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from sklearn.utils import gen_even_slices
import numpy as np
import itertools
class RBM:
 def __init__(self, num_hidden, num_visible, learning_rate, max_epochs=10,
              batch_size=10):
   self.num hidden = num hidden
   self.num_visible = num_visible
    self.learning_rate = learning_rate
    self.weights = 0.1 * np.random.randn(self.num_visible, self.num_hidden)
    self.weights = np.insert(self.weights, 0, 0, axis = 0)
   self.weights = np.insert(self.weights, 0, 0, axis = 1)
   self.max\_epochs = max\_epochs
   self.batch_size = batch_size
 def run_visible(self, data):
    num_examples = data.shape[0]
   hidden_states = np.ones((num_examples, self.num_hidden + 1))
   data = np.insert(data, 0, 1, axis = 1)
   hidden_activations = np.dot(data, self.weights)
   hidden_probs = self._logistic(hidden_activations)
   hidden_states[:,:] = hidden_probs > \
        np.random.rand(num_examples, self.num_hidden + 1)
   hidden_states = hidden_states[:,1:]
    return hidden_states
  def run_hidden(self, data):
    num_examples = data.shape[0]
   visible_states = np.ones((num_examples, self.num_visible + 1))
   data = np.insert(data, 0, 1, axis = 1)
   visible_activations = np.dot(data, self.weights.T)
   visible_probs = self._logistic(visible_activations)
   visible_states[:,:] = visible_probs > \
        np.random.rand(num_examples, self.num_visible + 1)
   visible_states = visible_states[:,1:]
   return visible_states
  def _logistic(self, x):
    return 1.0 / (1 + np.exp(-x))
 def _fit(self, v_pos):
   h_pos = self.run_visible(v_pos)
   v_neg = self.run_hidden(self.h_samples_)
   h_neg = self.run_visible(v_neg)
   lr = float(self.learning_rate) / v_pos.shape[0]
   v_pos = np.insert(v_pos, 0, 1, axis = 1)
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h_pos = np.insert(h_pos, 0, 1, axis = 1)
    v_neg = np.insert(v_neg, 0, 1, axis = 1)
    h_neg = np.insert(h_neg, 0, 1, axis = 1)
    update = np.dot(v_pos.T, h_pos).T
    update -= np.dot(h_neg.T, v_neg)
    self.weights += lr * update.T
    h_neg[np.random.rand(h_neg.shape[0], h_neg.shape[1]) < h_neg] = 1.0 # sample bind
    self.h_samples_ = np.floor(h_neg, h_neg)[:,1:]
  def fit(self, data):
    num_examples = data.shape[0]
    self.h_samples_ = np.zeros((self.batch_size, self.num_hidden))
    n_batches = int(np.ceil(float(num_examples) / self.batch_size))
    batch_slices = list(gen_even_slices(n_batches * self.batch_size,
                                        n_batches, num_examples))
    for iteration in xrange(1, self.max_epochs + 1):
        for batch slice in batch slices:
            self. fit(data[batch slice])
if __name__ == "__main__":
    import numpy as np
    X = np.array([[0, 0, 0], [0, 1, 1], [1, 0, 1], [1, 1, 1]])
    model = RBM(num_hidden=2, num_visible=3, learning_rate=0.1,batch_size=2)
    model.fit(X)
    print model.weights
import numpy as np, gzip, sys
from sklearn import neighbors
from sklearn.cross_validation import train_test_split
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
np.random.seed(0)
S = 1000
f = gzip.open('/tmp/mnist.pkl.gz', 'rb')
train_set, valid_set, test_set = cPickle.load(f)
f.close()
X_train,y_train = train_set
X_test, y_test = valid_set
X_train = X_train[:S]; y_train = y_train[:S]
X_test = X_test[:S]; y_test = y_test[:S]
print X_train.shape
clf = neighbors.KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=1)
clf.fit(X_train, y_train)
print 'KNN', clf.score(X_test, y_test)
import rbmp
r = rbmp.RBM(num_hidden=500, learning_rate=0.1, max_epochs=200,num_visible=784,batch_s
r.fit(X_train)
clf = LogisticRegression(C=1000)
clf.fit(r.run_visible(X_train), y_train)
res3 = clf.predict(r.run_visible(X_test))
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print 'RBM', np.sum(res3==y_test) / float(len(y_test))
http://videolectures.net/icml09_tieleman_ufw/
http://www.iro.umontreal.ca/~lisa/deep/data/mnist/mnist.pkl.gz
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