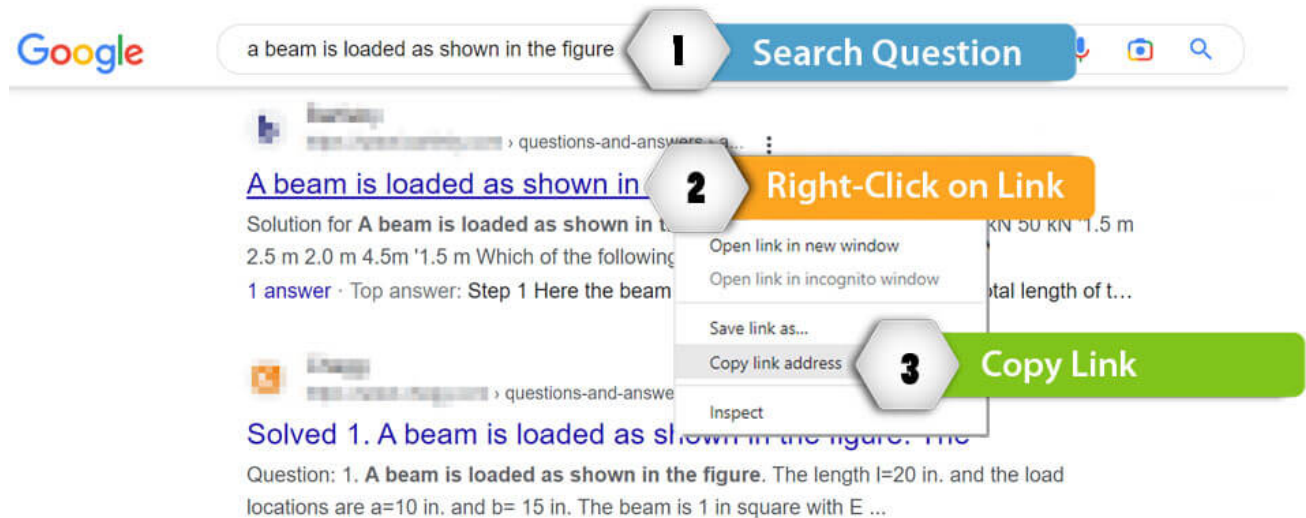


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**To do:** If you are getting wrong answer or irrelevant answer.

**Fix #1 >>** We suggest you to follow the directions shown in the below image to get right question link.

**Answer**

Solution:- Given  $p = 4$ ,  $f = 50 \text{ Hz}$ ,  $V = 400 \text{ V}$  Turn ratio  $= \frac{N_2}{N_1} = \frac{1}{4}$

$$N = 1455 \text{ rpm}, R_2 = 0.3 \Omega, X_2 = 1 \Omega.$$

stator loss =  $100 \text{ W}$ , mech loss =  $50 \text{ W}$ . (Friction and windage loss)

(i) stator Induced emf per phase,

$$E_1 = V_L = 400 \text{ V (delta Connected)}.$$

$$\text{Now, } \frac{E_2}{E_1} = \frac{N_2}{N_1} = \frac{1}{4}$$

Blocked rotor voltage per phase

$$E_2 = \frac{400}{4} = 100 \text{ V}.$$

$$(ii) N_s = \frac{120f}{p} = \frac{120 \times 50}{4} = 1500 \text{ rpm}$$

$$\text{slip (s)} = \frac{N_s - N_r}{N_s} = \frac{1500 - 1455}{1500} = \frac{45}{1500} = 0.03$$

$$\text{Rotor Current, } I_2 = \frac{sE_2}{\sqrt{R^2 + (sX_2)^2}}$$

$$= \frac{0.03 \times 100}{\sqrt{(0.3)^2 + (0.03 \times 1)^2}}$$

$$\boxed{I_2 = 9.95 \text{ A}}$$

$$(iv) \text{ Rotor copper loss} = 3I_2^2 R_2 = 3 \times 9.95^2 \times 0.3 = 89.10 \approx 89 \text{ W}.$$

$$(iii) \text{ Power Input to rotor} = \frac{\text{Rotor Copper loss}}{\text{slip}} = \frac{89}{0.03} = 2966.66 \approx 2967 \text{ W}.$$

$$\textcircled{iv} \text{ Input to the motor} = \text{Rotor input loss} + \text{stator loss} \\ = 2967 + 100 = 3067 \text{ W.}$$

$$\text{Output at the shaft} = \text{Rotor input} - \text{Rotor copper loss} - \text{Mech loss (Friction and Windage loss)} \\ = 2967 - 89 - 50 = 2828 \text{ W.}$$

$$\textcircled{v} \text{ Efficiency} = \frac{\text{Output}}{\text{Input}} \times 100 = \frac{2828}{3067} \times 100 = 92.2\%$$

please Like.

Thank you.

Likes: 0

Dislikes: 0