

Handling-outliers.R

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#HANDLING OUTLIERS

```
data <- read.csv("~/Downloads/hmeq.csv")
summary(data)
```

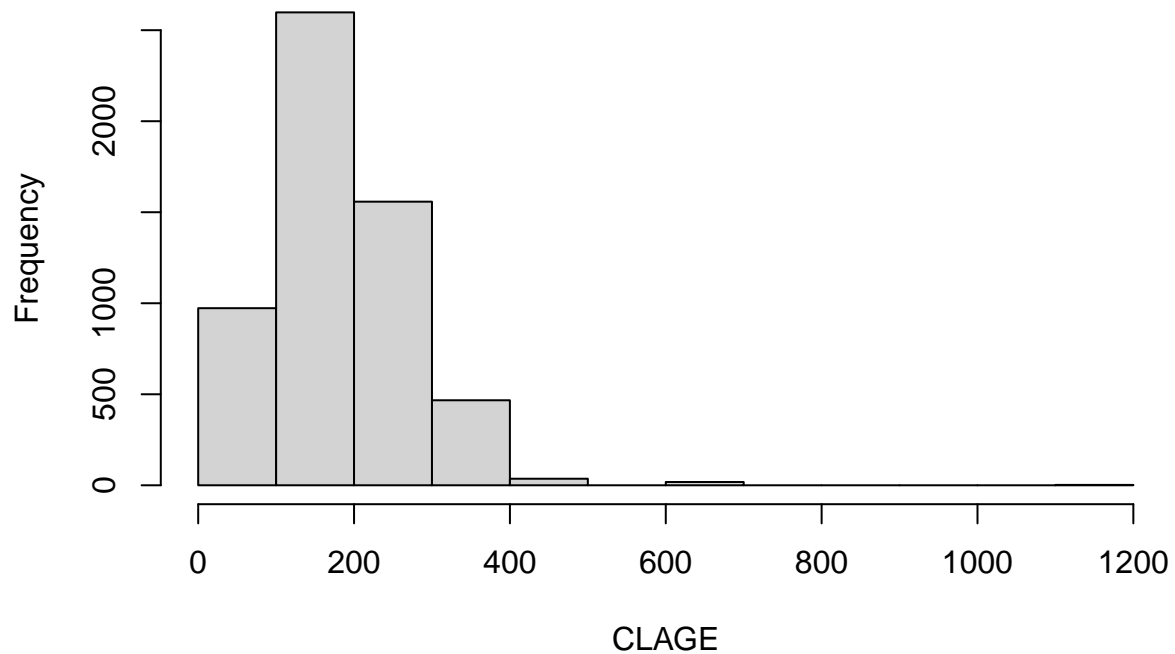
```
##      BAD      LOAN      MORTDUE      VALUE
## Min.   :0.0000  Min.   : 1100  Min.   : 2063  Min.   : 8000
## 1st Qu.:0.0000  1st Qu.:11100  1st Qu.: 46276  1st Qu.: 66076
## Median :0.0000  Median :16300  Median : 65019  Median : 89236
## Mean   :0.1995  Mean   :18608  Mean   : 73761  Mean   :101776
## 3rd Qu.:0.0000  3rd Qu.:23300  3rd Qu.: 91488  3rd Qu.:119824
## Max.   :1.0000  Max.   :89900  Max.   :399550  Max.   :855909
##
##      REASON      JOB      YOJ      DEROG
## Length:5960      Length:5960      Min.   : 0.000  Min.   : 0.0000
## Class :character  Class :character  1st Qu.: 3.000  1st Qu.: 0.0000
## Mode  :character  Mode  :character  Median : 7.000  Median : 0.0000
##
##                               Mean   : 8.922  Mean   : 0.2546
##                               3rd Qu.:13.000  3rd Qu.: 0.0000
##                               Max.    :41.000  Max.    :10.0000
##                               NA's     :515    NA's     :708
##
##      DELINQ      CLAGE      NINQ      CLNO
## Min.   : 0.0000  Min.   : 0.0  Min.   : 0.000  Min.   : 0.0
## 1st Qu.: 0.0000  1st Qu.:115.1  1st Qu.: 0.000  1st Qu.:15.0
## Median : 0.0000  Median :173.5  Median : 1.000  Median :20.0
## Mean   : 0.4494  Mean   :179.8  Mean   : 1.186  Mean   :21.3
## 3rd Qu.: 0.0000  3rd Qu.:231.6  3rd Qu.: 2.000  3rd Qu.:26.0
## Max.   :15.0000  Max.   :1168.2  Max.   :17.000  Max.   :71.0
## NA's   :580     NA's   :308    NA's   :510    NA's   :222
##
##      DEBTINC
## Min.   : 0.5245
## 1st Qu.:29.1400
## Median :34.8183
## Mean   :33.7799
## 3rd Qu.:39.0031
## Max.   :203.3121
## NA's   :1267
```

METHOD 1:

#To detect the outliers, you can first draw the histogram to determine the range of outliers.

