

# 9.1 Parametric Equations (A Level only)

Easy (8 questions)	/44
Medium (8 questions)	/44
Hard (8 questions)	/46
Very Hard (8 questions)	/60
<b>Total Marks</b>	<b>/194</b>

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# Easy Questions

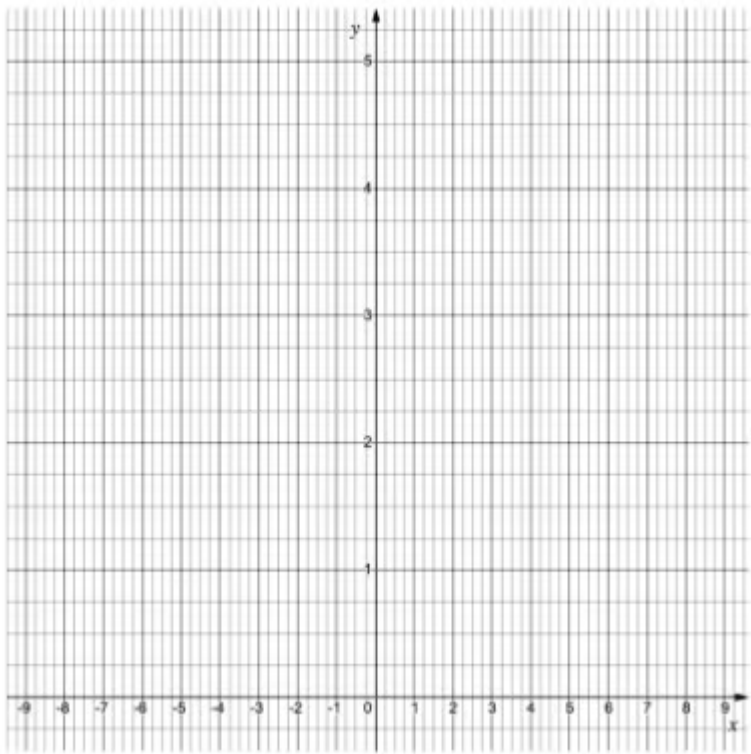
1 (a) The curve  $C$  has parametric equations  $x = 4t$  and  $y = t^2$ .

Complete the table below.

$t$	-2	-1	0	1	2
$x$					
$y$					

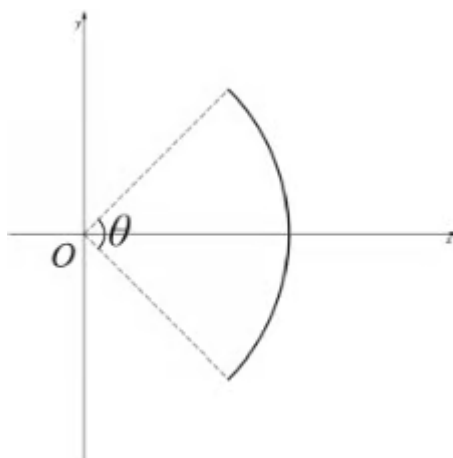
(2 marks)

(b) Plot the graph of  $C$  on the axes below.



(2 marks)

**2 (a)** A company's logo is created using an arc of a circle as shown in the diagram below.



When the end points of the arc are joined to the origin, they form the minor sector of a circle with angle  $\theta$  radians at the centre.

The arc is formed using the parametric equations  $x = \sin t$  and  $y = \cos t$ , with domain  $\frac{\pi}{4} \leq t \leq \frac{3\pi}{4}$ .

Write down the size of the angle  $\theta$ .

**(1 mark)**

**(b)** i) By finding both  $x^2$  and  $y^2$  show that  $x^2 + y^2 = 1$ .

ii) Hence write down the radius of the sector.

**(3 marks)**

**(c)** Use the formula " $l = r\theta$ " to find the length of the arc.

**(1 mark)**

**3** A curve  $C$  has parametric equations  $x = t - 3$  and  $y = t^2 - 4$ .

Find a Cartesian equation for the curve  $C$  in the form  $y = f(x)$ .

