## **Shell Programming**

## 1. Write a Shell program to check the given number is even or odd. PROGRAM

```
echo "Enter a number:" read n
if [ `expr $n % 2` = 0 ] then
echo "Even number"
else
echo "Odd number"
fi
-bash-3.2$ sh evenodd.sh Enter a number:
6
Even number
```

### **OUTPUT**

```
-bash-3.2$ sh evenodd.sh Enter a number: 83 Odd number
```

## 2. Write a Shell program to check and display 10 leap years. PROGRAM

```
for((i = 2000 ; i <= 2036 ; i++)) do
if [ `expr $i % 400` = 0 ] then
echo "$i is a leap year"
elif [ `expr $i % 4` = 0 -a `expr $i % 100` != 0 ] then
echo "$i is a leap year"
fi
done
/SL/CSE/ -2</pre>
```

### **OUTPUT**

```
-bash-3.2$ sh leap.sh 2000 is a leap year 2004 is a leap year 2008 is a leap year 2012 is a leap year 2016 is a leap year 2020 is a leap year 2024 is a leap year 2028 is a leap year 2032 is a leap year 2036 is a leap year
```

## 3. Write a Shell program to find the area and circumference of a circle.

```
echo "Enter the radius:" read r area=`echo 3.14 \* $r \* $r | bc` cir=`echo 2 \* 3.14 \* $r | bc` echo "Area: $area"
```

```
echo "Circumference : $cir"
```

```
-bash-3.2$ sh circle.sh Enter the radius: 3

Area: 28.26 Circumference: 18.84
```

## 4. Write a Shell program to check the given number and its reverse are same.

## **PROGRAM**

### **OUTPUT**

```
-bash-3.2$ sh reverse.sh Enter a number:
123
The given number and its reverse are not same
-bash-3.2$ sh reverse.sh Enter a number:
121
The given number and its reverse are same
```

## 5. Write a Shell program to check the given string is palindrome or not.

```
echo "Enter the string:" read s
l=`expr length $s` c=1
p=""
while [ $c -le $l ] do
e=`expr substr $s $c 1` p=$e$p
c=`expr $c + 1`
done
if [ $p = $s ] then
echo "The given string $s is a palindrome"
else
```

```
echo "The given string $s is not a palindrome"
fi
OUTPUT
-bash-3.2$ sh palindrome.sh Enter the string:
madam
The given string madam is a palindrome
-bash-3.2$ sh palindrome.sh Enter the string:
sir
The given string sir is not a palindrome
6. Write a Shell program to find the sum of odd and even numbers from a set of numbers.
PROGRAM
echo "Enter the number of elements:" read n
os=0
es=0
for((i = 1 ; i \le n ; i++)) do
echo "Enter the number:" read no
if [ `expr $no % 2` = 0 ] then
es=`expr $es + $no`
else
os=`expr $os + $no`
fi
done
```

numbers is : \$es"

```
-bash-3.2$ sh oddeven.sh Enter the number of elements: 5
Enter the number: 11
Enter the number: 22
Enter the number: 33
Enter the number: 44
Enter the number: 55
The sum of odd numbers is: 99 The sum of even numbers is: 66
/SL/CSE/ -5
```

echo "The sum of odd numbers is : \$os" echo "The sum of even

## 7. Write a Shell program to find the roots of a quadratic equation. PROGRAM

```
echo "Enter the value for a" read a
echo "Enter the value for b" read b
echo "Enter the value for c" read c
d=`expr $b \* $b - 4 \* $a \* $c`
x1=`echo "scale=3; (-$b + sqrt($d)) / (2 * $a)" | bc` x2=`echo
"scale=3; (-$b - sqrt($d)) / (2 * $a)" | bc` echo "Root 1 : $x1"
echo "Root 2 : $x2"
```

#### OUTPUT

```
-bash-3.2\$ sh quadratic.sh Enter the value for a 2 Enter the value for b 3 Enter the value for c 1 Root 1: -.500 Root 2: -1.000
```

## 8. Write a Shell program to check the given integer is Armstrong number or not.

### **PROGRAM**

```
echo "Enter a number:" read n
t=$n s=0
while [ $n -gt 0 ] do
r=`expr $n % 10`
s=`expr $s + $r \* $r \* $r` n=`expr $n / 10`
done
if [ $s = $t ] then
echo "$t is an armstrong number"
else
echo "$t is not an armstrong number"
fi
/SL/CSE/ -6
```

