse side

0.1 cm in center of intensive modules. If >30.5 cm, SOIL DEPTH MEASUREMENT: Measure to the neuros hydro, cond ***

I S M D

□ Well drained

Somewhat excessively n Moderately well dr.

**** <5 cm in diameter

아

COVER BY STRATA

×

Somewhat poorly dr.

a Very poorly dr

** e.g. hydrogen sulfide odor, gleying, etc.

Votes: include evidence of earthworms (worms indundated S-saturated M-moist D-dry

Pho 2: Workers

Mong : based mount mod 1: Casting observed

6aCM PCAP Soils_Crown cover_Landform_Standing By Que Barn Shint ver 3.xls last revised 6/4/2012 ceh

MOS Williams

57.4

ecord as >30 6 organic depth litter+ 0 (cm) 82 2 litter 7 a water depth (cm) O depth sat

SOIL SAMPLES Standard procedure: collect a soil sample of the top 10 cm of soil from center of each intensive module and composite the sample EARTH SURFACE & GROUND COVER ** >5 can in diameter istosol edrock Boulder + > 10 in Gravel-Cobble = 1/16-10* oulder** ravel-Cobble* ineral Sor nderlying Earth Surface* on - 100%) 100% I percent ١ Water Ground Cover Fine Woody Debris**** Bare Soil Duff (Ferm + Humus) Coarse Woody Debris*** (Each = 100%) Road/Trail Bryophyte- Lichen

90%

207

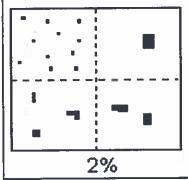
esumate us	estimate using midpoints of 5,ex:3, 8, 13	ex:3, e, 13
Strata	Height Range (m)	Total Cover (%)
Tree	8	939
Shrub	\$ 5	63%
Herb	0.5	58%
(Floating)*		
(Aquatic)*		
rooted and s	rooted and floating or slightly emersed	8
* submersed,	** submersed, most plant mass below surface	v surface
SEE BACK OF	SEE BACK OF PAGE FOR TYPICAL STRATA	SEE BACK OF PAGE FOR TYPICAL STRATA

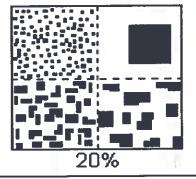
2 Deer	Gravel	Bootleg unsanctioned	Hiking sanctioned	n Bridle	а Ай Ригрозе	Туре	record type and cover for each	WOKE.
						%Cover	reach	£

	a < plot size	© 1+3 x plot size	a 3-10 x plot size	10-100 x plot size	n > 100 x plot size	a >600 x plot size	STAND SIZE	
_				-		_	L	_



Class	C	ode	Criteria: % of		
_	Conv.	NASIS	Surface Area Covered		
Few	f	#	< 2		
Common	l c	#	2 to < 20		
Many	m	#	≥ 20		





Terraces

risor tread

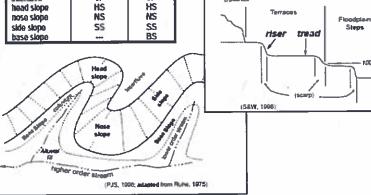
SOIL TEXTURE: Record the code for the soil texture of the 5 cm and 20 cm layers. To estimate texture, collect a soil sample from the appropriate layer and moisten it with water to the consistency of modeling clay/wet newspaper; the sample should be wet enough that all of the particles are saturated but excess water does not freely flow from the sample when squeezed. Attempt to roll the sample into a balt. If the soil will not stay in a ball and has a grainy texture, the texture is either sandy or coarse sandy. If the soil does form a ball, squeeze the sample between your fingers and attempt to form a self-supporting ribbon. Samples which form both a ball and a ribbon should be coded as clayey; samples which form a ball but not a ribbon should be coded as loamy.

