Grouping a Large Dataset of News Documents and being able to predict its Classes



1. Frame problem at hand : Predict Classes of Large Dataset New Documents

- Unsupervised Learning -> Large Dataset News Documents -> features -> predict Classes
- Potential Stakeholders
 - Politicians ???
 - Companies??
- Potential Added Value via Project Implementation
 - Time saved on manual labor
 - Metric/s
 - Time
 - What happens if No Project Implementation
- Current Base Model to measure Potential Added Value??

2. Collect the raw data needed for the problem

Regarding the chosen dataset:

- Dataset contains collection 18828 News Documents
- Each News Document represents a Single Newsgroup
- Message in each News Document is text of some Newsgroup
- Kaggle Dataset can be found:
 - https://www.kaggle.com/crawford/20-newsgroups/home
- Much regards to its previous contributors of analysis

3. Process & Explore the Data before In-Depth Analysis

Original Data

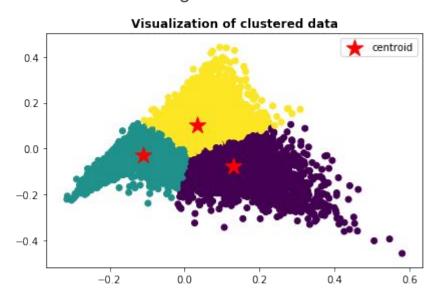
- List of 18828 News Documents
- List of 18828 pathnames of News Documents
- List of 18828 Newgroups each New Document belongs to

Clustering Dataset

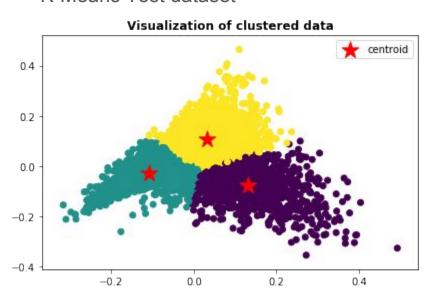
- 5000 features
- 18828 rows

K-Means Clustering

K-Means Training dataset



K-Means Test dataset



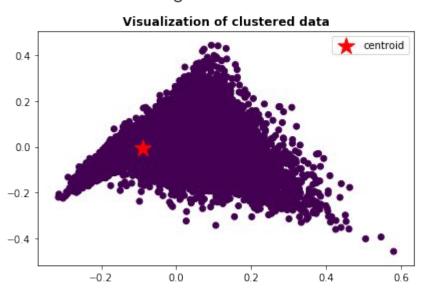
- Somewhat radially symmetrical isotropic true clusters
 - -> somewhat captures underlying patterns

K-Means Clustering Evaluation

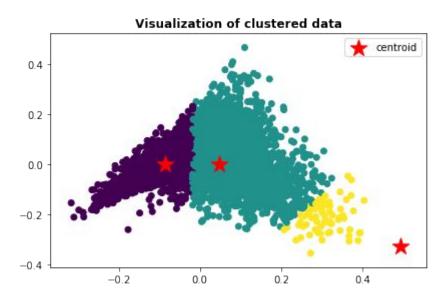
- ARI
 - 0.04 -
 - -> relation datapoint pairs ground truth & new solution -> close perfect randomness
- Similarity Silhoutte Coefficient
 - .007
 - .007
 - o .006
 - o .007
 - -> consistency coefficients of subsets
 - -> samples very close to neighboring clusters

Mean Shift Clustering

Mean Shift Training dataset



Mean Shift Test dataset



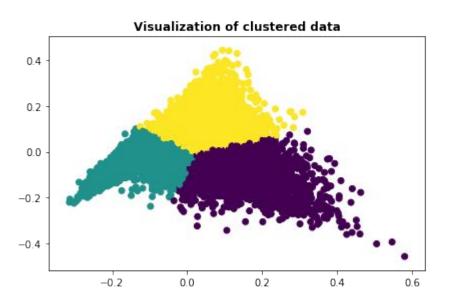
- Somewhat radially symmetric isotropic shape
 - -> Somewhat captures underlying data patterns

Mean Shift Clustering Evaluation

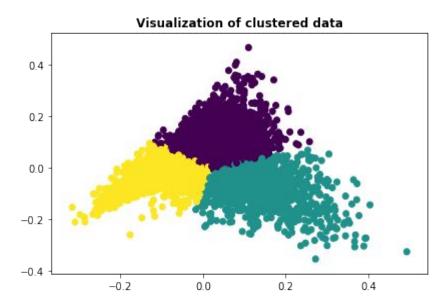
- ARI
 - .0004
 - -> relation datapoint pairs ground truth & new solution -> close perfect randomness
- Similarity Silhoutte Coefficient
 - o **-.06**
 - · -.05
 - o **-.06**
 - o **-.06**
 - Consistency of coefficients between subsets
 - Samples assigned to WRONG clusters

Spectral Clustering

Spectral Training dataset



Spectral Test dataset



- Somewhat radially symmetric isotropic shape
 - -> Somewhat captures underlying data patterns

Spectral Clustering Evaluation

- ARI
 - o .03
 - -> relation datapoint pairs ground truth & new solution -> close perfect randomness
- Similarity Silhoutte Coefficient
 - .007
 - .007
 - o .006
 - o .007
 - -> consistency coefficients of subsets
 - -> samples very close to neighboring clusters

Clustering Algorithms Evaluation

WORST in Capturing data patterns:

- MeanShift
 - Least true cluster shape
 - ARI
 - Ground truth vs new solution most close to perfect randomness
 - Similarity Silhoutte Coefficient
 - Negative
 - -> samples assigned to wrong clusters

BEST in Capturing data patterns:

- K-Means vs Spectral
 - K-Means
 - Slightly better ARI evaluation score

4. In-Depth Analysis

Training vs Test Accuracy Score on ML models:

	Training data set Acc Score	Test data set Acc Score
Random Forest Classifier	.994	.684
Logistic Regression	.991	.812
Multinomial Naive Bayes	.858	.802

- RFC ml model overfitting immensely -> captures alot of noise
- LR ml model overfitting -> still captures noise
- MNB ml model not overfitting + not underfitting

5. Communicate Results of analysis (Potential Data Product)

Uncovered Insights for Proposal Implementation

- Multiclass Multinomial Naive Bayes best + solid ml model performer
 - Closest training and test mean accuracy scores with training being tad bit higher-
 - -> not overfitting
 - Training mean accuracy score decent
 - **.**858
 - -> not underfitting
 - For even closer + higher training and test mean accuracy scores;
 - dimension reduction on features?
 - experimenting with NLP & Neural Network features
 - tuning parameters

Link to Corresponding Folder & Jupyter Notebook:

Folder:

https://github.com/pman117/thinkful-data-science/tree/master/unsupervised_learning_capst one

Jupyter Notebook:

https://github.com/pman117/thinkful-data-science/blob/master/unsupervised_learning_caps tone/Unsupervised_Learning_Capstone.ipynb