

A Level · Edexcel · Further Maths





## Algorithms

General Algorithms / Sorting Algorithms / Bin Packing Algorithms

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**Total Marks** 

**/57** 

**1 (a)** The following algorithm produces a numerical approximation for the integral

$$I = \int_{A}^{B} x^4 \, \mathrm{d}x$$

Step 1 Start

Step 2 Input the values of A, B and N

Step 3 Let H = (B - A) / N

Let C = H / 2Step 4

Let D = 0Step 5

Let D = D +  $A^4$ +  $B^4$ Step 6

Let E = AStep 7

Let E = E + HStep 8

If E = B go to Step 12 Step 9

Let D = D +  $2 \times E^4$ Step 10

Step 11 Go to Step 8

Let  $F = C \times D$ Step 12

Step 13 Output F

Step 14 Stop

For the case when A = 1, B = 3 and N = 4,

- (i) complete the table in the answer book to show the results obtained at each step of the algorithm.
- State the final output. (ii)

(4 marks)

(b) Calculate, to 3 significant figures, the percentage error between the exact value of I and the value obtained from using the approximation to I in this case.



2.1 1.7 3.0 1.9 3.2 1.2 3.3 1.4 1.5 0.2 2 (a)

Use the first-fit bin packing algorithm to determine how the numbers listed above can be packed into bins of size 5

(2 marks)

**(b)** The list of numbers is now to be sorted into descending order.

Perform a quick sort on the original list to obtain the sorted list. You should show the result of each pass and identify your pivots clearly.

(4 marks)

(c) For a list of n numbers, the quick sort algorithm has, on average, order  $n \log n$ .

Given that it takes 2.32 seconds to run the algorithm when n = 450

Calculate approximately how long it will take, to the nearest tenth of a second, to run the algorithm when n = 11 250. You should make your method and working clear.

(2 marks)

3.7 2.5 5.4 1.9 2.7 3.2 3.1 2.7 4.2 2.0 3 (a)

Use the first-fit bin packing algorithm to determine how the numbers listed above can be packed into bins of size 8.5

(3 marks)

**(b)** The first-fit bin packing algorithm is to be used to pack n numbers into bins. The number of comparisons is used to measure the order of the first-fit bin packing algorithm.

By considering the worst case, determine the order of the first-fit bin packing algorithm in terms of n. You must make your method and working clear.

<b>4 (a)</b> ⊤	he nine dist	inct nun	nbers ir	the fol	lowing	list are	to be ր	oacked i	into bin	s of size 50
		23	17	19	X	24	8	18	10	21

When the first-fit bin packing algorithm is applied to the numbers in the list it results in the following allocation.

Explain why 
$$13 < x < 21$$

## (3 marks)

(b) The same list of numbers is to be sorted into descending order. A bubble sort, starting at the left-hand end of the list, is to be used to obtain the sorted list. After the first complete pass the list is

Using this information, write down the smallest interval that must contain *X*, giving your answer as an inequality.

## (2 marks)

(c) When the first-fit decreasing bin packing algorithm is applied to the nine distinct numbers it results in the following allocation.

Bin 2: 21 19 10

Bin 3: 18 17 *x* 

Bin 4: 8

Given that only one of the bins is full and that  $\boldsymbol{x}$  is an integer,

calculate the value of X. You must give reasons for your answer.

(2 marks)

6.3 2.9 5.4 3.1 2.8 3.7 1.7 4.1 3.3 2.2 3.5 5 (a)

The numbers listed above are to be sorted into descending order.

- (i) Perform **one** pass of a bubble sort, starting at the left-hand end of the list. You must write down the list that results at the end of this first pass.
- Write down the number of comparisons and the number of swaps performed (ii) during this first pass.

(3 marks)

**(b)** After a second pass using this bubble sort, the updated list is

6.3 5.4 3.5 3.1 3.7 2.9 4.1 3.3 2.8 2.2 1.7

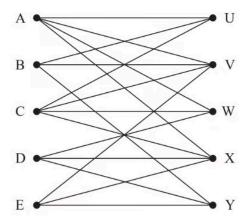
Use a quick sort on this updated list to obtain the fully sorted list. You should show the result of each pass and identify your pivots clearly.

(3 marks)

(c) Apply the first-fit decreasing bin packing algorithm to the fully sorted list to pack the numbers into bins of size 11.5

			(2 marks
justify your an	1 (7	e minimum number o	





6 (a) Figure 1

A Hamiltonian cycle for the graph in Figure 1 begins C, V, E, X, A, W, ....

Complete the Hamiltonian cycle.

(1 mark)

(b) Hence use the planarity algorithm to determine whether the graph shown in Figure 1 is planar. You must make your working clear and justify your answer.

30 12 5 2 23 18 36 10 15 24 7 (a)

The list of ten numbers above is to be sorted into descending order. Use a quick sort to obtain the sorted list. You should show the result of each pass and identify your pivots clearly.

(4 marks)

**(b)** The ten numbers are to be packed into bins of size n, where is a positive integer.

When the first-fit bin packing algorithm is applied to the original list of ten numbers, the following allocation is obtained.

Bin 1: 30 12 2 Bin 2: 5 23 10

Bin 3: 15 18

Bin 4: 36 Bin 5: 24

Explain why the value of the integer  $\it n$  must be either 44 or 45

(3 marks)

(c) Use the first-fit decreasing bin packing algorithm to determine how the numbers can be packed into bins of size 45



8 (a)	A list of $n$ numbers needs to be sorted into descending order starting at the left-hand end of the list.
	Describe how to carry out the first pass of a bubble sort on the numbers in the list.
	(2 marks)
(b)	Bubble sort is a quadratic order algorithm.
	A computer takes approximately 0.021 seconds to apply a bubble sort to a list of 2000 numbers.
	Estimate the time it would take the computer to apply a bubble sort to a list of 50 000 numbers. Make your method clear.
	(2 marks)