- 0= Organic
- 1= Loamy
- 2= Clayey
- 3= Sandv
- 4= Coarse Sand
- 9= Not measured make plot note

Geomorphic Component - Three-dimensional descriptors of parts of landforms or microfeatures that are best applied to areas. Uniqu descriptors are available for Hills, Terraces, Mountains, and Flat Plains,

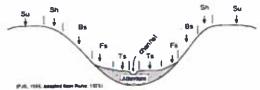
e.g., (for Hills) nase slope or NS.

Hills	Code		
	PDP	NASIS	
intentione	1F	1F	
head slope	HS	HS	
nose slope	NS	NS	
side slope	SS	SS	
base slope		BS	



Hillstope - Profile Position (Hillstope Position in PDP) - Two-dimensional descriptors of parts of line segments (i.e., stope position) along a transect that runs up and down the slope; e.g., backslope or BS. This is best applied to transects or points, not areas.

	F 10 2010/01	0040		
Sumi	ndt	SU	П	
shoul		SH		
back		BS		
foots		FS		
toesk		TS		



HYDROLOGIC REGIME Modified from Grossman et al 1998. (Frequency and duration of flooding.)

UPLAND: Not a wetland, Very rarely flooded.

INTERMITTENTLY/SEASONALLY SATURATED: Dry at least once per year. Surface water is seldom present, but substrate is saturated o surface for extended periods during the growing season.

Code

RI

PERMANENTLY/SEMIPERMANENTLY SATURATED: Dry less than once per year. Surface water is seldom present, but substrate is saturated to surface for extended periods during the growing season. Equivalent to Cowardin's Saturated modifier.

OCCASIONALLY FLOODED: Surface water can be present for brief periods during growing season, but not in most years. Often characterizes flood-plain upper terraces.

TEMPORARILY FLOODED: Surface water present for brief periods during growing season, but water table usually lies well below soil surface. Often characterizes flood-plain levees and lower terraces. Equivalent to Cowardin's Temporary modifier.

INTERMITTENTLY FLOODED: Substrate is usually exposed, but surface water can be present for variable periods without detectable seasonal periodicity. Inundation is not predictable to a given season and is dependent upon highly localized rain storms. This modifier was developed for use in the arid West for water regimes of Playa lakes, intermittent streams, and dry washes but can be used in other parts of the U.S. where appropriate. This modifier can be applied to both wetland and non-wetland situations. Equivalent to Cowardin's Intermittently Flooded modifier.

SEMIPERMANENTLY FLOODED (exposed <1/year): Surface water persists throughout the growing season in most years. Land surface is normally saturated when water level drops below soil surface. Includes Cowardin's Intermittently Exposed and Semipermanently Flooded modifiers.

PERMANENTLY FLOODED: Water covers the land surface at all times of the year in all years. Equivalent to Cowardin's "permanently flooded".

UNKNOWN: The hydrologic regime cannot be determined from the available information.

