KOHCY16TAYUR K KP NO MA Jerobus 11-re ce 1-re rpleilerx. Tros wexgy speculotelle.

Il: 
$$y = k_1 \times + k_1$$
  
 $l_2$ :  $y = k_2 \times + k_2$  Thoya  
1)  $l_1 \parallel l_2 \iff k_1 = k_2$ ,  $k_1 \neq k_2$   
2)  $l_1 \perp l_2 \iff k_1 k_2 = -1$   
3)  $tg \varphi = \left| \frac{k_2 - k_1}{1 + k_1 k_2} \right|$ ,  $ye \varphi$ -ocqord yros  
enexgy releveness.

$$\begin{array}{ll}
\boxed{II} \ \ell_1: & A_1 \times + B_1 y + C_1 = 0 \\
\ell_2: & A_2 \times + B_2 y + C_2 = 0 \\
\boxed{II} \ \theta_2: & A_2 \times + B_2 y + C_2 = 0 \\
\boxed{II} \ \theta_2: & A_1 \times + B_2 y + C_2 = 0 \\
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\boxed{II} \ \theta_2: & A_1 \times + B_2 y + C_2 +$$

plellorelles

## Buga zagevr

(1) Составить уравнению той касательной  $\kappa$  графику функции y = f(x), которая naparnerona necuor y= Rx+6 repréx.

Pemenne.

Ур-е касат.: y=f'(xo)(x-xo)+f(xo)

Kacar. 11 upenos => f'(xo)=k

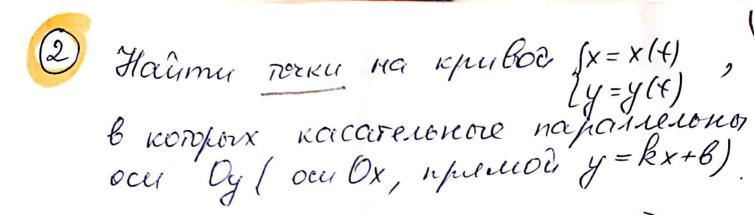
1) Pennen ypæbnemie (charasa hædgen f'(x) = k

u ucalgérelle Porku Xo.

2) Hammuley yp-e nacarenemoux (kacarenomod) в тогках хо. 3) черовх.

Tymenepor Pynkyuii: y= ax2+bx+c

Cocrabite cany zagary a pennite éé.



1) Hourgeen  $y'(x) = \frac{y'(4)}{x'(4)}$ .

 $\vec{j} = \{0, 1\}$ Kacar. 110y€)

∠> x'(+)=0. Penner 200 yp-e, raingéen t.

Kaccs. 110x €> y'(+)=0. Jenne 200 yp-e, ucergèen t.

Hacar. Il npeuvoir  $y = kx + b \rightleftharpoons > \frac{y'(t)}{x'(t)} = b$ . Decenser 200 yp-e, receigéant.

2) Hangennoe t (ux meexes doiso necronoro) nægerahmen B x(4) 4y(4) ne nængëm Kooppenaron (x(+), y(+)) rakux rosek.

IX=aCost+e a, 6-ganos Rpullepa Kpubbe

7'(1)= {x'(1),y'4}

Э Нейти тогки кривог y = f(x), в которогх касательная  $\bot$  пресиод Ax+By+C=O чергex. (y=kx+b). Banqueeu yp-e npecuoè le brige y=kx+b.

Haliqueeu l'(x) 1) Hourgéer f'(x). (Orognarisses  $k_1 = f'(x)$ ,  $k_2 = k$  by  $y_p$ -e upenos Hacarenae  $\kappa$  kpuibol L hieror  $\Rightarrow$   $y=k_1x+k_1$   $\Rightarrow k_1k_2=-1$ . 2) Pennen yp-e f'(x) k = -1 Hangéen x, gan nux naigéen coorberchyonque y y y=f(x). 3) Lepréx Thumper pyrecepted:

1)  $y = \alpha x^2 + \beta x + C$ 2)  $y^2 = \alpha x^3$  (resbreve jaganue).

Сканировано с CamScanner

Haling you enexgy knyborence  $y = y_1(x) + y = y_2(x) +$ repecerence. Repréx.

> Tynnenepor gynkyrily:  $y = \alpha x^3$ ,  $y = \frac{6}{x^2}$ ,  $y = \alpha x^2 + 6x + C$ ; y=asinx, y=acosx; y=asinx+b, y=b;  $\frac{\chi^2}{c_R} \pm \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1, \quad y^2 = 2p_X \quad (\text{Herbroe}).$ > Cell. N 5.243 c.6

Hadri yron, nog koropoien nepecekaroras kpubbie  $y = (x-2)^2$  u  $y = 4x-x^2+4$  br. M(4,4). Cgenaro 4eprë\*.

