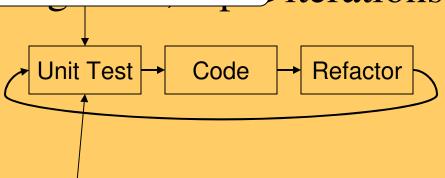
What is Test-Driven Development?

• TDD is a design (and testing) approach
Unit tests are automated iterations of



Forces programmer to consider use of a method before implementation of the method



TDD Example: Requirements

- Ensure that passwords meet the following criteria:
 - Between 6 and 10 characters long
 - Contain at least one digit
 - Contain at least one upper case letter



TDD Example: Write a test

```
import static org.junit.Assert.*;
import org.junit.Test;
public class TestPasswordValidator {
                                             Needed for JUnit
 @Test
 public void testValidLength() {
   PasswordValidator pv = new PasswordValidator();
   assertEquals(true, pv.isValid("Abc123"));
                                     This is the teeth of the test
```

Cannot even run test yet because PasswordValidator doesn't exist!



TDD Example: Write a test

```
import static org.junit.Assert.*;
import org.junit.Test;
public class TestPasswordValidator {
 @Test
 public void testValidLength() {
   PasswordValidator pv = new PasswordValidator():
   assertEquals(true, pv[isValid("Abc123"));
            Design decisions:
             class name, constructor,
             method name, parameters and return type
```

TDD Example: Write the code

```
public class PasswordValidator {
   public boolean isValid(String password) {
      if (password.length() \geq 6 && password.length() \leq 10) {
          return true;
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      else {
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                                     Finished after 0.031 seconds
          return false;
                                                                 2 public class PasswordValidator (
                                       public boolean isValid(String password) {
                                                                         if (password.length() >= 6 && password.length() <= 10) {
                                      Runs: 1/1 ☐ Errors: 0 ☐ Failures: 0
                                                                            return true;
                                                                         else {

    TestPasswordValidator [Runner: JUnit 4]

                                                                            return false;
```

⇒⊨

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= Failure Trace



TDD Example: Refactor

```
import static org.junit.Assert.*;
import org.junit.Test;

public class TestPasswordValidator {
    @Test
    public void testValidLength() {
        PasswordValidator pv = new PasswordValidator();
        assertEquals(true, pv.isValid("Abc123"));
    }
}
```

Do we really need an instance of PasswordValidator?



TDD Example: Refactor the test

```
import static org.junit.Assert.*;
import org.junit.Test;
public class TestPasswordValidator {
 @Test
 public void testValidLength() {
   assertEquals(true, PasswordValidator.isValid("Abc123"));
                          Design decision:
                            static method
```



What is Refactoring?

- Changing the *structure* of the code without changing its *behavior*
 - Example refactorings:
 - Rename
 - Extract method/extract interface
 - Inline
 - Pull up/Push down
- Some IDE's (e.g. Eclipse) include automated refactorings



TDD Example: Refactor the code

```
public class PasswordValidator {
   public static boolean isValid(String password) {
      if (password.length() >= 6 && password.length() <= 10) {
          return true;
                                   🥏 Java - PasswordValidator. java - Eclipse SDK
                                                                                                                File Edit Source Refactor Navigate Search Project Run Window Help
                                                                         🔛 🐉 Java
      else {
                                    勿 - 初 - ※ ◆ • →
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                                                              TestPasswordValidator.java
                                   Finished after 0.031 seconds
         return false;
                                                                2 public class PasswordValidator {
                                     🔐 🗗 💊 🤼 🔳 🗒 🔻
                                                                     public static boolean isValid(String password) {
                                    Runs: 1/1 ☐ Errors: 0 ☐ Failures: 0
                                                                        if (password.length() >= 6 && password.length() <= 10) {
                                                                           return true;
                                    TestPasswordValidator [Runner: JUnit 4]
                                                                        else (
                                                                           return false;
                                                               11
                                                               12
                                                               13 )
                                                         →
                                    Failure Trace
                                                               🖹 Problems 🛭 🗎 Javadoc Declaration Console djUnit Coverage Report
```



TDD Example: Refactor the code

```
public class PasswordValidator {
  public static boolean isValid(String password) {
    if (password.length() >= 6 && password.length() <= 10) {
      return true;
    }
    else {
      return false;
    }
}</pre>
Can we simplify this?
```



