Search and Planning

MEIC @ IST
Artificial Intelligence
2023/24

Welcome ©

- First year MSc?
- A 7-week journey!
- Learn and have fun



Course Dynamics

Faculty



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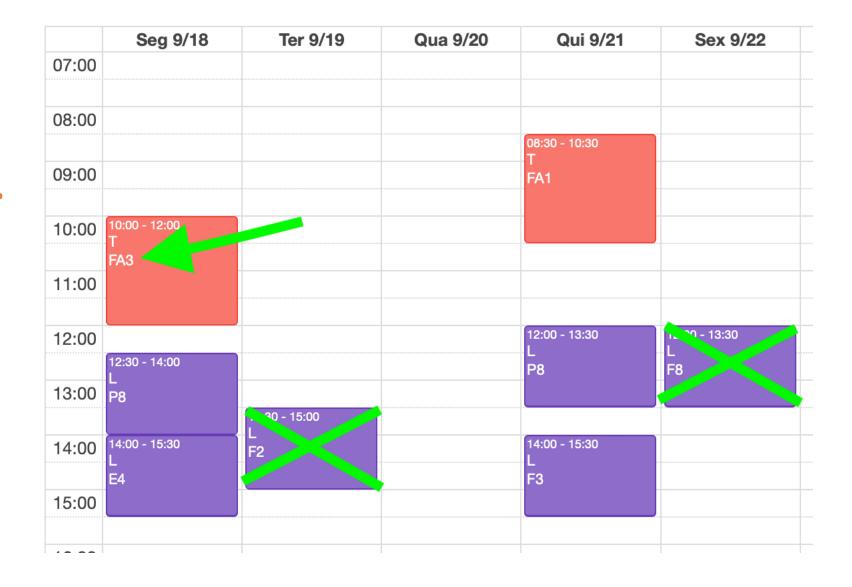


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Course Dynamics: schedule

Practical shifts start on Thursday

- Read minizinc tutorial
- Take laptop if you can



Course Dynamics: office hours

- To start on the 3rd week
- Zoom or in person

Course Dynamics: evaluation

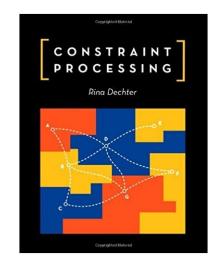
- 50% Project (due Oct 20) >= 9.5
 - 1 or 2 students; enrollment due until Sep 22
 - Students do not have to be enrolled in the same practical shift
- 50% Exam (Nov 6) >= 8 (Repeat exam - optional – Jan 30)

Course Dynamics: project

- Project published: today!
- Fenix group registration due: 22/09 (opens today)
- Project due: 20/10

Course Material

- Bibliography
 - Constraint Processing: Rina Dechter 2003 Elsevier Morgan Kaufmann
 - Principles of Constraint Programming: Krzysztof Apt 2003 Cambridge University Press
 - Automated Planning and Acting: Malik Ghallab, Dana Nau and Paolo Traverso 2016
 Cambridge University Press
 - Automated Planning theory and practice: Malik Ghallab, Dana Nau and Paolo Traverso 2004 Elsevier
- Slides of the lectures
- Exercises to be <u>prepared at home</u> and jointly discussed in the class
- Abundant material on the web!!!



Automated Planning

and Acting

What is Search and Planning about???

You have 3 minutes!

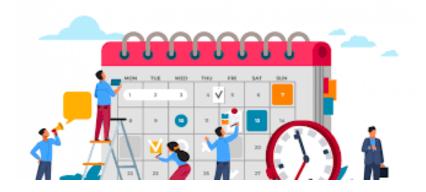
Dictionary definitions



 Search [verb]: try to find something by looking or otherwise seeking carefully and thoroughly



Plan [noun]: a detailed proposal for doing or achieving something



Search: in the context of Al...

Search algorithms: related with problem solving



- Problem-Solving Methods in Artificial Intelligence by Nils Nilson (1971)
 - Nils John Nilsson was an American computer scientist (d.2019). He was one of the founding researchers in the discipline of artificial intelligence. He was the first Kumagai Professor of Engineering in computer science at Stanford University from 1991 until his retirement.
 - https://stacks.stanford.edu/file/druid:xw061vq8842/xw061vq8842.pdf
- Traditional problems (e.g. 8-queen, 15-puzzle, TSP) well studied also in other domains
 - Most often in Operations Research
- Search in Al is the process of navigating from a starting state to a goal state by transitioning through intermediate states (https://towardsdatascience.com/ai-search-algorithms-every-data-scientist-should-know-ed0968a43a7a)

Planning: in the context of Al...

- Al Planning is a field of Artificial Intelligence which explores the process of using autonomous techniques to solve planning and scheduling problems. A planning problem is one in which we have some initial starting state, which we wish to transform into a desired goal state through the application of a set of actions.
 - https://planning.wiki/guide/whatis/aip#:~:text=Al%20Planning%20is%20a%20a%20is%20a%20a%20is%20a%20actions.

Search vs Planning

- Planning is the process of computing several steps of a problemsolving procedure before executing any of them
- This problem can be solved by search
- The main difference between search and planning is the representation of states

| | Search | Planning |
|---------|---------------------|--------------------------------|
| States | data structures | Logical sentences |
| Actions | code | Preconditions/outcomes |
| Goal | code | Logical sentence (conjunction) |
| Plan | Sequence from S_0 | Constraints on actions |

• https://intellipaat.com/community/2632/what-is-the-difference-between-search-and-planning

Research Communities

Conferences

- CP International Conference on Principles and Practice of Constraint Programming
- ICAPS International Conference on Automated Planning and Scheduling
- And others... e.g. IJCAI, AAAI, ECAI

Journals

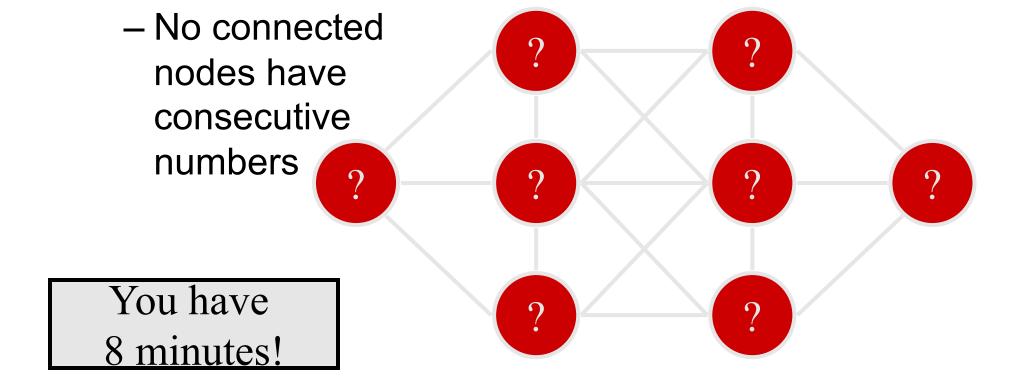
- Constraints, an International Journal
- Journal of Scheduling
- And others...
 - e.g. Artificial Intelligence Journal, Journal of Artificial Intelligence Research

Problem Solving with SEARCH

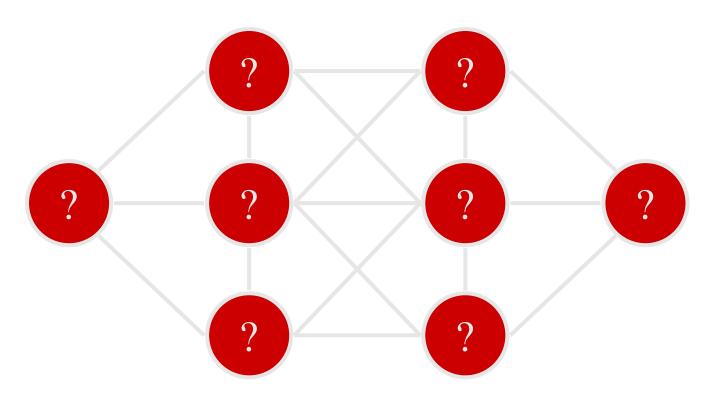
- In this course, we encode search problems as Constraint Satisfaction Problems (CSPs)
 - Ever heard about CSPs in the past?
- Next slides borrowed from Patrick Prosser (UGlasgow)
 - with help from Toby Walsh, Chris Beck, Barbara Smith, Peter van Beek, Edward Tsang, ...

