

## 1 CBA

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# 1 CBA

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## 1.1 Table of Contents

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## 1.2 Overview



CNCF

CBA

The **Certified Backstage Associate (CBA)** exam demonstrates knowledge of Backstage, the open platform for building developer portals.

## 1.3 Exam Overview

| Detail                        | Information     |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|
| <b>Exam Format</b>            | Multiple Choice |
| <b>Number of Questions</b>    | 60              |
| <b>Duration</b>               | 90 minutes      |
| <b>Passing Score</b>          | 75%             |
| <b>Certification Validity</b> | 3 years         |
| <b>Cost</b>                   | \$250 USD       |
| <b>Retake Policy</b>          | 1 free retake   |

## 1.4 Exam Domains & Weights

| Domain                              | Weight |
|-------------------------------------|--------|
| Backstage Overview and Architecture | 18%    |
| Software Catalog                    | 25%    |
| Software Templates                  | 20%    |
| TechDocs                            | 12%    |
| Plugins                             | 15%    |
| Customization and Integration       | 10%    |

## 1.5 Key Topics

### 1.5.1 Software Catalog

- Entity model and kinds
- Catalog ingestion
- Entity relationships
- Ownership and metadata

### 1.5.2 Software Templates

- Template syntax
- Actions and steps
- Input parameters

- Scaffolding

### 1.5.3 Plugins

- Plugin architecture
- Frontend and backend plugins
- Plugin development basics

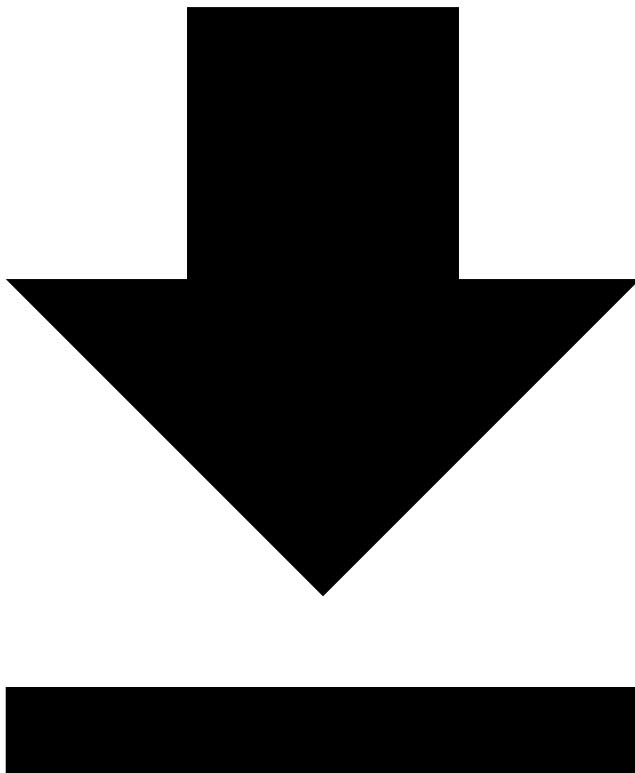
## 1.6 Study Resources

- [Backstage Documentation](#)
  - [CBA Curriculum](#)
  - [Backstage GitHub](#)
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## 1.7 Navigation

- [Next: Sample Questions →](#)

## 1.8 Sample Practice Questions



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## 1.9 Practice Resources

- [Backstage Documentation](#)
  - [Backstage Demo](#)
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## 1.10 Software Catalog (25%)

### 1.10.1 Question 1

What are the main entity kinds in Backstage Software Catalog?

Show Solution

Main entity kinds: - **Component** - A piece of software (service, website, library) - **API** - A boundary between components - **Resource** - Infrastructure (database, S3 bucket) - **System** - Collection of components and resources - **Domain** - Collection of systems - **Group** - Team or organizational unit - **User** - Individual person - **Location** - Reference to other catalog files

### 1.10.2 Question 2

Write a catalog-info.yaml for a backend service.

Show Solution

```
apiVersion: backstage.io/v1alpha1
kind: Component
metadata:
  name: my-backend-service
  description: Backend API service
  tags:
    - java
    - spring-boot
  annotations:
    github.com/project-slug: my-org/my-backend
    backstage.io/techdocs-ref: dir:.
spec:
  type: service
  lifecycle: production
  owner: team-backend
  system: my-system
  providesApis:
    - my-api
  dependsOn:
    - resource:my-database
```

### 1.10.3 Question 3

How do you define relationships between entities?

Show Solution

Relationships are defined in the spec section:

```
spec:
  # Component relationships
  owner: team-name          # Group that owns this
  system: system-name        # System this belongs to
  providesApis:               # APIs this component provides
    - api-name
  consumesApis:                # APIs this component uses
    - other-api
  dependsOn:                  # Dependencies
    - component:other-service
    - resource:database
```

```
# System relationships
domain: domain-name          # Domain this system belongs to
```

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## 1.11 Software Templates (20%)

### 1.11.1 Question 4

Create a basic Software Template for scaffolding a new service.

