

In[291]:=

# Mathematical Economics 2020 – 2021

## Optimal control in continuous time

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Out[291]= – 2021 + 2020 Economics Mathematical

Out[292]= continuous control in Optimal time

Out[293]= 
$$\frac{3 \text{ Brito Paulo}}{4040}$$

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### Problem 2.2.1

Consumption-investment problem

Finite horizon, initial state given  $A(0) = A_0$ , terminal state given  $A(T) = A_0$

Observation: the current-value Hamiltonian is used in the solution

\*)

In[294]:=

```
(* definition of the functions *)
ClearAll[Cs, A, As, TT, Q, r, ρ, A0]
f[Cs_] := Log[Cs]
g[A_, Cs_] := r A - Cs
h[Cs_, A_, Q_] := f[Cs] + Q g[A, Cs]
```

In[298]:= (\* optimality condition \*)

```
Solve[D[h[Cs, A, Q], Cs] == 0, Cs]
```

Out[298]= 
$$\left\{ \left\{ Cs \rightarrow \frac{1}{Q} \right\} \right\}$$

In[299]:= (\* solution of the generalized MHDS \*)

```
mhds221 =
```

```
DSolve[{D[Q[t], t] == (ρ - r) Q[t], D[A[t], t] == g[A[t], 1/Q[t]]}, {A[t], Q[t]}, t]
```

```
Qs[t_] := Evaluate[Q[t] /. mhds221]
```

```
As[t_] := Evaluate[A[t] /. mhds221]
```

Out[299]= 
$$\left\{ \left\{ Q[t] \rightarrow e^{-r t + t \rho} c_1, A[t] \rightarrow \frac{e^{r t - t \rho}}{\rho c_1} + e^{r t} c_2 \right\} \right\}$$

```

In[302]:= (* Obtaining the particular solution, that is, the solution to the problem
*)
Ps221 := Assuming[TT > 0, Simplify[Solve[{As[0] == A0, As[TT] == A0}, {C[1], C[2]}]]]
Csol[t_, TT_, A0_, ρ_, r_] = 1 / Evaluate[Qs[t] /. Ps221]
Asol[t_, TT_, A0_, ρ_, r_] = Simplify[Evaluate[As[t] /. Ps221]]

```

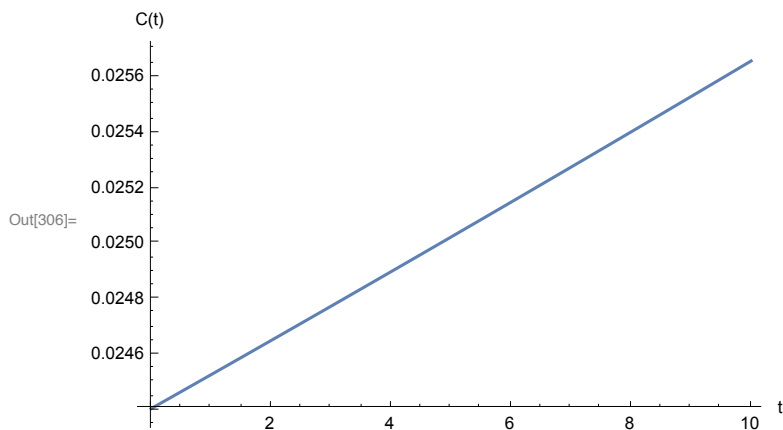
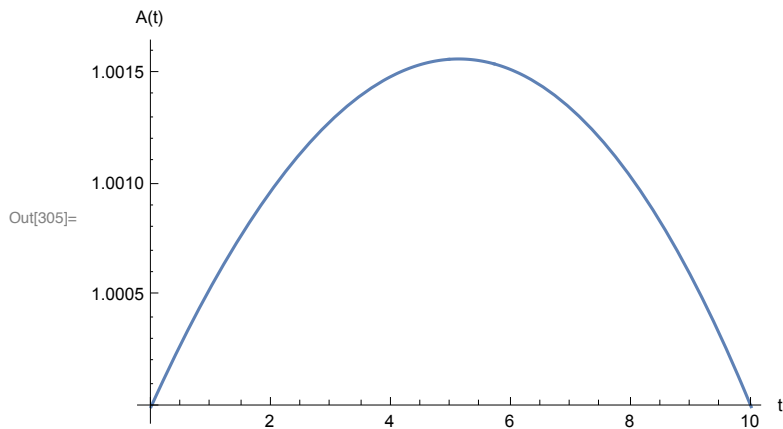
$$\text{Out[303]} = \left\{ \left\{ \frac{A0 e^{r t - TT (r - \rho) - t \rho} (-1 + e^{r TT}) \rho}{-1 + e^{TT \rho}} \right\} \right\}$$