Pemerne

П Сделсием чертёх. Графики  $y = (x-2)^2$  и  $y = -(x-2)^2 + 8 - napadonoc. Тотки пересечения уафиков:$ 

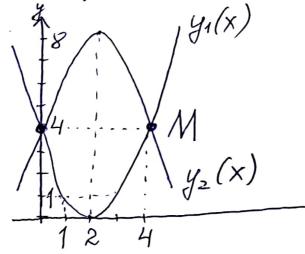
$$(x-2)^{2} = -(x-2)^{2} + 8$$

$$2(x-2)^{2} = 8$$

$$(x-2)^{2} = 4$$

$$x-2 = \pm 2$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x=4 \Rightarrow y=4 \\ x=0 \Rightarrow y=4 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow (0;4) + (4;4)$$



Pac. 704Ky M(xo, yo) = (4,4).

→ x

Haigëel 
$$tgy = \left| \frac{k_2 - k_1}{1 + k_1 k_2} \right|$$
, ye  $k_1 = y_1'(x_0)$ ,  $k_2 = y_2'(x_0)$ .

$$y_1'(x) = ((x-2)^2)' = 2(x-2)(x-2)' = 2(x-2)$$

$$y_2'(x) = 4-2x = 2(2-x)$$

$$y_1'(x_0) = 2(4-2) = 2 \cdot 2 = 4$$
  
 $y_2'(x_0) = 2(2-4) = 2 \cdot (-2) = -4$ 

Fragerabreur 
$$b$$
  $tgg$ :  
 $tgg = \left| \frac{-4-4}{1+4(-4)} \right| = \left| \frac{-8}{1-16} \right| = \frac{8}{15}$ 

$$y = \operatorname{arct}_{\frac{8}{15}}$$
. Ombem:  $\operatorname{arct}_{\frac{8}{15}}$ .

Cocrabir ypabrience racorerence (8 κ τραφική φηνκεριί y = f(x), ηροχοσωνή τερες ποτκή  $M(x0, y_0)$ ; 2)  $\kappa \text{ kinebool} \left\{ x = x(t) \text{ all tourse } M(x_9, y_0); \right\}$ б)в точке М, gell которог t=to; 3) K yiaquing qynkeques F(x,y)=0 B TOURE  $M(x_0,y_0)$ . Septimes !  $Sul 1) \cdot y = 0 N^2 + 0$ gul 1): y = ax2+ bx+c; q-year gal 2): Tyurepor  $\int x = a \cos t \qquad \int x = t - s int$   $\begin{cases} y = b \sin t \qquad y = 1 - \cos t \end{cases}$  $\int X = \alpha t^2$   $\int Y = \theta t^3$ (yunnonga)  $\int x = a \cos^3 t$   $\int y = a \sin^3 t$ gel 3): Meorornen er (x,y) = 0 (ecelir Trygno rapuc., 70 (acprouga) Hapur. Misko kacas. 4 reprisens)

Негін почки урадика функция y = f(x), в кохроих кассерельная наимонено к оси събщиес пор умам x = do. Чергёх.

Pemenne.

1) Hoerry f'(x)

2) Penno 9/1-e f'(x)=tg do.

Typumepor Ognikejeles: y=cex3+bx2+cx+cl

oce ascycicc. repret

Peucenne

1) Hadin rorky nepecerence spagner 9-yeur y = f(x) c ocoso Ox (350)och ascepucc), peremb yp - ef(x)=0. Tych en pennenne. 2) Halin f'(x). (moxer on he enotice ken-to rorew).

Provinceuro ((x1) 4 ((x2) 250 || tgd2

Bornicas yrun: 2= arctifix, dz = corcty f(xz) 3) Cleprex.

Гримеры Функусий: y=ax2+Bx+C.



Нави уравнения горизонтаннях касательных к графику Ф-уш y = f(x). "Ceptex.

Pemerene

1) Hair f'(x)

2) Perceio yp-e P/x)=0

B TOTROXCTORUMU ascylicagy Kacarelena ropeyourarbuar. Rych 360 X14 X2.

Trocer - Kacar f(x2) f - T reacas

3) Havin 4= f(x1), 4= f(x2)

У Ур-я касабельных: У=У1 ч У=У2 (горидоной премоге, 11-е оси Ох) 5) челой

5) repréx

Thereweper quesil: y=ax4+bx2+c