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## Overview of the data

The data I tried to analyze was at first my home city: Bielsko-Biala Poland. Unfortunately the data set was smaller than 50 MB so I have decided to pick another city I lived it, a lot bigger, Krakow (Cracow). Cracow has about 1 million on inhabitants and is one of the biggest cities in southern Poland

The size of the map is about 312 MB. JSON file after conversion has about 356 MB.

#### **BASIC INFO**

To know more about the map itself I have used mapparser.py. The output I have contains some statistics;

{'bounds': 1, 'member': 63601, 'meta': 1, 'nd': 1616788, 'node': 1433632, 'note': 1, 'osm': 1, 'relation': 2334, 'tag': 902512, 'way': 179027}

## **Problems encountered**

Since the data is very clean I had problems finding what to fix, by just looking at the data.

I had to make a few queries to analyze the quality of the data.

1) Check postal codes

cleaning \postalCodes.py

OK

31- and 30 - a Krakow, some 32- are small surrounding towns

2) Check "building' property There may be some inconsistency since Some records are: 'yes', some are in fact categories like: warehouse,garages,house,office.

### cleaning\ building.py

3) Check "source" property
Although this may not be very important, this field also contains some data that are actually not useful:

```
tag {'k': 'source', 'v': 'http://ump.waw.pl/ retrieved 04:46:30 05/10/10 (UMP-Krakow/src/KRAKOW_XVI_BIENCZYCE.ulice.txt)'}
```

tag {'k': 'source', 'v': 'http://ump.waw.pl/ retrieved 19:07:52 04/10/10 (UMP-Krakow/src/cities-Krakow.pnt-converted.txt)'}

cleaning \ source.py

4) Check "e-mail" property

There are probably some errors like missing letters:
tag {'k': 'email', 'v': 'dominik.kondrat@gmai.com'}

cleaning \ emails.py

By making this kind of analysis for any other fields probably we can find other data to clean.

# **Queries**

**USER INFO** 

1. listing all user id with users.py

Output: 858 users

2. query top users (quantity of records)(since we have 858 users we limited them with limit operator)

```
pipeline = [ { "$group" : {"_id" : "$created.user",
"count": { "$sum": 1 }}},
{ "$sort" : { "count" : -1}},
{ "$limit" : 4 }]
[{u'_id': u'W\u0142adys\u0142aw Komorek', u'count': 651536},
{u'_id': u'ppece', u'count': 300542},
{u'_id': u'kutomba_mfumo', u'count': 186290},
{u'_id': u'vinci4352', u'count': 89724},
3. query first and last date of records
  pipeline = [ { "$project" : { "timestamp" : "$created.timestamp"}},
           { "$sort" : { "timestamp" : 1}},
           { "$limit" : 1 }]
[{u'_id': ObjectId('54e6014014ff1c678c4697a9'),
 u'timestamp': u'2007-06-14T22:22:05Z'}]
  pipeline = [ { "$project" : { "timestamp" : "$created.timestamp"}},
           { "$sort" : { "timestamp" : -1}},
           { "$limit" : 1 }]
[{u'_id': ObjectId('54e6014814ff1c678c48ed01'),
 u'timestamp': u'2015-02-04T16:58:47Z'}]
```

```
4. query count date of records grouped by years
pipeline = [ { "$project" : { "datetime" : { "$substr": ["$created.timestamp", 0, 4 ]}}},
            { "$group" : {"_id" : "$datetime",
                    "count": { "$sum": 1 }}},
            { "$sort" : { "_id" : 1}}]
[{u'_id': u'2007', u'count': 17},
{u'_id': u'2008', u'count': 14052},
{u'_id': u'2009', u'count': 9980},
{u'_id': u'2010', u'count': 26301},
{u'_id': u'2011', u'count': 75019},
{u'_id': u'2012', u'count': 320625},
{u'_id': u'2013', u'count': 398927},
{u' id': u'2014', u'count': 516488},
{u'_id': u'2015', u'count': 251250}]
5. query count date of records grouped by months
pipeline = [ { "$project" : { "datetime" : { "$substr": ["$created.timestamp", 4, 4 ]}}},
            { "$group" : {"_id" : "$datetime",
                    "count": { "$sum": 1 }}},
            { "$sort" : { "_id" : 1}}]
[{u'_id': u'-01-', u'count': 274724},
{u'_id': u'-02-', u'count': 36560},
{u'_id': u'-03-', u'count': 72961},
```

```
{u'_id': u'-04-', u'count': 185368},

{u'_id': u'-05-', u'count': 80167},

{u'_id': u'-06-', u'count': 31488},

{u'_id': u'-07-', u'count': 186158},

{u'_id': u'-08-', u'count': 286663},

{u'_id': u'-09-', u'count': 165632},

{u'_id': u'-10-', u'count': 72976},

{u'_id': u'-11-', u'count': 53255}]
```