### **OUTPUT**

```
-bash-3.2$ sh armstrong.sh Enter a number:
123
123 is not an armstrong number
-bash-3.2$ sh armstrong.sh Enter a number:
153
153 is an armstrong number
```

### 9. Write a Shell program to check the given integer is prime or not.

```
echo "Enter a number:" read n
flag=0
for((i = 2 ; i <= n / 2 ; i++)) do
r=`expr $n % $i` if [ $r = 0 ] then
flag=1 break
fi
done
if [ $flag = 0 ] then
echo "$n is a prime number"
else
echo "$n is not a prime number"
fi</pre>
```

### **OUTPUT**

```
-bash-3.2$ sh prime.sh Enter a number:
5
5 is a prime number
-bash-3.2$ sh prime.sh Enter a number:
10
10 is not a prime number
/SL/CSE/ -7
```

## 10. Write a Shell program to generate prime numbers between 1 and 50.

### **PROGRAM**

```
for((n = 1 ; n <= 50 ; n++)) do
flag=0
for((i = 2 ; i <= n / 2; i++)) do
r=`expr $n % $i` if [ $r = 0 ] then
flag=1 break
fi
done
if [ $flag = 0 ] then
echo $n
fi
done</pre>
```

```
-bash-3.2$ sh genprime.sh 1 2 3 5 7 11 13 17 19 23 29 31 37 41 43 47 /SL/CSE/ -8
```

## 11. Write a Shell program to find the sum of square of individual digits of a number.

### **PROGRAM**

```
echo "Enter a number:" read n
t=$n s=0
while [ $n -gt 0 ] do
r=`expr $n % 10` s=`expr $s + $r \* $r` n=`expr $n / 10`
done
echo "The sum of square of individual digits of $t is $s"
```

## **OUTPUT**

```
-bash-3.2$ sh square.sh Enter a number:
124
The sum of square of individual digits of 124 is 21
```

## 12. Write a Shell program to find the sum of cube of individual digits of a number.

### **PROGRAM**

### **OUTPUT**

```
-bash-3.2$ sh cube.sh Enter a number:
124
The sum of cube of individual digits of 124 is 73
/SL/CSE/ -9
```

# 13. Write a Shell program to execute various UNIX commands using case statements set of numbers.

```
echo "1-who am I?"
echo "2-who is logged on?" echo "3-date"
echo "4-calendar"
```

```
echo "Enter your choice:" read n
case $n in
1)whoami ;;
2)who ;;
3)date ;;
4)cal ;;
esac
```

```
-bash-3.2$ sh commands.sh 1-who am I?
2-who is logged on?
3-date
4-calendar
Enter your choice: 1
bhuvan
```

## 14. Write a Shell program to count the number of vowels in a line of text.

### **PROGRAM**

```
echo "Enter the text:" read s
l=`expr length $s` c=1
vc=0
while [ $c -le $1 ] do
r=`expr substr $s $c 1`
if [ $r = 'a' -o $r = 'e' -o $r = 'i' -o $r = 'o' -o $r = 'u' ]
then
vc=`expr $vc + 1`
fi
c=`expr $c + 1` done
echo "The number of vowels in the text $s is : $vc"
/SL/CSE/ -10
```

## **OUTPUT**

```
-bash-3.2$ sh vowels.sh Enter the text: computer The number of vowels in the text computer is : 3
```

### 15. Write a Shell program to display student grades.

```
echo "Enter the number of students:" read n
for((i = 1 ; i <= n ; i++)) do
echo "Enter roll no.:" read rollno
echo "Enter name:" read name</pre>
```

```
echo "Entermark-1" read m1
echo "Entermark-2:" read m2
echo "Entermark-3:" read m3
tot=\expr \mbox{$m1 + $m2 + $m3} \ avg=\expr \mbox{$tot / 3}
if [ $avg -ge 75 ] then
        grade="Distinction" elif [ $avg -ge 60 ]
then
        grade="First class" elif [ $avg -ge 50 ]
then
             grade="Second class"
             else
             grade="Fail"
             fi
             echo "Roll no.
                              Name
                                       Total
                                               Average Grade"
             echo "$rollno
                              $name
                                       $tot
                                               $avq
                                                        $grade"
done
 /SL/CSE/ - 11
```

```
-bash-3.2$ sh grades.sh
Enter the number of students:
Enter roll no.:
201101001
Enter name:
Arun
Enter mark-1
75
Enter mark-2:
60
Enter mark-3:
65
Roll no.
                      Name
                             Total Average Grade
                                               First class
201101001
                             200
                                     66
                      Arun
Enter roll no.:
201101002
Enter name:
Bhuvan
Enter mark-1
8.5
Enter mark-2:
90
Enter mark-3:
```

```
85
Roll no. Name Total Average Grade
201101002 Bhuvan 260 86 Distinction
```

