



## Solución Prueba escrita

 $-V_iV_i(G_{ii}\cos\theta_{ii}+B_{ii}\sin\theta_{ii})$ 

En el siguiente circuito se dispone de 4 mediciones (z), todas con la misma precisión. Estime el valor de la demanda reactiva:

$$\begin{array}{c} \boldsymbol{\theta}_1 = 0, v_1 & \boldsymbol{\theta}_2, v_2 \\ \hline \boldsymbol{O} & & & & & \\ \hline \boldsymbol{D} & & & & \\ X_L = 0.08j & & & & \\ \hline \boldsymbol{Z} = \begin{bmatrix} \boldsymbol{\theta}_2^m \\ v_1^m \\ v_2^m \\ p_2^m = -p_{D2}^m \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.0324 \\ 1.0000 \\ 0.9481 \\ -0.820 \end{bmatrix} & & & & \\ \frac{\partial P_i}{\partial V_i} & & \\ \frac{\partial P_i}{\partial V_i} & & \\ \frac{\partial P_i}{\partial V_i} & & & \\ \frac{\partial P_i}{\partial V_i} & & & \\ \frac{\partial P_i}{\partial V_i} & & \\ \frac{\partial P_i}{\partial V_$$

$$H^{\circ} = \begin{bmatrix} 100 \\ 010 \\ 020 \end{bmatrix} \qquad \chi^{\perp} = \chi^{\circ} + [H^{\top} \omega \cdot H] H \cdot \omega \cdot [z - h]$$

$$\chi^{\perp} = \chi^{\circ} + \Delta \chi^{\circ} \qquad \max(||\Delta x^{\circ}||)$$

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$$\chi^{\perp} = [0, 0, 0, 0] = [1] + [-0.065] = 0.06 > 1\%$$

$$\chi^{\perp} = [0, 0, 0] = [1] + [-0.05] = 0.00 \text{ Converge}.$$

$$\chi^{\perp} = [0, 0, 0] = [-0.06]$$

Sistemas de Gestion de Energia Electrica



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```
% Prueba escrita — Estimación de Estado
clc
                                                    dx=inv(H'*W*H)*H'*W*(z-h)
clear all
                                                    e=max(abs(dx))
t1=0:
                                                    disp('NO Converge!')
XL=.08;
                                                    x=x+dx
S=-complex(.8,.6);
                                                    t2=x(1);v1=x(2);v2=x(3);
v1=1; v2=1;
                                                    P2=v2*v1*B21*sin(t2-t1);
for k=1:3
                                                    h=[t2; v1; v2; P2]
v2=v1+complex(0,XL)*conj(S/v2);
                                                    dP2dt2=v2*v1*B21*cos(t2-t1):
                                                    dP2dv1=v2*B21*sin(t2-t1);
end
z=[angle(v2)+.1; 1; abs(v2)+.001; real(S)-.02];
                                                    dP2dv2=v1*B21*sin(t2-t1);
                                                    H=[1 0 0; 0 1 0; 0 0 1; dP2dt2 dP2dv1 dP2dv2]
W=eye(4,4);
B11=-inv(XL); B21=inv(XL); B22=-inv(XL);
                                                    dx=inv(H'*W*H)*H'*W*(z-h)
%flat begin
                                                    x=x+dx
t2=0; v1=1; v2=1;
                                                    t2=x(1);v1=x(2);v2=x(3);
                                                    e=max(abs(dx))
e=1;
dP2dt2=v2*v1*B21*cos(t2-t1);
                                                    disp('Converge!')
                                                    P2=v2*v1*B21*sin(t2-t1);
dP2dv1=v2*B21*sin(t2-t1);
                                                    h=[t2; v1; v2; P2]
dP2dv2=v1*B21*sin(t2-t1);
                                                    J=sum((z-h).^2)
H=[1 0 0; 0 1 0; 0 0 1; dP2dt2 dP2dv1 dP2dv2]
P2=v2*v1*B21*sin(t2-t1);
                                                    pd2 = -h(4)
h=[t2; v1; v2; P2]
                                                    qd2=+v2*v1*B21*cos(t2-t1)+v2^2*B22
x=[t2; v1; v2];
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