**(3 marks)**

**4 (a)** A curve is defined parametrically by the equations  $x = 2\sin \theta$  and  $y = 2\cos \theta$ .

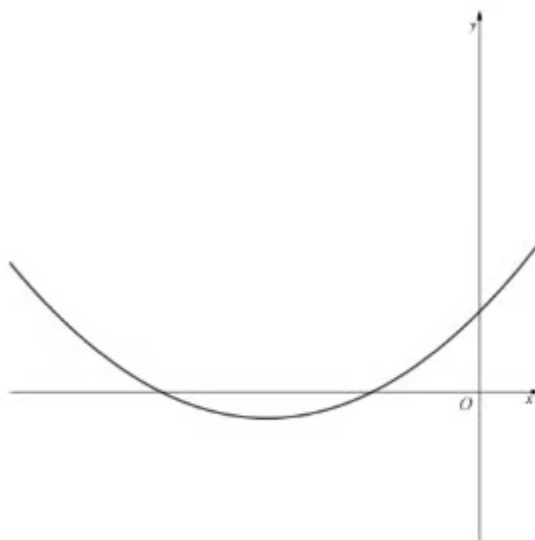
- (i) Find expressions, in terms of  $\theta$ , for  $x^2$  and  $y^2$ .
- (ii) Hence find the Cartesian equation for the curve.

**(4 marks)**

**(b)** Describe the shape of the curve.

**(2 marks)**

- 5 (a)** A sketch of the graph with parametric equations  $x = 4t - 8$  and  $y = t^2 - 1$  is shown below.



Find the value of  $t$  when  $x = 0$  and hence write down the coordinates of the  $y$ -axis intercept.

**(2 marks)**

- (b)** Find the values of  $t$  when  $y = 0$  and hence write down the coordinates of the  $x$ -axis intercepts.

**(3 marks)**

**6 (a)** A curve  $C$  is defined by the parametric equations  $x = t + 1$  and  $y = t^2 - 1$ .

Show that the equation of the curve can be given in the Cartesian form  $y = f(x)$ , with  $f(x) = x^2 - 2x$ .

**(2 marks)**

**(b)** Sketch the graph of  $y = f(x)$ , labelling any points where the graph intercepts the coordinate axes.

**(3 marks)**

**(c)** (i) Find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  and  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$ .

(ii) Hence show the coordinates of the minimum point on the graph of  $y = f(x)$  are  $(1, -1)$ .

**(4 marks)**

**(d)** Given  $t \in \mathbb{R}$ , write down the domain and range of  $f(x)$ .

**(2 marks)**



- 7 The curve defined parametrically by  $x = pt^3$  and  $y = 2t + 1$ , where  $p$  is a non-zero constant, passes through the point  $Q(16, 5)$ .
- (i) Show that at point  $Q$ ,  $t = 2$ .
- (ii) Hence show that  $p = 2$ .

**(4 marks)**

**8 (a)** A curve  $C$  is defined by the parametric equations  $x = e^t$  and  $y = |t|$ , where  $t \in \mathbb{R}$ .

Show that  $y = f(x)$ , where  $f(x) = |\ln x|$ .

