

Multiagent decision making and Games in Normal Form - Exercises



Outline

- Exercises IESDA
- Exercises NE



Exercise 1

- Predict the outcome with the **iterated elimination of strictly dominated actions**:

| | | Agent 2 | | |
|---------|-------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|
| | | <i>Left</i> | <i>Right</i> | <i>Stay</i> |
| Agent 1 | <i>Up</i> | 1, 0 | 1, 2 | 0, 1 |
| | <i>Down</i> | 0, 3 | 0, 1 | 1, 2 |
| | <i>Stay</i> | 2, 4 | 2, 1 | 2, 3 |

Exercise 2

- **ADVERTISING** Scenario:

- **Two companies** share a market, in which they currently make \$5,000,000 each.
- Both need to determine whether they should advertise.
- For each company, advertising costs \$2,000,000 and captures \$3,000,000 from the competitor provided the competitor doesn't advertise.

- What should the companies do?



Exercise 2

- How many agents?
- What are the action sets?
- What are the payoffs?
- Predict the outcome with the **iterated elimination of strictly dominated actions**

Outline

- Exercises IESDA
- **Exercises NE**



Exercise 1

- Predict the outcome using the **Nash Equilibrium** definition:

| | | Agent 2 | | |
|---------|-------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|
| | | <i>Left</i> | <i>Right</i> | <i>Stay</i> |
| Agent 1 | <i>Up</i> | 1, 0 | 3, 2 | 0, 1 |
| | <i>Down</i> | 0, 3 | 0, 1 | 1, 2 |
| | <i>Stay</i> | -1, 4 | 2, 1 | 2, 3 |

Exercise 2

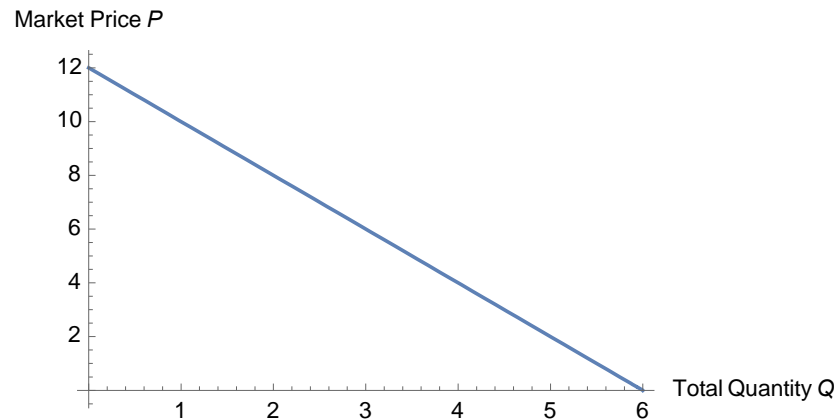
- When a single company controls all of the production of a single good, we call it a **monopoly**
- When exactly two competing firms control the production of an identical good, we call this economic environment a **duopoly**
 - A special case of an **oligopoly**
 - Each firm's production can affect the other's ability to profit

Exercise 2

- Suppose Firm 1 and Firm 2 must spend \$1 to produce a unit of a good
- Consumer demand determines the price of the good
 - If the quantity available increases, then the price decreases
- Let P be the consumer's market price of the good
- Let Q be the total quantity of units produced by the two firms
 - Where $Q = Q_1 + Q_2$

Exercise 2

- If the firms collectively produce 6 or less units, then price demand function is the following:
 $P = 12 - 2Q = 12 - 2(Q_1 + Q_2)$



- If the firms collectively produce 6 or more, then $P = 0$
- Hint: each firm has only six plausible production choices: 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and the profit of firm i is equal to $(P - 1)Q_i$

Exercise 2

- How many agents?
- What are the action sets?
- What are the payoffs?
- Predict the outcome with the **definition of Nash Equilibrium**

Thank You



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