$$\text{Out[304]} = \left\{ \left\{ - \frac{A0 e^{(t - TT) (r - \rho)} (1 - e^{r TT} - e^{t \rho} + e^{r TT + t \rho - TT \rho})}{-1 + e^{TT \rho}} \right\} \right\}$$

```

In[305]:= (* Optimal trajectories for asset holdings and for consumption:
for A0= 1, T = 10, ρ=0.02 and r=0.025 *)
Plot[{Asol[t, 10, 1, 0.02, 0.025]}, {t, 0, 10}, AxesLabel → {"t", "A(t)"}]
Plot[{Csol[t, 10, 1, 0.02, 0.025]}, {t, 0, 10}, AxesLabel → {"t", "C(t)"}]

```



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In[307]:=

```

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## Problem 2.2.2

Consumption–investment problem

Finite horizon, initial state given  $A(0)=A_0$ , terminal state constrained  $A(T) \geq 0$

Observation: the current–value Hamiltonian is used in the solution

\*)

```
In[308]:= (* definition of the functions *)
ClearAll[Cs, A, As, TT, Q, r, ρ, A0]
f[Cs_] := Log[Cs]
g[A_, Cs_] := r A - Cs
h[Cs_, A_, Q_] := f[Cs] + Q g[A, Cs]
```

```
In[312]:= (* optimality condition *)
Solve[D[h[Cs, A, Q], Cs] == 0, Cs]
```

```
Out[312]= {{Cs -> 1/Q}}
```

```
In[313]:= (* mhds and solution of the generalized MHDS *)
mhds222 =
DSolve[{D[Q[t], t] == (ρ - r) Q[t], D[A[t], t] == g[A[t], 1/Q[t]]}, {A[t], Q[t]}, t]
Qs[t_] := Evaluate[Q[t] /. mhds222]
As[t_] := Evaluate[A[t] /. mhds222]
```

```
Out[313]= {{Q[t] -> e^{-r t + t ρ} c_1, A[t] -> \frac{e^{r t - t ρ}}{ρ c_1} + e^{r t} c_2}}
```

```
In[316]:= (* Obtaining the particular solution, that is, the solution to the problem
*)
Ps222 := Assuming[TT > 0,
Simplify[Solve[{As[0] == A0, Exp[-ρ TT] Qs[TT] × As[TT] == 0}, {C[1], C[2]}]]]
Csol[t_, TT_, A0_, ρ_, r_] = 1 / Evaluate[Qs[t] /. Ps222]
Asol[t_, TT_, A0_, ρ_, r_] = Simplify[Evaluate[As[t] /. Ps222]]
```

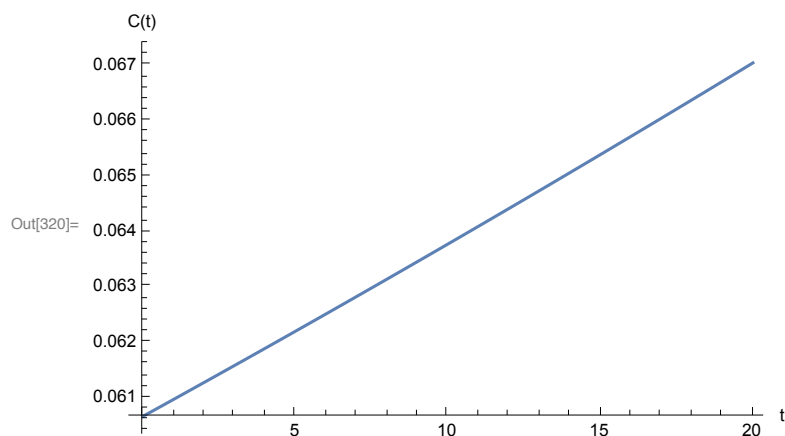
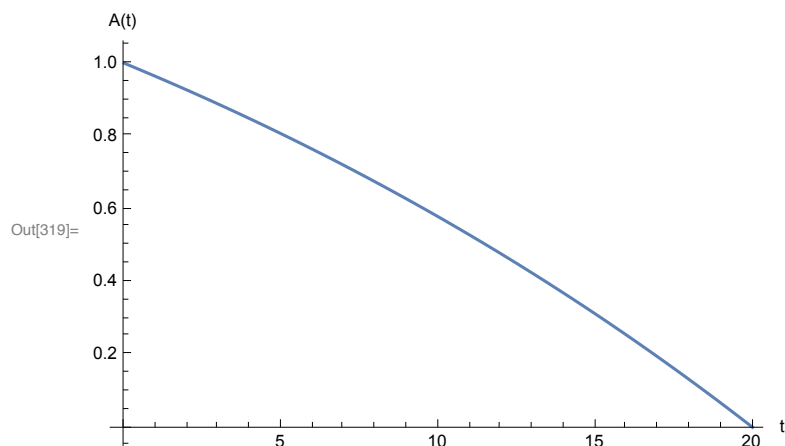
```
Out[317]= {{\frac{A0 e^{r t - t ρ}}{1 - e^{-TT ρ}}}}
```