TDD Example: Refactoring #1

```
public class PasswordValidator {
   public static boolean isValid(String password) {
      return password.length() >= 6 &&
                    password.length() <= 10;</pre>
                               Java - PasswordValidator.java - Eclipse SDK
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                                                             TestPasswordValidator.java
                                                                                 🚺 PasswordValidator.java 🛭
                                Finished after 0.032 seconds
                                                               2 public class PasswordValidator {
                                     ■ 🔠 💊 🔒 🔳 🗒 🕶
                                                                     public static boolean isValid(String password) {
                                 Runs: 1/1 ☐ Errors: 0 ☐ Failures: 0
                                                                        return password.length() >= 6 &&
                                                                               password.length() <= 10;

■ TestPasswordValidator [Runner: JUnit 4]

                                                               8 }
                                                               11
                                                               12
                                Failure Trace
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                                                               16
                                                             Problems | Javadoc | Declaration | Console | 🚞 djUnit Coverage Report 🛭 🔀
```



TDD Example: Refactoring #1

```
public class PasswordValidator {
  public static boolean isValid(String password) {
    return password.length() >= 6 &&
        password.length() <= 10;
  }
}</pre>
```

"Magic numbers" (i.e. literal constants that are buried in code) can be dangerous



TDD Example: Refactoring #2

```
public class PasswordValidator {
     private final static int MIN_PW_LENGTH = 6;
     private final static int MAX_PW_LENGTH = 10;
                            Java - PasswordValidator. java - Eclipse SDK
                            File Edit Source Refactor Navigate Search Project Run Window Help
     public station
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        return pa
                             Finished after 0.016 seconds
                      pas
                                                            2 public class PasswordValidator {
                             private final static int MIN PW LENGTH = 6;
                                                                  private final static int MAX PW LENGTH = 10;
                              Runs: 1/1 Errors: 0 Eailures: 0
                                                                  public static boolean isValid(String password) {
                                                                     return password.length() >= MIN PW LENGTH &&
                              TestPasswordValidator [Runner: JUnit 4]
                                                                            password.length() <= MAX PW LENGTH;
                                                            9
                                                            10 }
                                                            11
                                                            12
                             Failure Trace
                                                            17
                                                          Problems Javadoc Declaration Console 🚆 djUnit Coverage Report 🛭
```



TDD Example: Write another test

import static org.junit.Assert.*;
import org.junit.Test;

public class TestPasswordValidator {

No design decisions; just unit testing

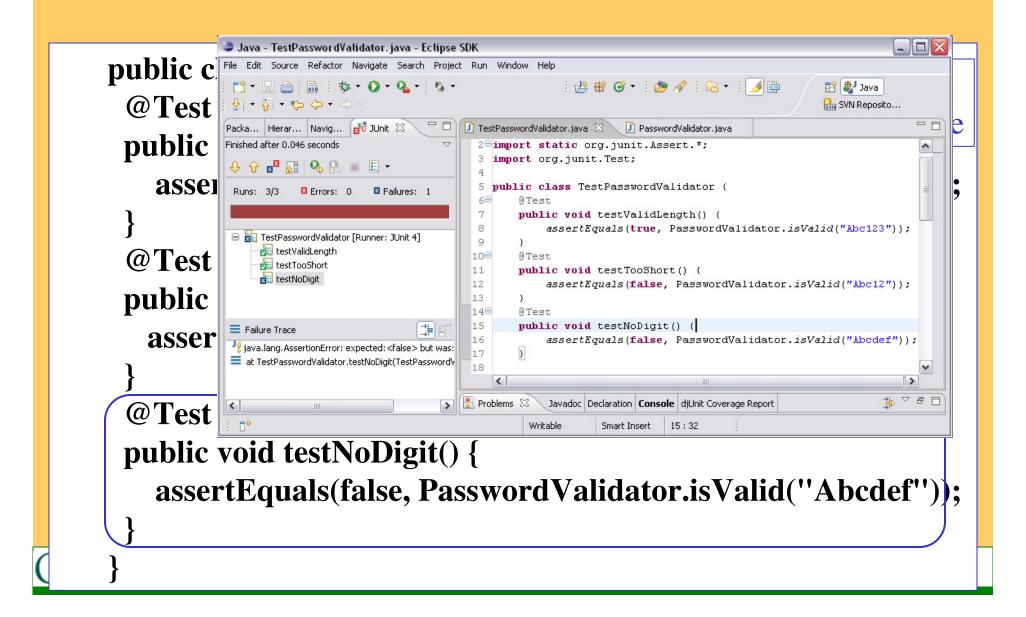
```
@Test
                                                                                                                                     🥏 Java - TestPasswordValidator. java - Eclipse SDK
public void testValid
                                                                                           🔛 🐉 Java
     assertEquals(true Finished after 0.031 seconds
                                                                             🚺 TestPasswordValidator.java 💢 🔪 🗓 PasswordValidator.java
                                                                              2 import static org.junit.Assert.*;
                                                                              3 import org.junit.Test;
                                               Runs: 2/2 Errors: 0 Eailures: 0
                                                                              5 public class TestPasswordValidator
@Test
                                                                                    public void testValidLength() {

    ■ TestPasswordValidator [Runner: JUnit 4]

                                                                                       assertEquals(true, PasswordValidator.isValid("Abc123"));
public void testToos
                                                                                    public void testTooShort() {
                                                                                       assertEquals(false, PasswordValidator.isValid("Abc12"));
    assertEquals(false
                                                                                       Javadoc Declaration Console diUnit Coverage Report
                                                                                                      13:6
                                                                                              Smart Insert
```