EVELAND METROPARKS Plant Community Assessment Program - Plant Cover and Earth Surface Project Label: PCAP Project Name: 17 20 3	m - Plant Cover and Earth Surface	Piet No.: 1041	Page: 1 of 1
(ANDING BIOMASS (required for emergent wetlands) collected (I. Im clip plots (32/32 cm) from corners 1 and 3 in each intensive bullet. Required for VIBI-E score calculation. C7=check when flected	CLASSIFICATION		McNAB INDICES (degrees) + for up - for down
odule \$ C7 Corner Corner	(FIT = excellent, g Fit and Confidence		(PILLED QUT USING GIS PROGRAM - DO NOT FILL OUT IN FELD)
	o DEPRESSION	Fit Conf	
	o RIVERINE o Headwater o Maiostem o Channel	₽	E
	O SLOPE (ground water by drology or on a physical slop)	leph Fir Conf	SH
	n COASTAL (specify subclass)	Fig.	WS
	Obje EPA VIBI Plant Community Class (WETLANDS ONLY):	TLANDS ONLY):	WW National NA
	a FOREST a swamp forest a bog forest a forest seep a EMERGENT a maish a wet meadow a open bog a SHRUB a shrub swamp a tall sh bog a tall sh fan	seep Fir Conf bog Fir Conf h fen Fir Conf	* Landborn Index (position within backupp) **Terrain Shape Index (with Thicknoprographic shape)
ICROTOPOGRAPHIC FEATURE COUNTS - Intensive modules only	Application	2	4 76
eps 1 = sight elevational grade across module (NB) Steps 2 = taits on stops -20 * Steps 3 = maximum steepmess that can be safely sampled -45°	Stope 2 a talts on slope -20° Stope 3 = maximum st	Stope 3 = maximum steephers that can be safely sampled -45°	40000
resume is greened in moderate or greater arounds of it more common, of low quality feature is present in the wetland in very stock entoures or it more common, of low quality feature is present in moderate amounts, but not of highest quality, or in small amounts of highest quality feature is present in moderate or greater amounts and of highest quality	ality ts of highest quality		CROWN COVER (BENS ONLITER), Male 4 readings per module facing N. S. E. W. Place dot cours in corresponding space. (4 dots per grid aquare)
100	c.w.d count for places with minimum 1m length		Module N S E
no. of no. of no macro. nassocks humanocks depressions	(2-12 cm) (12-40cm)	c, w d microhab. microhab.	000
uplands (Tip-Ups) depth 3 depth 2 depth 1	depth 1 depth 1	depth (depth (SLOPE)
1x1m 3.16x3.16m	10x10m 10x10m	10x10m 10x10m 10x10m	200000000000000000000000000000000000000
County (count) (count)	Cours)	6	3 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0
	thr.) (8 1000000
0 0	यक्र प	4	-
			9 1013 11 17
			2 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
OTE Juno Popular of Bound in Both in the guarde come the form to do the	3 w 3 man	3 % we we	0
PROFESSION OF STREET	1 2 4 5 0 to 2102/02/5 page	0 0	8 20 1 0 000
		3	

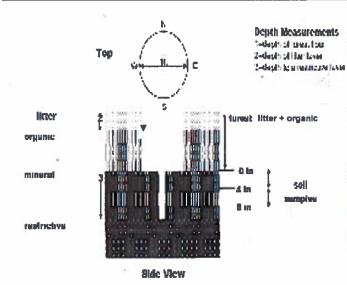
COVER BY STRATA

STRATUM	GENERAL FORM
Tree (generally >5 m)	Tree (overstory), very tall shrubs*, liana, epiphyte)
Shrub (generally 0,5 to 5 m)	Tree (sapling), shrub, liana, epiphyte)
Herb (Field)	Herb, dwarf-shrub**, tree (seedling***)
Floating	Floating
Aquatic (submerged)	Submerged

Very tail shrubs are sometimes included in the tree stratum

**Can also include seedlings of shrubs, i.e. all shrubs <0.5m

***Tree seedlings are often defined as up to 1.4 m height or as <2.5 cm DBH in which case they would span the herb and shrub layers.



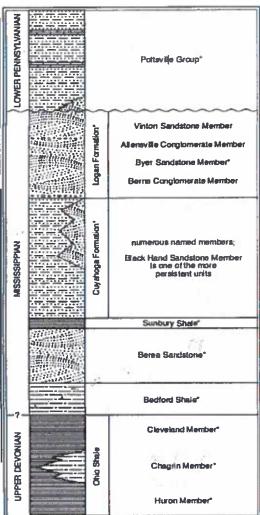


FIGURE 3-20.—Generalized section of Cyper Devenian, Mississpeian, and Lower Pennsylvanian firmations in northeastern Ohio. Ascerials inside are units that are fossiblerous. This composite section represents about 400 meters of rick exposed across the area. The section represents is used in the older literature in refer to Mississpeian rocks in Ohio. Some geologists use the European term "Carbomistrous," which encompasses the Alisamppian and Pennsylvanian Pernods of the U.S. Many units have been named within the Cuyahoga formation, but most units are local and cannot be traced over great distances. The Black Hand Member is a spectrainal missive sandstone that is fairly widespread but discontinuous. See Hyde (1953), Hoover (1960), and Collins (1979) for more information on Alisanseppian rocks in Ohio. See figure 3-18 for explanation of rock types.