```
Out[318]= {{\frac{A0 e^{r t} (-1 + e^{(-t + TT) ρ})}{-1 + e^{TT ρ}}}}
```

```

In[319]:= (* Optimal trajectories for asset holdings and for consumption:
            for A0= 1, T = 20,  $\rho=0.02$  and  $r=0.025$  *)
Plot[{Asol[t, 20, 1, 0.02, 0.025]}, {t, 0, 20}, AxesLabel -> {"t", "A(t)"}]
Plot[{Csol[t, 20, 1, 0.02, 0.025]}, {t, 0, 20}, AxesLabel -> {"t", "C(t)"}]

```



```

In[321]:= (*

```

## Problem 2.2.9

Firm's investment problem

Infinite horizon, initial state given  $K(0)=k_0$ , free terminal state

\*)

```

In[322]:= ClearAll[Q, Qs, IV, K, Ks, K0, t, TT, r, p, q,  $\delta$ ]

```

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f[K_, IV_] := p K - q IV^2

```

```

g[K_, IV_] := IV -  $\delta$  K

```

```

H[IV_, K_, Q_] = f[K, IV] + Q g[K, IV]

```

```

Out[325]= K p - IV^2 q + Q (IV - K  $\delta$ )

```

```

In[326]:= (* optimal investment *)

```

```

oc229 = Solve[D[H[IV, K, Q], IV] == 0, IV]

```

```

Out[326]= {{IV ->  $\frac{Q}{2 q}$ }}

```

In[327]:= **IVf[Q\_] = Evaluate[IV /. oc229[[1]]]**

$$\text{Out[327]} = \frac{Q}{2q}$$

In[328]:= **HK[Q\_] = D[H[IV, K, Q], K]**

$$\text{Out[328]} = p - Q \delta$$

In[329]:=

In[330]:= **(\* MHDS and generalized solution \*)**

**mhds229 = DSolve[{D[Q[t], t] == r Q[t] - HK[Q[t]],  
D[K[t], t] == g[K[t], IVf[Q[t]]]}, {K[t], Q[t]}, t]  
Qs[t\_] := Evaluate[Q[t] /. mhds229]  
Ks[t\_] := Evaluate[K[t] /. mhds229]**

$$\text{Out[330]} = \left\{ \left\{ K[t] \rightarrow \frac{e^{-t\delta-t(r+\delta)} (-1 + e^{t\delta+t(r+\delta)}) p}{2q(r+\delta)(r+2\delta)} + \frac{e^{-t\delta} \left( -\frac{e^{t(-r-\delta)} p}{-r-\delta} + \frac{e^{t\delta} p}{\delta} \right)}{2qr + 4q\delta} + \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. e^{-t\delta} c_1 + \frac{e^{-t\delta} (-1 + e^{t\delta+t(r+\delta)}) c_2}{2q(r+2\delta)}, Q[t] \rightarrow \frac{p}{r+\delta} + e^{t(r+\delta)} c_2 \right\} \right\}$$