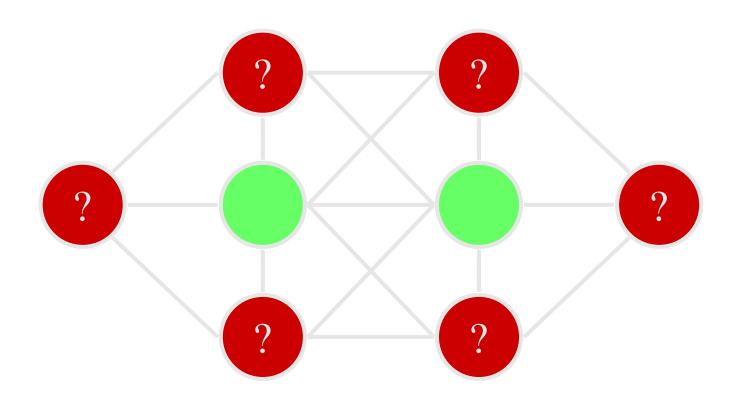
A Puzzle

- Place numbers 1 through 8 on nodes
 - Each number appears exactly once

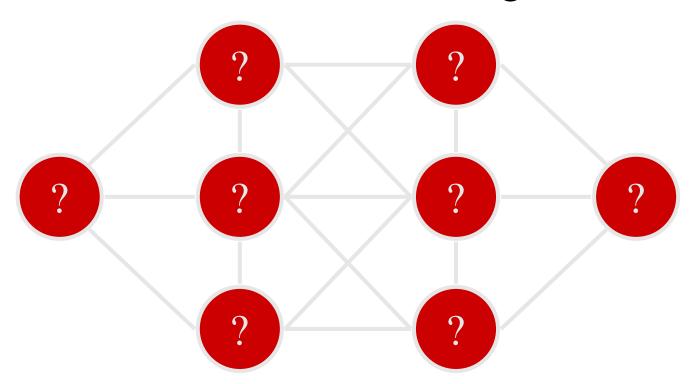


Which nodes are hardest to number?

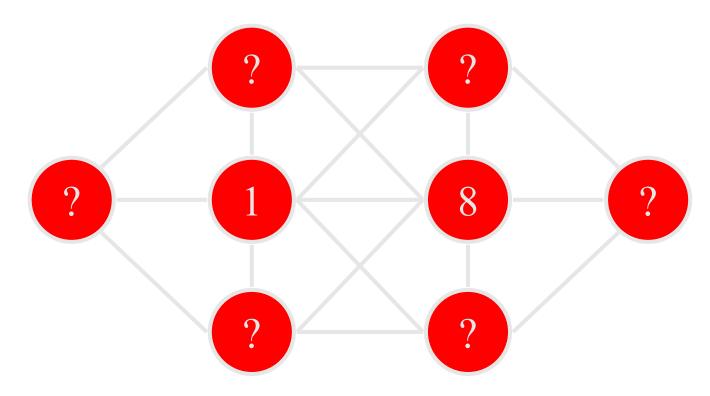




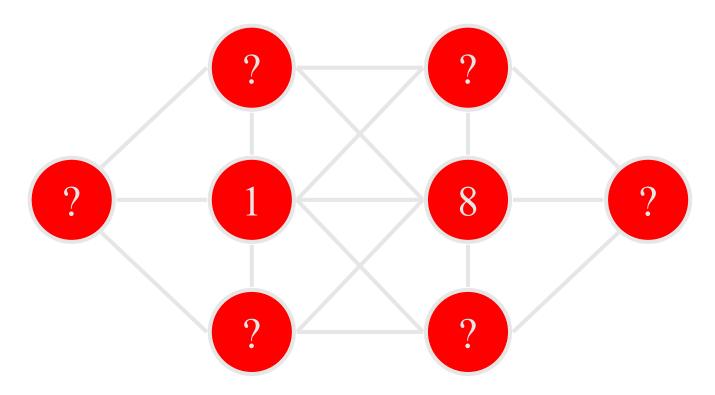
Which are the least constraining values to use?



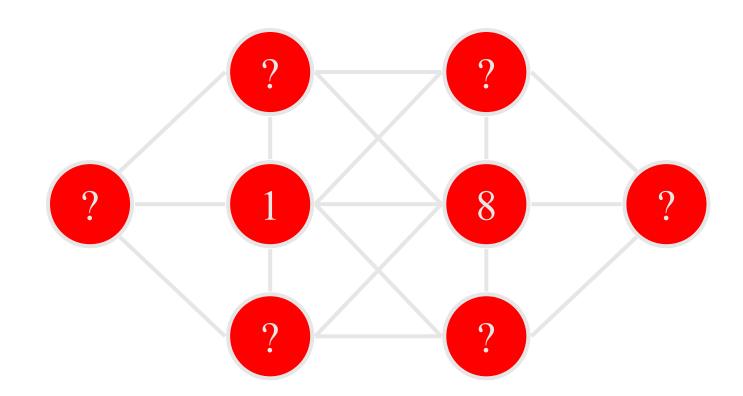
Values 1 and 8



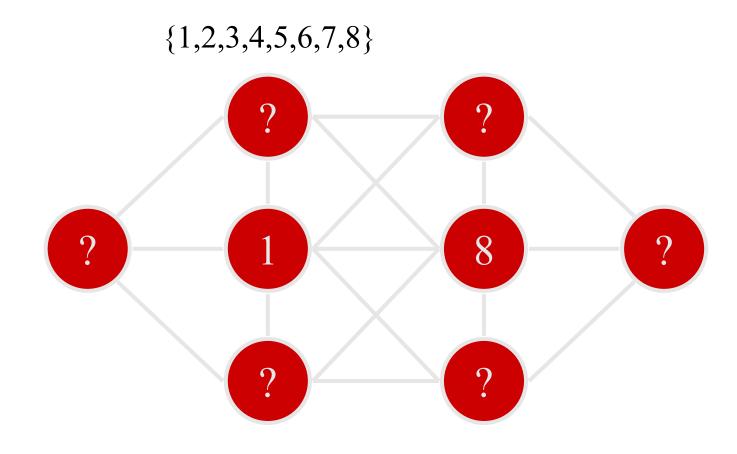
Values 1 and 8

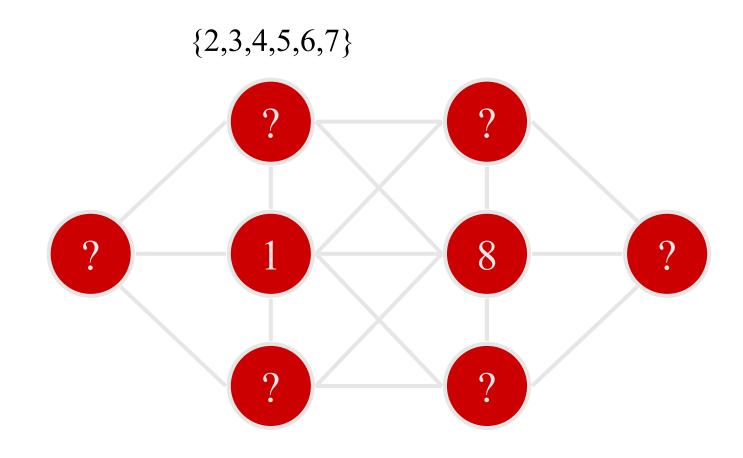


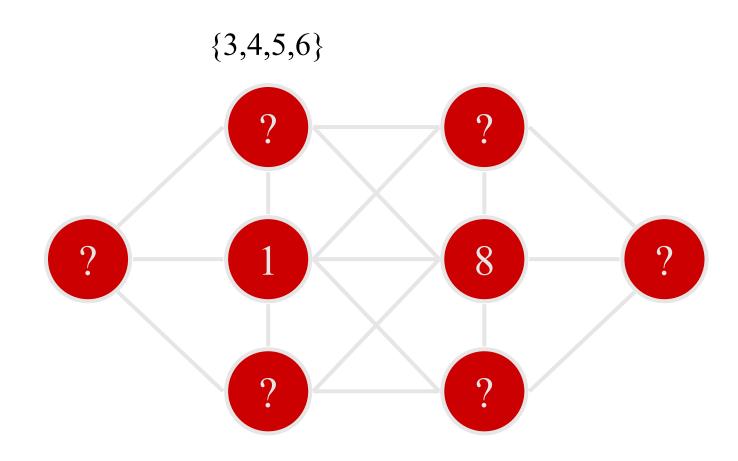
Symmetry means we don't need to consider: 8 1

