Note Title

21/03/2025

INTEGRALI

JA f(x)dx

 $A \subseteq \mathbb{R}$ $\varphi : A \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$

PROPRIO Sewe che

(3) A sia insieure limitato (contemuto deutro internallo)

② f sia funcione limitata (∃MER t.c. 1800) ≤M V×EA)

IMPROPRIO] Se mancano uno, o entrambi, gli ingredienti precedenti

Escupi $\int \frac{1}{x^2} dx$ (2) NO

1 1 dx 2 NO

2 × 0 SI

 $\int_{1}^{1} \frac{1}{x^{2}} dx \qquad \text{(1)} \quad \text{(2)} \quad \text{(2)} \quad \text{(3)}$

E un integrale PROPRIO perché

J siux dx

0 = Siux < 1 per ogui x ∈ (0,1)

INTEGRALI MONOPROBLEMA Sous gli integrali che ricadous in una delle seguenti tipologie

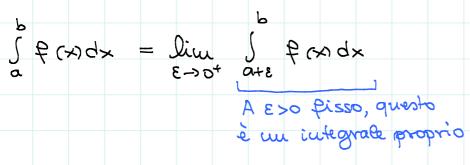
-> zoua di integrazione [a,b]

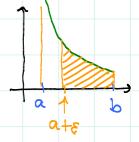
funcione da integrare non Dimitata solo vicino ad un estremo

-> zoua di cutegnazione: semisetta [a, +00) oppune (-00, a] funcione da integrare limitata

DEFINIZIONI PER INTEGRALI MONOPROBLEMA

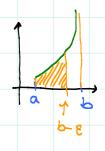
[Carso 1] f: [a, b] -> IR usu Divitata dalle parti di a





Se il problema fosse in b:

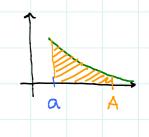
 $\int_{\alpha}^{b} f(x) dx = \lim_{\epsilon \to 0^{+}} \int_{\alpha}^{b-\epsilon} f(x) dx$



Cano 2 $f: [a, +\infty) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$

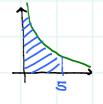
J & (x)dx = Dim J & (x)dx

à mi integrale proprio
perdié & à Dimitata



Se abbiau $f: (-\infty, \alpha] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$, allora

$$\int_{-\infty}^{a} f(x) dx = \lim_{A \to -\infty} \int_{A}^{a} f(x) dx$$



$$\lim_{\varepsilon \to 0^+} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} dx = \lim_{\varepsilon \to 0^+} \left[2\sqrt{x} \right]_{\varepsilon} = \lim_{\varepsilon \to 0^+} \left(2\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{\varepsilon} \right) = 2\sqrt{5}$$

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La compensazione è VIETATA.