In[333]:= **(\* transversality condition\*)**

**TC229[t\_] = Simplify[Exp[-r t] Qs[t]]**

$$\text{Out[333]} = \left\{ e^{-rt} \left( \frac{p}{r+\delta} + e^{t(r+\delta)} c_2 \right) \right\}$$

In[334]:= **(\* Solution to the problem: particular solution \*)**

**PS229 = Simplify[Solve[{Ks[0] == K0, TC229[TT] == 0}, {C[1], C[2]}]]**

$$\text{Out[334]} = \left\{ \left\{ c_1 \rightarrow K0 - \frac{p}{2qr\delta + 2q\delta^2}, c_2 \rightarrow -\frac{e^{-TT(r+\delta)} p}{r+\delta} \right\} \right\}$$

In[335]:= **Qsol = Evaluate[Qs[t] /. PS229[[1]]]**

**Ivsol[t\_, TT\_, K0\_, r\_, \delta\_, p\_, q\_] = IVf[Qsol]**

**Ksol[t\_, TT\_, K0\_, r\_, \delta\_, p\_, q\_] = Simplify[Evaluate[Ks[t] /. PS229[[1]]]]**

$$\text{Out[335]} = \left\{ \frac{p}{r+\delta} - \frac{e^{t(r+\delta)-TT(r+\delta)} p}{r+\delta} \right\}$$

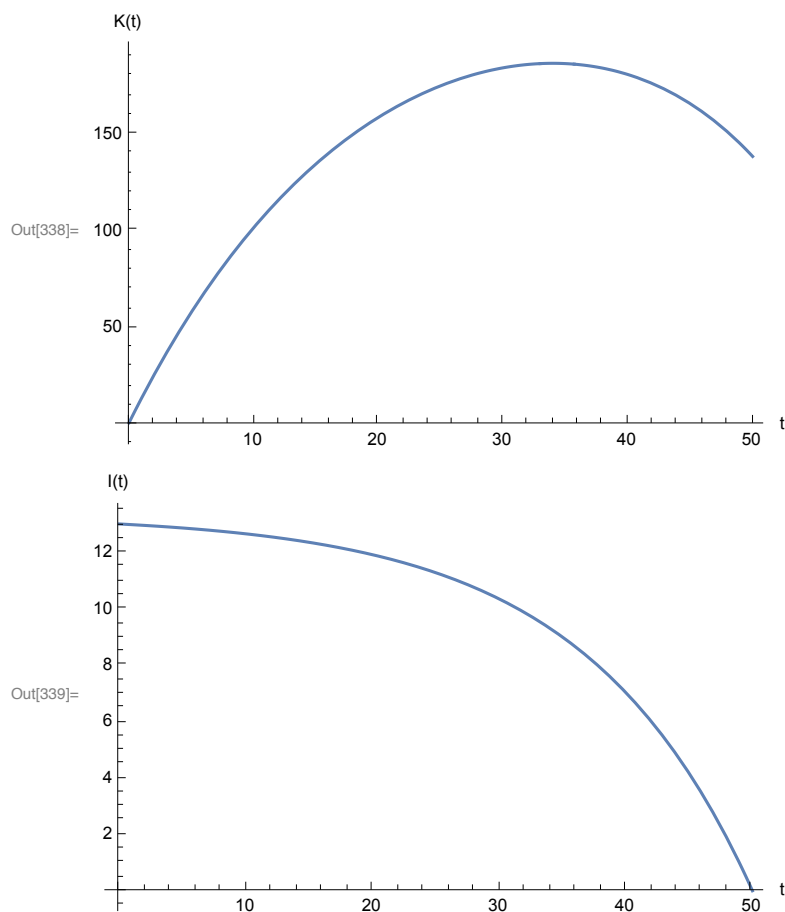
$$\text{Out[336]} = \left\{ \frac{\frac{p}{r+\delta} - \frac{e^{t(r+\delta)-TT(r+\delta)} p}{r+\delta}}{2q} \right\}$$