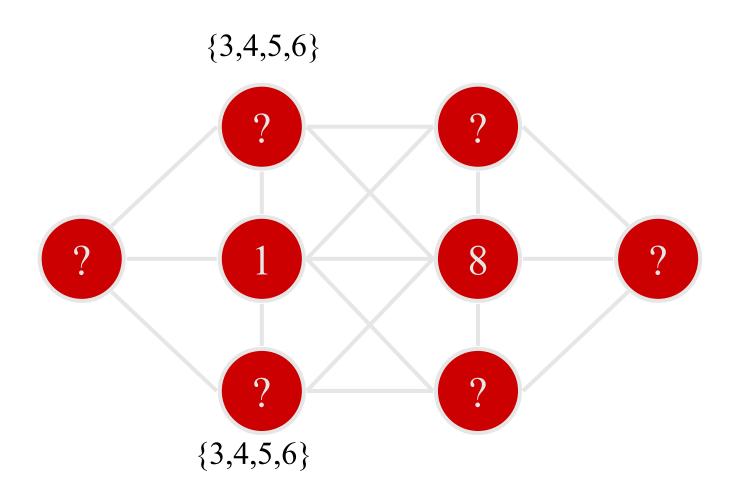


We can now eliminate many values for other nodes

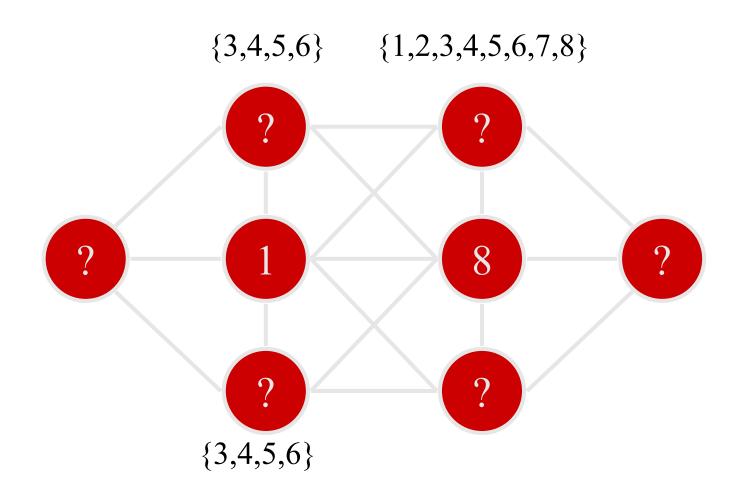


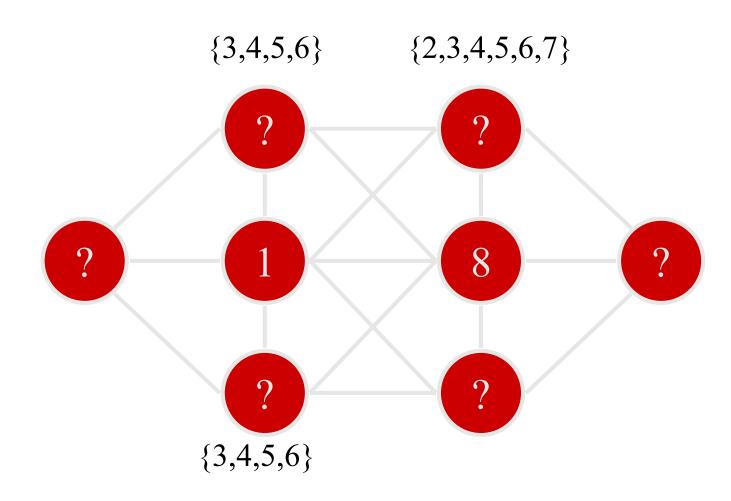


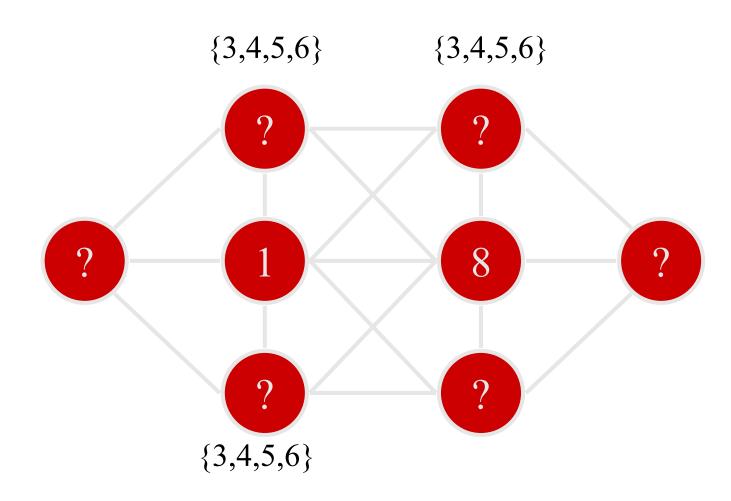


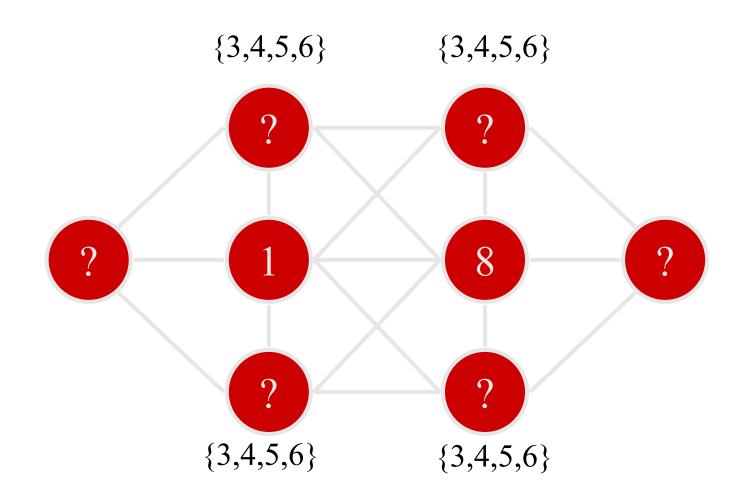


By symmetry

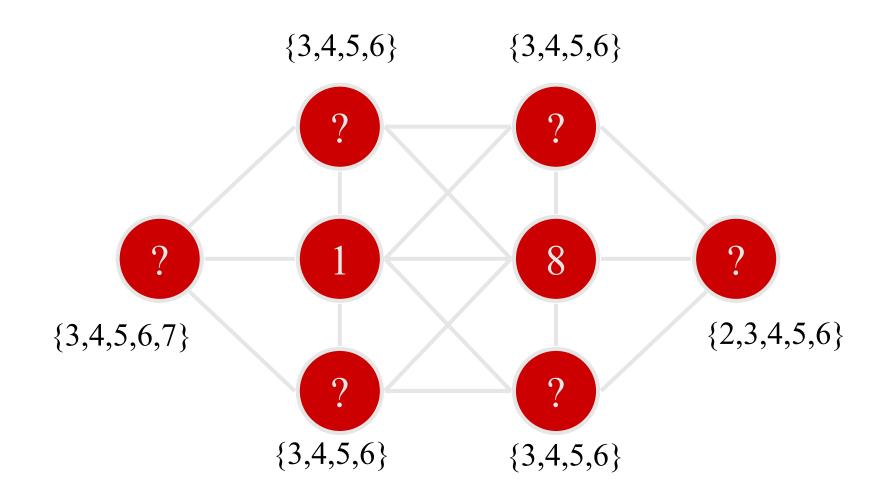


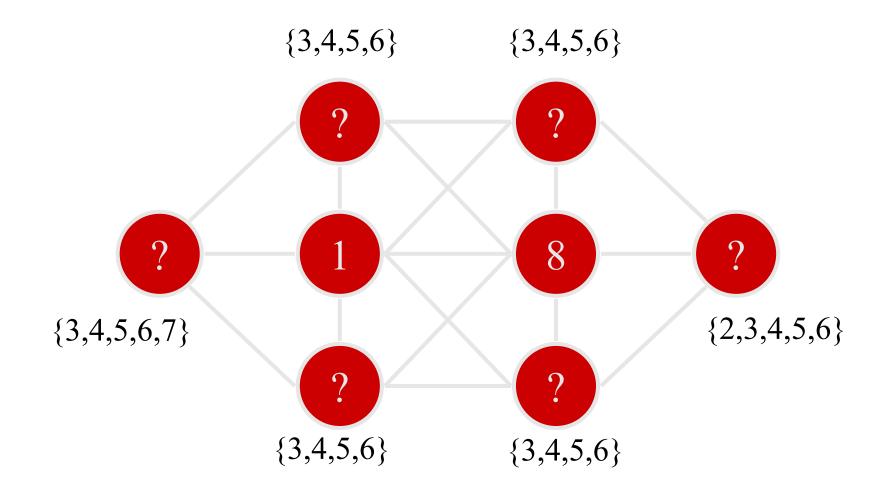




