

Android MVP Architecture pattern using Kotlin

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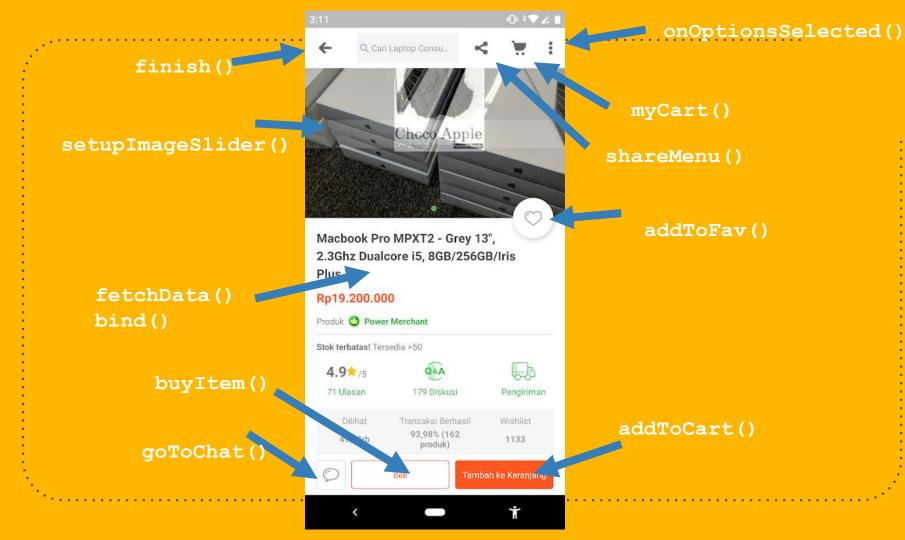
What is Archictecture Pattern?

Sebuah konsep arsitektur pengembangan aplikasi yang **memisahkan** antara **tampilan/UI** dengan **proses bisnis/LOGIC** yang bekerja pada aplikasi.

Arsitektur ini akan membuat pengembangan aplikasi kita menjadi **lebih terstuktur**, mudah ditest dan juga mudah di-maintain.

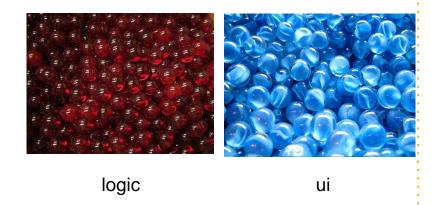






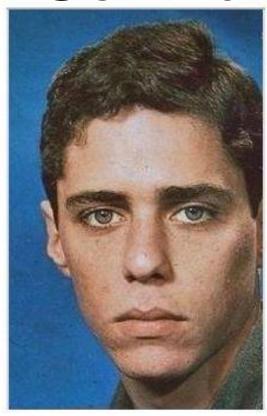
```
class ProductDetalActivity extends AppCompatActivity{
        private Textview title;
         // tergantung banyaknya komponen ui
                                                                      Berhubungan dg UI
         onCreate() {
                                                                      Berhubungan dg Logic
                  findViewById...
         int getIdItem() {    getIntent.....
        private void fetchData(){
                  loading.setVisibility(View.VISIBLE);
                  request.enqeue...
                  // +35 lines or more code
        private void bind(Product product) {
                  title.setText(product.getTitle());
                  // +10 lines or more code
         //more more and more code
```



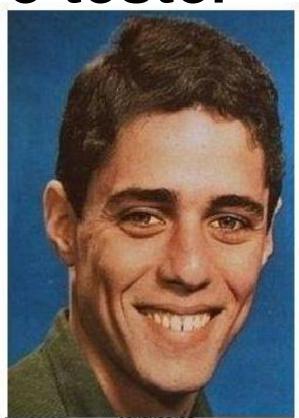


Without pattern With pattern

Software tester



Before using pattern



After using pattern

MVP concept



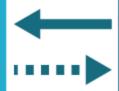
Model View Presenter

VIEW

UI: Activity, Fragments

MODEL

Data: Models, DB e business logic



PRESENTER

Mediator

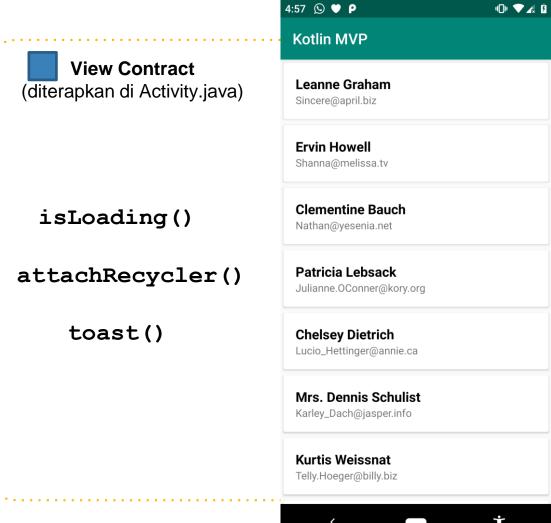
contracts



Contracts adalah suatu **perjanjian** mengenai apa-apa saja yang bisa dilakukan oleh **View** dan **Presenter**.

Secara **teknis**, Contracts adalah sebuah **Interface** yang dibuat untuk **UI** dan **Logic** .

Contracts merepresentasikan Activity yang kita buat. Jika kita punya MainActivity, kita perlu membuat MainActivityContract. Jika suatu hari kita membuat LoginActivity, kita juga perlu membuat LoginActivityContract juga



Logic Contract (diterapkan pada ActivityPresenter.java)

fetchUser()

destroyView()

```
interface MainActivityContract {
    interface View {
        fun attachToRecycler(users : List<User>)
        fun toast(message : String)
        fun isLoading(state : Boolean)
    interface Interactor {
        fun fetchUser()
        fun destroyView()
```

```
private var view : MainActivityContract.View? = v
private var api = ApiClient.instance()
override fun destroyView() { view = null }
                                                                              Implement Contract.Interactor
override fun fetchUser() {
    val request = api.allUsers()
    view?.isLoading( state: tr...
    request.enqueue(object : Callbac Vist<User>>{
        override fun onFailure(call: Call ... t < User >> , t: Th. wable) {...}
        override fun onResponse(call: Call<List<User>>, _ sponse: Res_onse<List<User>>) {
            if (response.isSuccessful) {
                val users = response.body()
                users?.let { it: List<User>
                    view?.attachToRecycler(users)
                                                                                  Method hasil generate
            lelse{
                view?.toast("Kesalahan saat mengambil response")
            view?.isLoading( state: false)
```

class MainActivityPresenter(v : MainActivityContract.View) : MainActivityContract.Interactor {

```
class MainActivity : AppCompatActivity(), MainActivityContract.View {
   private var presenter = MainActivityPresenter( V: this)
                                                                         MainActivity implement Contract.View
    override fun attachToRecycler(users: List<User>) {
        rv main.apply { this: RecyclerView!
            layoutManager = LinearLayoutManager( context: this@MainActivity)
            adapter = UserAdapter(users, context: this@MainActivity)
    override fun toast(message: String) = Toast.makeText( context: this@MainActivity, message, Toast.LENGTH LONG)
    override fun isLoading(state: Boolean) {...}
   private fun fetchUser() = presenter.fetchUser()
    override fun onCreate(savedInstanceState: Bundle?) {
        super.onCreate(savedInstanceState)
        setContentView(R.layout.activity main)
        fetchUser()
    override fun onDestroy() {...}
```