#### Other ideas about the datasets

Since Kraków is very old city it is also an object for tourism. There are many places to see, and first one is Kings Palace .

To understand what are the conditions for tourism some of the queries were focused on these info:

```
3. How many information points are in Cracow
        pipeline = [ { "$project" : { "tourism" :{"$eq" :["$tourism","information"]} }},
                    { "$group" : { "_id" : "$tourism",
                            "count": { "$sum": 1 }}},
                    { "$sort" : { "count" : 1}}]
[{u'_id': True, u'count': 92}, {u'_id': False, u'count': 1612567}]
        Answer is: 92
    4. How many restaurants there are
pipeline = [ {"$match" : {"amenity":"restaurant"}},
           { "$group" : { "_id" : "$amenity" ,
                    "count": { "$sum": 1 }}},
           { "$sort" : { "count" : -1}},
           ]
[{u'_id': u'restaurant', u'count': 377}]
        Answer is: 377
More queries can be done on "amenity" type since amenity has: 104 categories
pipeline = [
           { "$group" : { "_id" : "$amenity",
                    "count": { "$sum": 1 }}},
           { "$sort" : { "count" : -1}},
           ]
```

#### Problems that can be resolved further: (dirty data)

#### -sometimes we can find comments with param "fixme", like example below:

Question is if the data is reliable or wrong. In my opinion it depends, if creator asks for something not important or writes clearly that data is wrong, then we can delete if from analysis.

<tag k="fixme" v="verify onewayness (it is passable south to north, used to be one-way with passage impossible in this direction)"/> >

#### -"source" attribute sometimes contains non relevant data, like

```
<tag k="source" v="http://ump.waw.pl/ retrieved 04:46:30 05/10/10 (UMP-
Krakow/src/KRAKOW_XV_MISTRZEJOWICE.ulice.txt)"/>
```

If we want to group data to understand who is the biggest contributor in terms of data source we can delete non important timestamp and leave only www address.

#### Information that we can extract, that can be used to plan the visit:

-where potential tourist can stay:

hotels, guest-house, hostel, camp\_site

-what can be interesting and gather some statistics grouped by postal code(sometimes surrounding small cities can be more interesting)

viewpoint, museum (a lot), artwork, gallery (a lot)

-what are the most interesting streets (like the one close to central square) and what kind of attractions there are (amenities like pubs, restaurants), so using data grouping (can be used to plan visit)

Szewska Street, Karmelicka Street

Trying to find proper standard we may ask if the pace we plan to stay offers internet\_access or no

-sometimes there are certain historical places to visit, not related to leisure activity only ,in our case we have a few described as

```
<tag k="historic" v=" "/>
```

The output is "castle" and "cemetery".

-visitors can also benefit from culture places like libraries,

Can be found be searching amenities types like 'biblioteka' and since Krakow is very old city some of them are actually historical places, rather than modern one, so can be also good places for tourist.

If the data set is bigger and contains more details, users would be able to ask questions about:

Proper standards about hotels (prices, wifi, hotel types, safe yes/no, parking place secured yes/no, additional leisure activity like swimming pool, gym)

## **Conclusion**

### Data aspect:

The dataset seems to be in pretty good shape, although it required to make some cleaning. In order to do this I had to investigate the db more thoroughly since this was not so obvious.

### **Technical aspect:**

We can see that analyzing data set the size of almost 350 MB was very easy. It would not be possible or at least very difficult , with tools like Ms Excel .

From technical point of view, the process of analyze consumes small amount of CPU, but more RAM and HDD performance is needed.

#### **Used Sources**

http://effbot.org/zone/element-iterparse.htm

http://docs.mongodb.org/manual/reference

http://pl.python.org/kursy.jezyka.html

https://docs.python.org/2/library/xml.etree.elementtree.html