

## CLEVELAND METROPARKS Plant Community Assessment Program: Quality Control Form



Project Label:

PCAP

Plot No: 1006

Date Sampled: 6/15/15

Lead: LANCE

Comment required if item answer is NO

Parking/Access outside of Park Boundaries:		<input checked="" type="radio"/> Y	<input type="radio"/> N	If yes, write details in Comments section below
Field journals completed		<input checked="" type="radio"/> Y	<input type="radio"/> N	
Site sketch made on 1:3000 map?		<input checked="" type="radio"/> Y	<input type="radio"/> N	
Check cover page	X-axis Bearing of plot recorded	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Y	<input type="radio"/> N	
	GPS coords. Recorded	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Y	<input type="radio"/> N	
	North direction recorded	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Y	<input type="radio"/> N	
	Photographs taken?	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Y	<input type="radio"/> N	
	Relocated Pins Mapped	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Y	<input type="radio"/> N	
Plot No., Date agreement on all pages?		<input checked="" type="radio"/> Y	<input type="radio"/> N	
Header data completed all pages?		<input checked="" type="radio"/> Y	<input type="radio"/> N	
Cover classes recorded in all intensive modules		<input checked="" type="radio"/> Y	<input type="radio"/> N	
Browse Level By Species		<input checked="" type="radio"/> Y	<input type="radio"/> N	
Woody stem quality control check		<input checked="" type="radio"/> Y	<input type="radio"/> N	Check every line and cross check with the Tree Cover Sheet
Invasive plant quality control check		<input checked="" type="radio"/> Y	<input type="radio"/> N	N/A
Ash trees mapped		<input checked="" type="radio"/> Y	<input type="radio"/> N	N/A
Completed Forest Pest/Pathogen Datasheet		<input checked="" type="radio"/> Y	<input type="radio"/> N	
Cover by Strata? (confirm cover type)		<input checked="" type="radio"/> Y	<input type="radio"/> N	
Soil samples collected with matching plot #.		<input checked="" type="radio"/> Y	<input type="radio"/> N	N/A
Cross check 2010 information		<input checked="" type="radio"/> Y	<input type="radio"/> N	Highlight any changes from 2010 information
Vouchers labeled on datasheet with initials and number		<input checked="" type="radio"/> Y	<input type="radio"/> N	
Vouchers labeled on collection bag		<input checked="" type="radio"/> Y	<input type="radio"/> N	
Pink flags removed		<input checked="" type="radio"/> Y	<input type="radio"/> N	BASELINE CENTER LEFT Fall 2015
Data sheet QA before leaving site?		<input checked="" type="radio"/> Y	<input type="radio"/> N	
Common equipment returned to tub.		<input checked="" type="radio"/> Y	<input type="radio"/> N	
Data sheets scanned?		<input checked="" type="radio"/> Y	<input type="radio"/> N	6/19/15 Enter date to left
Final data sheets scanned?		<input checked="" type="radio"/> Y	<input type="radio"/> N	Enter date to left
Buffer Widths measured?		<input checked="" type="radio"/> Y	<input type="radio"/> N	
Web Soil Survey		<input checked="" type="radio"/> Y	<input type="radio"/> N	
Voucher Location (# vouchers collected)	Refrigerator	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Y	<input type="radio"/> N	- Community - Pin Oaks?
	Press (#)	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Y	<input type="radio"/> N	
	Drier	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Y	<input type="radio"/> N	
	Identified	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Y	<input type="radio"/> N	
	Mounted	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Y	<input type="radio"/> N	
	Thrown away	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Y	<input type="radio"/> N	

GRTS point verification: Is plot sampleable?	
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes	Original GRTS point is sampleable
<input type="radio"/> No	Original GRTS point lands in a non-sample
	<input type="checkbox"/> Point falls in a water (i.e. river, lake)
	<input type="checkbox"/> Managed mowed area (i.e. golf course)
	<input type="checkbox"/> Paved area (i.e. parking lot, road)
	<input type="checkbox"/> Unsafe to sample (i.e. steep slope)
	<input type="checkbox"/> Other

Additional Comments:

PARK ON OAKWOOD CT.

Center line flagged  
\* 2015 - GPS pt wrong

b



# CLEVELAND METROPARKS Plant Community Assessment Program - Background Data Sheet

GENERAL INFORMATION	
Project Label:	PCAP
Project Name:	02Bw2015
Plot Name:	Wet Woods
Plot No:	1006
<input type="checkbox"/> Level 4 (no nested corners sampled) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Level 5 (nested corners sampled)	
Date (mm/dd/yyyy):	06/15/2015
End date (if > 1 day):	/ /
Party:	Role**
A. Lance	Plot leader
D. Sweet	Bot. Asst.
M. Busam	Crew
T. Bostic	Crew
<b>Plot NOT Sampled:</b> <input type="checkbox"/> Other	
<b>Sampling Quality:</b> <input type="checkbox"/> Perm. water <input type="checkbox"/> Paved <input type="checkbox"/> Slope <input type="checkbox"/> Safety	
Effort Level:	subjective evaluation of how much effort put into sampling. Hurried plots may still provide good data
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Very thorough	
<input type="checkbox"/> Accurate	
<input type="checkbox"/> Thinned	
TAXONOMIC ACCURACY	
high	modera.
low	not simpl
vascul.	n/a
bryo	
lichen	
TAXONOMIC STANDARD	
Authority:	G&C Pub Date: 1998

