Final Project: Game Sales Analysis

Puttisan "Ninja" Mukneam

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```
#Loading the Libraries
library(tidyverse)
library(lubridate)
library(modelr)
library(ggplot2)
library(partykit)
options(na.action = na.warn)
knitr::opts_chunk$set(dev = 'pdf')

#importing data
steam_data_1 <- read_csv("steam_data.csv") #w/o game's genre
steam_data_2 <- read_csv("steam.csv") # w game's genre
steam_game_popularity <- read_csv("SteamCharts.csv")
twitch_game_popularity <- read_csv("Twitch_game_data.csv")
video_game_sales_1 <- read_csv("video_gamesgit.csv")
video_game_sales_2 <- read_csv("Video_Games (2).csv")</pre>
```

Question 1 (18 points)

Consider the data Ca-Vac-Jan-Jun.csv. On the last homework, we fit this data with a quadratic and a quartic model. Now, we'll try splines!

a. (3 points) Create a model for this data that is a spline with one degree of freedom. Make predictions for your model, and draw your model on top of the data points. What do you observe?

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Questions to answer

- What is the most popular genre, in term of the number of players, over the available data period, and how genres has change over time.
- Can we have a model predicting global sales of a game using its genre, developer and critic score.
- Are there any relationship between critics score and player review (ratio of a game?)
- Are there any relationship between Twitch's viewer and global sale of a game?

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Question 1: What is the most popular genre, in term of the number of players, over the available data period, and how genres has change over time.

Cleaning relevant data

a. steam_data_1

```
steam_data_1_cleaned_1 <- steam_data_1 %>%
  #filtering out duplicate rows with same names and same developers
  distinct(name, developer, .keep_all = TRUE) %>%
  select(date, name, developer) %>%
  filter(!is.na(name),
         !name == "-",
         !date == "-",
         #filtering out non-date value
         !str_detect(date, "\\w{3}", negate = TRUE)) %>%
  rename(game_name = name,
         release_date = date) %>%
  mutate(release_date = parse_date_time(release_date, orders = c("%b %d, %Y",
                                                                  "%d %b, %Y",
                                                                  "%m/%d/%Y",
                                                                  "%Y/%m/%d",
                                                                  "%Y-%m-%d",
                                                                  "%d.%m.%Y",
                                                                  "%m.%d.%Y"))) %>%
  filter(!is.na(release_date))
## Warning: 2815 failed to parse.
#Cleaning developer
steam data 1 cleaned 2 <- steam data 1 cleaned 1 %>%
  mutate(temp_dev = str_split(developer,
                        ", (?!L(?i)t(?i)d(?i).?|L(?i)C(?i)C(?i).?|I(?i)n(?i)c(?i).?|L(?i).?L(?i).?C(?i)
  # From this line, we are separating each developer into multiple columns
  unnest_legacy(temp_dev) %>%
  group_by(developer, game_name) %>%
  mutate(temp_id = row_number()) %>%
  pivot_wider(names_from = temp_id,
              values_from = temp_dev,
              names_prefix = "developer_") %>%
  ungroup() %>%
  select(-developer)
      b. steam_data_2
#Cleaning genres
steam_data_2_cleaned_1 <- steam_data_2 %>%
  #filtering out duplicate rows with same names and same developers
  distinct(name, developer,.keep_all = TRUE) %>%
  select(name, genres, developer) %>%
  #I do not think that Early Access counts as game genre.
  #So we are excluding them here
  filter(genres != "Early Access") %>%
  rename(game_name = name) %>%
  mutate(genres = ifelse(str_detect(genres, "; Early Access"),
                         str_remove(genres, ";Early Access"),
                         str_remove(genres, "Early Access;"))) %>%
  mutate(temp_genres = str_split(genres, ";")) %>%
  # From this line, we are separating each developer into multiple columns
  unnest_legacy(temp_genres) %>%
  group_by(developer, game_name) %>%
```

#Cleaning dates

