

# Decision-Trees.R

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```
library(MASS)
library(plyr)
library(dplyr)
```

```
##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:plyr':
##
##   arrange, count, desc, failwith, id, mutate, rename, summarise,
##   summarize
## The following object is masked from 'package:MASS':
##
##   select
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##   filter, lag
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##   intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
```

```
library(tibble)
library(ggplot2)
library(knitr)
library(gdata)
```

```
## Warning: package 'gdata' was built under R version 4.0.2
## gdata: read.xls support for 'XLS' (Excel 97-2004) files ENABLED.
##
## gdata: read.xls support for 'XLSX' (Excel 2007+) files ENABLED.
##
## Attaching package: 'gdata'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
##   combine, first, last
## The following object is masked from 'package:stats':
##
##   nobs
```

```

## The following object is masked from 'package:utils':
##
##      object.size
## The following object is masked from 'package:base':
##
##      startsWith
library(ISLR)

## Warning: package 'ISLR' was built under R version 4.0.2
data("Carseats")
attach(Carseats)
#create new categorical variables "High"
High <- ifelse(Sales >= 8, "YES", "NO" )
High <- as.factor(High)

#Attach new variable to df & remove 1st column (Sales) of df
Carseats <- data.frame(Carseats, High)
Carseats <- Carseats[-1]

#Divide data into train and test
set.seed(3)
indx <- sample(2, nrow(Carseats), replace=T, prob= c(0.7, 0.3))
train <- Carseats[indx == 1, ]
test <- Carseats[indx ==2, ]

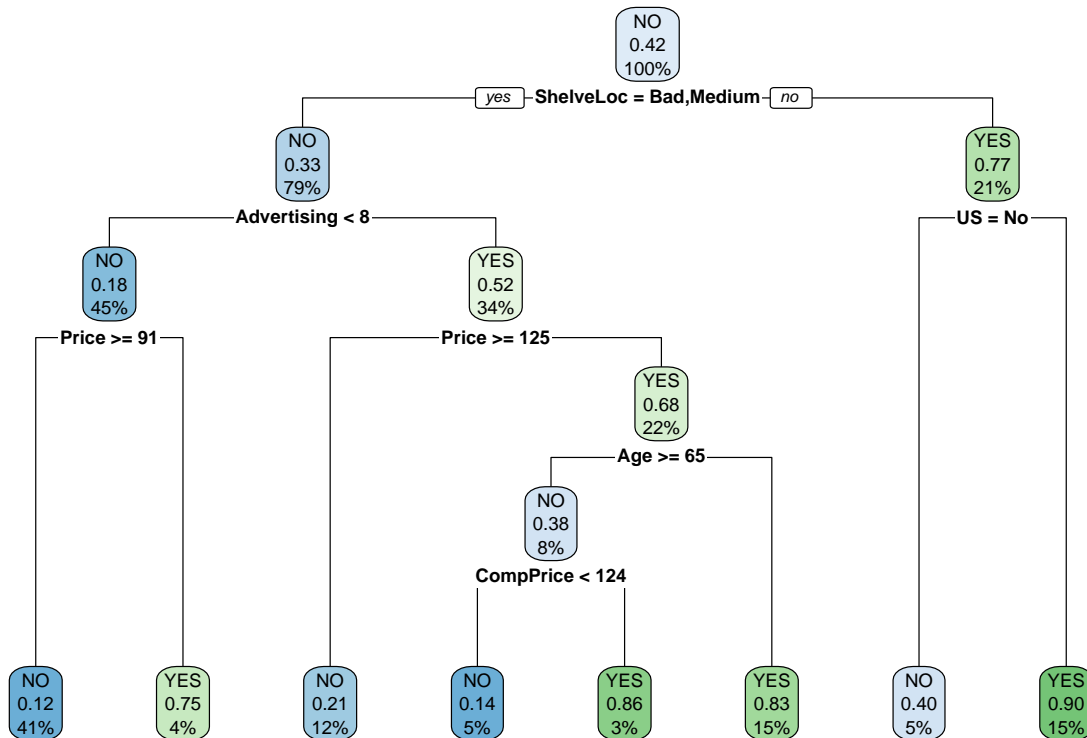
#most common package for decision trees
#this function uses gini/information gain for classfication prob
#install.packages("rpart")
library(rpart)