Minimum required fields in Bold and Underlined

LOCATION	
State:	OH
County:	Cuyahoga
Quadrangle:	North blinset
Local Place Name:	Oakwood Dr.
Landowner:	CMP
Data Confidentiality:	<input type="checkbox"/> Public data <input type="checkbox"/> Private Data <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Fuzz 100m <input type="checkbox"/> Fuzz 250m <input type="checkbox"/> Fuzz 500m
Check one:	<input type="checkbox"/> Public data <input type="checkbox"/> Private Data <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Fuzz 100m <input type="checkbox"/> Fuzz 250m <input type="checkbox"/> Fuzz 500m
Reason:	
If data not public, why?	
Source of coordinates:	<input type="checkbox"/> MAP <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> GPS <input type="checkbox"/> Lat/Long <input type="checkbox"/> UTM <input type="checkbox"/> StatePlane <input type="checkbox"/> deg <input type="checkbox"/> deg min <input type="checkbox"/> Other (specify)
Coordinate system:	Coord. Units
Datum:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NAD83/VGS84 <input type="checkbox"/> NAD27
GPS location in plot x=0 to 5, y=-1.0 to +1.0:	
x = 0 y = 0 (base of plot x=0, y=0)	94.4
Latitude: 41.40915	41.40871
Longitude: 81.94609	81.95910
Coord. Accuracy:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> m <input type="checkbox"/> ft
GPS File Name:	1006A
Plot size for cover data:	(hectares)
X-axis Bearing of plot:	[181]°
Depth: (1-5):	4
Intensive modules: 2, 3, 8, 9	EDIT IF MODIFIED
Camera No.:	3
Photo Nos.:	064
Plot placement:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> GRTS <input type="checkbox"/> Representative <input type="checkbox"/> Random <input type="checkbox"/> Stratified Random <input type="checkbox"/> Transect component <input type="checkbox"/> Systematic (grid) <input type="checkbox"/> Capture specific feature <input type="checkbox"/> Other

\*Definitions and values in CM PCAP FORM v. 1.0 and CVS Field Guide

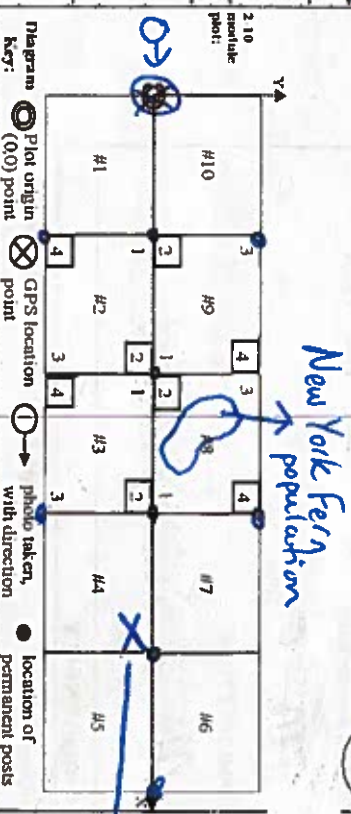


Diagram Key: Plot origin (0,0) point, GPS location point, photo taken, location of permanent posts with direction

NOTES: Include Layout (any unusual shape details), Location (directions and landscape context), Rationale (why here), and Veg Characterization (description of community, dominants, strata, BROWSE). Additional notes in space on back.

Layout → 2x5

Location → Approximately 350 m east of Oakwood Dr.

Rationale → GRTS; PCAP re-sample

Veg. Characteristics → High quality

swamp forest. Significant browse

present; few other disturbances.

Diverse canopy with Red Maple,

Black Gum, Beech, Red Oak, and

Yellow Birch. Shrub layer

dominated by spicebush. →

OVER





Project Label: PCAP

Project name: O2K42015

Plot no.: 1006

Total modules: 10

Intensive modules: 4 Plot configuration:

25

Plot area (ha):



## Cleveland MetroParks

**Br = Browse Level. Use cover classes to describe amount of browse per species over entire plot**

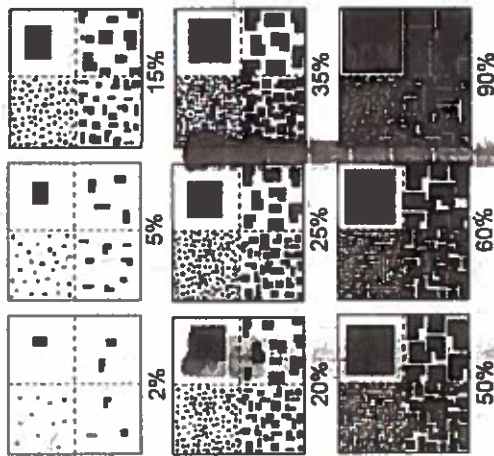
**Sirata - Coy. entire plot**

[illegible]



# EXAMPLES OF PERCENT OF AREA COVERED

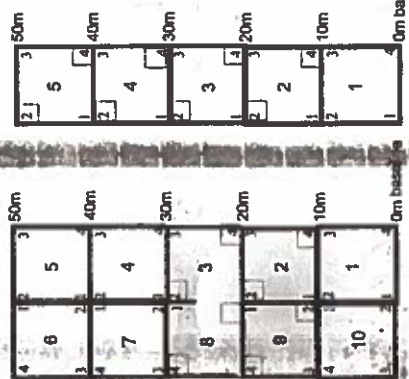
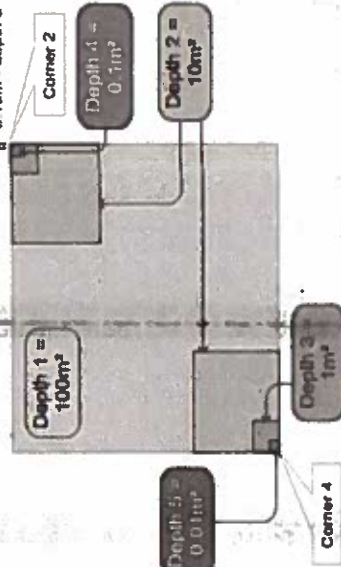
The following graphic can be used for various data elements to convey "Amount" or "Quantity". NOTE: Within any given box, each quadrant contains the same total area covered, just different sized objects.



Cover class	% cover	midpoint
1	soBany or few	0.0001
2	0-1%	0.005
3	1-2%	0.015
4	2-5%	0.035
5	5-10%	0.075
6	10-25%	0.175
7	25-50%	0.375
8	50-75%	0.625
9	75-85%	0.850
10	95-100%	0.975

**Nested Corners**

10 00m - depth 1  
3 16m - depth 2  
1 00m - depth 3  
0 32m - depth 4  
0 10m - depth 5



## BROWSE RATING NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION

**LOW OR NONE:** there is no measurable browse line AND there are very few or no plants 1-m nested quadrat and intensive module. In general, low values relate to less than 10 percent, by numbers of stems browsed.