```
mutate(temp_id = row_number()) %>%
  pivot_wider(names_from = temp_id,
              values_from = temp_genres,
              names_prefix = "genre_") %>%
  ungroup() %>%
  select(- genres)
#Cleaning developer
steam_data_2_cleaned_2 <- steam_data_2_cleaned_1 %>%
  mutate(temp_dev = ifelse(str_detect(developer, ";"),
                           str_split(developer, ";"),
                           str_split(developer,
                                     ", (?!L(?i)t(?i)d(?i).?|L(?i)C(?i)C(?i).?|I(?i)n(?i)c(?i).?|L(?i).
  # From this line, we are separating each developer into multiple columns
  unnest_legacy(temp_dev) %>%
  group_by(developer, game_name) %>%
  mutate(temp_id = row_number()) %>%
  pivot_wider(names_from = temp_id,
              values_from = temp_dev,
              names_prefix = "developer_") %>%
  ungroup() %>%
  select(-developer)
```

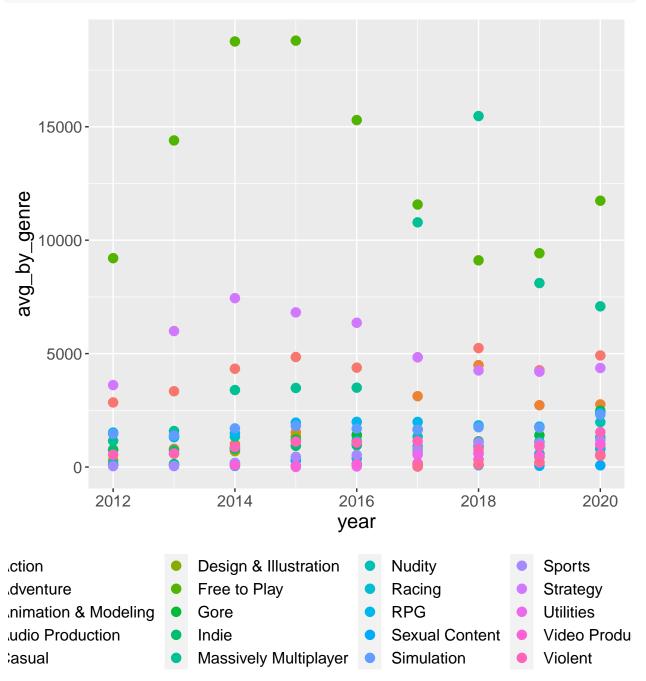
c. Joining tibbles