$$\text{Out[337]} = \left\{ \frac{1}{2q\delta(r+\delta)(r+2\delta)} e^{-rTT-(t+TT)\delta} \right. \\ \left. \left( p\delta - e^{t(r+2\delta)} p\delta + e^{rTT+(t+TT)\delta} p(r+2\delta) + e^{TT(r+\delta)} (r+2\delta) (-p + 2K0q\delta(r+\delta)) \right) \right\}$$

```

In[338]:= (* Optimal trajectories for the capital stock and investment:
            for K0= 1, T = 50,  $\delta=0.05$ ,  $p=1$ ,  $q=1/2$  and  $r=0.025$  *)
Plot[{Ksol[t, 50, 1, 0.025, 0.05, 1, 0.5]}, {t, 0, 50}, AxesLabel → {"t", "K(t)"}]
Plot[{Ivsol[t, 50, 1, 0.025, 0.05, 1, 0.5]}, {t, 0, 50}, AxesLabel → {"t", "I(t)"}]

```



```

In[340]:= (*
Problem 2.2.11
Endogenous growth model
Infinite horizon, initial state given  $A(0)=A_0$ ,
terminal state constrained  $\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} e^{(-rt)} K(t) \geq 0$ 
*)

```

```

In[341]:= (* definition of the functions *)
ClearAll[Cs, K, Q, A, Ks, Qs,  $\rho$ ,  $\theta$ , K0]
f[Cs_] := (Cs^(1 -  $\theta$ ) - 1) / (1 -  $\theta$ )
g[K_, Cs_] := A K - Cs
h[Cs_, K_, Q_] := f[Cs] + Q g[K, Cs]

```

In[345]:= **Solve**[D[h[Cs, K, Q], Cs] == 0, Cs]

... **Solve:** Inverse functions are being used by Solve, so some solutions may not be found; use Reduce for complete solution information.

Out[345]=  $\left\{ \left\{ Cs \rightarrow Q^{-1/\theta} \right\} \right\}$

In[346]:= **(\* MHDS and generalized solution \*)**

**mhds2211 =**

**DSolve**[{D[Q[t], t] == (ρ - A) Q[t], D[K[t], t] == g[K[t], Q[t]<sup>-1/θ</sup>]}, {K[t], Q[t]}, t]

**Qs[t\_] := Evaluate**[Q[t] /. mhds2211]

**Ks[t\_] := Evaluate**[K[t] /. mhds2211]

Out[346]=  $\left\{ \left\{ Q[t] \rightarrow e^{-A t + t \rho} c_1, K[t] \rightarrow \frac{\theta \left( e^{t (-A + \rho)} c_1 \right)^{-1/\theta}}{A (-1 + \theta) + \rho} + e^{A t} c_2 \right\} \right\}$

In[349]:= **(\* transversality condition\*)**

**TC2211[t\_] = Simplify**[Exp[-ρ t] Qs[t] × Ks[t]]

Out[349]=  $\left\{ c_1 \left( \frac{e^{-A t} \theta \left( e^{t (-A + \rho)} c_1 \right)^{-1/\theta}}{A (-1 + \theta) + \rho} + c_2 \right) \right\}$

In[350]:= **(\* Solution to the problem: particular solution \*)**

**PS2211 = Simplify**[Assuming[θ > 0 && ρ > 0 && A > (A - ρ) / θ && K0 > 0,

**Solve**[{Ks[0] == K0, Limit[TC2211[t], t → Infinity] == 0}, {C[1], C[2]}]]]

... **Solve:** Inconsistent or redundant transcendental equation. After reduction, the bad equation is  $-\left(c_1^{\frac{1}{\theta}}\right)^{\theta} = 0$ .

... **Solve:** Inverse functions are being used by Solve, so some solutions may not be found; use Reduce for complete solution information.