**(2 marks)**

**(b)** Sketch the graph of  $C$ , labelling any points where the graph intercepts the coordinate axes.

**(2 marks)**

**(c)** Determine the domain and range for the function  $f(x)$ .

**(2 marks)**

# Medium Questions

1 (a) The curve  $C$  has parametric equations

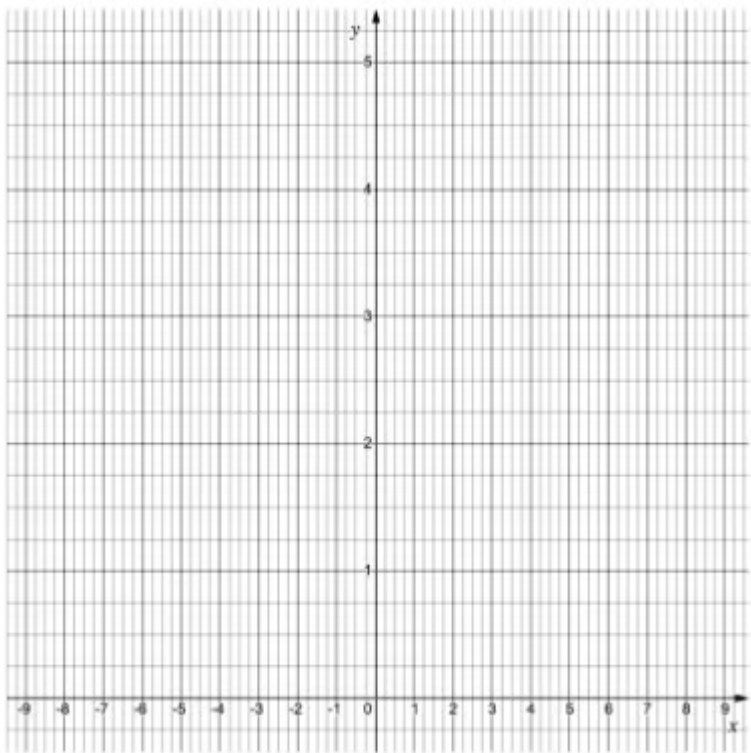
$$x = t^3 \text{ and } y = t^2$$

Complete the table below.

$t$	-2	-1	0	1	2
$x$					
$y$					

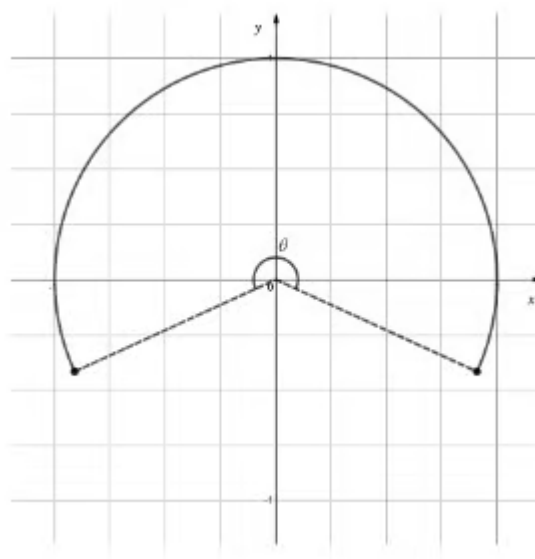
(2 marks)

(b) Plot the graph of  $C$  on the axes below.



(2 marks)

- 2 A company's logo is created using an arc of a circle as shown in the diagram below.



When the end points of the arc are joined to the origin, they form the major sector of a circle with angle  $\theta$  radians at the centre.

The arc is formed using the parametric equations

$$x = \sin t \quad y = \cos t$$

with domain  $-2 \leq t \leq 2$ .

Find the size of the angle  $\theta$ , as well as the length of the arc used in the logo.

**(6 marks)**

**3** A curve  $C$  has parametric equations

$$x = 2t - 1 \quad y = 4t^2 + 3$$

Find a Cartesian equation for the curve  $C$  in the form  $y = f(x)$ .

**(3 marks)**

**4** (i) Find the Cartesian equation for the curve defined by the parametric equations

$$x = 4\cos \theta \quad y = 4\sin \theta$$

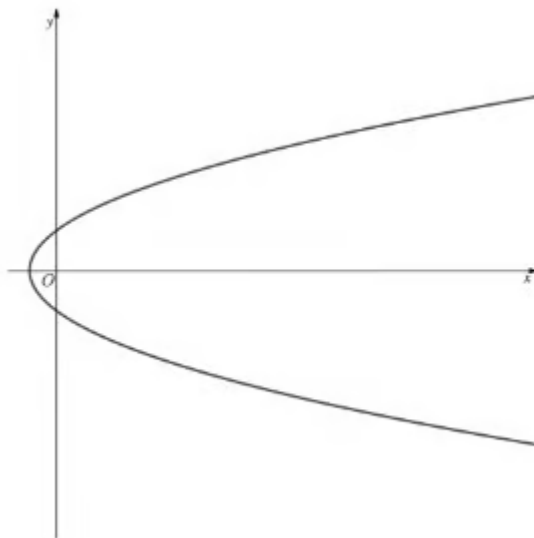
(ii) Describe the shape of the curve.