## Warning: package 'rpart' was built under R version 4.0.2
#TRAIN
#simplest model- using all (.) other variables as input variables
tree_model <- rpart(High ~ . , data=train)

#To visualize tree model
#install.packages("rpart.plot")
library(rpart.plot)

## Warning: package 'rpart.plot' was built under R version 4.0.2
rpart.plot(tree_model)

```



```
print(tree_model)
```

```
## n= 277
##
## node), split, n, loss, yval, (yprob)
##      * denotes terminal node
##
## 1) root 277 116 NO (0.5812274 0.4187726)
##    2) ShelveLoc=Bad,Medium 220 72 NO (0.6727273 0.3272727)
##      4) Advertising< 7.5 125 23 NO (0.8160000 0.1840000)
##        8) Price>=90.5 113 14 NO (0.8761062 0.1238938) *
##        9) Price< 90.5 12 3 YES (0.2500000 0.7500000) *
##      5) Advertising>=7.5 95 46 YES (0.4842105 0.5157895)
##        10) Price>=124.5 33 7 NO (0.7878788 0.2121212) *
##        11) Price< 124.5 62 20 YES (0.3225806 0.6774194)
##          22) Age>=65 21 8 NO (0.6190476 0.3809524)
##            44) CompPrice< 123.5 14 2 NO (0.8571429 0.1428571) *
##            45) CompPrice>=123.5 7 1 YES (0.1428571 0.8571429) *
##          23) Age< 65 41 7 YES (0.1707317 0.8292683) *
##    3) ShelveLoc=Good 57 13 YES (0.2280702 0.7719298)
##      6) US=No 15 6 NO (0.6000000 0.4000000) *
##      7) US=Yes 42 4 YES (0.0952381 0.9047619) *
```

```
#READS AS: node), split, n, loss, yval, (yprob)
```

```
#split - variabel name & condition , n - number of instances on the node, loss - instances predicted in
```

```
#yval - predicted class, (yprob) - probability in being in each class->
```

```
##(yprob) (x,y) first num x corresponds to the class predicted in first node
```