## 16. Write a Shell program to find the smallest number from a set of numbers.

### **PROGRAM**

```
echo "Enter the number of elements:" read n s=9999999 for((i = 1 ; i <= n ; i++)) do echo "Enter the number:" read no if [ $no -lt $s $] then s=$no fi done echo "The smallest number is : $s" /SL/CSE/-12
```

### **OUTPUT**

```
-bash-3.2$ sh smallest.sh Enter the number of elements: 5
Enter the number: 22
Enter the number: 33
Enter the number: 11
Enter the number: 44
Enter the number: 55
The smallest number is: 11
```

### 17. Write a Shell program to find the smallest digit from a number.

### **PROGRAM**

```
echo "Enter a number:" read n
s=9
while [ $n -gt 0 ] do
r=`expr $n % 10` if [ $r -lt$s ] then
s=$r
fi
n=`expr $n / 10`
done
echo "The smallest digit is : $s"
```

```
-bash-3.2$ sh small.sh Enter a number: 143
```

```
The smallest digit is: 1
-bash-3.2$ sh small.sh Enter a number: 786
The smallest digit is: 6
/SL/CSE/ -13
```

# 18. Write a Shell program to find the sum of all numbers between 50 and 100, which are divisible by 3 and not divisible by 5.

## **PROGRAM**

```
for((i = 50 ; i <= 100 ; i++)) do
if [ `expr $i % 3` = 0 -a `expr $i % 5` != 0 ] then
echo $i
fi
done</pre>
```

### **OUTPUT**

```
-bash-3.2$ sh divisible.sh 51 54 57 63 66 69 72 78 81 84 87 93 96 99
```

# 19. Write a Shell program to find the sum of digits of a number until a single digit is obtained.

```
echo "Enter a number:" read n
s=0
while [ $n -gt 0 ] do
r=`expr $n % 10` s=`expr $s + $r` n=`expr $n / 10`
if [ $n = 0 -a $s -gt 9 ] then
n=$s s=0
```

```
fi done echo "The single digit sum is : $s" /SL/CSE/ -14
```

```
-bash-3.2$ sh digitsum.sh Enter a number:
14
The single digit sum is : 5
-bash-3.2$ sh digitsum.sh Enter a number:
1983
The single digit sum is : 3
```

## 20. Write a Shell program to find the second highest number from a set of numbers.

```
echo "Enter the number of elements:" read n
a=0
b=0
for((i = 1 ; i \le n ; i++)) do
echo "Enter the number:" read no
if [ $no -gt $a ] then
b=$a a=$no
elif [ $no -gt $b ] then
b=$no
fi
echo "The second highest number is : $b"
OUTPUT
Enter the number of elements: 5
Enter the number: 11
Enter the number: 22
Enter the number: 33
Enter the number: 44
Enter the number: 55
The second highest number is: 44
```

## 21. Write a Shell program to find the second largest digit from a number.

## **PROGRAM**

```
echo "Enter a number:" read n
a=0
b=0
while [ $n -gt 0 ] do
r=`expr $n % 10` if [ $r -gt$a ] then
b=$a a=$r
elif [ $r -gt $b ] then
b=$r
fi
n=`expr $n / 10`
done
echo "The second largest digit is : $b"

OUTPUT
-bash-3.2$ sh seclarge.sh Enter a number:
1983
The second largest digit is : 8
```

## 22. Write a Shell program to find the sum of odd digits and even digits from a number.

## **PROGRAM**

```
echo "Enter a number:" read n
os=0
es=0
while [ $n -gt 0 ] do
r=`expr $n % 10`
if [ `expr $r % 2` = 0 ] then
es=`expr $es + $r`
else
os=`expr $os + $r`
fi
n=`expr $n / 10`
done
```

### /SL/CSE/ - 16

```
echo "The sum of odd digits is : $os" echo "The sum of even digits is : $es"
```

```
Enter a number: 1988

The sum of odd digits is: 10 The sum of even digits is: 16
```