```
#Preparing columns to join with steam data 1
steam_data_2_cleaned_2_joinable <- steam_data_2_cleaned_2 %>%
  #low-casing and removing all special characters
  mutate(joined_game_name = str_replace_all(game_name, "[^[:alnum:]]", " "),
         joined game name = str to lower(joined game name),
         #Using at most 2 developers as a joined column
         joined_dev = ifelse(is.na(developer_2),
                             developer_1,
                             str_c(developer_1, developer_2, sep = " ")),
         joined_dev = str_replace_all(joined_dev, "[^[:alnum:]]", " "),
         joined_dev = str_to_lower(joined_dev)) %>%
  select(genre_1:genre_16, joined_game_name, joined_dev)
#Preparing columns to join with steam_data_2 and joining them
steam_data_1_with_genres <- steam_data_1_cleaned_2 %>%
  #preparing joined columns
  mutate(joined_game_name = str_replace_all(game_name, "[^[:alnum:]]", " "),
         joined_game_name = str_to_lower(joined_game_name),
         joined_dev = ifelse(is.na(developer_2),
                             developer_1,
                             str_c(developer_1, developer_2, sep = " ")),
         joined dev = str replace all(joined dev, "[^[:alnum:]]", " "),
         joined_dev = str_to_lower(joined_dev)) %>%
  select(release_date, game_name, joined_game_name, joined_dev) %>%
  filter(!is.na(joined_dev)) %>%
  #joining using inner_join so that we can work with games that have their
  #qenres recorded
  inner_join(steam_data_2_cleaned_2_joinable,
                       by = c("joined_game_name", "joined_dev"))
```

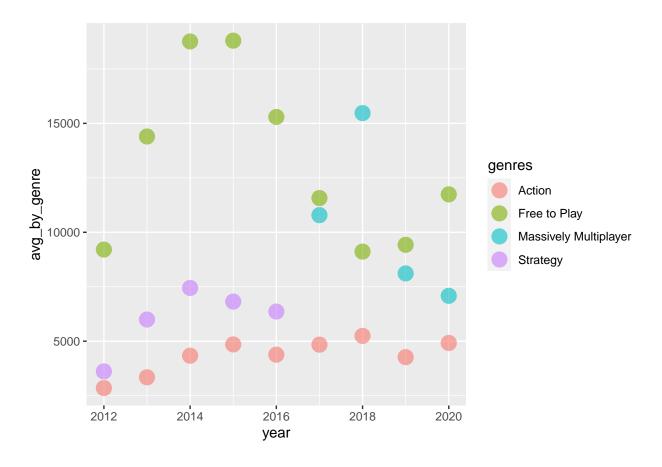
```
#Cleaning and Preparing columns to join with steam_data_1_with_genres
steam_game_pop_joinable <- steam_game_popularity %>%
  mutate(year = as.integer(year),
         joined game name = str replace all(gamename, "[^[:alnum:] ]", " "),
         joined_game_name = str_to_lower(joined_game_name)) %>%
  select(gamename, year, month, avg, joined_game_name) %>%
  #Excluding year 2021 because there are only recordings from Jan and Feb
  filter(!year == 2021)
#Preparing columns to join with steam_game_pop_joinable
steam_data_1_with_1_genre <- steam_data_1_with_genres %>%
  #Pivot games' genres into rows so that we look at every genre instead of
  #only 1 genre and with a bunch of NAs, which will produce greater complexity
  pivot_longer(genre_1:genre_16, names_to = "genre", values_drop_na = TRUE) %>%
  select(- genre) %>%
  rename("genres" = value)
#joining steam_game_pop_joinable and steam_data_1_with_1_genre to achieve a
#tibble to answer question 1
q1 <- inner_join(steam_game_pop_joinable, steam_data_1_with_1_genre, by = "joined_game_name") %>%
  select(-joined_game_name, - gamename)
q1
## # A tibble: 150,530 x 7
##
      vear month
                        avg release_date
                                                 game_name
                                                                 joined_dev genres
##
      <int> <chr>
                      <dbl> <dttm>
                                                 <chr>
                                                                 <chr>
                                                                            <chr>>
## 1 2020 December 717804. 2012-08-21 00:00:00 Counter-Strike~ valve hid~ Action
## 2 2020 December 717804. 2012-08-21 00:00:00 Counter-Strike~ valve hid~ Free ~
## 3 2020 November 668755. 2012-08-21 00:00:00 Counter-Strike~ valve hid~ Action
## 4 2020 November 668755. 2012-08-21 00:00:00 Counter-Strike~ valve hid~ Free ~
## 5 2020 October 613667. 2012-08-21 00:00:00 Counter-Strike~ valve hid~ Action
## 6 2020 October
                     613667. 2012-08-21 00:00:00 Counter-Strike~ valve hid~ Free ~
## 7 2020 September 606850. 2012-08-21 00:00:00 Counter-Strike~ valve hid~ Action
## 8 2020 September 606850. 2012-08-21 00:00:00 Counter-Strike~ valve hid~ Free ~
                     639958. 2012-08-21 00:00:00 Counter-Strike~ valve hid~ Action
## 9 2020 August
## 10 2020 August
                     639958. 2012-08-21 00:00:00 Counter-Strike~ valve hid~ Free ~
## # ... with 150,520 more rows
    Answering question
      a. genres vs timeDelete maybe
#average by year
#Collapsing all the months of that year by taking their average
q1_avg_by_year <- q1 %>%
   group_by(year, genres) %>%
   summarise(avg_by_genre = mean(avg)) %>%
  ungroup()
```

`summarise()` has grouped output by 'year'. You can override using the

`.groups` argument.



