

A Level • OCR • Physics

 11 mins 1 question

Structured Questions

# Photons & Wave-Particle Duality

The Photon / The Electronvolt / Determining the Planck Constant / Electron Diffraction / The de Broglie Equation

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Total Marks

/11

**1 (a)** The Planck constant  $h$  is an important fundamental constant in quantum physics.

Determine the S.I. base units for  $h$ .

base units = .....

.....  
.....  
**(2 marks)**

**(b)** A researcher is investigating the de Broglie wavelength of charged particles.

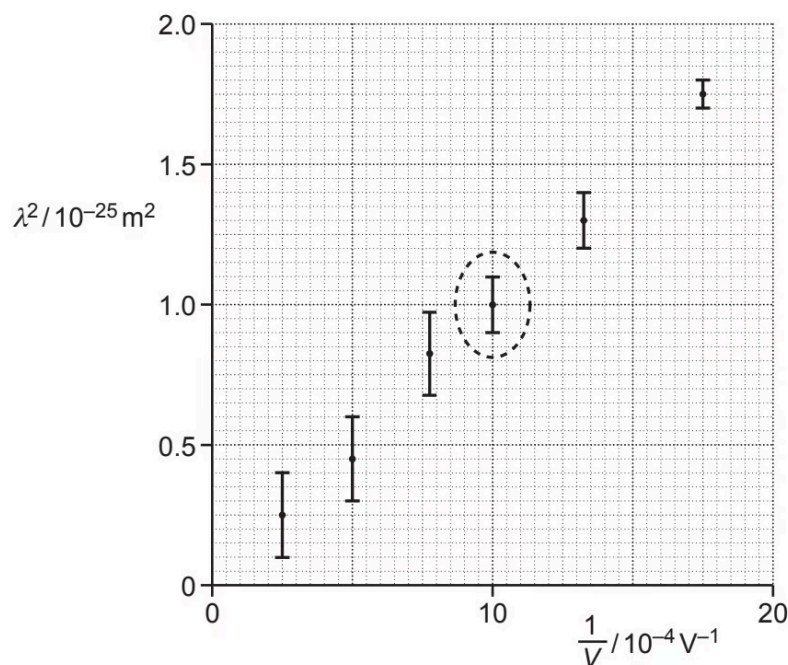
The charged particles are accelerated through a potential difference  $V$ . The de Broglie wavelength  $\lambda$  of these particles is then determined by the researcher.

Each particle has mass  $m$  and charge  $q$ .

i) Show that the de Broglie wavelength  $\lambda$  is given by the expression  $\lambda^2 = \frac{h^2}{2mq} \times \frac{1}{V}$

**[2]**

ii) The researcher plots data points on a  $\lambda^2$  against  $\frac{1}{V}$  grid, as shown below.



1. Calculate the percentage uncertainty in  $\lambda$  for the data point circled on the grid.

percentage uncertainty = ..... % **[2]**

2. Draw a straight line of best fit through the data points.

**[1]**

3. The charge  $q$  on the particle is  $2e$ , where  $e$  is the elementary charge.

Use your best fit straight line to show that the mass  $m$  of the particle is about  $10^{-26} \text{ kg}$ .

**[4]**

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**(9 marks)**