PASCAL MEICHTRY

Department of Economics, University of Lausanne, Internef, 1015 Lausanne, Switzerland pascal.meichtry@unil.ch | Personal website | Swiss citizen

RESEARCH INTERESTS

Primary Macroeconomics, Monetary Economics

Secondary Household Heterogeneity, Unconventional Monetary Policy, Information Frictions, Inequality

EDUCATION

University of Lausanne – HEC, Department of Economics, Switzerland

Sept 2017 – Present

Ph.D. in Economics

· Thesis title: "Essays in Monetary Economics"

· Expected completion date: Early 2023

· Advisors: Florin O. Bilbiie, Philippe Bacchetta

· Thesis committee: Kenza Benhima, Ricardo Reis

Study Center Gerzensee, Switzerland

Sept 2017 – Aug 2018

Swiss Program for Beginning Doctoral Students in Economics

University of St. Gallen (HSG), Switzerland

Sept 2014 - May 2016

M.A. HSG in Economics

· Exchange semester: University of Auckland (Jul 2015 – Nov 2015)

University of St. Gallen (HSG), Switzerland

Sept 2010 - Feb 2014

B.A. HSG in Economics

WORKING PAPERS

On the Distributional Effects of Conventional Monetary Policy and Forward Guidance (with Giacomo Mangiante)

Abstract: This paper compares the distributional effects of conventional monetary policy and forward guidance. First, adopting a structural VAR model, we empirically estimate the impact of the two policies on aggregate macroeconomic variables and consumption inequality in the U.S. We find similar responses at the aggregate level. In contrast, consumption inequality is countercyclical after a monetary policy shock but responds procyclically to forward guidance. This mainly originates from the diverse reaction of households at the bottom and the top of the consumption distribution under the two monetary regimes. Second, we evaluate whether a New Keynesian model with household heterogeneity can explain the observed different inequality responses. We document as the main channel of our results the government response through a fiscal transfer scheme that reacts to changes in the debt burden and in cyclical variations. The difference in timing and magnitude of the fiscal response makes consumption of constrained agents decrease relatively more under conventional monetary policy but less under forward guidance.

Sticky Information, Heterogeneity, and Aggregate Demand

Abstract: Heterogeneity and information rigidities impact the effectiveness of monetary policy transmission to aggregate demand. I document considerable differences in the frequency of information updating across U.S. households. Using a tractable two-agent New Keynesian model with heterogeneous households and sticky information, I then show that the response of aggregate consumption to a monetary policy shock is

shaped by an asymmetric interaction of amplification and dampening. First, an attenuated consumption response might arise even if constrained households' income responds disproportionately to the shock and income inequality is countercyclical, decreasing the probability to achieve amplification. Second, household heterogeneity is proportionately more influential in combination with sticky information, while the latter dampens aggregate consumption by more in the absence of heterogeneity. The model is solved analytically by a simple but novel approach which overcomes difficulties in handling the infinite state space caused by the information friction.

Unwinding Quantitative Easing: State Dependency and Household Heterogeneity (with Cristiano Cantore)

Abstract: This paper studies the macroeconomic effect of state dependency of central bank asset market operations and their interactions with household heterogeneity. We build a New Keynesian model with borrowers and savers in which quantitative easing and tightening operate through portfolio rebalancing between short-term and long-term government bonds. We quantify the aggregate impact of an occasionally binding zero lower bound in determining an asymmetry between the effects of asset purchases and sales. We show that, when the economy is close to the lower bound, a central bank should prioritize raising the nominal interest rate before unwinding quantitative easing. Furthermore, our results imply that household heterogeneity in combination with state dependency amplifies the revealed asymmetry, while aggregate effects remain unaffected with solely heterogeneous agents.

WORK IN PROGRESS

Optimal Timing of Forward Guidance: The Role of Heterogeneity and Expectation Formation

RESEARCH EXPERIENCE

Bank of England, London, United Kingdom Ph.D. Intern, Research Hub	Sept – Dec 2021
Swiss National Bank, Zurich, Switzerland Intern, Inflation Forecasting unit	Jul 2016 – Jun 2017
Credit Suisse AG, St. Gallen, Switzerland <i>Intern</i> , Investment Consulting	Mar 2014 - Aug 2014
KOF Swiss Economic Institute, Zurich, Switzerland Research Assistant	Aug 2013 – Mar 2014

TEACHING EXPERIENCE

University of Lausanne – HLC, Department of Economics, Lausanne, Switzerland	
Quantitative Macroeconomics (Bachelor), Teaching Assistant	Fall 2022
International Money and Finance (Bachelor), Teaching Assistant	Spring 2018 – 2022
Macroéconomie II (Bachelor), Teaching Assistant and Instructor	$Fall\ 2018-2020$
Macro Finance (Master), Teaching Assistant and Instructor	Fall 2018

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ADDITIONAL TRAINING

HANK Made Easy: Macro Fluctuations and Policies in THANK

Jul 2021

Heterogeneity and Monetary Policy

May 2021

by Gianluca Violante | Study Center Gerzensee Advanced Courses in Economics (virtual)

Bayesian Methods for Empirical Macroeconomics

Jun 2020

by Gary Koop | Lancaster PhD Summer School (virtual)

Recent Advances in Bayesian Macroeconometrics

Jun 2019

by Frank Schorfheide | Study Center Gerzensee Advanced Courses in Economics

The identification of structural shocks

Jun 2019

by Kenza Benhima and Jean-Paul Renne | University of Lausanne

Recursive Methods in Macroeconomics

Spring 2019

by Luisa Lambertini | EPFL Lausanne

Computational Tools for Macroeconomists

Sept 2018

by Mathias Trabandt | CEMFI Summer School

Business Education programme

Sept 2011 - May 2016

Completed alongside Bachelor's and Master's degree | University of St. Gallen

CONFERENCE AND SEMINAR PRESENTATIONS

2022 Bank of England, RGS Doctoral Conference in Economics[†], Spring Meeting of Young Economists, Annual Conference of the Royal Economic Society, Annual Conference of the Money, Macro and

Finance

2021 AFSE Annual Meeting, EEA Annual Congress, Bank of England

*scheduled, †discussant

OTHER PROFESSIONAL ACTIVITIES

Economic consultant and blogger, iconomix.ch (by Swiss National Bank)

Oct 2018 – Present
Student representative, Ph.D. in Economics, University of Lausanne

Oct 2019 – Aug 2021

SKILLS

Software Matlab, Dynare, R, Stata, EViews

Word Processing LATEX, Microsoft Office

Version Control Git, GitHub

Languages German (native), English (fluent); French (intermediate)

(Last updated: November 2022)