

MongoDB Drivers and Python



Hope you have gone through the self-learning content for this session on the PRISM portal.



By the End of this Session:

- Understand the use of drivers for integrating MongoDB with multiple programming languages.
- Install and use PyMongo to work with MongoDB in Python.
- Perform the CRUD operation using PyMongo.
- Create indexes to improve the speed of queries.
- Understand the aggregation framework to create and execute complex pipelines.
- Use GridFS to store large data files in MongoDB.

What's In It For Me?

Q. Which MongoDB operation is used to remove a single document from a collection based on a specified filter?

- a. deleteOne()
- b. removeOne()
- c. eraseOne()
- d. dropOne()



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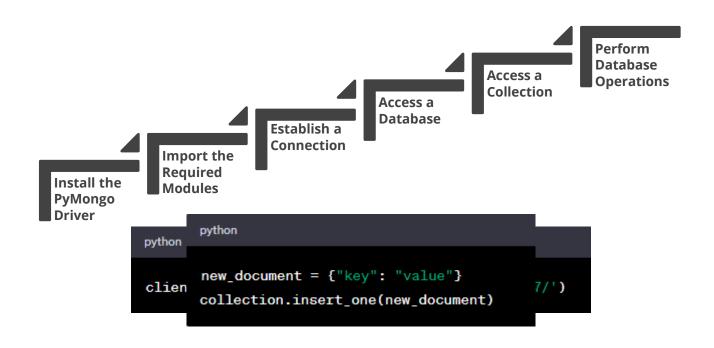


Introduction to MongoDB Drivers

MongoDB drivers are software libraries or APIs (Application Programming Interfaces) that allow developers to interact with MongoDB databases using programming languages.



Using Python to Interface with MongoDB



Pop Quiz

Q. What is PyMongo?

- a. A programming language
- b. A query language for MongoDB
- c. The official MongoDB driver for Python
- d. A database management system



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Demo - Connecting to MongoDB

Q. What is the purpose of the **Cursor** returned by **find()** in PyMongo?

- a. It represents a collection schema
- b. It allows you to execute database commands
- c. It helps iterate over query results
- d. It handles authentication and authorization



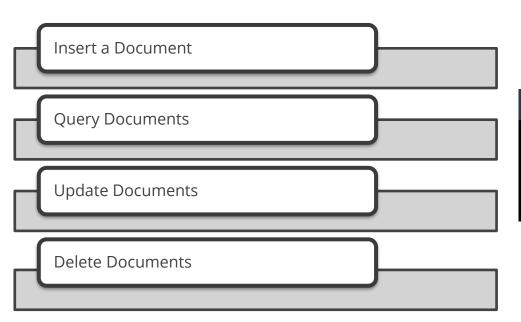
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Performing Simple Operations with Python



Example

Indexing in MongoDB

Indexing in MongoDB is a database optimization technique that improves query performance by creating data structures that allow the database to quickly locate and retrieve specific documents based on certain fields.

```
python
from pymongo import MongoClient
# Connect to the MongoDB server
client = MongoClient('mongodb://localhost:27017/')
db = client['mydatabase']
collection = db['mycollection']
# Create a single-field index on the 'username' field
collection.create_index("username")
```

Pop Quiz

Q. Which of the following is used to insert a document into a **MongoDB** collection using **PyMongo**?

- a. collection.insert()
- b. collection.create_document()
- c. collection.add()
- d. collection.insert_one()



Pop Quiz

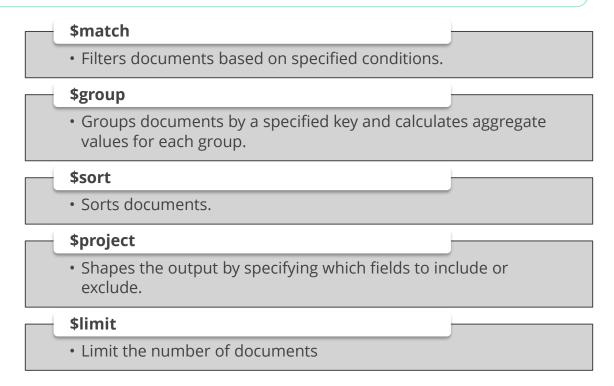
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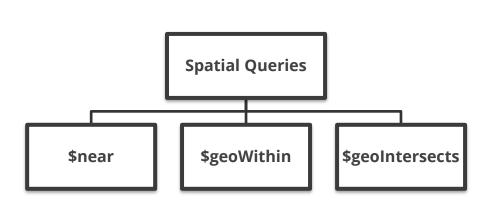
Aggregation Framework

The Aggregation Framework in MongoDB is a powerful tool for performing data processing and transformation operations on your data within the database.



