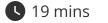


A Level · OCR · Physics





Structured Questions

X-rays

X-Ray Tube / X-ray Attenuation Mechanisms / Calculating X-ray Attenuation / X-ray Imaging / CAT Scans

/7

| Total Marks | /19 |
|---------------------|-----|
| Hard (1 question) | /4 |
| Medium (1 question) | /8 |
| Lasy (1 question) | |

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Facy (1 question)

Easy Questions

| 1 (a) | Describe the basic structure of an X-ray tube and explain how X-ray photons are produced. You may draw a labelled diagram. | |
|-------|--|--|
| | [3] | |
| | | |
| | (3 marks) | |
| (b) | A beam of X-rays is directed at tissues in a patient. The X-ray photons interact with the atoms of the tissues. Simple scatter is one of the attenuation mechanisms. Name and describe two other attenuation mechanisms. | |
| | [4] | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | (4 marks) | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |



Medium Questions

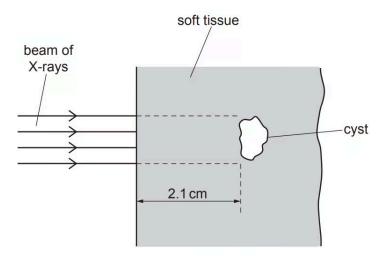
1 (a) A high-energy X-ray photon interacts with an electron of an atom through the **Compton** effect.

Describe this effect.

[2]

(2 marks)

(b) The diagram below shows a beam of X-rays incident normally on some soft tissue.



The attenuation (absorption) constant of the soft tissue is 0.85 cm⁻¹. The intensity of the beam is 4.6×10^3 W m⁻². There is a small cyst 2.1 cm from the surface of the soft tissue. The cross-sectional area of the cyst normal to the beam is 3.4×10^{-4} m².

The beam is switched on for 30 s.

Calculate the X-ray energy incident on the cyst in a period of 30 s.

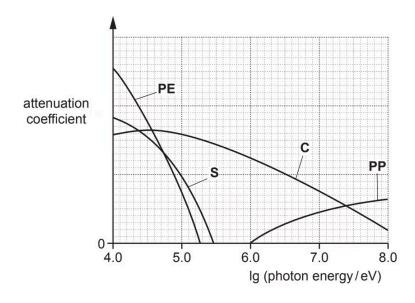
energy = J [4]

| (4 mark | (s) |
|---|-----|
| (c) The attenuation coefficients of the cyst and the soft tissues in (b) were similar. This prevented imaging the cyst using a two-dimensional X-ray image. | |
| Name a different X-ray technique that could be used to image the cyst. Explain the advantage of this technique. | |
| | [2] |
| (2 mark | (s) |

Hard Questions

1 (a) X-ray photons interact with atoms.

The attenuation coefficient against lg(photon energy) graphs for simple scattering (S), photoelectric effect (**PE**), Compton effect (**C**) and pair production (**PP**) are shown below.



For the X-ray tubes used in hospital, the X-ray photons have energy of about 10^5 eV.

State the attenuation mechanisms for these photons.

[1]

(1 mark)

(b) With the help of a calculation, explain the minimum photon energy shown on the graph for pair production.

[3]

(3 marks)

