INSERT - UPDATE - DELETE

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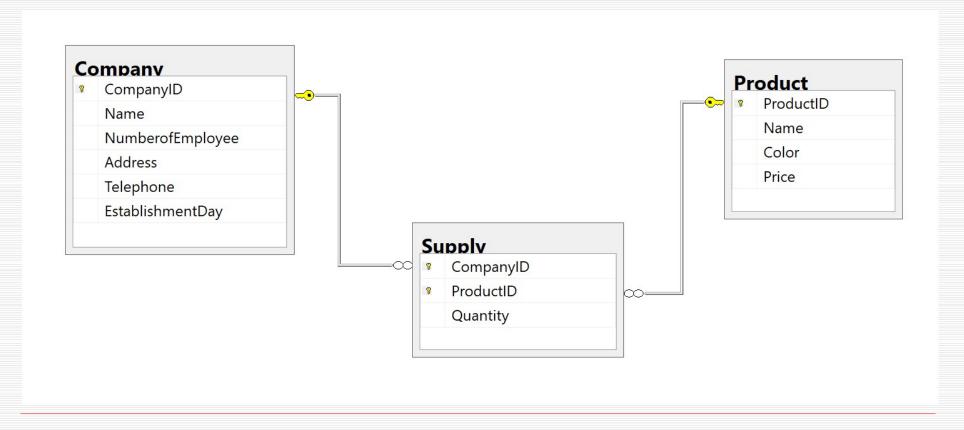
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INSERT INTO Statement

- ☐ The INSERT INTO statement is used to insert new records in a table.
- □ Syntax
 - Specify both the column names and the values to be inserted:

```
INSERT INTO table_name (column1, column2, column3, ...)
VALUES (value1, value2, value3, ...);
```

Add values for all the columns of the table, do not need to specify the column names => make sure the order of the values is in the same order as the columns in the table.

```
INSERT INTO table_name
VALUES (value1, value2, value3, ...);
```

INSERT INTO Statement (cont'd)

```
INSERT INTO Product(Name, Color, Price)
VALUES('Lexus ES 250','black',15000)

INSERT INTO Product(Name, Color, Price)
VALUES('Lexus GS Turbo','red',22000),
('Lexus ES 350','black',20000),
('Lexus LS 500h','blue',30000)

INSERT INTO Supply
VALUES(1,29,3000),
(2,30,2500),
(14,31,4000)
```

INSERT INTO Statement (cont'd)

- □ Using the INSERT statement to copy all records from a table (table1) to a new table (table2)
 - table1 and table2 must have the same column with the same datatype

```
INSERT INTO table2
SELECT * FROM table1
```

UPDATE Statement

- The UPDATE statement is used to modify the existing records in a table.
- □ Syntax

```
UPDATE table_name
SET column1 = value1, column2 = value2, ...
WHERE condition;
```

```
UPDATE Product
SET Color = 'white'
WHERE Name LIKE 'Lexus ES 250'
```

DELETE Statement

- The DELETE statement is used to delete existing records in a table.
- Syntax

```
DELETE FROM table_name
WHERE condition;
```

```
DELETE FROM Product
WHERE Name LIKE 'Lexus LS 500h'
```

DELETE Statement (cont'd)

What happens with the following command?

DELETE FROM Product
WHERE ProductID = 1



The order of DELETE command:

Delete the records of the table created last then delete the records of the table created first



Or, when creating tables, use option

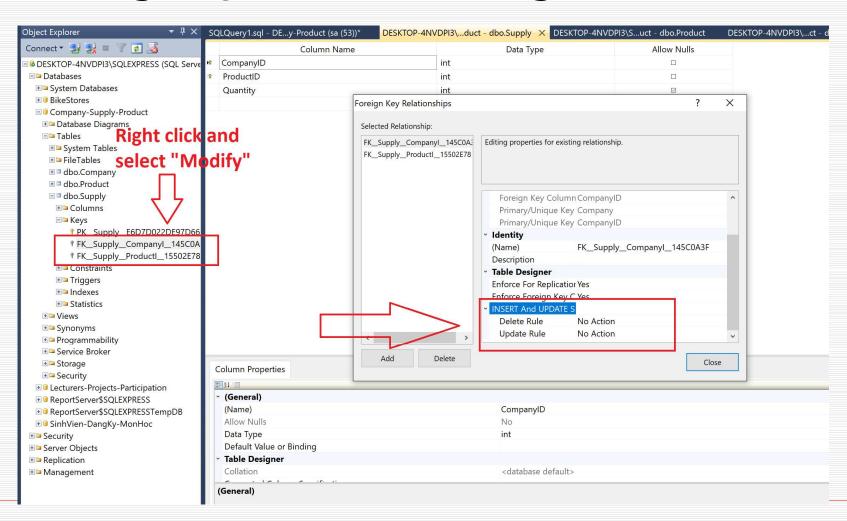
ON UPDATE CASCADE
ON DELETE CASCADE

ON UPDATE CASCADE ON DELETE CASCADE

- ON UPDATE CASCADE ON DELETE CASCADE
 - DELETE CASCADE: When we create a foreign key using this option, it deletes the referencing rows in the child table when the referenced row is deleted in the parent table which has a primary key.
 - UPDATE CASCADE: When we create a foreign key using UPDATE CASCADE the referencing rows are updated in the child table when the referenced row is updated in the parent table which has a primary key.

ON UPDATE CASCADE ON DELETE CASCADE

Using SQL Server Management Studio



ON UPDATE CASCADE ON DELETE CASCADE

Using T-SQL

```
ALTER TABLE [Supply] DROP CONSTRAINT FK__Supply__CompanyI__145C0A3F
```

ALTER TABLE [Supply] DROP CONSTRAINT FK_Supply_ProductI_15502E78

ALTER TABLE [Supply] ADD CONSTRAINT FK_Supply_Company FOREIGN KEY (CompanyID) REFERENCES Company(CompanyID) ON UPDATE CASCADE ON DELETE CASCADE

ALTER TABLE [Supply] ADD CONSTRAINT FK_Supply_Product FOREIGN KEY (ProductID) REFERENCES Product(ProductID) ON UPDATE CASCADE ON DELETE CASCADE