Geospatial Data Analysis

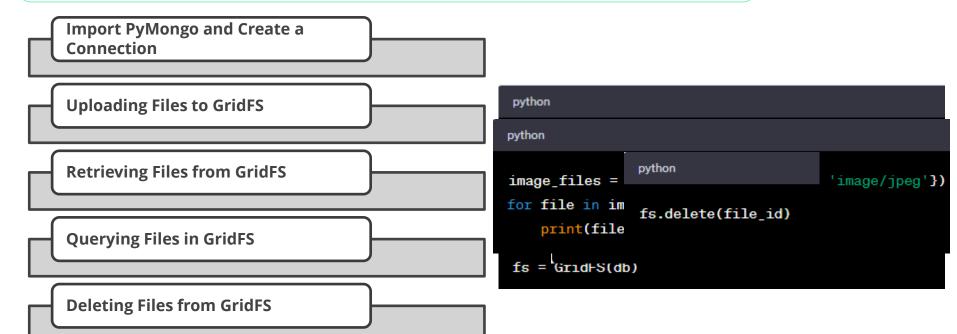
Geospatial data analysis involves working with data that has a geographic or spatial component.



```
javascript
// Create a 2dsphere index on the 'location' field
db.places.createIndex({ location: "2dsphere" })
// Find places near a specific point
const nearbyPlaces = db.places.find({
 location: {
   $near: {
     $geometry: {
       type: "Point",
        coordinates: [longitude, latitude]
      Э,
      $maxDistance: maxDistanceInMeters
```

Working with GridFS

- The BSON format has a document size limit of 16 MB.
- GridFS is a specification for storing and retrieving large files (such as images, videos, audio files, and documents) in MongoDB, which surpasses the above size limit.



Q. What type of data can be stored using GridFS in PyMongo?

- a. Only small text-based data
- b. Large files that exceed the BSON size limit
- c. Only images and videos
- d. Small JSON documents



Q. What type of data can be stored using GridFS in PyMongo?

- a. Only small text-based data
- b. Large files that exceed the BSON size limit
 - c. Only images and videos
- d. Small JSON documents





Activity 1

Pre-requisites:

- Install the PyMongo package using pip install PyMongo.
- Have a MongoDB server running locally or remotely.

Scenario:

Create a basic command-line to-do list application using **PyMongo** where users can add, list, and mark tasks as done.

Setup:

- Import the necessary modules: PyMongo, datetime.
- Create a MongoDB client and connect to your database.

Create Functions:

Write functions to perform the following actions:

- Add a task with a description and due date to the collection
- List all tasks
- Mark a task as done
- Delete a task

Activity 1

User Interaction:

- Implement a basic command-line interface that allows users to interact with the application.
- Display a menu with options for adding, listing, marking, and deleting tasks.

Implement the Application:

 Display tasks in a readable format, showing their descriptions, due dates, and whether they are done or not.

Error Handling:

Handle cases where users input invalid options or tasks.

Summary

- Drivers facilitate interaction between the application and **MongoDB server**.
- **PyMongo** is the Python driver for interacting with MongoDB.
- We can perform all **CRUD** operations using **PyMongo**.
- Indexing in MongoDB is a way to improve query performance.
- The Aggregation Framework is used to perform complex data processing and analysis tasks directly within the database.
- GridFS is a method for storing and retrieving large files.

Next Session:

Case Study on MongoDB

THANK YOU!

Please complete your assessments and review the self-learning content for this session on the **PRISM** portal.