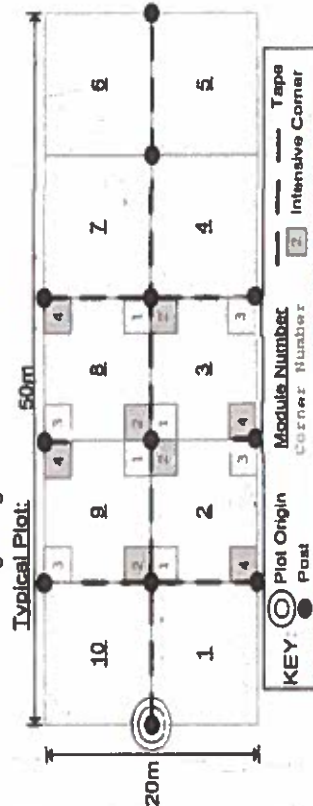
**MEDIUM LOW** values include evidence of browse at about 10 percent of the stems with no significant impact to plant reproduction evident. In this rating, plants are browsed but preferential species are observed to be reproducing in numbers that appear normal or near-normal in comparison to low browse areas. For example, trilliums may flower and fruit, but jewelweed and arrowwood viburnum exhibit browse.

**MEDIUM:** browse affects greater than 10 percent and less than 25 percent of stems in the 1 m2 nested quadrat and intensive module. A browse line is usually not evident or obvious for all classes and species of vegetation, but careful examination may show preferential browse and/or browse lines for some species of plants.

**MEDIUM HIGH** values include evidence of a browse line and 25 percent of stems browsed with very little vegetation regeneration evident. In this rating, for some species of plants, reproduction does not appear to occur or it is very severely limited.

**HIGH:** greater than 25 percent of the stems of plants in the 1 m2 nested quadrat and intensive module AND a browse line is evident.

**VERY HIGH** values include extensive browse conditions, where the browse line is very evident AND almost all seedlings and herbs are severely browsed or missing. Browse line may be 5 to 6 feet in height with no or little green growth beneath.

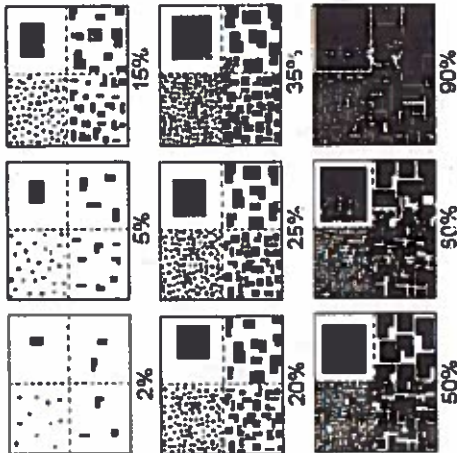




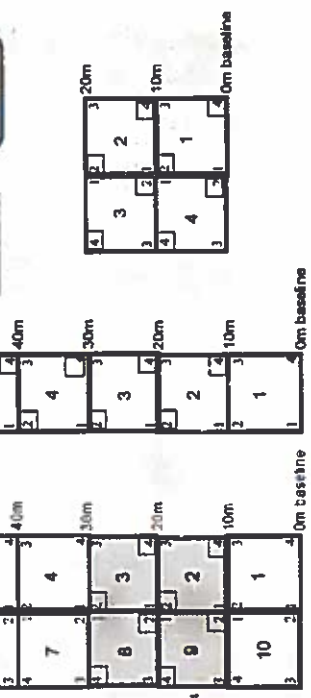
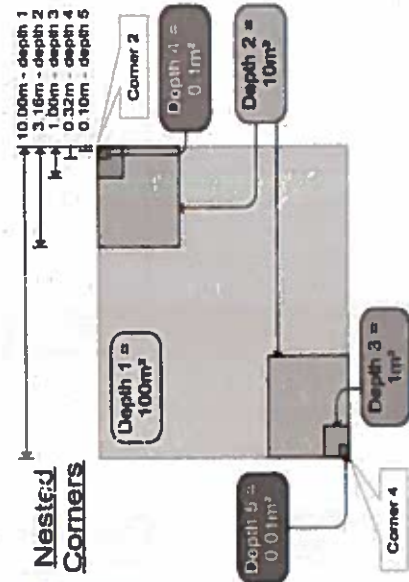


# EXAMPLES OF PERCENT OF AREA COVERED

The following graphics can be used in various data elements to convey "Amount" or "Quantity". NOTE: Within any given but, each quadrant contains the same total area covered, just different sized objects.



cover class	% cover	midpoint
1	solitary or few	0.0001
2	0-1%	0.005
3	1-2%	0.015
4	2-5%	0.035
5	5-10%	0.075
6	10-25%	0.175
7	25-50%	0.375
8	50-75%	0.625
9	75-85%	0.850
10	85-100%	0.975



**BROWSE RATING NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION**

**LOW OR NONE:** there is no measurable browse line AND there are very few or no plants 1-m nested quadrat and intensive module. In general, low values relate to less than 10 percent, by numbers of stems browsed.

**MEDIUM LOW** values include evidence of browse at about 10 percent of the stems with no significant impact to plant reproduction evident. In this rating, plants are browsed but preferential species are observed to be reproducing in numbers that appear normal or near-normal in comparison to low browse areas. For example, trilliums may flower and fruit, but jewelweed and arrowwood viburnum exhibit browse.

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**MEDIUM HIGH** values include evidence of a browse line and 25 percent of stems browsed with very little vegetation regeneration evident. In this rating, for some species of plants, reproduction does not appear to occur or it is very severely limited.

**HIGH:** greater than 25 percent of the stems of plants in the 1 m2 nested quadrat and intensive module AND a browse line is evident.

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## Page 1 of 1

Natural Resource Management FORM NR/2010-02a

Page      of     

PCAP

**Project name:**

Plot no.:

[illegible]



# CLEVELAND METROPARKS Plant Community Assessment Program Natural Woody Stem Data Sheet

Project Label: PCAP

Project Name: 02R/N2015

Plot No.: 1000

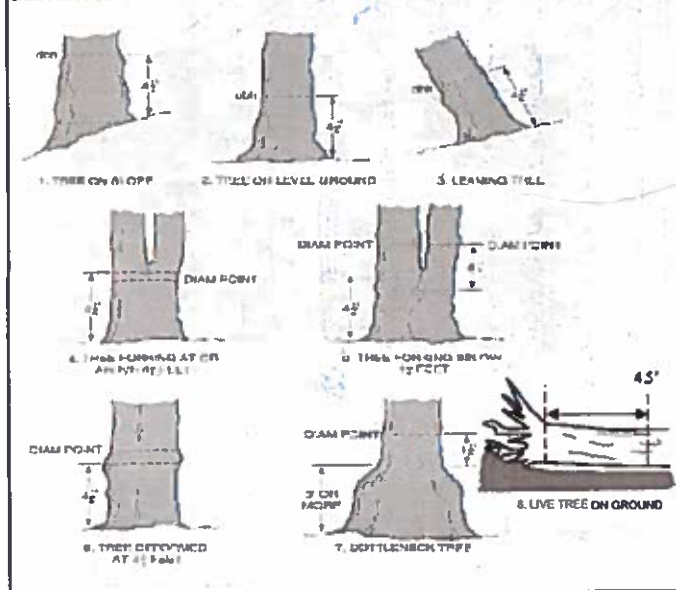
Page: 1 of 3



Explain subsample (additional room on back):