TDD Example: Write another test



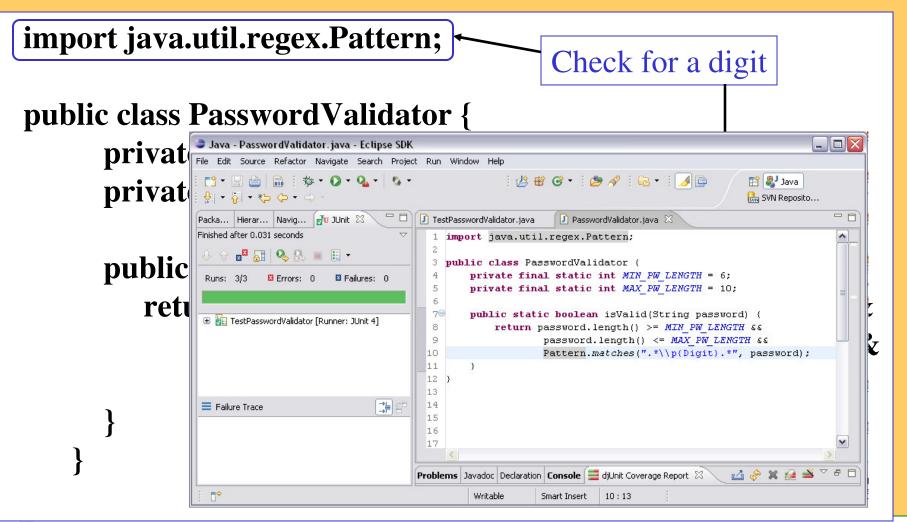
TDD Example: Make the test pass

```
public class PasswordValidator {
    private final static int MIN_PW_LENGTH = 6;
    private final static int MAX_PW_LENGTH = 10;

public static boolean isValid(String password) {
    return password.length() >= MIN_PW_LENGTH &&
        password.length() <= MAX_PW_LENGTH;
    }
}</pre>
```



TDD Example: Make the test pass





TDD Example: Refactor

```
import java.util.regex.Pattern;
                                          Extract methods
                                          for readability
public class PasswordValidator {
     private final static int MIN_PW_LENGTH = 6;
     private final static int MAX_PW_LENGTH = 10;
     public static boolean isValid(String password) {
        return password.length() >= MIN_PW_LENGTH &&
               password.length() <= MAX_PW_LENGTH &&
               Pattern.matches(".*\\p{Digit}.*", password);
```



TDD Example: Done for now

```
import java.util.regex.Pattern;
public class PasswordValidator {
 private final static int MIN_PW_LENGTH = 6;
 private final static int MAX_PW_LENGTH = 10;
 private static boolean isValidLength(String password) {
   return password.length() >= MIN_PW_LENGTH &&
          password.length() <= MAX_PW_LENGTH;</pre>
 private static boolean containsDigit(String password) {
   return Pattern.matches(".*\\p{Digit}.*", password);
 public static boolean isValid(String password) {
   return isValidLength(password) &&
          containsDigit(password);
```

• Short introduction Development

Test-driven development (TDD) is the craft of producing automated tests for production code, and using that process to *drive design* and *programming*. For every tiny bit of functionality in the production code, you <u>first develop a test</u> that specifies and validates what the code will do. You then produce exactly as much code as will enable that test to pass. Then you <u>refactor</u> (simplify and clarify) both the production code and the test code.