Case Study on MongoDB



Hope you have gone through the self-learning content for this session on the PRISM portal.



By the End of this Session:

- Create a MongoDB database which contains customer and accounts collection.
- Perform CRUD operations on these collections.
- Write and execute queries to analyze the underlying data.
- Save the results to output files.

Recap

Q. Which aggregation stage is used to filter documents based on specified conditions?

- a. \$sort
- b. \$group
- c. \$match
- d. \$project



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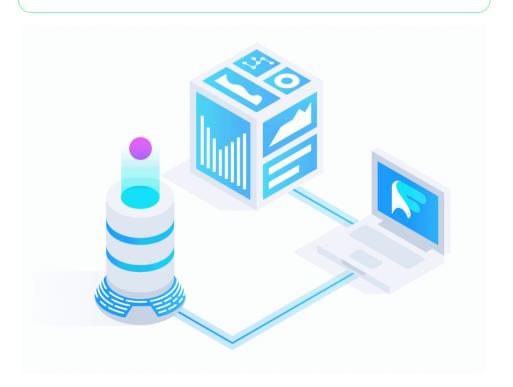
- a. \$sort
- b. \$group
- c. \$match
 - d. \$project



Case Study

Introduction to the Case Study

Create a MongoDB database to store and analyze customer and their respective account information.



Problem Statement

Tasks to Perform

- Create collections to store customer and account information
- Perform CRUD operations on the above collections.
- Write queries to analyze the underlying data
- Save the results to files for further reporting.

Q. Which pymongo method is used to store a file in GridFS?

- a. collection.insert()
- b. fs.put()
- c. collection.save()
- d. fs.create_file()



Q. Which pymongo method is used to store a file in GridFS?

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Understanding the Data

Sneak Peak into the Data

Customer Collection

```
_id: ObjectId('5ca4bbcea2dd94ee58162a68')
 username: "fmiller"
 name: "Elizabeth Ray"
 address: "9286 Bethany Glens
          Vasqueztown, CO 22939"
 birthdate: 1977-03-02T02:20:31.000+00:00
 email: "arroyocolton@gmail.com"
 active: true
▼ accounts: Array (6)
   0: 371138
   1: 324287
   2: 276528
   3: 332179
   4: 422649
    5: 387979
▼ tier_and_details: Object
  ▶ 0df078f33aa74a2e9696e0520c1a828a: Object
  ▶ 699456451cc24f028d2aa99d7534c219: Object
```

Account Collection

```
_id: ObjectId('5ca4bbc7a2dd94ee5816238c')
account_id: 371138
limit: 9000
▼ products: Array (2)
    0: "Derivatives"
    1: "InvestmentStock"
```

Poll Time

Q. Which of the following is NOT a valid aggregation operation in MongoDB?

- a. \$match
- b. \$query
- c. \$group
- d. \$project



Poll Time

Q. Which of the following is NOT a valid aggregation operation in MongoDB?

- a. \$match
- b. \$query
 - c. \$group
 - d. \$project







Hands-on: Case Study Questions

Q. Which of the following features is NOT provided by MongoDB Compass?

- a. Visual query builder
- b. Aggregation pipeline builder
- c. Automatic code generation for applications
- d. Schema validation and analysis



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- a. Visual query builder
- b. Aggregation pipeline builder
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Activity 1

Pre-requisites:

- Install the PyMongo package using pip install PyMongo.
- Have a MongoDB server running locally or remotely.

Scenario:

Use the customer and account collections and run the below queries on the data.

- Write a query to all the customers that are active. Display only the name and the email of the customer and store the result in csv file.
- Write a query to retrieve all customers located in the New Mexico State and store the result in csv file.
- Write a query to find the customer with the lowest total account limit and store the result in csv file.

Summary

- MongoDB Compass can be used to directly insert data from JSON files.
- You can execute commands using mongodb shell or you can use the GUI in the MongoDB compass.
- CRUD operation allow us to manipulate the underlying data.

We can output the results to csv files.

Session Feedback



Next Session:Introduction to Tableau

THANK YOU!

Please complete your assessments and review the self-learning content for this session on the **PRISM** portal.