mod #	Species	c	voucher#	# stems 0-1.4m or super broward	% sub sample	# shrub clumps	size class (cm) woody stems > 1.4m	1 0-1	2 1-2.5	3 2.5-5	4 5-10	5 10-15	6 15-20	7 20-25	8 25-30	9 30-35	10 35-40	11 >40 (record each tree)
✓	Acer Rubrum																	
✓	Quercus <del>laevis</del> <u>laevis</u>																	67.4
✓	Nyssa sylvatica			4														
✓	Prunus serotina			11														
✓	Lindera <del>spicata</del>			17														
✓	Smilax rotundifolia			1														
✓	Sassafras albidum																	
✓	Viburnum dentatum			1														
✓	Nyssa <del>SYNATA</del> <u>SYNATA</u>																	58.6
✓	<del>Sassafras</del> <u>Sassafras</u>																	57.0
✓	Acer Rubrum																	57.0, 62.0
✓	Fagus grandifolia																	
✓	Staphylea trifolia																	
✓	Lindera <del>spicata</del>			8														
✓	Fagus grandifolia			1														
✓	Nyssa <del>SYNATA</del> <u>SYNATA</u>			6														50.8
✓	Lindera <del>spicata</del>			1														
✓	Fagus grandifolia			1														
✓	Acer rubrum																	
✓	Quercus <del>laevis</del> <u>laevis</u>																	94.4
✓	Prunus <del>serotina</del> <u>serotina</u>																	
✓	Staphylea trifolia																	
✓	Fagus grandifolia			2														

### DBH Measurement Rules



### Woody Stem Deer Browse

Record the number of stems/plants between 0.5-1.0 meters tall that exhibit evidence of this years deer browse.

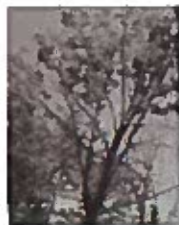
Record using the tally system from 1 to 10



1



2



3



4



5

### ASH CANOPY CONDITION

- 1. Healthy, full canopy:** A healthy ash canopy is normally thinner than many other trees such as maple.
- 2. Thinning canopy:** There aren't as many leaves as there ought to be, but all top branches exposed to sunlight have leaves.
- 3. Dieback:** Canopy is thinning and some top branches exposed to sunlight are dead (have no leaves). Lower branches, not exposed to sunlight, die naturally and are not considered.
- 4. >50% Dieback:** The canopy has less than half of the leaves that should be there and/or half of the top branches are dead.
- 5. Dead canopy:** No leaves remain in the canopy portion of the tree. It still counts as a 5 even if there are epicormic sprouts below the canopy (lowest branch) on the trunk.



A

B

C

D

E

### ASH CANOPY BREAKUP CONDITION (for dead trees):

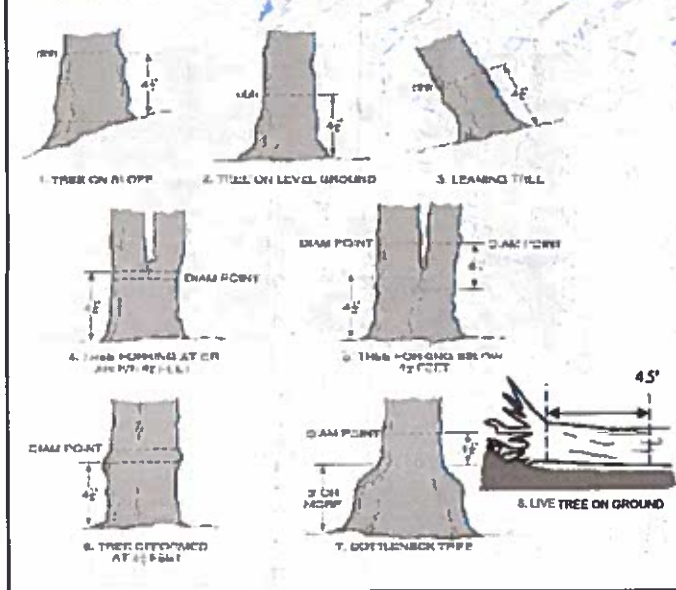
(If an ash receives a score of 5 (dead) under canopy condition it must also receive a breakup condition rank as described below)

- A:** All main branches contain fine twigs (newly dead).
- B:** Over 50% of main branches have fine twigs.
- C:** Less than 50% of main branches have fine twigs.
- D:** Stem still standing and tertiary main branches present.
- E:** Central stem still standing.





### DBH Measurement Rules



### Woody Stem Deer Browse

Record the number of stems/plants between 0.5-1.0 meters tall that exhibit evidence of this years deer browse.

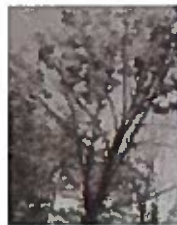
Record using the tally system from 1 to 10



1



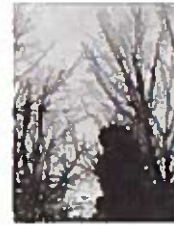
2



3



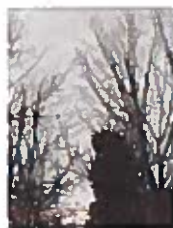
4



5

### ASH CANOPY CONDITION

- 1. Healthy, full canopy:** A healthy ash canopy is normally thinner than many other trees such as maple.
- 2. Thinning canopy:** There aren't as many leaves as there ought to be, but all top branches exposed to sunlight have leaves.
- 3. Dieback:** Canopy is thinning and some top branches exposed to sunlight are dead (have no leaves). Lower branches, not exposed to sunlight, die naturally and are not considered.
- 4. >50% Dieback:** The canopy has less than half of the leaves that should be there and/or half of the top branches are dead.
- 5. Dead canopy:** No leaves remain in the canopy portion of the tree. It still counts as a 5 even if there are epicormic sprouts below the canopy (lowest branch) on the trunk.