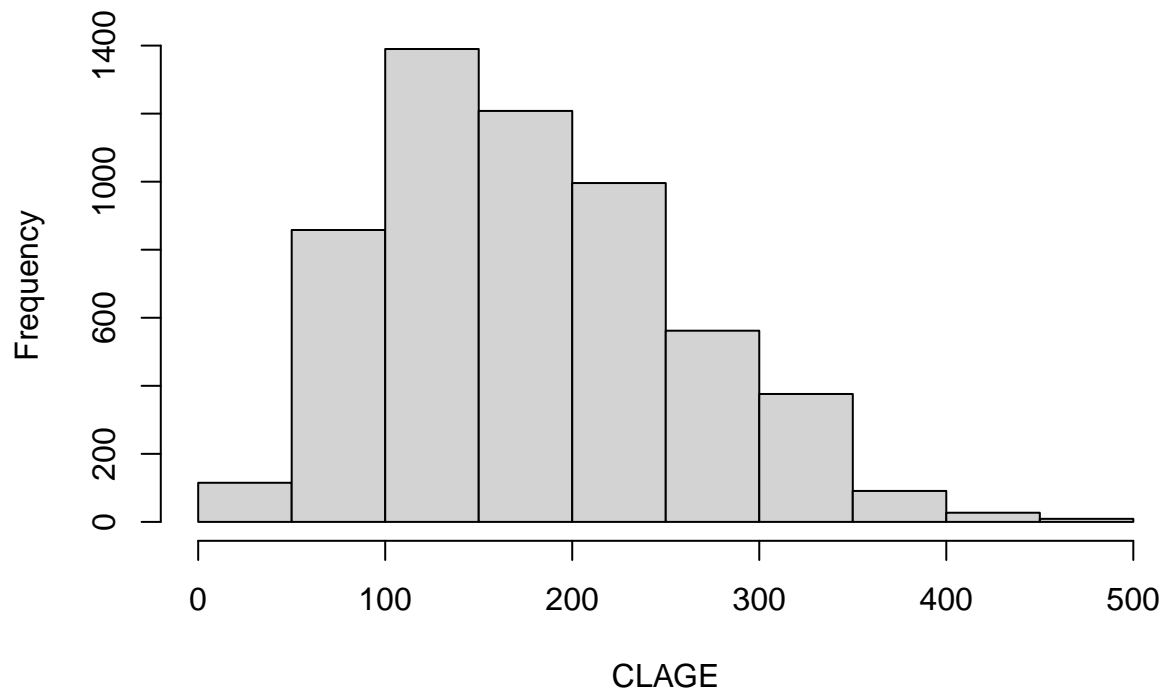
```
hist(data$CLAGE, main = "CLAG Variable Histogram", xlab = "CLAGE")
```

CLAG Variable Histogram



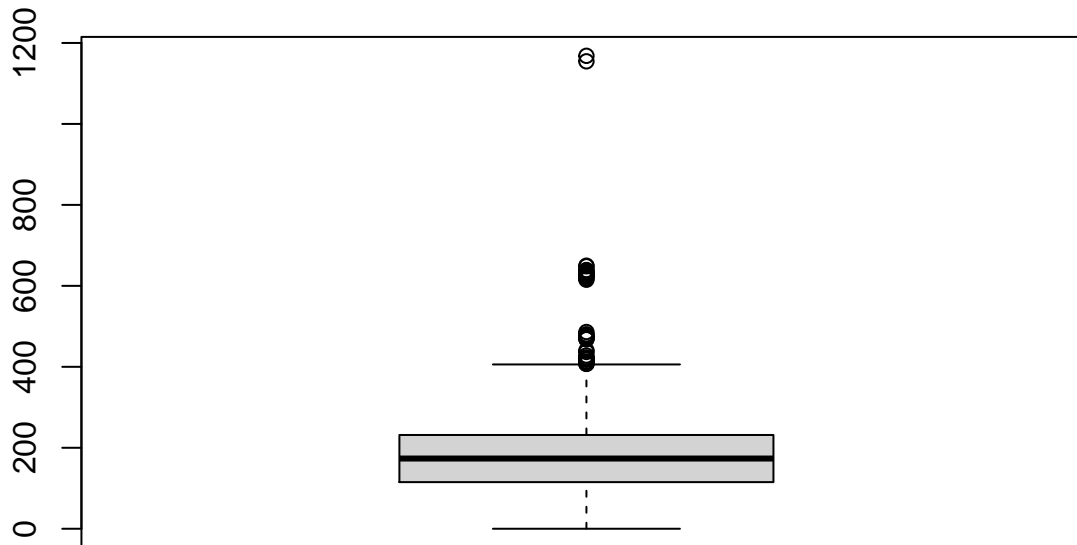
```
#To remove the outliers we can use the "subset(DataSet name, Variable name < Bound)
DataNew = subset(data, CLAGE < 500)
hist(DataNew$CLAGE, main = "CLAD Variable Histogram", xlab = "CLAGE")
```