```
# * are terminal nodes
```

```
#PREDICTION ON TEST DATA
```

```
tree_pred_probability <- predict(tree_model, test)
```

```
print(tree_pred_probability) #shows prob(confidence) of being in class 1 or 2
```

##		NO	YES
## 2		0.0952381	0.9047619
## 15		0.0952381	0.9047619
## 16		0.8761062	0.1238938
## 18		0.0952381	0.9047619
## 19		0.0952381	0.9047619
## 26		0.6000000	0.4000000
## 28		0.8761062	0.1238938
## 30		0.1707317	0.8292683
## 37		0.6000000	0.4000000
## 42		0.8761062	0.1238938
## 50		0.6000000	0.4000000
## 53		0.8761062	0.1238938
## 54		0.1707317	0.8292683
## 55		0.7878788	0.2121212
## 56		0.8761062	0.1238938
## 61		0.1707317	0.8292683
## 63		0.8761062	0.1238938
## 65		0.1707317	0.8292683
## 67		0.8761062	0.1238938
## 71		0.0952381	0.9047619
## 72		0.7878788	0.2121212
## 73		0.8761062	0.1238938
## 74		0.0952381	0.9047619
## 79		0.8761062	0.1238938
## 80		0.2500000	0.7500000
## 81		0.8571429	0.1428571
## 85		0.8761062	0.1238938
## 86		0.8761062	0.1238938
## 90		0.8761062	0.1238938
## 94		0.8761062	0.1238938
## 95		0.2500000	0.7500000
## 101		0.8571429	0.1428571
## 104		0.8761062	0.1238938
## 115		0.8571429	0.1428571
## 116		0.8761062	0.1238938
## 117		0.8761062	0.1238938
## 121		0.7878788	0.2121212
## 122		0.1707317	0.8292683
## 123		0.8761062	0.1238938
## 129		0.8761062	0.1238938
## 135		0.8761062	0.1238938
## 144		0.8761062	0.1238938
## 145		0.6000000	0.4000000
## 148		0.0952381	0.9047619
## 151		0.0952381	0.9047619
## 153		0.6000000	0.4000000
## 161		0.8761062	0.1238938
## 164		0.8761062	0.1238938
## 165		0.8761062	0.1238938
## 166		0.8761062	0.1238938
## 167		0.7878788	0.2121212

## 169 0.8761062 0.1238938  
## 174 0.8761062 0.1238938  
## 178 0.8761062 0.1238938  
## 187 0.2500000 0.7500000  
## 192 0.0952381 0.9047619  
## 195 0.7878788 0.2121212  
## 197 0.8761062 0.1238938  
## 198 0.8761062 0.1238938  
## 201 0.8761062 0.1238938  
## 202 0.8761062 0.1238938  
## 205 0.8761062 0.1238938  
## 207 0.8761062 0.1238938  
## 209 0.2500000 0.7500000  
## 211 0.8761062 0.1238938  
## 216 0.7878788 0.2121212  
## 220 0.0952381 0.9047619  
## 222 0.8761062 0.1238938  
## 226 0.2500000 0.7500000  
## 227 0.6000000 0.4000000  
## 236 0.7878788 0.2121212  
## 242 0.8761062 0.1238938  
## 248 0.8761062 0.1238938  
## 249 0.8761062 0.1238938  
## 250 0.8761062 0.1238938  
## 259 0.2500000 0.7500000  
## 260 0.8571429 0.1428571  
## 261 0.1707317 0.8292683  
## 262 0.8761062 0.1238938  
## 265 0.0952381 0.9047619  
## 272 0.8761062 0.1238938  
## 273 0.6000000 0.4000000  
## 274 0.1707317 0.8292683  
## 288 0.2500000 0.7500000  
## 289 0.8761062 0.1238938  
## 297 0.0952381 0.9047619  
## 298 0.8571429 0.1428571  
## 303 0.8571429 0.1428571  
## 304 0.1707317 0.8292683  
## 307 0.8761062 0.1238938  
## 309 0.7878788 0.2121212  
## 310 0.1428571 0.8571429  
## 316 0.0952381 0.9047619  
## 318 0.6000000 0.4000000  
## 319 0.0952381 0.9047619  
## 323 0.0952381 0.9047619  
## 325 0.8761062 0.1238938  
## 327 0.8761062 0.1238938  
## 328 0.8571429 0.1428571  
## 329 0.8761062 0.1238938  
## 330 0.0952381 0.9047619  
## 331 0.8761062 0.1238938  
## 333 0.1707317 0.8292683  
## 336 0.8571429 0.1428571  
## 337 0.8761062 0.1238938

```
## 339 0.8761062 0.1238938
## 350 0.1707317 0.8292683
## 351 0.1707317 0.8292683
## 353 0.0952381 0.9047619
## 354 0.1707317 0.8292683
## 358 0.2500000 0.7500000
## 360 0.7878788 0.2121212
## 364 0.6000000 0.4000000
## 375 0.8761062 0.1238938
## 376 0.8761062 0.1238938
## 377 0.0952381 0.9047619
## 385 0.0952381 0.9047619
## 386 0.7878788 0.2121212
## 387 0.8761062 0.1238938
## 389 0.1428571 0.8571429
## 392 0.8761062 0.1238938
## 394 0.1707317 0.8292683
## 398 0.7878788 0.2121212
```