Show Solution

```
apiVersion: scaffolder.backstage.io/v1beta3
kind: Template
metadata:
  name: create-service
  title: Create New Service
  description: Create a new microservice
spec:
  owner: platform-team
  type: service
  parameters:
    - title: Service Details
      required:
        - name
        - owner
      properties:
        name:
          title: Service Name
          type: string
        owner:
          title: Owner
          type: string
          ui:field: OwnerPicker
        description:
          title: Description
          type: string
  steps:
    - id: fetch
      name: Fetch Template
      action: fetch:template
      input:
        url: ./skeleton
      values:
        name: ${{ parameters.name }}
        owner: ${{ parameters.owner }}
    - id: publish
      name: Publish to GitHub
      action: publish:github
      input:
```

```

    repoUrl: github.com?owner=my-org&repo=$
    {{ parameters.name }}
- id: register
  name: Register in Catalog
  action: catalog:register
  input:
    repoContentsUrl: $
    {{ steps.publish.output.repoContentsUrl }}
    catalogInfoPath: /catalog-info.yaml
  output:
    links:
      - title: Repository
        url: ${{ steps.publish.output.remoteUrl }}

```

## 1.11.2 Question 5

What are common template actions?

Show Solution

Common built-in actions:

- `fetch:template` - Fetch and render a template
- `fetch:plain` - Fetch files without templating
- `publish:github` - Create GitHub repository
- `publish:gitlab` - Create GitLab repository
- `catalog:register` - Register entity in catalog
- `catalog:write` - Write catalog-info.yaml
- `debug:log` - Log debug information
- `fs:delete` - Delete files
- `fs:rename` - Rename files

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## 1.12 TechDocs (12%)

### 1.12.1 Question 6

How do you configure TechDocs for a component?

Show Solution

1. Add annotation to catalog-info.yaml:

```

metadata:
  annotations:
    backstage.io/techdocs-ref: dir:..

```

1. Create docs folder with mkdocs.yml:

```

site_name: My Service Docs
nav:
  - Home: index.md
  - API: api.md
plugins:
  - techdocs-core

```

1. Create docs/index.md with content.

## 1.12.2 Question 7

What are the TechDocs generation strategies?

Show Solution

**Local** - Generate docs on Backstage server

```
techdocs:  
  builder: 'local'  
  generator:  
    runIn: 'local'
```

**External** - Generate in CI/CD, store externally

```
techdocs:  
  builder: 'external'  
  publisher:  
    type: 'awsS3'  
    awsS3:  
      bucketName: 'my-techdocs-bucket'
```

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## 1.13 Plugins (15%)

### 1.13.1 Question 8

What is the Backstage plugin architecture?

Show Solution

Backstage has three plugin types:

1. **Frontend Plugins** - React components for UI
  - Pages, cards, tabs
  - Run in browser
2. **Backend Plugins** - Node.js services
  - APIs, processors
  - Run on server
3. **Common Plugins** - Shared code
  - Types, utilities
  - Used by both frontend and backend

Plugin structure:

```
plugins/  
  my-plugin/          # Frontend plugin  
    src/  
    package.json  
  my-plugin-backend/  # Backend plugin  
    src/  
    package.json  
  my-plugin-common/   # Shared code
```

```
└── src/  
    └── package.json
```

### 1.13.2 Question 9

How do you install a community plugin?

Show Solution

```
# Install frontend plugin  
yarn add --cwd packages/app @backstage/plugin-<name>  
  
# Install backend plugin  
yarn add --cwd packages/backend @backstage/plugin-<name>-backend  
  
# Add to app  
# packages/app/src/App.tsx  
import { MyPluginPage } from '@backstage/plugin-my-plugin';  
  
// Add route  
<Route path="/my-plugin" element={<MyPluginPage />} />
```

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## 1.14 Architecture (18%)

### 1.14.1 Question 10

What are the main components of Backstage architecture?

Show Solution

1. **App** - Frontend React application
2. **Backend** - Node.js backend services
3. **Catalog** - Entity database and API
4. **Scaffolder** - Template execution engine
5. **TechDocs** - Documentation system
6. **Search** - Search functionality
7. **Auth** - Authentication providers

Database: PostgreSQL (production) or SQLite (development)

### 1.14.2 Question 11

How does catalog ingestion work?

Show Solution

Catalog ingestion process: 1. **Location** entities point to catalog files 2. **Entity Providers** fetch catalog files 3. **Processors** transform and validate entities 4. **Stitching** resolves relationships 5. **Database** stores final entities

Location types: - `url` - HTTP/HTTPS URLs - `file` - Local file paths - `github-discovery` - Auto-discover from GitHub

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## 1.15 Customization (10%)

### 1.15.1 Question 12

How do you customize the Backstage theme?

Show Solution

```
// packages/app/src/App.tsx
import { createTheme, lightTheme } from '@backstage/theme';

const myTheme = createTheme({
  palette: {
    ...lightTheme.palette,
    primary: {
      main: '#1DB954',
    },
    navigation: {
      background: '#171717',
      indicator: '#1DB954',
    },
  },
});

// Use in app
<ThemeProvider theme={myTheme}>
  <App />
</ThemeProvider>
```

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## 1.16 Exam Tips

1. **Know entity kinds** - Component, API, Resource, System, Domain
  2. **Understand catalog-info.yaml** - Structure and annotations
  3. **Practice template syntax** - Parameters, steps, actions
  4. **Know TechDocs setup** - mkdocs.yml, annotations
  5. **Understand plugin architecture** - Frontend, backend, common
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