CLAD Variable Histogram



```
# If you have more than one variable with outliers you can use the following formula:
# NewData = subset(Data name, Var1 name < Bound1 & Var2 name < Bound2 & . . .)
```

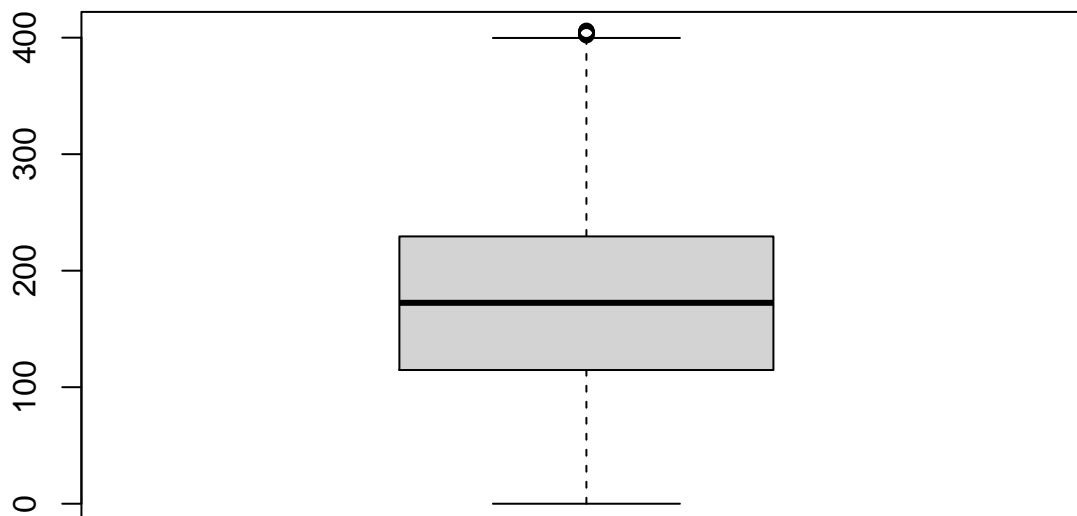
```
# METHOD 2:
#To detect the outliers, the command "boxplot.stats()$out" can be used which
#uses the Tukey's method to identify the outliers ranged above and below the  $1.5 \times IQR$ .
boxplot(data$CLAG)
```