```
tree_pred_class <- predict(tree_model, test, type = "class")
print(tree_pred_class) #shows predicted class
```

```
## 2 15 16 18 19 26 28 30 37 42 50 53 54 55 56 61 63 65 67 71
## YES YES NO YES YES NO NO YES NO NO NO NO YES NO NO YES NO YES NO YES
## 72 73 74 79 80 81 85 86 90 94 95 101 104 115 116 117 121 122 123 129
## NO NO YES NO YES NO NO NO NO NO YES NO NO NO NO NO YES NO NO
## 135 144 145 148 151 153 161 164 165 166 167 169 174 178 187 192 195 197 198 201
## NO NO NO YES YES NO NO NO NO NO NO NO NO NO YES YES NO NO NO NO
## 202 205 207 209 211 216 220 222 226 227 236 242 248 249 250 259 260 261 262 265
## NO NO NO YES NO NO YES NO YES NO NO NO NO NO NO YES NO YES NO YES
## 272 273 274 288 289 297 298 303 304 307 309 310 316 318 319 323 325 327 328 329
## NO NO YES YES NO YES NO NO YES NO NO YES YES NO YES YES NO NO NO NO
## 330 331 333 336 337 339 350 351 353 354 358 360 364 375 376 377 385 386 387 389
## YES NO YES NO NO NO YES YES YES YES YES NO NO NO YES YES NO NO YES
## 392 394 398
## NO YES NO
## Levels: NO YES
```

```
#ACCURACY OF TEST DATA
#compares actual values == predicted
mean(test$High == tree_pred_class)
```

```
## [1] 0.7398374
```

```
#ACCURACY ON TRAIN DATA (==)
tree_pred_class_train <- predict(tree_model, train, type = "class")
mean(train$High == tree_pred_class_train)
```

```
## [1] 0.8411552
```

```
#ERROR RATE ON TRAINING (!=)
mean(train$High != tree_pred_class_train)
```

```
## [1] 0.1588448
```

```
#rpart(formula, data=train, parms= , control= )
#control-> controls how to split. control = rpart.control(minsplit=10)
```

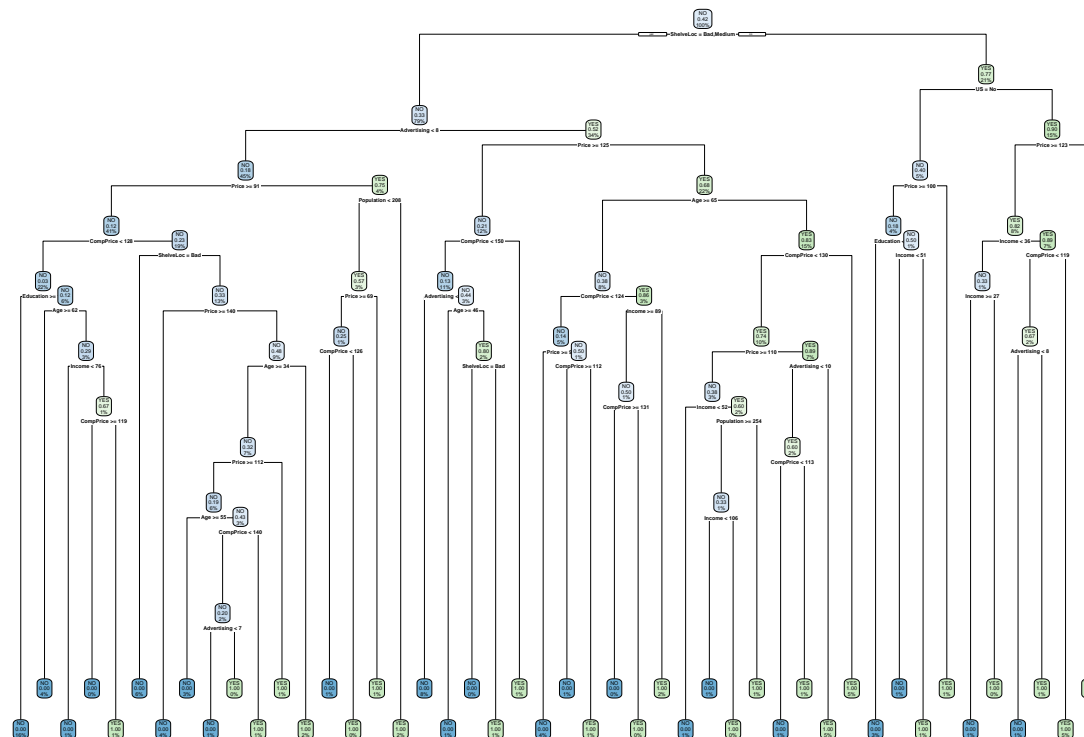
```
#minsplit=10 -> at least 10 instances must be in each node
#minbucket=10 -> min num of instances expected in terminal nodes
#cp -> complexity parameter -> want the one with min error & also size of tree
#when cp is large - size of tree is small and error is larger
#when cp is small - size of tree is large and error is smaller
```