**(4 marks)**

**5 (a)** A sketch of the graph with parametric equations

$$x = t^2 - 4 \quad y = 3t$$

is shown below.



Find the value of  $t$  when  $y = 0$  and hence write down the coordinates of the  $x$ -axis intercept.

**(2 marks)**

**(b)** Find the values of  $t$  when  $x = 0$  and hence write down the coordinates of the  $y$ -axis intercepts.

**(3 marks)**

**(c)** Find the coordinates of the points where the graph intersects the line with equation  $x = 12$ .

**(3 marks)**

**6 (a)** A curve  $C$  is defined by the parametric equations

$$x = t^2 + 1 \quad y = t^2 - 1$$

Show that the equation of the curve can be given in the Cartesian form  $y = f(x)$ , with  $f(x) = x - 2$ .

**(2 marks)**

**(b)** Assuming there are no restrictions on the values of  $t$ , find the domain and range of  $f(x)$ .

**(2 marks)**

**(c)** Sketch the graph of  $y = f(x)$ .

**(3 marks)**



**7 (a)** The curve defined parametrically by

$$x = pt^3 \quad y = pt^2$$

where  $p$  is a non-zero constant, passes through the point  $Q(3, -3)$ .

Show that at point  $Q$ ,  $t = -1$ .

**(3 marks)**

**(b)** Hence, or otherwise, find the value of  $p$ .

**(2 marks)**

**8 (a)** A curve  $C$  is defined by the parametric equations

$$x = \cos^2 t \quad y = \sin^2 t \quad -\pi \leq t \leq \pi$$

Show that  $y = 1 - x$ .

**(2 marks)**

**(b)** Determine the ranges of  $x$  and  $y$  in the given domain of  $t$ .

**(2 marks)**

**(c)** Sketch the graph of  $C$ .

**(3 marks)**

# Hard Questions

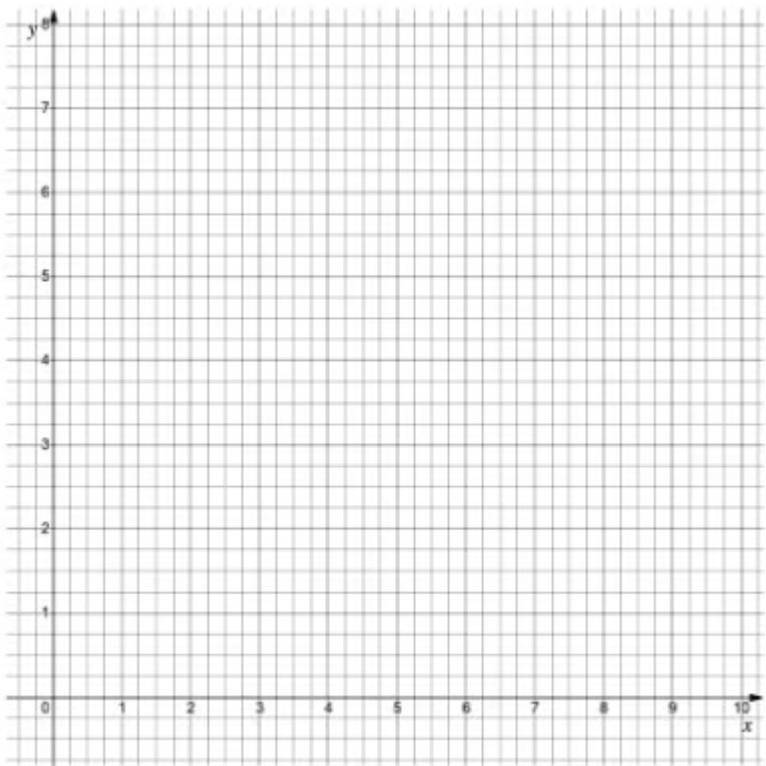
1 The curve  $C$  has parametric equations

$$x = t^2 \quad \text{and} \quad y = e^t$$

- (i) Complete the table below.  
Give values to three significant figures where appropriate.