1. http://www.agilealliance.org/programs/roadmaps/Roadmap/tdd/tdd_index.htm



Test-Driven Development

• Definition¹

 Test-driven Development (TDD) is a programming practice that instructs developers to write new code only if an automated test has failed, and to eliminate duplication. The goal of TDD is "clean code that works."

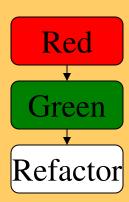
1. "JUnit in Action" Massol and Husted.

• The TDD Two-Step²

- Write a failing automatic test before writing new code
- Eliminate duplication

• The TDD Cycle²

- Write a test
- Make it run
- Make it right



2. "Test-Driven Development By Example" Beck.



Some Types of Testing

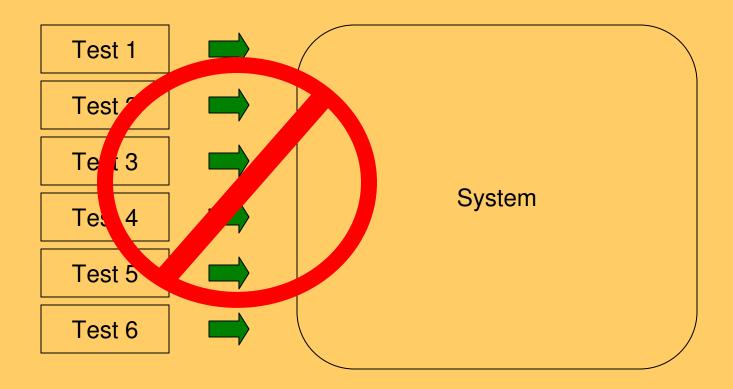
- Unit Testing TDD focuses here
 - Testing individual units (typically methods)
 - White/Clear-box testing performed by original programmer
- Integration and Functional Testing and may help here
 - Testing interactions of units and testing use cases
- Regression Testing and here
 - Testing previously tested components after changes
- Stress/Load/Performance Testing
 - How many transactions/users/events/... can the system handle?
- Acceptance Testing
 - Does the system do what the customer wants?



- There are many misconceptions about TDD
- They probably stem from the fact that the first word in TDD is "Test"
- TDD is not about testing,
 TDD is about design
 - Automated tests are just a nice side effect

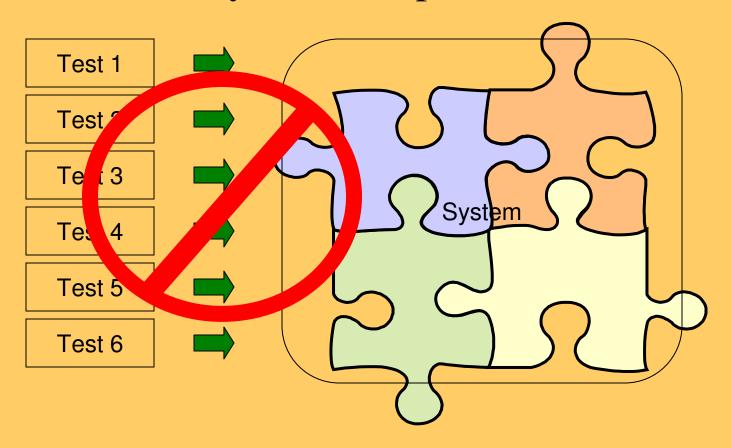


• TDD does not mean "write all the tests, then build a system that passes the tests"



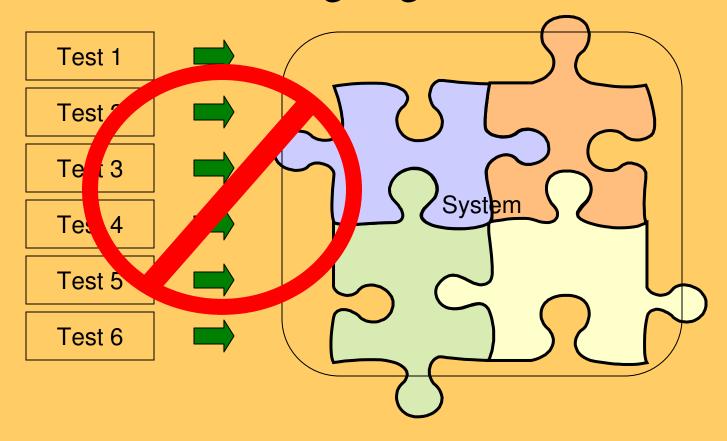


• TDD does not mean "write some of the tests, then build a system that passes the tests"