```
#table Top-1 each year
q1_avg_by_year %>%
  group by(year) %>%
  filter(avg_by_genre == max(avg_by_genre))
## # A tibble: 9 x 3
## # Groups:
              year [9]
##
      year genres
                                avg_by_genre
##
     <int> <chr>
                                       <dbl>
                                       9206.
## 1 2012 Free to Play
## 2 2013 Free to Play
                                      14398.
## 3 2014 Free to Play
                                      18760.
## 4 2015 Free to Play
                                      18797.
## 5 2016 Free to Play
                                      15296.
## 6 2017 Free to Play
                                      11572.
## 7 2018 Massively Multiplayer
                                      15472.
## 8 2019 Free to Play
                                       9425.
## 9 2020 Free to Play
                                      11740.
#anlsys
q1 %>%
  filter(year == 2020, genres == "Free to Play") %>%
  arrange(desc(avg))
## # A tibble: 1,428 x 7
##
      year month
                         avg release_date
                                                  game_name
                                                                 joined_dev genres
##
      <int> <chr>
                       <dbl> <dttm>
                                                  <chr>
                                                                 <chr>>
                                                                            <chr>>
                     857604. 2012-08-21 00:00:00 Counter-Strike~ valve hid~ Free ~
   1 2020 April
##
## 2 2020 May
                     768795. 2012-08-21 00:00:00 Counter-Strike~ valve hid~ Free ~
## 3 2020 December 717804. 2012-08-21 00:00:00 Counter-Strike~ valve hid~ Free ~
## 4 2020 June
                     671647. 2012-08-21 00:00:00 Counter-Strike~ valve hid~ Free ~
## 5 2020 March
                     671033. 2012-08-21 00:00:00 Counter-Strike~ valve hid~ Free ~
## 6 2020 November 668755. 2012-08-21 00:00:00 Counter-Strike~ valve hid~ Free ~
## 7 2020 August
                     639958. 2012-08-21 00:00:00 Counter-Strike~ valve hid~ Free ~
## 8 2020 July
                     625901. 2012-08-21 00:00:00 Counter-Strike~ valve hid~ Free ~
## 9 2020 October
                     613667. 2012-08-21 00:00:00 Counter-Strike~ valve hid~ Free ~
## 10 2020 September 606850. 2012-08-21 00:00:00 Counter-Strike~ valve hid~ Free ~
## # ... with 1,418 more rows
#Top- 3
q1_avg_by_year %>%
  arrange(desc(avg_by_genre)) %>%
  group_by(year) %>%
  slice(1:3) %>%
  ggplot() +
  geom_point(aes(x = year,
                y = avg_by_genre,
                 color = genres),
            size = 5,
            alpha = 0.6)
```



Question 2:Are there any relationship between critics score and player review (ratio of a game?)

Cleaning relevant data

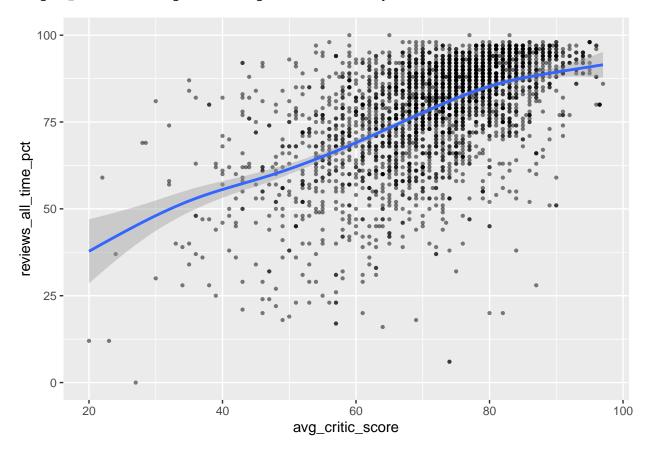
a. steam_data_1