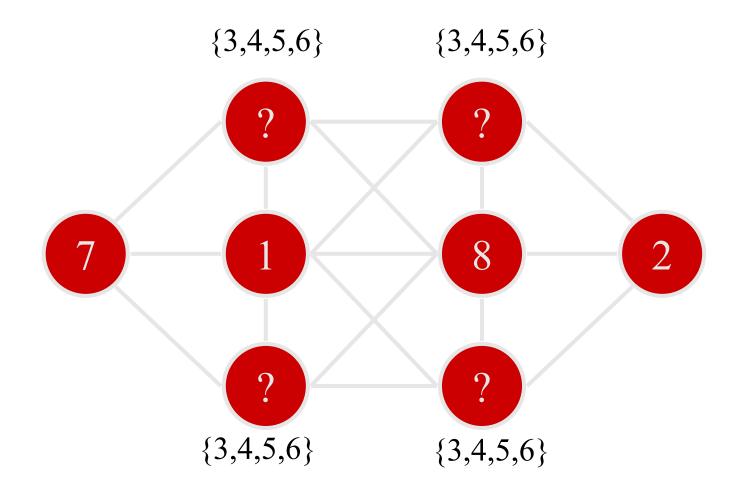


By symmetry

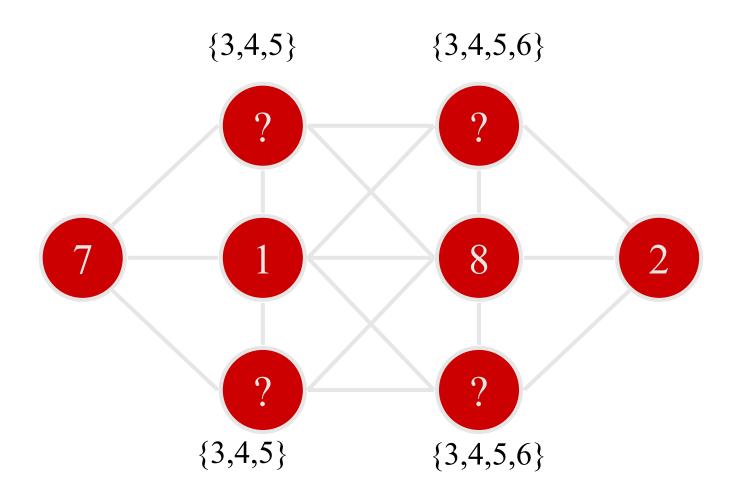




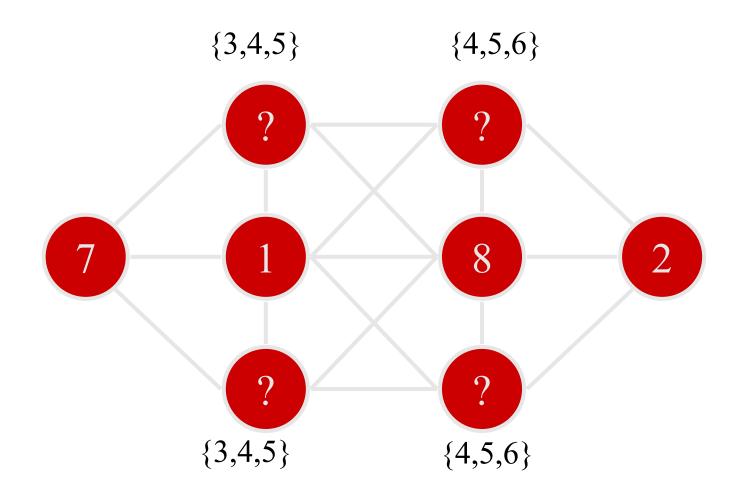
Value 2 and 7 are left in just one variable domain each



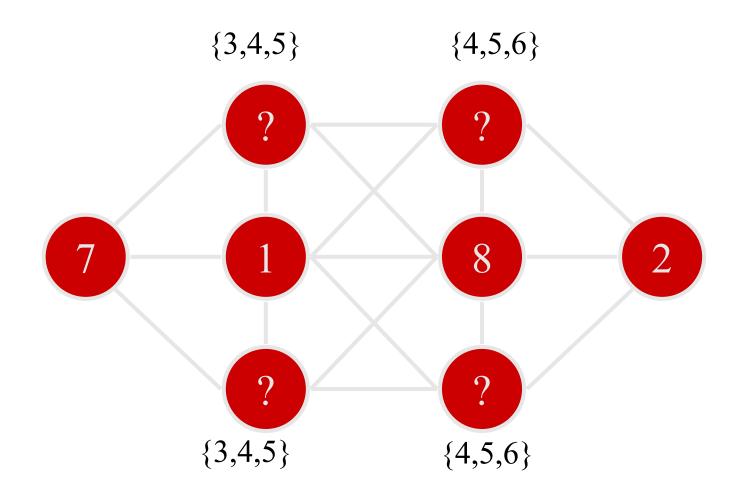
And propagate ...



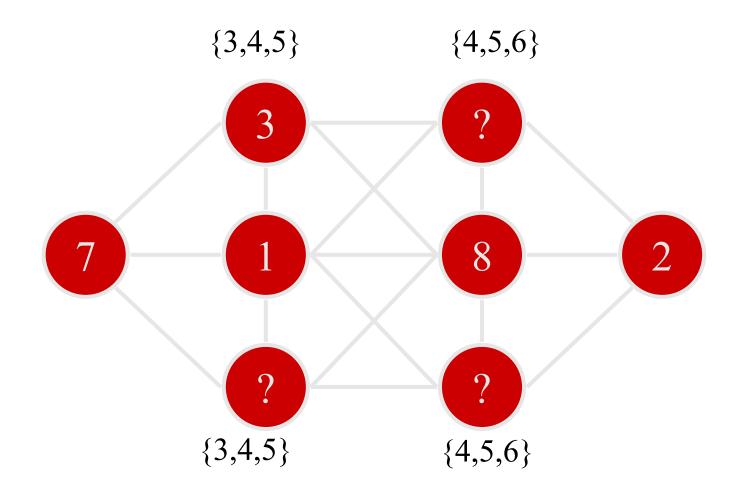
And propagate ...