A

B

C

D

E

### ASH CANOPY BREAKUP CONDITION (for dead trees):

(If an ash receives a score of 5 (dead) under canopy condition it must also receive a breakup condition rank as described below)

- All main branches contain fine twigs (newly dead).
- Over 50% of main branches have fine twigs.
- Less than 50% of main branches have fine twigs.
- Stem still standing and tertiary main branches present.
- Central stem still standing.



# CLEVELAND METROPARKS Plant Community Assessment Program Natural Woody Stem Data Sheet

Project Label: PCAP

Project Name: 52642015

Plot No.: 1000

Page: 3

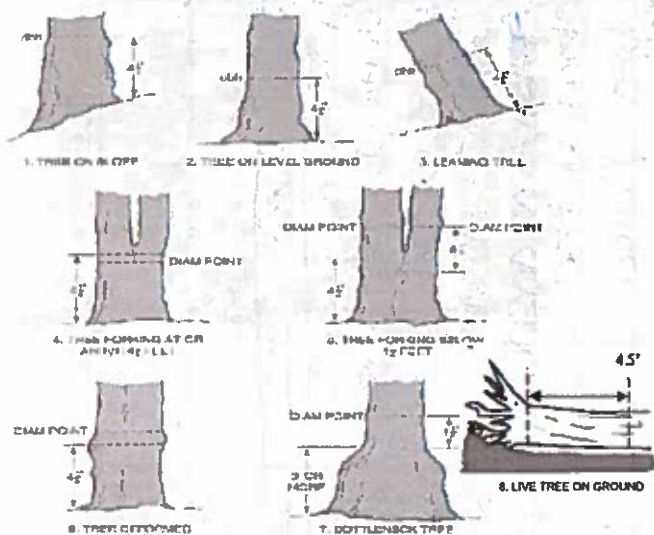
of



Explain subsample (additional room on back):

med #	species	c	voucher#	# stems 0-1.4m browed	% sub or super sample	# shrub clumps	size class (cm) woody stems >1.4m												
							1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11		
							0-1	1-2.5	2.5-5	5-10	10-15	15-20	20-25	25-30	30-35	35-40	>40 (record each tree)		
1	Nyssa sylvatica			2															
2	Acer rubra																		
3	Acer rubra																		
4	Acer rubra																		
5	Acer rubra																		
6	Acer rubra																		
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94	Acer rubra																		
95	Acer rubra																		
96	Acer rubra																		
97	Acer rubra																		
98	Acer rubra																		
99	Acer rubra																		
100	Acer rubra																		

### DBH Measurement Rules



### Woody Stem Deer Browse

Record the number of stems/plants between 0.5-1.0 meters tall that exhibit evidence of this years deer browse.

Record using the tally system from 1 to 10



1



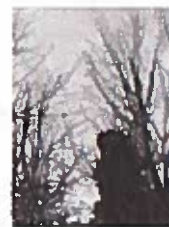
2



3



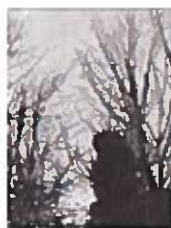
4



5

### ASH CANOPY CONDITION

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A

B

C

D

E

### ASH CANOPY BREAKUP CONDITION (for dead trees):

(If an ash receives a score of 5 (dead) under canopy condition it must also receive a breakup condition rank as described below)

- A:** All main branches contain fine twigs (newly dead).
- B:** Over 50% of main branches have fine twigs.
- C:** Less than 50% of main branches have fine twigs.
- D:** Stem still standing and tertiary main branches present.
- E:** Central stem still standing.



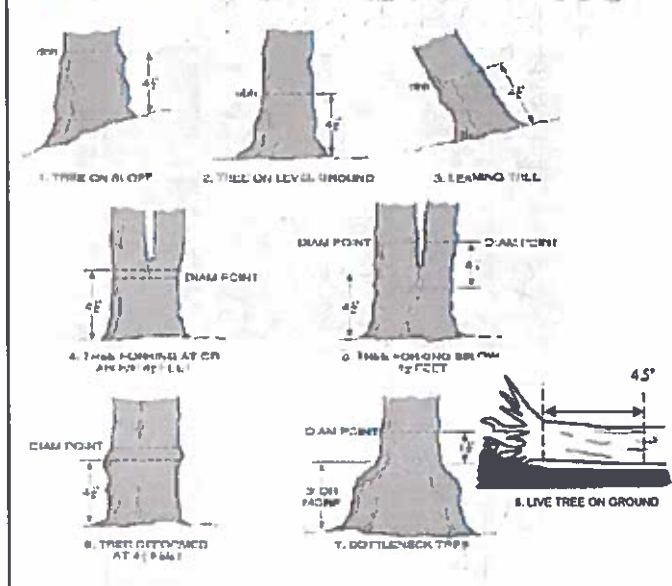
**Cleveland Metropolitan**

Page: 5 of

Cleveland Metropolitan

Natural Resources Management FORM NR/2010-03a

### DBH Measurement Rules



### Woody Stem Deer Browse

Record the number of stems/plants between 0.5-1.0 meters tall that exhibit evidence of this years deer browse.

Record using the tally system from 1 to 10



### ASH CANOPY CONDITION

- 1. Healthy, full canopy:** A healthy ash canopy is normally thinner than many other trees such as maple.
- 2. Thinning canopy:** There aren't as many leaves as there ought to be, but all top branches exposed to sunlight have leaves.
- 3. Dieback:** Canopy is thinning and some top branches exposed to sunlight are dead (have no leaves). Lower branches, not exposed to sunlight, die naturally and are not considered.
- 4. >50% Dieback:** The canopy has less than half of the leaves that should be there and/or half of the top branches are dead.
- 5. Dead canopy:** No leaves remain in the canopy portion of the tree. It still counts as a 5 even if there are epicormic sprouts below the canopy (lowest branch) on the trunk.



A

B

C

D

E

### ASH CANOPY BREAKUP CONDITION (for dead trees):

(If an ash receives a score of 5 (dead) under canopy condition it must also receive a breakup condition rank as described below)

- A:** All main branches contain fine twigs (newly dead).
- B:** Over 50% of main branches have fine twigs.
- C:** Less than 50% of main branches have fine twigs.
- D:** Stem still standing and tertiary main branches present.
- E:** Central stem still standing.