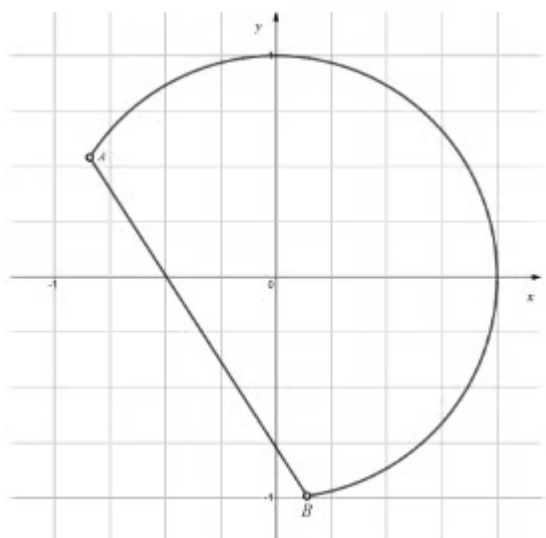
$t$	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2
$x$						
$y$						

- (ii) Plot the graph of  $C$  on the axes below.



(4 marks)

- 2 A company's logo is created using an arc of a circle and a straight line as shown in the diagram below.



The arc part of the logo is formed using the parametric equations

$$x = \sin \phi \quad y = \cos \phi$$

with domain  $-1 \leq \phi \leq 3$ .

Find the equation of the line passing through points  $A$  and  $B$ , stating values to three significant figures where appropriate.

(3 marks)

- 3 Find a Cartesian equation for the curve that has parametric equations

$$x = 4t^2 + 1 \quad y = \ln 2t \quad t > 0$$

giving your answer in the form  $y = f(x)$ .

**(3 marks)**

**4 (a)** A curve is defined by the parametric equations

$$x = 2\cos 3\theta + 3 \quad y = 2\sin 3\theta - 2.$$

By changing these equations into Cartesian form, show that this is the equation of a circle, and determine its centre and radius.

**(5 marks)**

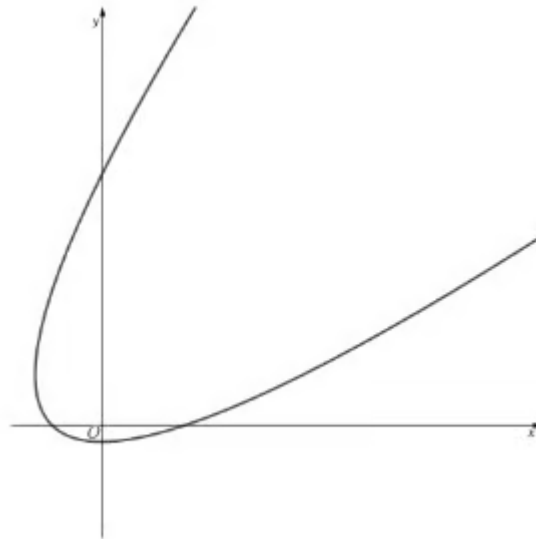
- (b)** (i) Given that  $\theta$  is non-negative, write down a minimum possible domain for  $\theta$  that will produce a complete circle.
- (ii) Give a restricted domain for  $\theta$  that would create a semicircle.

**(3 marks)**

**5 (a)** A sketch of the graph with parametric equations

$$x = t^2 + 4t \quad y = t^2 - 1$$

is shown below.



Find the coordinates of all points where the graph intersects the coordinate axes.

**(5 marks)**

- (b)** Find the coordinates of the points where the graph intersects the line with equation  $x - 5y + 19 = 0$ .

(4 marks)



**6 (a)** A curve  $C$  is defined by the parametric equations

$$x = t^4 - 4t^2 \quad y = 4t \quad t \in \mathbb{R}$$

Show that the Cartesian equation of  $C$  can be written in the form  $x = \frac{1}{256} f(y)$ , where  $f(y)$  is a function of  $y$ .

**(3 marks)**

**(b)** Sketch the curve  $C$ .

**(4 marks)**

**7** The curve defined parametrically by

$$x = pt^3 + 4 \quad y = pt^2 - 2$$

where  $p$  is a constant, passes through the point  $(139, 43)$ .

Find the value of  $p$ .