```
#
```

```
#TRAIN NEW MODEL - *FULL TREE*
```

```
tree_model_full <- rpart(High ~ . , data=train, parms = list(split="information"), control = rpart.control(minsplit=10, minbucket=10, cp=0.01))
rpart.plot(tree_model_full)
```

```
## Warning: labs do not fit even at cex 0.15, there may be some overplotting
```



```
#PREDICTION ON TEST DATA *FULL TREE*
```

```
tree_pred_probability_full <- predict(tree_model_full, test)
print(tree_pred_probability_full) #shows prob(confidence) of being in class 1 or 2
```

```
##      NO YES
## 2      0  1
## 15     0  1
## 16     1  0
## 18     0  1
## 19     0  1
## 26     0  1
## 28     1  0
## 30     0  1
## 37     0  1
## 42     1  0
## 50     0  1
## 53     1  0
## 54     0  1
```

##	55	1	0
##	56	1	0
##	61	1	0
##	63	1	0
##	65	0	1
##	67	1	0
##	71	0	1
##	72	1	0
##	73	1	0
##	74	0	1
##	79	1	0
##	80	0	1
##	81	1	0
##	85	1	0
##	86	1	0
##	90	1	0
##	94	0	1
##	95	1	0
##	101	1	0
##	104	1	0
##	115	1	0
##	116	1	0
##	117	1	0
##	121	1	0
##	122	0	1
##	123	1	0
##	129	1	0
##	135	1	0
##	144	1	0
##	145	1	0
##	148	0	1
##	151	0	1
##	153	1	0
##	161	1	0
##	164	1	0
##	165	1	0
##	166	1	0
##	167	1	0
##	169	1	0
##	174	1	0
##	178	0	1
##	187	1	0
##	192	0	1
##	195	0	1
##	197	1	0
##	198	1	0
##	201	1	0
##	202	1	0
##	205	0	1
##	207	1	0
##	209	0	1
##	211	1	0
##	216	1	0
##	220	0	1



##	222	1	0
##	226	0	1
##	227	1	0
##	236	1	0
##	242	0	1
##	248	1	0
##	249	1	0
##	250	1	0
##	259	0	1
##	260	1	0
##	261	0	1
##	262	1	0
##	265	1	0
##	272	1	0
##	273	0	1
##	274	0	1
##	288	0	1
##	289	1	0
##	297	0	1
##	298	1	0
##	303	1	0
##	304	0	1
##	307	1	0
##	309	1	0
##	310	1	0
##	316	0	1
##	318	1	0
##	319	0	1
##	323	0	1
##	325	1	0
##	327	1	0
##	328	1	0
##	329	1	0
##	330	0	1
##	331	1	0
##	333	0	1
##	336	1	0
##	337	1	0
##	339	1	0
##	350	0	1
##	351	0	1
##	353	0	1
##	354	0	1
##	358	0	1
##	360	1	0
##	364	1	0
##	375	0	1
##	376	1	0
##	377	0	1
##	385	0	1
##	386	1	0
##	387	1	0
##	389	1	0
##	392	1	0