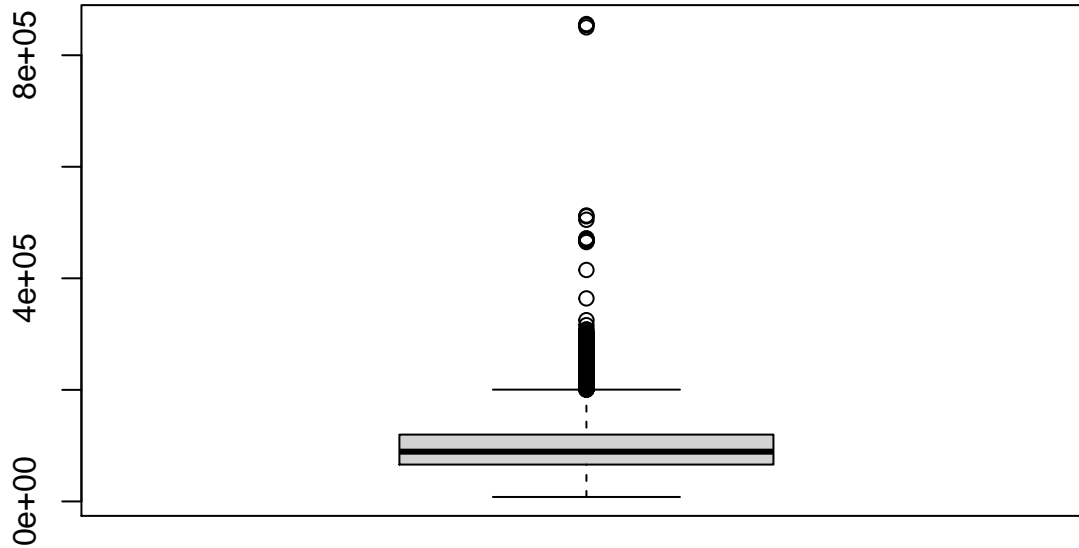
```
CLAG_OutLiers = boxplot.stats(data$CLAG)$out # We first save all the outliers in the vector
CLAG_OutLiers
```

```
## [1] 417.6333 419.3752 475.8000 423.2096 421.5419 411.9521 419.2730
## [8] 420.0982 411.7531 419.0333 421.3629 440.4213 427.9236 436.7518
## [15] 407.2612 1154.6333 1168.2336 630.0333 632.1032 618.7359 634.4619
## [22] 407.5856 412.0149 626.2971 623.4562 627.7024 626.7714 615.1334
## [29] 638.2754 628.1581 639.0582 622.3558 628.9819 627.6621 629.0958
## [36] 468.8667 649.7471 408.1876 648.3285 412.0205 471.8875 473.8140
## [43] 474.0271 485.9454 480.3560 476.7283 468.1781
```

```
Data<- data[-which(data$CLAG %in% CLAG_OutLiers),] #REMOVING OUTLIERS FROM DATA
boxplot(Data$CLAG)
```



```
boxplot(data$VALUE)
```



```
VALUE_OutLiers = boxplot.stats(data$VALUE)$out # We first save all the outliers in the vector
VALUE_OutLiers
```

```
## [1] 245300 251962 250155 245730 208910 247611 205981 203936 251771 246758
## [11] 249071 251935 202962 251426 201689 202788 201281 210000 203815 206201
## [21] 209931 205346 219783 219936 201713 225750 215784 268000 201820 203341
## [31] 203720 226000 228670 235000 214523 202186 200480 215014 227295 208924
## [41] 227171 232176 229929 234454 230920 201245 210072 227737 210595 200707
## [51] 212995 235912 207562 202800 205950 206148 204282 206368 209364 208429
## [61] 202989 215548 208782 210685 212530 203737 205608 217000 200902 219300
## [71] 224270 222227 224233 277500 204000 308600 201500 201214 286955 220843
## [81] 219297 204082 220886 230000 234004 209695 204192 204384 282972 235968
## [91] 230443 212505 284790 200594 234269 230513 231933 281186 260000 264462
## [101] 232998 216500 280000 266793 237546 285749 233603 233800 267036 204963
## [111] 266430 225184 238729 266670 262210 261393 289931 281351 289991 211936
## [121] 202500 226000 236250 241279 207200 236200 232760 220000 211000 231000
## [131] 243809 201918 207511 214014 245988 210724 209649 243327 267506 264772
## [141] 247025 263958 211230 212089 210298 250814 242602 208421 239546 211151
## [151] 260479 207647 286283 203202 208432 245422 241754 249773 212536 207302
## [161] 260638 283978 250164 267675 208775 233480 211400 282068 286555 237302
## [171] 212953 246354 206788 211014 202542 206521 229116 207997 209726 207737
## [181] 207035 227617 239990 243593 242544 206030 232345 238745 214558 245685
## [191] 285000 211558 201000 291314 289260 291490 290762 294326 293000 282000
## [201] 240000 285921 284199 293118 291013 301984 298239 290923 298090 282839
## [211] 283022 299299 215000 293790 294372 221100 299720 297294 286938 296728
## [221] 293949 289091 298682 284049 290039 286305 224716 316000 265000 505000
## [231] 271738 268436 270992 324987 268745 512650 267238 268857 205493 272874
## [241] 202894 364000 270794 210065 209950 270751 269450 511164 207976 235000
## [251] 208296 465000 225000 225000 850000 415000 208657 467112 203712 205613
## [261] 466731 208676 467818 290000 202877 207314 471827 469694 854112 854114
## [271] 227168 469748 469771 297444 291222 466755 299171 855909 268000 235500
## [281] 230000 295000 300900 288000 250000 245000 235000 271676 244322 255435
## [291] 252724 257077 255026 251643 256589 258678 305514 257688 299772 297280
## [301] 256977 207797 207803 201928 281000 290239 288000 288525 291242 295551
```

```
## [311] 293252 293901 294367 294169 288512 292380 289430 215000 224630
```

```
Data<- data[-which(data$VALUE %in% VALUE_OutLiers),] #REMOVING OUTLIERS FROM DATA  
boxplot(Data$VALUE)
```