(4 marks)

**8 (a)** A curve  $C$  is defined by the parametric equations

$$x = \arccos t \quad y = \sqrt{1 - t^2} \quad -1 \leq t \leq 1$$

- (i) Determine the ranges of  $x$  and  $y$  in the given domain of  $t$ .
- (ii) Show that  $y = \sin x$ .

**(5 marks)**

**(b)** Sketch the graph of  $C$ .

**(3 marks)**

# Very Hard Questions

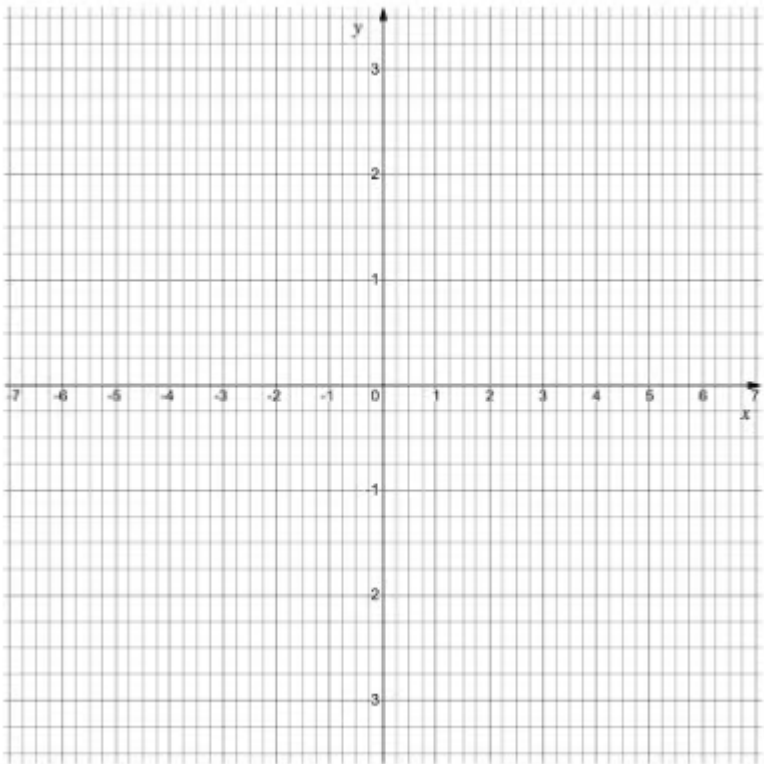
1 The curve  $C$  has parametric equations

$$x = t \ln(t^2 + 0.75) \quad \text{and} \quad y = t$$

- (i) Complete the table below.  
Give values to three significant figures where appropriate.

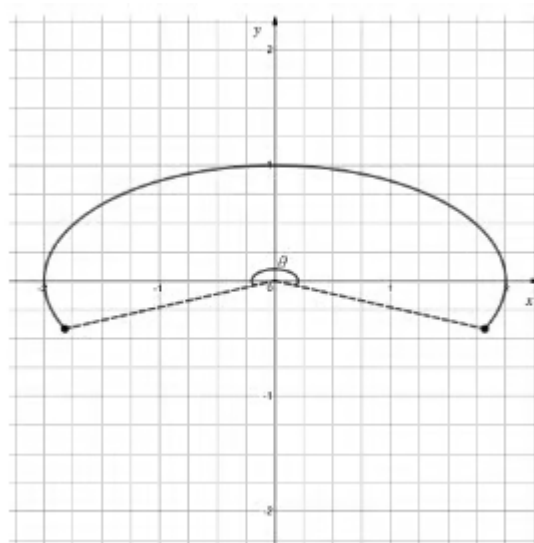
$t$	-3	-2	-1	-0.5	0	0.5	1	2	3
$x$									
$y$									

- (ii) Plot the graph of  $C$  on the axes below.



(5 marks)

- 2 A company's logo is a major arc of an ellipse as shown in the diagram below.



When the end points of the arc are connected to the origin, they form an elliptic sector with angle  $\theta$  radians at the centre.

The logo is formed using the parametric equations

$$x = 2\sin \phi \quad y = \cos \phi$$

with domain  $-2 \leq \phi \leq 2$ .

Find the angle  $\theta$ , giving your answer to three significant figures.