```
## 394 1 0
## 398 0 1

tree_pred_class_full <- predict(tree_model_full, test, type = "class")
print(tree_pred_class_full) #shows predicted class

## 2 15 16 18 19 26 28 30 37 42 50 53 54 55 56 61 63 65 67 71
## YES YES NO YES YES YES NO YES YES NO YES NO YES NO NO NO NO YES NO YES
## 72 73 74 79 80 81 85 86 90 94 95 101 104 115 116 117 121 122 123 129
## NO NO YES NO YES NO NO NO NO YES NO NO NO NO NO NO YES NO NO
## 135 144 145 148 151 153 161 164 165 166 167 169 174 178 187 192 195 197 198 201
## NO NO NO YES YES NO NO NO NO NO NO NO YES NO YES YES NO NO NO
## 202 205 207 209 211 216 220 222 226 227 236 242 248 249 250 259 260 261 262 265
## NO YES NO YES NO NO YES NO YES NO NO YES NO NO NO YES NO YES NO NO
## 272 273 274 288 289 297 298 303 304 307 309 310 316 318 319 323 325 327 328 329
## NO YES YES YES NO YES NO NO YES NO NO NO YES NO YES YES NO NO NO NO
## 330 331 333 336 337 339 350 351 353 354 358 360 364 375 376 377 385 386 387 389
## YES NO YES NO NO NO YES YES YES YES YES NO NO YES NO YES YES NO NO NO
## 392 394 398
## NO NO YES
## Levels: NO YES

#ACCURACY ON TRAIN DATA (==) *FULL TREE*
tree_pred_class_train_full <- predict(tree_model_full, train, type = "class")
mean(train$High == tree_pred_class_train_full)

## [1] 1

#ERROR RATE ON TRAINING (!=) *FULL TREE*
mean(train$High != tree_pred_class_train_full)

## [1] 0

#ACCURACY OF TEST DATA *FULL TREE*
#compares actual values == predicted
mean(test$High == tree_pred_class_full)

## [1] 0.7723577

#-----
summary(tree_model)

## Call:
## rpart(formula = High ~ ., data = train)
## n= 277
##
## CP nsplit rel error xerror xstd
## 1 0.26724138 0 1.0000000 1.0000000 0.07078546
## 2 0.09482759 1 0.7327586 0.7327586 0.06617016
## 3 0.05172414 3 0.5431034 0.6293103 0.06320896
## 4 0.04310345 4 0.4913793 0.6551724 0.06401871
## 5 0.02586207 6 0.4051724 0.6465517 0.06375415
## 6 0.01000000 7 0.3793103 0.5775862 0.06143971
##
## Variable importance
## Price Advertising ShelfLoc US CompPrice Age
## 22 20 20 13 11 7
## Education Population Income
```