23. Write a Shell program to find the sum of two numbers using function programming.

## **PROGRAM**

```
-bash-3.2$ sum() >{ >echo `expr $1 + $2` >}
```

### **OUTPUT**

```
-bash-3.2$ sum 10 20 30
```

24. Write a Shell program to find the largest number between two numbers using function.

### **PROGRAM**

```
-bash-3.2$ largest()
>{
>if [ $1 -gt $2 ]
>then
>echo "$1 is greater"
>else
>echo "$2 is greater"
>fi
>}
```

## **OUTPUT**

```
-bash-3.2$ largest 10 20 20 is greater
-bash-3.2$ largest 20 10 20 is greater
/SL/CSE/ -17
```

25. Write a Shell program to find the largest among three numbers.

### **OUTPUT**

```
-bash-3.2$ sh larthree.sh Enter the first number: 20 Enter the second number: 30 Enter the third number: 10 30 is greater-bash-3.2$
```

## 26. Write a Shell program to find the largest among 'n' different numbers.

### **PROGRAM**

```
echo "Enter the number of elements:" read n
l=0
for((i = 1 ; i <= n ; i++)) do
echo "Enter the number:" read no
if [ $no -gt $1 ] then
l=$no
fi
done
echo "The largest numbers is : $1"</pre>
```

## **OUTPUT**

```
-bash-3.2$ sh largest.sh Enter the number of elements: 5
Enter the number: 44
Enter the number: 55
Enter the number: 33
Enter the number: 22
Enter the number: 11
The largest numbers is: 55
```

## 27. Write a Shell program to find the largest digit of a number.

```
echo "Enter a number:" read n
s=0
while [ $n -gt 0 ] do
r= expr $n % 10 if [ $r -qt$s ] then
s=\$r
fi
n=`expr $n / 10`
done
echo "The largest digit is : $s"
OUTPUT
-bash-3.2$ sh large.sh Enter a number:
143
The largest digit is: 4
-bash-3.2$ sh large.sh Enter a number:
786
The largest digit is: 8
 /SL/CSE/ - 19
```

## 28. Write a Shell program to find the sum of 'n' different numbers.

## **PROGRAM**

```
for((i = 1; i <= n; i++)) do
echo "Enter the number:" read no
s=`expr $s + $no`
done
echo "The sum is: $s"

OUTPUT

-bash-3.2$ sh sum.sh
Enter the number of elements: 5
Enter the number: 11
Enter the number: 22
Enter the number: 33
Enter the number: 44
Enter the number: 55
The sum is: 165</pre>
```

echo "Enter the number of elements:" read n

## 29. Write a Shell program to find the sum of digits of a number.

```
echo "Enter a number:" read n s=0 while [ n - 0 do r=`expr n < 10 s=`expr n < 10 n=`expr n < 10 done echo "The sum of digit is : s = 10 corrected by the sum of digit is sum of dig
```

### **OUTPUT**

```
-bash-3.2$ sh sumdigit.sh Enter a number:
14
The sum of digit is : 5-bash-3.2$ sh sumdigit.sh Enter a number:
1983
The sum of digit is : 21
```

## 30. Write a Shell program to print the reverse of a number.

### **PROGRAM**

```
echo "Enter a number:" read n
t=$n s=0
while [ $n -gt 0 ] do
r=`expr $n % 10` s=`expr $r + $s \* 10` n=`expr $n / 10`
done
echo "The reverse of the number $t is $s"
```

### **OUTPUT**

```
-bash-3.2$ sh revnum.sh Enter a number: 123
The reverse of the number 123 is 321
```

## 31. Write a Shell program to find the factorial of a number using for loop.

```
echo "Enter a number:" read n
f=1
for((i = 1 ; i <= n ; i++)) do
f=`expr $f \* $i`
done
echo "The factorial of $n is $f"</pre>
```

```
-bash-3.2$ sh factorial.sh Enter a number: 5
The factorial of 5 is 120
```

## 32. Write a Shell program to generate Fibonacci series.

## **PROGRAM**

```
echo "Enter the number of terms:" read n
echo "Fibonacci series is:" a=-1
b=1
c=0
for((i = 1 ; i <= n ; i++)) do
c=`expr $a + $b` echo $c
a=$b b=$c
done</pre>
```

```
-bash-3.2\$ sh fibonacci.sh Enter the number of terms: 5 Fibonacci series is: 0 1 1 2 3
```