

Time integration

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1 Equations

1.1 Mass conservation

$$\frac{\partial c_i}{\partial t} = -\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{N}_i + R_i \quad (1)$$

with

$$\vec{N}_i = c_i \vec{v} - \sum_j D_{ij} \vec{\nabla} c_j - w_i c_i \vec{\nabla} U \quad (2)$$

1.2 Poisson's equation

$$\vec{\nabla}^2 U + \frac{F}{\epsilon} \sum_i z_i c_i = 0 \quad (3)$$

1.3 Butler-Volmer kinetics

$$v = k_{ox} \exp \left[\frac{\alpha_{ox} n F}{RT} (V - U) \right] c_{red} - k_{red} \exp \left[-\frac{\alpha_{red} n F}{RT} (V - U) \right] c_{ox} \quad (4)$$

2 Time integration

2.1 Two parameter discretization schemes

$$\begin{aligned} & [T] \left(\frac{1+\epsilon}{\Delta t} (\{x^{t+1}\} - \{x^t\}) - \frac{\epsilon}{\Delta t_{-1}} (\{x^t\} - \{x^{t-1}\}) \right) \\ &= \theta \left(([C] + [D] + [M] + [H] + [P]) \{x^{t+1}\} + \{E\} \right) \\ &+ (1 - \theta) \left(([C] + [D] + [M] + [H] + [P]) \{x^t\} + \{E\} \right) \end{aligned} \quad (5)$$

with

- $[T]$ the time matrix
- $[C]$ the convection matrix
- $[D]$ the diffusion matrix
- $[M]$ the migration matrix

- $[H]$ the homogeneous reactions matrix
- $[P]$ the Poisson's equation matrix
- $\{E\}$ the electrode reactions vector
- $\{x^{t+1}\}$, $\{x^t\}$ and $\{x^{t-1}\}$ the vector of unknowns at time $t + 1$, t and $t - 1$

The matrices may depend on the unknowns. The equation holds at the element level as well as the global level.

- $\epsilon = 0$, $\theta = 0$: explicit
- $\epsilon = 0$, $\theta = 1$: Euler backwards
- $\epsilon = 0$, $\theta = \frac{1}{2}$: Crank-Nicolson
- $\epsilon = \frac{1}{2}$, $\theta = 1$: 3 point backwards (this is the one used)

2.2 Newton iterations

Define

$$\begin{aligned} \{\Psi\} &= \left(\frac{1+\epsilon}{\Delta t} [T^{t+1}] - \theta ([C^{t+1}] + [D^{t+1}] + [M^{t+1}] + [H^{t+1}] + [P^{t+1}]) \right) \{x^{t+1}\} - \theta \{E^{t+1}\} \\ &\quad - \left(\left(\frac{1+\epsilon}{\Delta t} + \frac{\epsilon}{\Delta t-1} \right) [T^t] + (1-\theta) ([C^t] + [D^t] + [M^t] + [H^t] + [P^t]) \right) \{x^t\} - (1-\theta) \{E^t\} \\ &\quad + \frac{\epsilon}{\Delta t-1} [T^{t-1}] \{x^{t-1}\} \\ &= \{0\} \end{aligned} \tag{6}$$

First order Taylor expansion

$$\{\Psi^{p+1}\} \approx \{\Psi^p\} + \left[\frac{\partial \Psi^p}{\partial X} \right] \{\Delta X^p\} = \{0\} \tag{7}$$

with

$$X = \{x^{t+1}\}$$

$$\left[\frac{\partial \Psi^p}{\partial X} \right] = \frac{1+\epsilon}{\Delta t} ([T^p] + [\tilde{T}^p]) - \theta ([C^p] + [\tilde{C}^p] + [D^p] + [\tilde{D}^p] + [M^p] + [\tilde{M}^p] + [H^p] + [\tilde{H}^p] + [P^p] + [\tilde{P}^p] + [\tilde{E}^p])$$

and

- $[\tilde{T}]$ the time jacobian
- $[\tilde{C}]$ the convection jacobian
- $[\tilde{D}]$ the diffusion jacobian
- $[\tilde{M}]$ the migration jacobian

- $\left[\tilde{H}\right]$ the homogeneous reactions jacobian
- $\left[\tilde{P}\right]$ the Poisson's equation jacobian
- $\left[\tilde{E}\right]$ the electrode reactions jacobian