```

##           3           2           1
##
## Node number 1: 277 observations,      complexity param=0.2672414
##   predicted class=N0   expected loss=0.4187726   P(node) =1
##   class counts:      161    116
##   probabilities: 0.581 0.419
##   left son=2 (220 obs) right son=3 (57 obs)
##   Primary splits:
##     ShelfLoc   splits as LRL,      improve=17.901860, (0 missing)
##     Advertising < 6.5   to the left, improve=14.389040, (0 missing)
##     Price      < 90.5   to the right, improve=11.379220, (0 missing)
##     US         splits as LR,      improve= 6.430861, (0 missing)
##     Age        < 61.5   to the right, improve= 6.174862, (0 missing)
##
## Node number 2: 220 observations,      complexity param=0.09482759
##   predicted class=N0   expected loss=0.3272727   P(node) =0.7942238
##   class counts:      148     72
##   probabilities: 0.673 0.327
##   left son=4 (125 obs) right son=5 (95 obs)
##   Primary splits:
##     Advertising < 7.5   to the left, improve=11.884100, (0 missing)
##     Price      < 80.5   to the right, improve= 9.809182, (0 missing)
##     ShelfLoc   splits as L-R,      improve= 7.318561, (0 missing)
##     Age        < 50.5   to the right, improve= 4.958077, (0 missing)
##     Income     < 57.5   to the left, improve= 4.011298, (0 missing)
##   Surrogate splits:
##     US         splits as LR,      agree=0.782, adj=0.495, (0 split)
##     Population < 233.5 to the left, agree=0.586, adj=0.042, (0 split)
##     Income     < 110.5 to the left, agree=0.582, adj=0.032, (0 split)
##     Price      < 90.5   to the right, agree=0.582, adj=0.032, (0 split)
##     CompPrice < 97.5   to the right, agree=0.577, adj=0.021, (0 split)
##
## Node number 3: 57 observations,      complexity param=0.02586207
##   predicted class=YES expected loss=0.2280702   P(node) =0.2057762
##   class counts:      13     44
##   probabilities: 0.228 0.772
##   left son=6 (15 obs) right son=7 (42 obs)
##   Primary splits:
##     US         splits as LR,      improve=5.632080, (0 missing)
##     Price      < 136.5 to the right, improve=5.402090, (0 missing)
##     Advertising < 2.5   to the left, improve=3.675370, (0 missing)
##     Population < 338   to the left, improve=2.520175, (0 missing)
##     Education  < 14.5   to the left, improve=1.952675, (0 missing)
##   Surrogate splits:
##     Advertising < 0.5   to the left, agree=0.930, adj=0.733, (0 split)
##     CompPrice  < 100    to the left, agree=0.772, adj=0.133, (0 split)
##     Price      < 142.5 to the right, agree=0.772, adj=0.133, (0 split)
##     Age        < 27.5   to the left, agree=0.772, adj=0.133, (0 split)
##
## Node number 4: 125 observations,      complexity param=0.05172414
##   predicted class=N0   expected loss=0.184   P(node) =0.4512635
##   class counts:      102     23
##   probabilities: 0.816 0.184
##   left son=8 (113 obs) right son=9 (12 obs)

```

```

## Primary splits:
##   Price      < 90.5  to the right, improve=8.505027, (0 missing)
##   Age        < 33.5  to the right, improve=2.518125, (0 missing)
##   CompPrice  < 98.5  to the right, improve=1.706940, (0 missing)
##   ShelfLoc splits as L-R,      improve=1.668335, (0 missing)
##   US         splits as RL,      improve=1.370893, (0 missing)
## Surrogate splits:
##   CompPrice < 99.5  to the right, agree=0.928, adj=0.25, (0 split)
##
## Node number 5: 95 observations,      complexity param=0.09482759
## predicted class=YES expected loss=0.4842105 P(node) =0.3429603
##   class counts:      46      49
##   probabilities: 0.484 0.516
## left son=10 (33 obs) right son=11 (62 obs)
## Primary splits:
##   Price      < 124.5 to the right, improve=9.325554, (0 missing)
##   ShelfLoc splits as L-R,      improve=6.071176, (0 missing)
##   Income     < 57.5  to the left, improve=4.083401, (0 missing)
##   Education  < 17.5  to the right, improve=3.256249, (0 missing)
##   Age        < 49    to the right, improve=2.830409, (0 missing)
## Surrogate splits:
##   CompPrice < 131.5 to the right, agree=0.716, adj=0.182, (0 split)
##   Advertising < 24    to the right, agree=0.684, adj=0.091, (0 split)
##   Income     < 30.5  to the left, agree=0.663, adj=0.030, (0 split)
##   Education  < 17.5  to the right, agree=0.663, adj=0.030, (0 split)
##
## Node number 6: 15 observations
## predicted class=N0 expected loss=0.4 P(node) =0.05415162
##   class counts:      9      6
##   probabilities: 0.600 0.400
##
## Node number 7: 42 observations
## predicted class=YES expected loss=0.0952381 P(node) =0.1516245
##   class counts:      4      38
##   probabilities: 0.095 0.905
##
## Node number 8: 113 observations
## predicted class=N0 expected loss=0.1238938 P(node) =0.4079422
##   class counts:     99      14
##   probabilities: 0.876 0.124
##
## Node number 9: 12 observations
## predicted class=YES expected loss=0.25 P(node) =0.0433213
##   class counts:      3      9
##   probabilities: 0.250 0.750
##
## Node number 10: 33 observations
## predicted class=N0 expected loss=0.2121212 P(node) =0.1191336
##   class counts:     26      7
##   probabilities: 0.788 0.212
##
## Node number 11: 62 observations,      complexity param=0.04310345
## predicted class=YES expected loss=0.3225806 P(node) =0.2238267
##   class counts:     20      42

```