Out[350]=  $\left\{ \left\{ c_1 \rightarrow \left( \frac{\theta}{K0 (A (-1 + \theta) + \rho)} \right)^{\theta}, c_2 \rightarrow 0 \right\}, \left\{ c_1 \rightarrow 0, c_2 \rightarrow \frac{A K0 (-1 + \theta) - \theta^{-1/\theta} \theta + K0 \rho}{A (-1 + \theta) + \rho} \right\} \right\}$

In[351]:= **(\* we take the first solution\*)**

**Csol[t\_, TT\_, K0\_, ρ\_, A\_, θ\_] = Evaluate**[Qs[t] /. PS2211[[1]]] ^ (-1 / θ)

**Ksol[t\_, TT\_, K0\_, ρ\_, A\_, θ\_] = Factor**[Evaluate[Ks[t] /. PS2211[[1]]]]

Out[351]=  $\left\{ \left( e^{-A t + t \rho} \left( \frac{\theta}{K0 (A (-1 + \theta) + \rho)} \right)^{\theta} \right)^{-1/\theta} \right\}$

Out[352]=  $\left\{ \frac{\theta \left( e^{t (-A + \rho)} \left( \frac{\theta}{K0 (A (-1 + \theta) + \rho)} \right)^{\theta} \right)^{-1/\theta}}{-A + A \theta + \rho} \right\}$

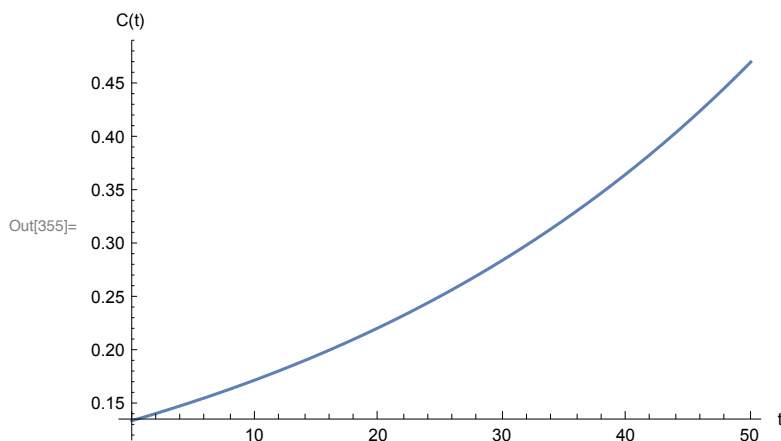
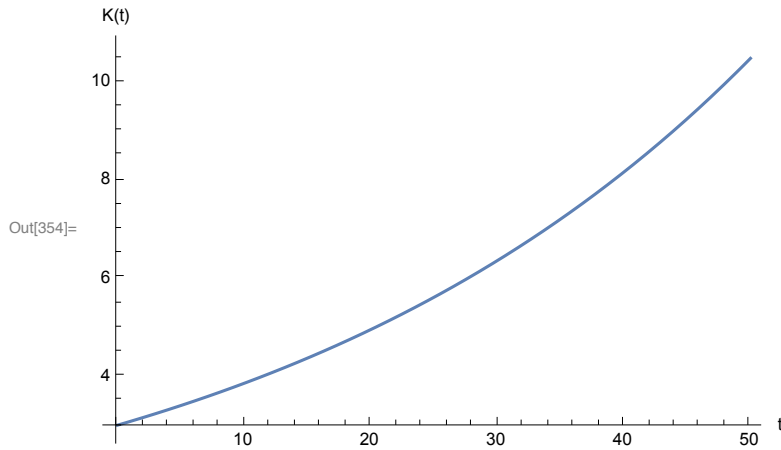
In[353]:= **Ksol**[t, 20, 3, 0.02, 0.025, 2]

Out[353]=  $\left\{ \frac{3.}{\sqrt{e^{-0.005 t}}} \right\}$

```

In[354]:= (* Optimal trajectories for asset holdings and for consumption:
           for K0= 3, T = 20, ρ=0.02, A=0.007 and θ=2 *)
Plot[{N[Ksol[t, 50, 3, 0.02, 0.07, 2]]}, {t, 0, 50}, AxesLabel → {"t", "K(t)"}]
Plot[{N[Csol[t, 50, 3, 0.02, 0.07, 2]]}, {t, 0, 50}, AxesLabel → {"t", "C(t)"}]