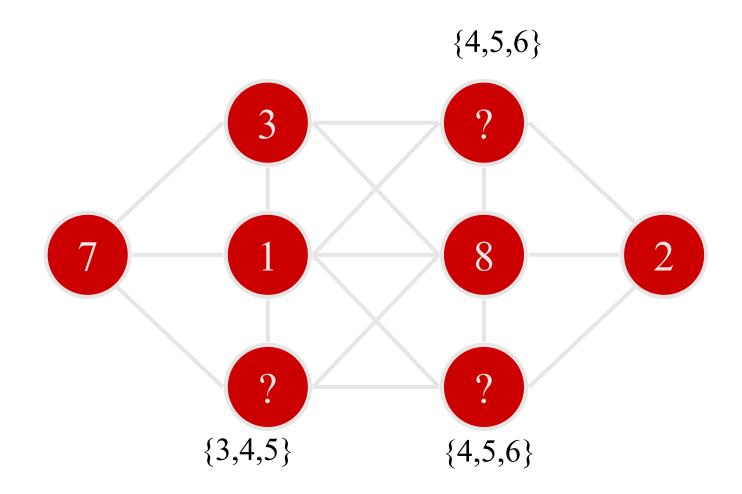
And propagate ...



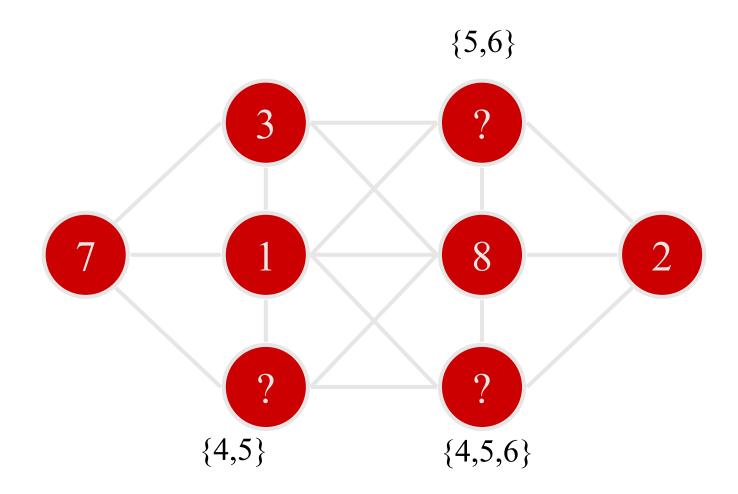
Guess a value, but be prepared to backtrack ...



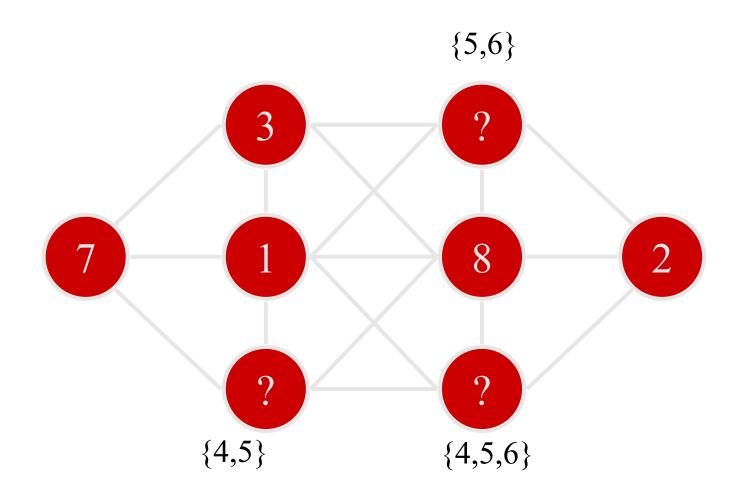
Guess a value, but be prepared to backtrack ...



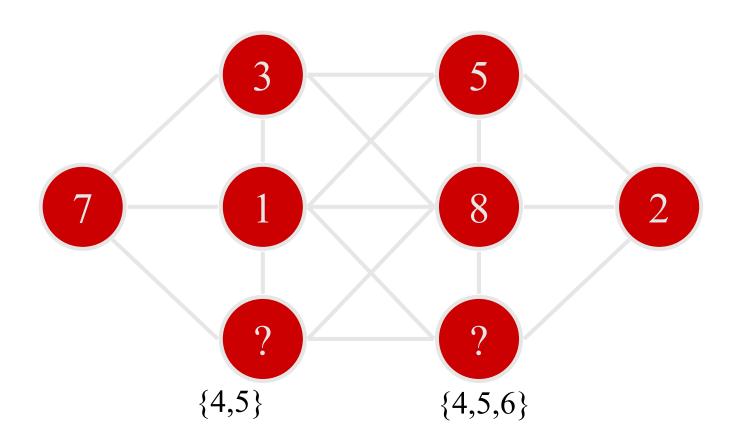
And propagate ...



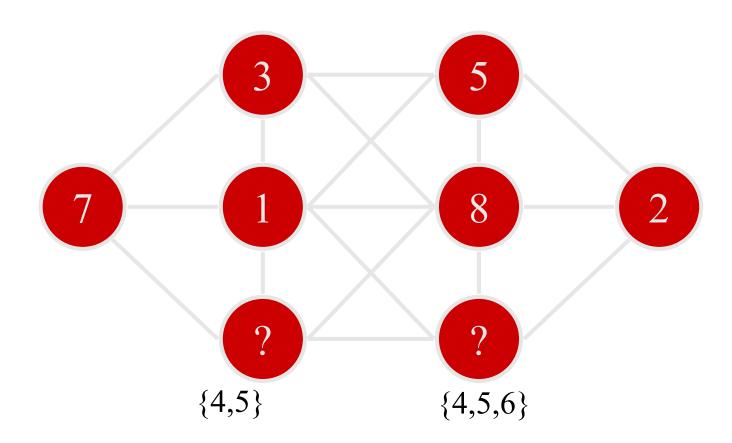
And propagate ...



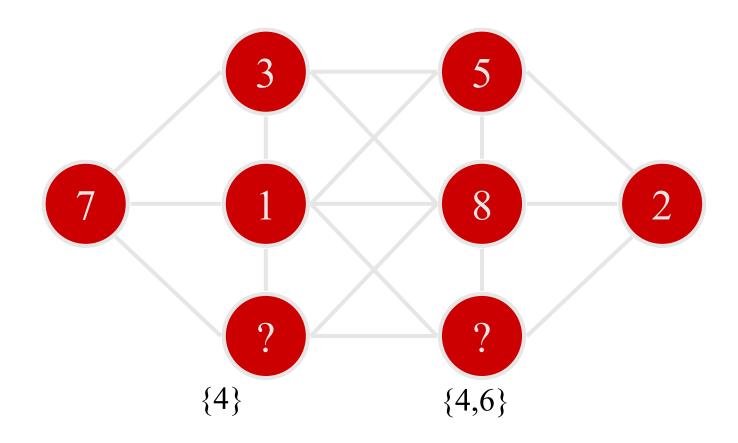
Guess another value ...



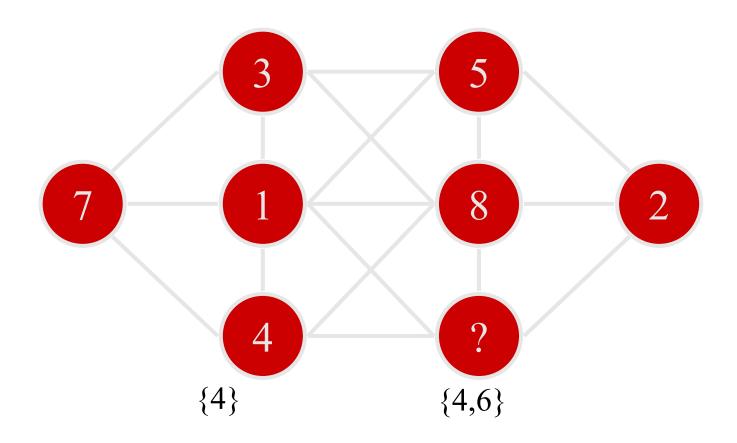
Guess another value ...