```

##      probabilities: 0.323 0.677
##      left son=22 (21 obs) right son=23 (41 obs)
##      Primary splits:
##          Age      < 65      to the right, improve=5.582256, (0 missing)
##          ShelfLoc splits as L-R,      improve=4.685427, (0 missing)
##          CompPrice < 124.5 to the left, improve=3.844637, (0 missing)
##          Income    < 57      to the left, improve=2.482644, (0 missing)
##          Population < 437     to the left, improve=1.703441, (0 missing)
##      Surrogate splits:
##          Income    < 34.5   to the left, agree=0.694, adj=0.095, (0 split)
##          Education < 17.5   to the right, agree=0.694, adj=0.095, (0 split)
##          Population < 64.5   to the left, agree=0.677, adj=0.048, (0 split)
##          ShelfLoc splits as L-R,      agree=0.677, adj=0.048, (0 split)
##          US        splits as LR,      agree=0.677, adj=0.048, (0 split)
##
##      Node number 22: 21 observations,      complexity param=0.04310345
##      predicted class=N0      expected loss=0.3809524 P(node) =0.07581227
##      class counts:      13      8
##      probabilities: 0.619 0.381
##      left son=44 (14 obs) right son=45 (7 obs)
##      Primary splits:
##          CompPrice < 123.5 to the left, improve=4.7619050, (0 missing)
##          Advertising < 11.5 to the left, improve=1.6932230, (0 missing)
##          ShelfLoc splits as L-R,      improve=1.6932230, (0 missing)
##          Population < 348.5 to the left, improve=1.5393770, (0 missing)
##          Education < 14.5 to the right, improve=0.5411255, (0 missing)
##      Surrogate splits:
##          Education < 10.5 to the right, agree=0.810, adj=0.429, (0 split)
##          Advertising < 12.5 to the left, agree=0.762, adj=0.286, (0 split)
##          Population < 348.5 to the left, agree=0.762, adj=0.286, (0 split)
##          Price      < 111.5 to the left, agree=0.762, adj=0.286, (0 split)
##
##      Node number 23: 41 observations
##      predicted class=YES      expected loss=0.1707317 P(node) =0.1480144
##      class counts:      7      34
##      probabilities: 0.171 0.829
##
##      Node number 44: 14 observations
##      predicted class=N0      expected loss=0.1428571 P(node) =0.05054152
##      class counts:      12      2
##      probabilities: 0.857 0.143
##
##      Node number 45: 7 observations
##      predicted class=YES      expected loss=0.1428571 P(node) =0.02527076
##      class counts:      1      6
##      probabilities: 0.143 0.857

```

*#important to look at CP- xerror, the best CP value to use is the one with smallest xerror*