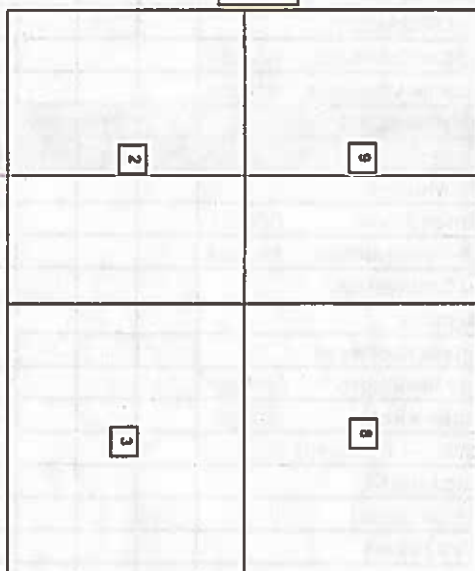
ASH ONLY

Tree ID	Species	DBH (cm)	HT (m)	Ash condition	Dead condition	# Exit holes	Epicormic present	Woodpecker holes
1	NO ASH PRESENT							
2								
3								
4								
5								
6								
7								
8								
9								
10								
11								
12								
13								
14								
15								
16								
17								
18								
19								
20								
21								
22								
23								
24								
25								

\* If Ash Condition scores 5 (dead) provide breakup score (A-E)  
Count EAB exit holes 1.25m<sup>2</sup> x 21.5m  
Woodpecker and epicormic marked present (1) or absent (0)



\*\*\* Change intensive module numbers when necessary



Map all ash trees ≥ 10cm in each module using Tree ID number



**CLEVELAND METROPARKS Plant Community Assessment Program: Invasive Species Survey**


Tier 1: Early detection/ Rapid response		Presence				GPS
		NE	SE	SW	NW	
Microstegium vimineum	Japanese stiltgrass					
Ranunculus ficaria	Lesser Celandine					
Cynanchum louiseae (vine)	Black Swallow-wort					
Butomus umbellatus (wetland)	Flowering Rush					
Heracleum mantegazzianum	Giant Hogweed					

Tier 2: Assess as Needed		# of Plants				comments
		NE	SE	SW	NW	
Acer platanoides	Norway Maple					
Ailanthus altissima	Tree of Heaven					
Lonicera japonica (vine)	Japanese Honeysuckle					
Lythrum salicaria (wetland)	Purple Loosestrife					
Aegopodium podagraria (G-cover)	Bishop's Goutweed					
Celastrus orbiculatus (vine)	Asian Bittersweet					
Torilis sp.	Hedgeparsley					
Conium maculatum	Poison Hemlock					
Rhamnus cathartica	Common Buckthorn (shrub)					
Berberis thunbergii	Japanese Barberry (shrub)					
Alnus glutinosa	European Alder					
Dipsacus laciniatus	Cut-leaf Teasel					
Elaeagnus umbellata	Autumn Olive (shrub)					
Lonicera maackii	Amur Honeysuckle (shrub)					
Euonymus fortunei	Wintercreeper					

Tier 3: Presence is of Interest		# of Plants				comments
		NE	SE	SW	NW	
Convallaria majalis (G-cover)	Lily of the Valley					
Coronilla varia (G-cover)	Crown Vetch					
Eleutherococcus pentaphyllus	Five-leaf Aralia (shrub)					
Pachysandra terminalis (G-cover)	Japanese Pachysandra					
Philadelphus coronarius	Mock Orange (shrub)					
Pulmonaria officinalis (G-cover)	Lungwort					
Rubus phoenicolasius	Wineberry					
Iris pseudacorus (wetland)	Yellow Flag Iris					
Ornithogalum umbellatum	Star of Bethlehem					
Viburnum opulus var. opulus	European Cranberry (shrub)					
Viburnum plicatum	Doublefile Viburnum (shrub)					

Tier 4: Widespread and abundant		Presence				comments
		NE	SE	SW	NW	
Alliaria petiolata	Garlic Mustard					
Ligustrum vulgare	Common Privet (shrub)					
L. morrowii, L. tatarica	Bush Honeysuckles (shrub)					
Phalaris arundinacea	Reed Canarygrass					
Phragmites australis (wetland)	Phragmites					
Polygonum cuspidatum	Japanese Knotweed					
Frangula alnus	Glossy Buckthorn (shrub)					
Rosa multiflora	Multiflora Rose (shrub)					
Typha angustifolia, T. x. glauca	Cattails (wetland)					
Cirsium arvense	Canada thistle					
Dipsacus fullonum	Common Teasel					
Hesperis matronalis	Dame's Rocket					
Vinca minor (G-cover)	Periwinkle					

<b>Presence</b>
X: yes

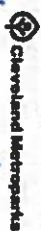
<b># of Plants</b>
1: 1-10
2: 11-50.
3: 51-100
4: 101-1,000
5: >1,000

<b># of Plants</b>
1: 1-10
2: 11-50.
3: 51-100
4: 101-1,000
5: >1,000

<b># of Plants</b>
1: 1-10
2: 11-50.
3: 51-100
4: 101-1,000
5: >1,000

Note: For Ground-cover plants record "stem #" but in comment field describe # of colonies and patch size (S,M, L)

# CLEVELAND METROPARKS Plant Community Assessment Program Forest Pest and Pathogens Data Sheet



Project Label: \_\_\_\_\_

PCAP \_\_\_\_\_

Project Name: 0206 2015

Plot No.: 1006

Page: 1

of 1

Explain subsample (additional room on back):

mod #	species	voucher#	% sub or super sample	# shrub clumps	size class (cm) woody stems > 1m										
					1 0-1	2 1-2.5	3 2.5-5	4 5-10	5 10-15	6 15-20	7 20-25	8 25-30	9 30-35	10 35-40	11 >40 (record each tree)
1															
2															
3															
4															
5															
6															
7															
8															
9															
10															