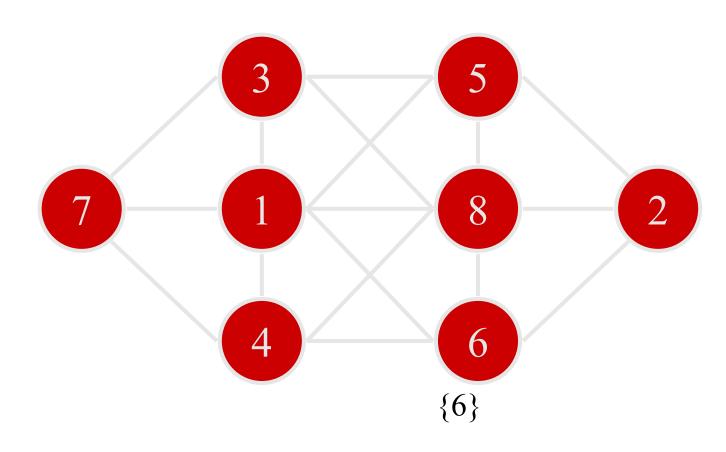
And propagate ...



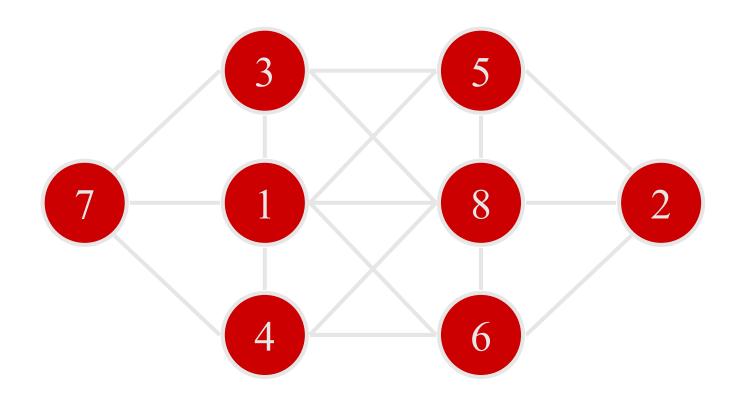
And propagate ...

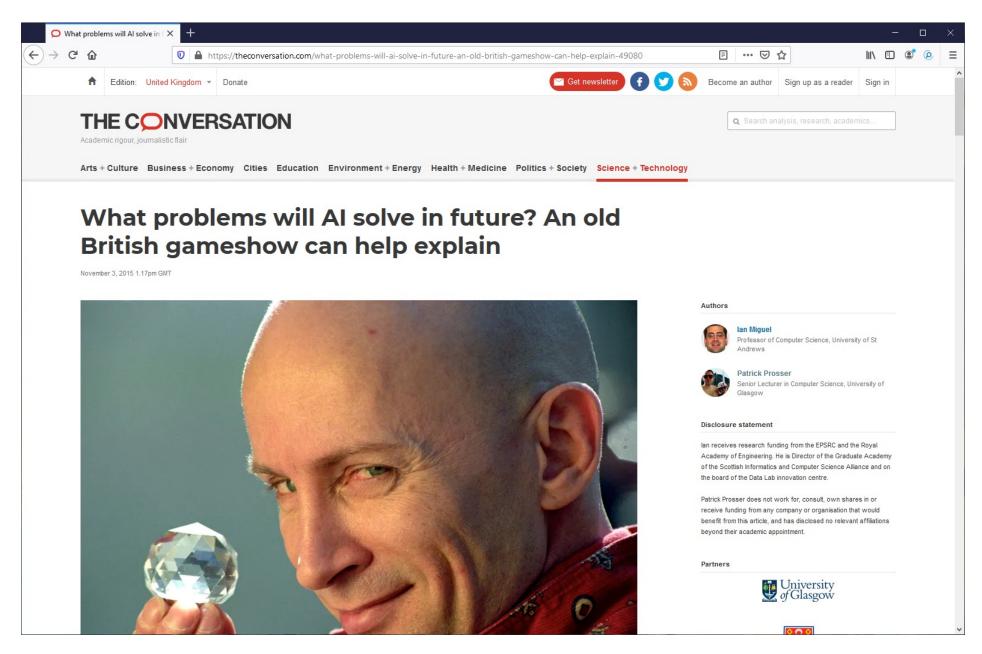


One node has only a single value left ...



Solution

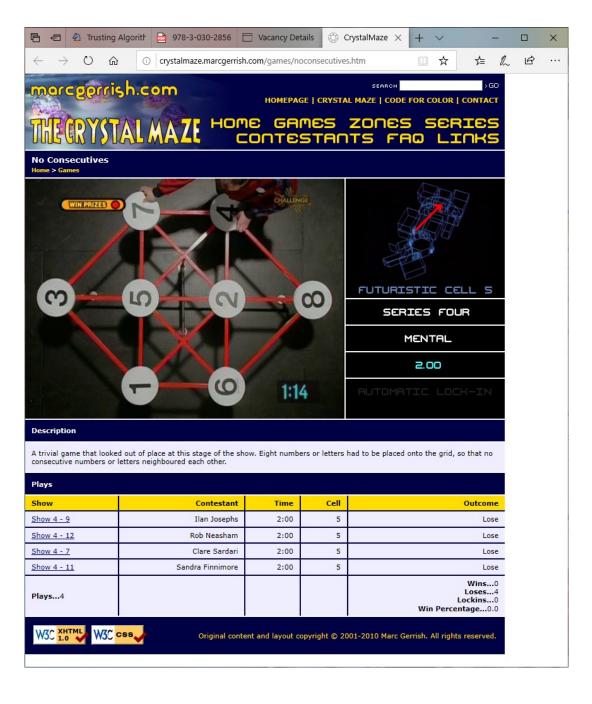




https://theconversation.com/what-problems-will-ai-solve-in-future-an-old-british-gameshow-can-help-explain-49080

The Crystal Maze was a popular UK television show from the early 1990s

This puzzle was never solved in the two-minute time frame



The Core of Constraint Computation

- Modelling
 - Deciding on variables/domains/constraints
- Heuristic Search
- Inference/Propagation
- Symmetry
- Backtracking

A Commercial Reality

First-tier software vendors use CP technology



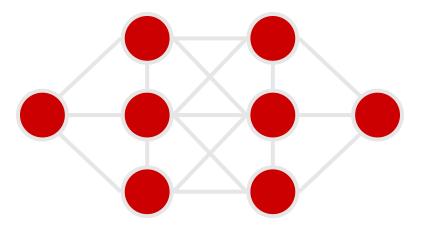






Hardness

- The puzzle is actually a hard problem
 - NP-complete



Constraint programming

- Model problem by specifying constraints on acceptable solutions
 - define variables and domains
 - post constraints on these variables
- Solve model
 - choose algorithm
 - incremental assignment / backtracking search
 - complete assignments / stochastic search
 - design heuristics

Constraint satisfaction

- Constraint satisfaction problem (CSP) is a triple <V,D,C> where:
 - V is set of variables
 - Each X in V has set of values, D_X
 - Usually assume finite domain
 - {true,false}, {red,blue,green}, [0..10], ...
 - C is set of constraints

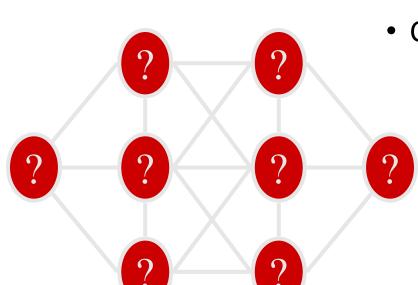
Goal: find assignment of values to variables to satisfy all the constraints

How complex?

Assume

- n variables
- · each with a domian size of m
- · how many states might we consider?