(4 marks)

**3 (a)** Find a Cartesian equation for the curve that has parametric equations

$$x = (\ln 2t)^2 \quad y = t \sin 2t \quad t \geq \frac{1}{2}$$

giving your answer in the form  $y = f(x)$ .

**(4 marks)**

**(b) (i)** For the curve in part (a), explain why the domain must be restricted to  $t > 0$ .

**(ii)** How would your answer to part (a) change if the domain were changed to

$$0 < t < \frac{1}{2} ?$$

**(3 marks)**

**4 (a)** A curve is defined by the parametric equations

$$x = a \cos 2t + p \quad y = b \sin 2t + q$$

where  $a$  and  $b$  are non-zero constants, and  $p$  and  $q$  are constants.

- (i) Show that if  $|a| = |b|$  then this is the equation of a circle, giving the equation of the circle in Cartesian form.
- (ii) State the centre and radius of the circle.

**(6 marks)**

**(b)** In the case where  $a = -6$  and  $b = 6$ , the curve is used to represent the position of a robot at time  $t$ .

- i) Find the total distance travelled by the robot between times  $t = 0$  and  $t = 2\pi$ .
- ii) In which direction (clockwise or anticlockwise) does the robot traverse the curve?

**(4 marks)**

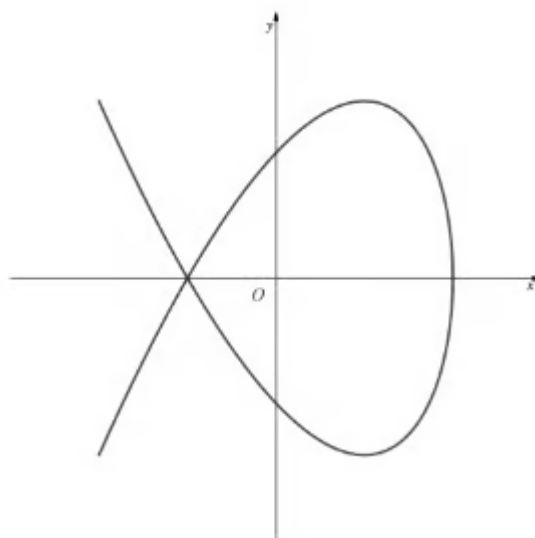
**5 (a)** A sketch of the graph with parametric equations

$$x = \cos 2\phi$$

$$y = \sin 3\phi$$

$$\frac{\pi}{2} \leq \phi \leq \frac{3\pi}{2}$$

is shown below.



Find the coordinates of the points where the graph crosses the coordinate axes.

**(6 marks)**

- (b)** Find the coordinates of the points where the graph intersects the square with vertices at  $(-1, 1)$ ,  $(1, 1)$ ,  $(1, -1)$ ,  $(-1, -1)$ .



**(6 marks)**

**6 (a)** A curve  $C$  has parametric equations

$$x = t^2 - 4 \quad y = t^3 - 4t \quad t \in \mathbb{R}$$

Determine the ranges of  $x$  and  $y$  in the given domain of  $t$ .

**(2 marks)**

**(b)** Show that the Cartesian equation of  $C$  can be written in the form  $y^2 = x^2(x + 4)$ .

**(3 marks)**

**(c)** Sketch the graph of  $C$ .

**(4 marks)**

**7** The curve defined parametrically by

$$x = mt^3 - 6 \quad y = mt + t^2$$

where  $m$  is a constant, passes through the point  $(-22, 0)$ .

Find the possible values of  $m$ .

**(4 marks)**

**8 (a)** Show that  $\cos \theta - \sqrt{3} \sin \theta$  can be written as  $2\cos\left(\theta + \frac{\pi}{3}\right)$ .

**(3 marks)**

**(b)** A curve  $C$  is defined by the parametric equations

$$x = \theta + \frac{\pi}{3} \quad y = \cos \theta - \sqrt{3} \sin \theta \quad 0 \leq \theta \leq 2\pi$$

Sketch the graph of  $C$ , showing clearly the beginning and end points of the curve, as well as the points of intersection with the coordinate axes and any minimum and maximum points.

**(6 marks)**