NONE PRESENT

Strata	Total % Cover
Tree	
Shrub	
Herbaceous	

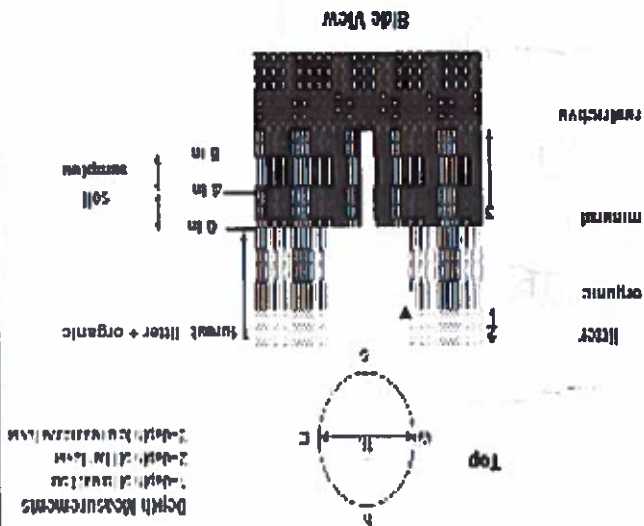
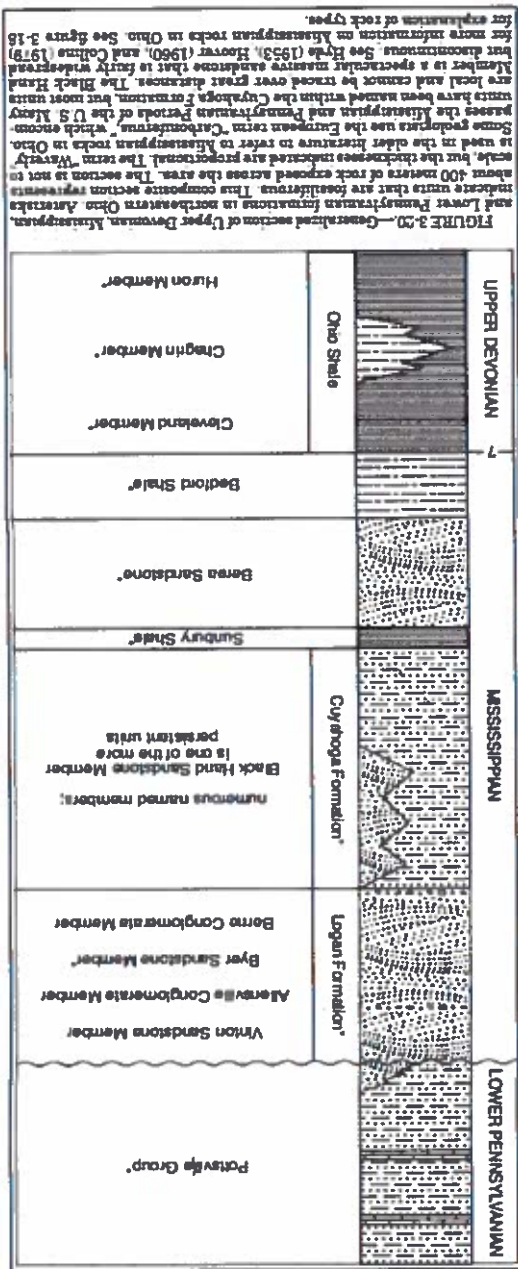
* Write None Present if no evidence:	
-Beech (Fungus)	-Asian Longhorned Beetle
-Hemlock (HWA)	-Other Forest Pest or Pathogen
-Walnut (Thousand Canker)	











COVER BY STRATA	
GENERAL FORM	
Tree (generally >5 m)	Tree (overstory), very tall shrubs, liana, epiphyte
Shrub (generally 0.5 to 5 m)	Tree (sapling), shrub, liana, epiphyte
Herb (field)	Herb, dwarf-shrub, tree (seedling)
Floating	Floating
Aquatic (submerged)	Submerged

Very tall shrubs are sometimes included in the tree stratum  
Can also include seedlings of shrubs, i.e. all shrubs <0.5m  
Tree seedlings are often defined as up to 1.4 m height or as <2.5 cm DBH in which case they would span the herb and shrub layers

Project label: PCAP

Project Name: OZBW 2015

Plot No.: 1006

Page: 1 of 1



**SOIL PIT DESCRIPTION:** Excavate 20 cm plug with shovel. Describe using Munsell chart, visual exam, texture, and odor

**SOIL SAMPLES** Standard procedure: collect a soil sample of the top 10 cm of soil from center of each intensive module and composite the sample

Soil pit module #      (one per entire plot)

5 cm	matrix color
	moist color
	%mottle
	oxid roots
	texture*
	redox features**
	hyd. cond ***
20 cm	matrix color
	moist color
	%mottle
	oxid roots
	texture*
	redox features**
	hyd. cond ***

Soil Collection Method	Hartman (A, B, C)
2,3,4,9 campotted	A
Web Soil Survey	Interpretation
Soil Series	Soil Series
Soil Series Source	Ohio Soil Survey
Landform type	
Depth to rest layer	
Parent Material	
Drainage*	
<input type="checkbox"/> Excessively dr <input type="checkbox"/> Well drained <input type="checkbox"/> Somewhat poorly dr <input type="checkbox"/> Impermeable surface	<input type="checkbox"/> Somewhat excessively <input type="checkbox"/> Moderately well dr <input type="checkbox"/> Very poorly dr

**SOIL DEPTH MEASUREMENT:** Measure to the nearest 0.1 cm in center of intensive modules. If >30.5 cm, record as >30

	1 liter+ organic depth (cm)	2 liter depth (cm)	water depth (cm)	depth sat soil (cm)
2	2.0	0	0	0
3	3.0	0	0	0
8	2.4	2.2	0	0
9	2.8	2.6	0	0

**EARTH SURFACE & GROUND COVER**

Underlying Earth Surface*	Ground Cover	Percent
Sum - 100%	percent	percent
Historic	Coarse Woody Debris***	77%
Mineral Soil	Fine Woody Debris***	79%
Gravel-Cobble*	Litter	85%
Boulder**	Duff (Ferm. Humus)	10%
Bedrock	Bryophyte-Lichen	27%
* Gravel-Cobble - 1/16-10"	Water	27%
** Boulder - > 10 in	Bare Soil	27%
*** > 5 cm in diameter	Road/Traffic	0%
**** < 5 cm in diameter	Other	0%

**COVER BY STRATA**  
estimate using midpoints of 5, ex: 3, 8, 13

Strata	Height Range (m)	Total Cover (%)
Tree	5	93%
Shrub	0.5 - 5	38%
Herb	0 - 0.5	33%
(Floating)*	-	
(Aquatic)*	-	

SEE BACK OF PAGE FOR TYPICAL STRATA DESCRIPTIONS. STRATA CAN VARY BY COVER TYPE.