Example CSP



- Variable, v_i for each node
- Domain of {1, ..., 8}
- Constraints
 - All values used
 allDifferent(v₁ v₂ v₃ v₄ v₅ v₆ v₇ v₈)
 - No consecutive numbers for adjoining nodes

$$|v_1 - v_2| > 1$$

 $|v_1 - v_3| > 1$

• • •

Constraints

- Constraints are tuples <S,R> where
 - S is the scope, [X1,X2, ... Xm]
 - list of variables to which constraint applies
 - R is relation specifying allowed values (goods)
 - Subset of D_X1 x D_X2 x ... x D_Xm
 - May be specified intensionally or extensionally

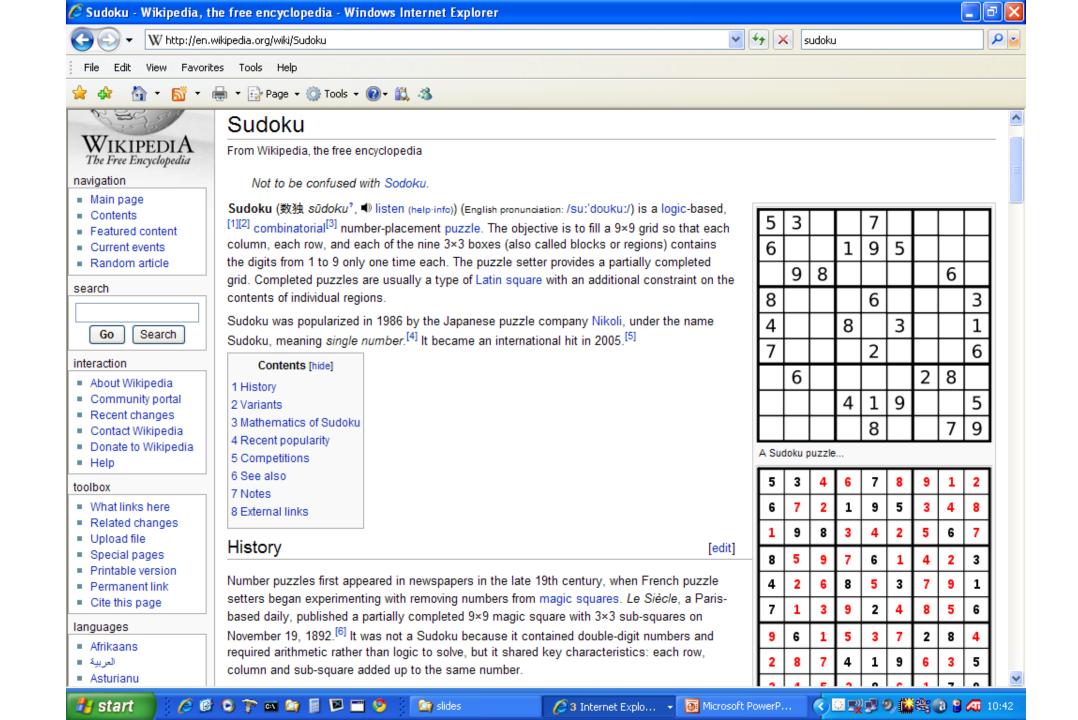
Constraints

- Extensional specification
 - List of goods (or for tight constraints, nogoods)
- Intensional specification
 - X1 =/= X2
 - 5*X1 + 6*X2 < X3
 - alldifferent([X1,X2,X3,X4]), ...

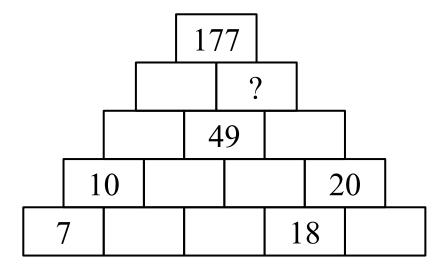
more examples?

Do you know any constraint satisfaction problems?

To a man with a hammer, everything looks like a nail.



Scotsman 4/12/2003



In the pyramid above, two adjacent bricks added together give the value of the brick above. Find the value for the brick marked?

Exam timetabling

An Example, Exam Timetabling

- Someone timetables the exams
- · We have a number of courses to examine
 - · how many?
 - Dept has 36
 - Faculty?
 - University?
- There are constraints
 - · if a student S takes courses Cx and Cy
 - · Cx and Cy cannot be at same time!
 - · If Cy and Cz have no students in common
 - · they can go in room R1 if there is space
 - Temporal and resource constraints

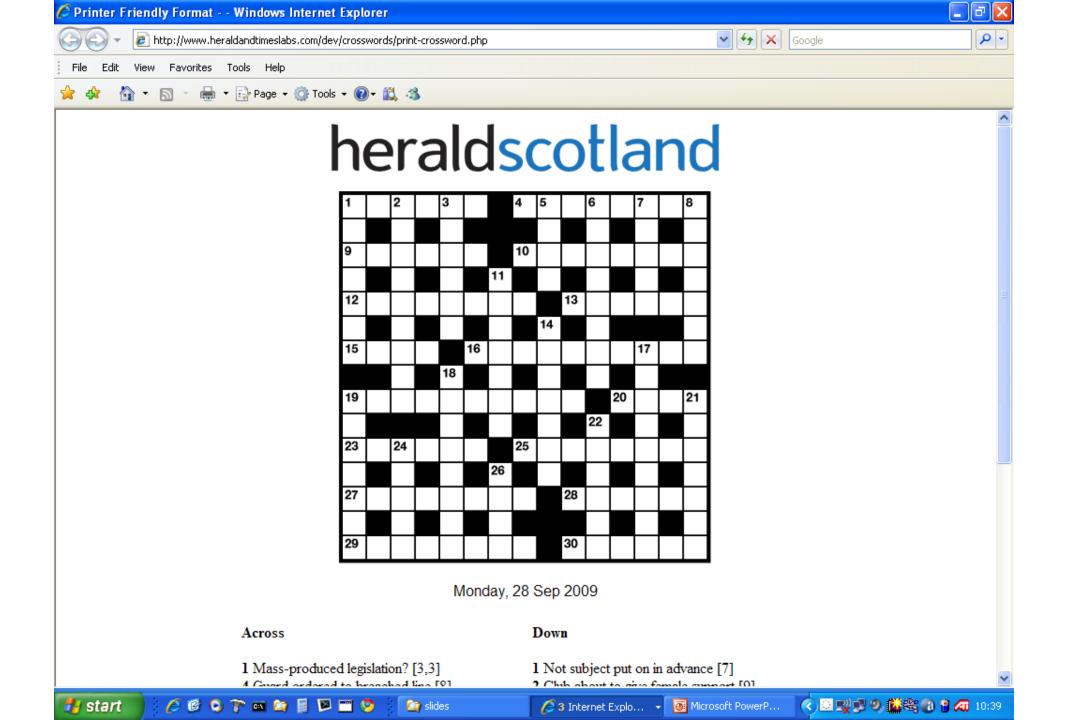
An Example, Exam Timetabling

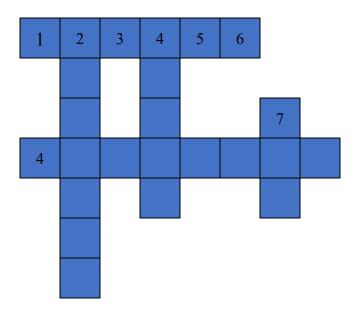
- · Represent as graph colouring
 - · vertices are courses
 - · colours are time
 - vertices have weight (room requirements)
 - · edge connects vertices of diff colour
- How complex is this
 - · if we have n vertices and k times
 - an n-digit number to the base k?
- · How would you solve this
 - backtracking search?
 - · Greedy?
 - Something else?

An Example, Exam Timetabling

- How does the person solve this?
- Is that person intelligent?
- Is there always a solution?
- · If there isn't, do we want to know why?
 - Do you think they can work out "why"?

