

# Screening Report

The purpose of the screening is to probe your history of injuries as this is one of the strongest predictors of future injury, as well looking at your range of movement, strength stability of your body segments to identify areas at risk of injury and in need of improvement. A suggested core program has been developed based on your screening results.

Adam	Winchester	DOB	24/06/2000	Skill	Fast Bowler		
Height	174	Weight	70	Team	Michael Clarke Academy	Date of screening	17/12/2014

## Injuries

Left arm fast bowler. Right sided lower back pain at the start of this season, lasted for 2 weeks, massage helped. Must be diligent with bowling action - staying nice and tall - not falling away.

Posture	Non Dom	Dom				
Scapula prominent medial border	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Thoracic spine	Kyphotic		
Scapula prominent inferior angle	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Lumbar spine	Normal		
Scapula depressed	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Pelvis position	Normal		
<b>Ankle/Foot</b>						
Knee to wall	13	13	Pain on posterior impingement	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Average	13	13	Pain on shin palpation	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Max	15	17	Foot shape	Normal range		
Min	7	1				
<b>Knee/Hip</b>						
Pain on palpation tib tubercle	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Hip ADDuction strength	220	220	
Pain on McMurrays Medial	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Average	195	189	
Pain on McMurrays Lateral	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Max	235	230	
Hamstring length (knee extension)	50	50	Min	130	130	
Average	70	70	Thomas - Hip Abduction	0	0	
Max	90	90	Average	5.8	5.7	
Min	40	40	Max	20	20	
Pain on hip quadrant	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Min	0	0	
Pain on hip FABER	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>				
Hip flexion before lumbar spine	100	100	Hip Internal rotation ROM	40	40	30 30
Average	102	103	Average	45	45	31 30
Max	120	120	Max	60	70	50 45
Min	90	100	Min	20	20	20 20
Thomas - Hip Extension	10	10	Hip External rotation ROM	70	65	55 55
Average	4.36	4.40	Average	54	56	34 35
Max	20	20	Max	70	70	55 60
Min	-10	-10	Min	40	35	20 20
Hip ABDuction strength	230	240	Groin squeeze	139	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Average	215	220	Average	165		
Max	270	288	Max	275		
Min	153	150	Min	83		

<b>Shoulder</b>			<b>External rotation ROM</b>		
Hawkins impingement	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<i>Average</i>	120	120
Empty can testing pain	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<i>Max</i>	114	119
Full can testing pain	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<i>Min</i>	140	140
Obrien's testing pain	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<b>Internal rotation ROM</b>	90	90
<b>External rotation strength</b>	149	<input type="checkbox"/> 200 <input type="checkbox"/>	<i>Average</i>	80	70
<i>Average</i>	173	177	<i>Max</i>	73	66.3
<i>Max</i>	233	239	<i>Min</i>	95	90
<i>Min</i>	50	50		45	50
<b>Internal rotation strength</b>	160	<input type="checkbox"/> 180 <input type="checkbox"/>	<b>Thoracic spine</b>		
<i>Average</i>	177	177	<b>Rotation</b>	70	70
<i>Max</i>	239	0	<i>Average</i>	78	79
<i>Min</i>	40	-1	<i>Max</i>	90	90
			<i>Min</i>	65	65
<b>Lumbar Spine</b>			<b>Combined elevation</b>	5	
Pain on 1 leg extension	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<i>Average</i>	13	
Pain on quadrant	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<i>Max</i>	36	
<b>Slump test knee extension</b>	50	50	<i>min</i>	0	
<i>Average</i>	58	58	<b>Calf raises</b>	10	10
<i>Max</i>	90	90	<i>Average</i>	14	14
<i>Min</i>	0	0	<i>Max</i>	20	20
Slump test back pain	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<i>Min</i>	10	10
<b>Hyper mobility</b>			<b>Core control - Abdominals (/5)</b>	3	
Elbow	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<i>Average</i>	3.9	
Thumb	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<i>Max</i>	34	
Knees	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<i>Min</i>	1	
<b>1 leg stability</b>					
	<b>Non dominant</b>	<b>Dominant</b>			
1 leg squat knee control	Excessive movement	Excessive movement			
1 leg squat pelvic control	Excessive movement	Excessive movement			
1 leg hop knee control	Excessive movement	Excessivemovemet			
1 leg hop pelvic control	Excessive movement				
Core control - Gluteal bridge	Good	Good			
<b>Calf raise control</b>	Good	Good			