```



```

In[356]:= (*

```

## Problem 2.2.14

```

*)

```

```

In[357]:= ClearAll[q]
H[Cv_, Z_, q_] := Log[(Cv^β) (Z^(1-β))] + q * (δ (Z - Cv))
qs = Solve[D[H[Cv, Z, q], Cv] == 0, q]
D[H[Cv, Z, q], Z]


```

Out[359]=  $\left\{ \left\{ q \rightarrow \frac{\beta}{Cv \delta} \right\} \right\}$

Out[360]=  $\frac{1-\beta}{Z} + q \delta$



```
In[361]:= sol2 = DSolve[{D[C[t], t] == (δ - ρ) C[t] + ((1 - β) δ / β) C[t]^2 / Z[t],
  D[Z[t], t] == δ (Z[t] - C[t]), Z[0] == Z0}, {Z[t], C[t]}, t]
```

 **Solve:** Inverse functions are being used by Solve, so some solutions may not be found; use Reduce for complete solution information.

```
Out[361]= {{C[t] -> e^(t (δ-β ρ)) Z0 β ρ (δ + β ρ c1)^(-β) (δ + e^(t ρ) β ρ c1)^(-1+β),
  Z[t] -> e^(t (δ-β ρ)) Z0 (δ + β ρ c1)^(-β) (δ + e^(t ρ) β ρ c1)^β}}
```

```
In[362]:= C1x = Solve[Limit[Evaluate[(β / δ) Exp[- ρ t] (Z[t] / C[t]) /. sol2],
  t -> Infinity, Assumptions -> ρ > 0] == 0, C[1]]
```

```
Out[362]= {{c1 -> 0}}
```

```
In[363]:= Cs[t_] := Simplify[C[t] /. sol2 /. C[1] -> 0]
  Zs[t_] := Simplify[Z[t] /. sol2 /. C[1] -> 0]
  Cs[t]
  Zs[t]
```

```
Out[365]= {e^(t (δ-β ρ)) Z0 β ρ / δ}
```

```
Out[366]= {e^(t (δ-β ρ)) Z0}
```

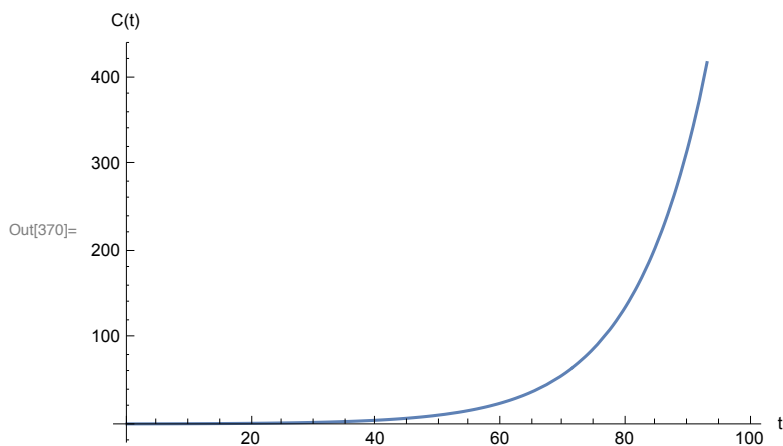
```
In[367]:= Co[β_, ρ_, δ_, Z0_, t_] = Factor[Evaluate[Cs[t] /. sol2 /. C[1] -> 0]]
  Zo[β_, ρ_, δ_, Z0_, t_] = Factor[Evaluate[Zs[t] /. sol2 /. C[1] -> 0]]
  Simplify[Co[0.7, 0.02, 0.5, 1, t]]
```

```
Out[367]= {{e^(t (δ-β ρ)) Z0 β ρ / δ}}
```

```
Out[368]= {e^(t (δ-β ρ)) Z0}
```

```
Out[369]= {{0.028 e^(0.486 t)}}
```

```
In[370]:= Plot[Co[0.7, 0.02, 0.1, 1, t], {t, 0, 100}, AxesLabel -> {"t", "C(t)"}]
```



```
In[371]:= Plot[Zo[0.7, 0.02, 0.1, 1, t], {t, 0, 100}, AxesLabel -> {"t", "Z(t)"}]
```