Crossword puzzle generation

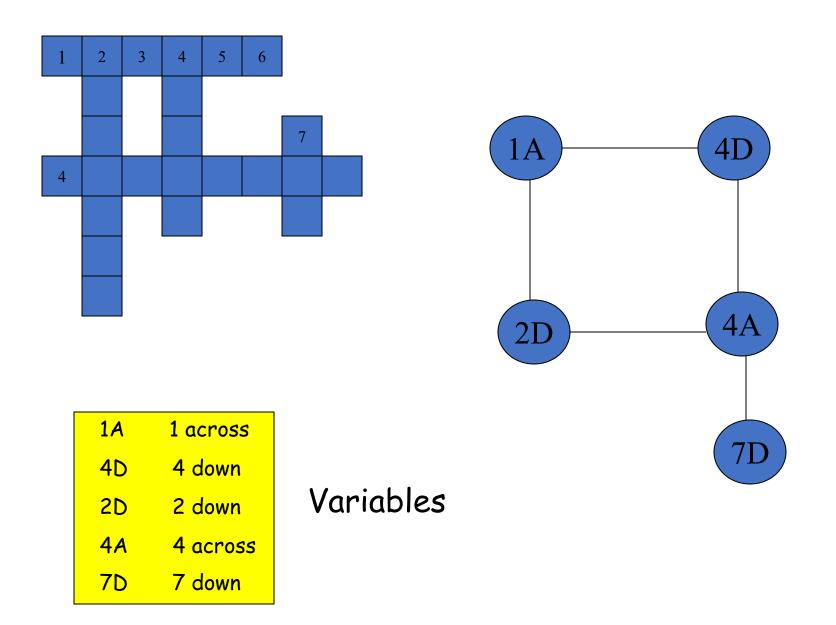


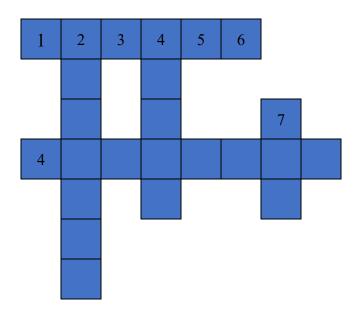


Make a crossword puzzle!

Given the above grid and a dictionary, fill it.

Then go get the clues (not my problem)





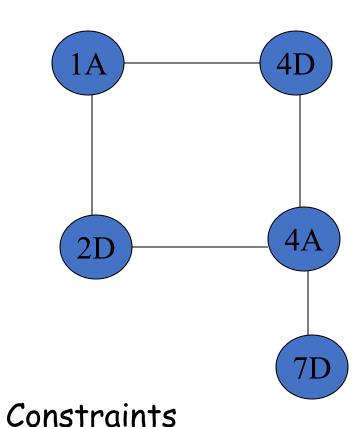
1A-4D: 4th of 1A equals 1st of 4D

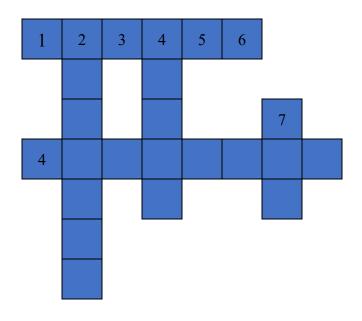
1A-2D: 2nd of 1A equals 1st of 2D

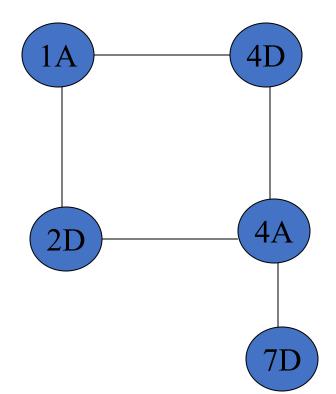
2D-4A: 4th of 2D equals 2nd of 4D

4D-4A: 4th of 4A equals 4th of 4D

4A-7D: 7th of 4A equals 2nd of 7D







1A: any 6 letter word

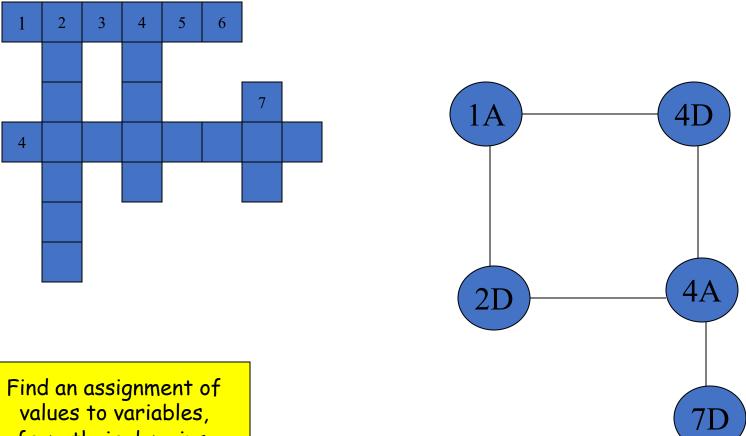
4A: any 8 letter word

4D: any 5 letter word

2D: any 7 letter word

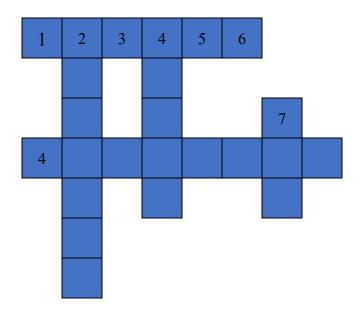
7D: any 3 letter word

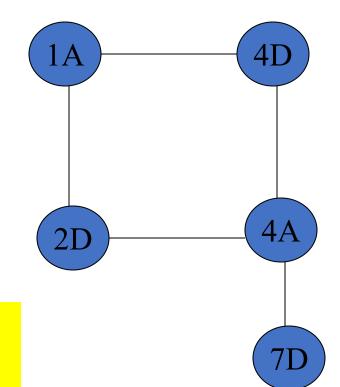
Domains (also unary constraints!)



rind an assignment of values to variables, from their domains, such that the constraints are satisfied (or show that no assignment exists)

A CSP!





Choose a variable

Assign it a value

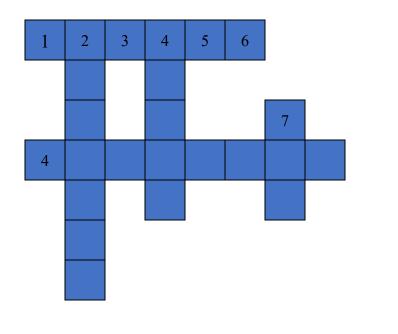
Check compatibility

If not compatible try a new value

If no values remain re-assign previous variable

Good old fashioned backtracking!

Questions?



1A 4D 4A 7D

What variable should I choose?

What value should I choose?

What reasoning can I do when making an assignment?

What reasoning can I do on a dead end?

Decisions, decisions!

Problems of interest to CP

These are some of the problems that have been tackled by CP

- factory scheduling (JSSP)
- vehicle routing (VRP)
- packing problems (NumPart and BinPack)
- timetabling (exams, lectures, trains)
- configuration and design (hardware)
- workforce management (call centres, etc)
- car sequencing (assembly line scheduling)
- supertree construction (bioinformatics)
- network design (telecoms problem)
- gate arrival (at airports)
- logistics (Desert Storm an example)
- aircraft maintenance schedules
- aircraft crew scheduling (commercial airlines)
- · air cover for naval fleet

What will be covered in course

- the technology behind constraint programming (CP)
- · CP in MiniZinc
- modelling and solving problems
- · the state of the art

MiniZinc: a CSP solver

- On the web https://www.minizinc.org/
 - MiniZinc is a free and open-source constraint modeling language
- MiniZinc Handbook https://www.minizinc.org/doc-2.6.4/en/index.html
- Coursera's <u>Basic Modeling for Discrete Optimization</u> and <u>Advanced Modeling for Discrete Optimization</u> courses for an in-depth introduction to constraint modeling using MiniZinc.
- Download from https://www.minizinc.org/software.html

Crystal Maze with MiniZinc