## Notes

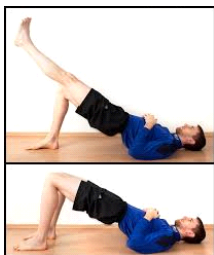
Posture need addressing, shoulder blades back together, chest stretch on door or wall, foam roller through thoracic spine. Hamstring stretching very important for injury prevention and bowling performance. Good supportive footwear important.

Please continue to work hard on your bowling technique and be mindful of your bowling workload this season. Don't hesitate to call me to discuss any of your screening results or injuries in the future. The exercises suggested are a starting point and can be further developed with us or your local physiotherapist. Kind regards, Dan Redrup 0431911615

## Mobility



## Stength/Stability



### Clam Shell Bent knee

Lying on your side, push top heel into bottom heel by using muscles in lower part of your gluteals, do not allow trunk to twist backwards, lift top knee away from lower knee slowly, do not use hamstrings or hip flexors to do this, rep 15-30 sets 2-4

### Clam shell Straigh knee

Push top heel into bottom legs knee by using muscles in lower part of your gluteals, do not allow trunk to twist backwards, lift top knee away from lower leg slowly, do not use hamstrings or hip flexors to do this, rep 15-30 sets 2-4

### 2 leg Bridge

Using your gluteals, not hamstrings or lower back - Lift your pelvis so you form a bridge position with a straight line running from your shoulders to your knees. 5 sec hold x 5

### 1 leg bridge static

Using your gluteals, not hamstrings or lower back - Lift your pelvis to a 2 leg bridge position, take 1 leg out in line with the other thigh, 5 sec hold, repeat other side, return to ground. X 5

### Lower abdominal - feet supported

Using your abdominal muscles - do not let your lower back raise off the floor as your leg extends away from your body. Hold end position for 3 sec, repeat each leg x 5.

### Lower abdominal - feet unsupported

Starting with both feet off the floor. Using your abdominal muscles - do not let your lower back raise off the floor as 1 leg extends away from your body +/- opposite arm and leg. Repeat each leg x 5.



### Posterior pelvic tilting

Initially start with knee bent as this is an easier position to do this in, rotate pelvis so front of shorts move towards ceiling, do this without moving your upper back x 5 x 3 sets.



### Crunches

Starting in slight peeled up position so bottom tips of shoulder just touch the ground. Crunch up so shoulder blades lose contact with ground, return to starting position (not flat), repeat 10-20 reps or fatigue.



### Roll up

As slow as possible start peeling up from the starting position without lifting your feet off the ground. Return to starting position twice as slow - ensure



### 1 leg squat

Start on one leg and lower to 45-60 degrees of knee bending (not 90), keep pelvis (pant line) level, keep shoulders in line with hips (don't lean to side), keep spine in nice straight alignment (don't bend or hyper extend). Repeat 5-10



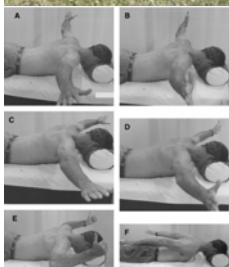
### 2 leg squat

Lower to a maximum of 90 degrees of knee bending. keep shoulders in line with hips (don't lean to side), keep spine in nice straight alignment (don't bend or hyper extend). Repeat 5-10



### Walking lunge

Lunge to a length that your back leg ends up pointing directly towards the ground (perpendicular), don't let your front knee drift past your front toes, keep most of your weight on your FRONT leg throughout. Repeat opposite leg lunge.



### Blackburns

The important element of all these positions is that the movement is generated from the shoulder blades as they move together.