**TRAIL INFORMATION:**

Type	%Cover
All Purpose	
Bridle	
Hiking sanctioned	
Bocce unsanctioned	
Gravel	
Deer	

**STAND SIZE**

<input type="checkbox"/> >100 x plot size
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 100 x plot size
<input type="checkbox"/> 10-100 x plot size
<input type="checkbox"/> 3-10 x plot size
<input type="checkbox"/> 1-3 x plot size
<input type="checkbox"/> < plot size

\* rooted and floating or slightly emersed

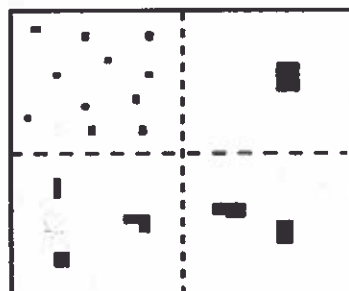
\*\* submersed, most plant mass below surface

8- No worms or castings present  
9- No worms or castings

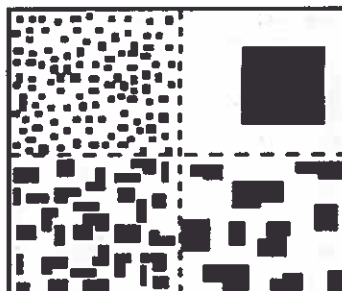


# PERCENT MOTTLES (USE CLASS CODES):

Class	Code	Criteria: % of Surface Area Covered
Few	f	< 2
Common	c	2 to < 20
Many	m	≥ 20



2%



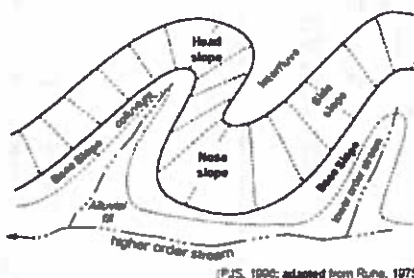
20%

**SOIL TEXTURE:** Record the code for the soil texture of the 5 cm and 20 cm layers. To estimate texture, collect a soil sample from the appropriate layer and moisten it with water to the consistency of modeling clay/wet newspaper; the sample should be wet enough that all of the particles are saturated but excess water does not freely flow from the sample when squeezed. Attempt to roll the sample into a ball. If the soil will not stay in a ball and has a grainy texture, the texture is either sandy or coarse sandy. If the soil does form a ball, squeeze the sample between your fingers and attempt to form a self-supporting ribbon. Samples which form both a ball and a ribbon should be coded as clayey; samples which form a ball but not a ribbon should be coded as loamy.

- 0= Organic
- 1= Loamy
- 2= Clayey
- 3= Sandy
- 4= Coarse Sand
- 9= Not measured - make plot note

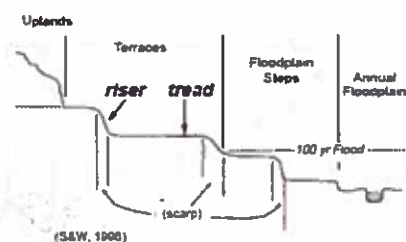
**Geomorphic Component - Three-dimensional descriptors of parts of landforms or microfeatures that are best applied to areas.** Unique descriptors are available for Hills, Terraces, Mountains, and Flat Plains; e.g., (for Hills) nose slope or NS.

Hills	Code	NASIS
interfluvial	IF	IF
head slope	HS	HS
nose slope	NS	NS
side slope	SS	SS
base slope	---	BS



(P.J.S. 1990; adapted from Ruhn, 1975)

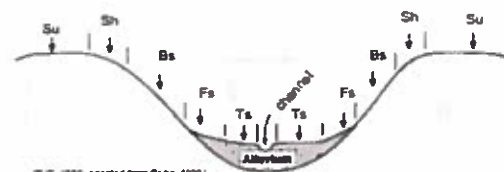
Terraces	Code
riser	RI
tread	TR



(S&W, 1998)

**Hillslope - Profile Position (Hillslope Position in PDP) - Two-dimensional descriptors of parts of line segments (i.e., slope position) along a transect that runs up and down the slope; e.g., backslope or BS. This is best applied to transects or points, not areas.**

Position	Code
summit	SU
shoulder	SH
backslope	BS
footslope	FS
toeslope	TS



(P.J.S. 1990; adapted from Ruhn, 1975)

## **HYDROLOGIC REGIME** Modified from Grossman et al 1998. (Frequency and duration of flooding.)

**UPLAND:** Not a wetland. Very rarely flooded.

**INTERMITTENTLY/SEASONALLY SATURATED:** Dry at least once per year. Surface water is seldom present, but substrate is saturated to surface for extended periods during the growing season.

**PERMANENTLY/SEMI-PERMANENTLY SATURATED:** Dry less than once per year. Surface water is seldom present, but substrate is saturated to surface for extended periods during the growing season. Equivalent to Cowardin's Saturated modifier.

**OCCASIONALLY FLOODED:** Surface water can be present for brief periods during growing season, but not in most years. Often characterizes flood-plain upper terraces.

**TEMPORARILY FLOODED:** Surface water present for brief periods during growing season, but water table usually lies well below soil surface. Often characterizes flood-plain levees and lower terraces. Equivalent to Cowardin's Temporary modifier.

**INTERMITTENTLY FLOODED:** Substrate is usually exposed, but surface water can be present for variable periods without detectable seasonal periodicity. Inundation is not predictable to a given season and is dependent upon highly localized rain storms. This modifier was developed for use in the arid West for water regimes of Playa lakes, intermittent streams, and dry washes but can be used in other parts of the U.S. where appropriate. This modifier can be applied to both wetland and non-wetland situations. Equivalent to Cowardin's Intermittently Flooded modifier.

**SEMI-PERMANENTLY FLOODED** (exposed <1/year): Surface water persists throughout the growing season in most years. Land surface is normally saturated when water level drops below soil surface. Includes Cowardin's Intermittently Exposed and Semipermanently Flooded modifiers.

**PERMANENTLY FLOODED:** Water covers the land surface at all times of the year in all years. Equivalent to Cowardin's "permanently flooded".

**UNKNOWN:** The hydrologic regime cannot be determined from the available information.