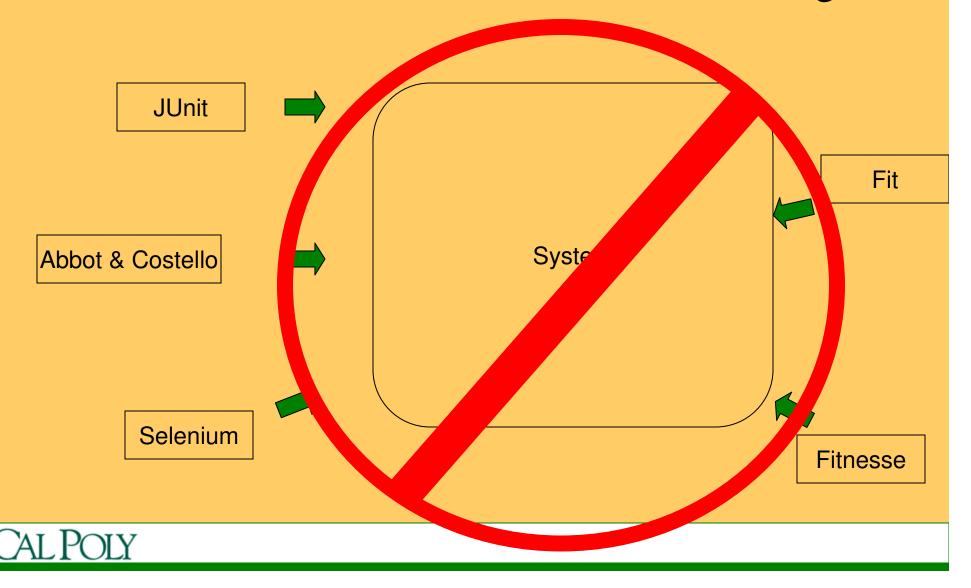


• TDD does not mean "write some of the code, then test it before going on"

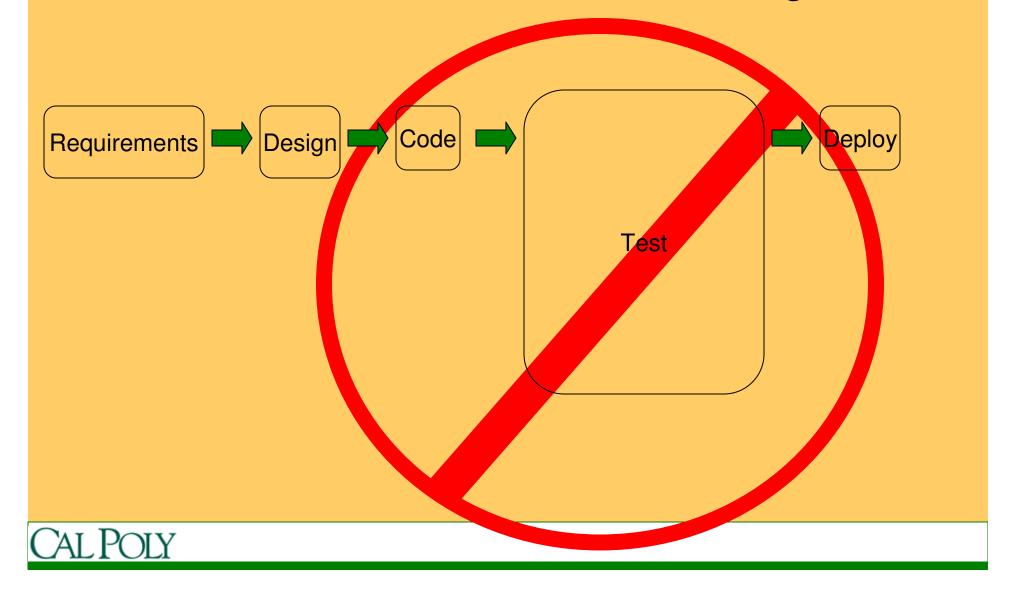




• TDD does not mean "do automated testing"



• TDD does not mean "do lots of testing"



- TDD does not mean "the TDD process"
- TDD is a *practice*

```
(like pair programming, code reviews, and stand-
up meetings)
```

not a process

(like waterfall, Scrum, XP, TSP)



TDD Clarified

• TDD means "write one test, write code to pass that test, refactor, and repeat"