```
#Cleaning dates
steam_data_1_cleaned_1 <- steam_data_1 %>%
  distinct(name, .keep_all = TRUE) %>%
  select(date, name, developer, user_reviews, all_reviews) %>%
  filter(!is.na(name),
         !name == "-",
         !is.na(developer),
         !date == "-",
         !str_detect(date, "\\w{3}", negate = TRUE)) %>%
  rename(game_name = name,
         release_date = date,
         reviews_all_time = all_reviews,
         reviews_30_days = user_reviews) %>%
  mutate(release_date = parse_date_time(release_date, orders = c("%b %d, %Y",
                                                                  "%d %b, %Y",
                                                                  "%m/%d/%Y",
                                                                  "%Y/%m/%d",
                                                                  "%Y-%m-%d",
                                                                  "%d.%m.%Y",
                                                                  "%m.%d.%Y"))) %>%
```

```
filter(!is.na(release_date))
## Warning: 2805 failed to parse.
#Cleaning developer
steam_data_1_cleaned_2 <- steam_data_1_cleaned_1 %>%
  mutate(d1 = str_split(developer,
                        ", (?!L(?i)t(?i)d(?i).?|L(?i)C(?i)C(?i).?|I(?i)n(?i)c(?i).?|L(?i).?L(?i).?C(?i)
  unnest_legacy(d1) %>%
  group_by(game_name) %>%
  mutate(temp_id = row_number()) %>%
  pivot_wider(names_from = temp_id,
              values from = d1,
              names_prefix = "developer_") %>%
  select(-developer) %>%
  ungroup()
#Cleaning all_reviews
steam_data1_cleaned_3 <- steam_data_1_cleaned_2 %>%
  filter(str_detect(reviews_30_days, "%")) %>%
  mutate(reviews_all_time_pct = ifelse(!str_detect(reviews_all_time, "%"),
                                       reviews_all_time),
         reviews_all_time_pct = ifelse(is.na(reviews_all_time_pct),
                                       reviews_30_days,
                                       reviews_all_time_pct)) %>%
  select(-reviews_30_days, -reviews_all_time) %>%
  mutate(reviews_all_time_pct = str_extract(reviews_all_time_pct, "[:digit:]+(?=%)"),
         reviews_all_time_pct = as.double(reviews_all_time_pct))
temp5 <- video game sales 1 %>%
  select(game, metascore, developer, release_date) %>%
  filter(!is.na(metascore)) %>%
  mutate(joined_game_name = str_replace_all(game, "[^[:alnum:]]", " "),
         joined_game_name = str_to_lower(joined_game_name),
         temp_dev = str_split(developer,
                        ", (?!L(?i)t(?i)d(?i).?|L(?i)C(?i)C(?i).?|I(?i)n(?i)c(?i).?|L(?i).?L(?i).?C(?i)
  unnest_legacy(temp_dev) %>%
  group_by(release_date,game) %>%
  mutate(temp_id = row_number()) %>%
  pivot_wider(names_from = temp_id,
              values_from = temp_dev,
              names_prefix = "developer_") %>%
  ungroup() %>%
  select(-developer) %>%
  mutate(joined_dev = ifelse(is.na(developer_2),
                               developer 1,
                               str_c(developer_1, developer_2, sep = " ")),
         joined_dev = str_replace_all(joined_dev, "[^[:alnum:]]", " "),
         joined_dev = str_to_lower(joined_dev),
         first_developer = ifelse(is.na(developer_1),
                                  developer_2,
                                  developer_1)) %>%
```

```
select(game, metascore, joined_game_name, joined_dev, first_developer) %>%
  filter(!is.na(joined_dev))
temp4 <- video_game_sales_2 %>%
  select(Name, Critic_Score, Developer, NA_Sales) %>%
  filter(!is.na(Critic_Score)) %>%
  mutate(joined_game_name = str_replace_all(Name, "[^[:alnum:]]", " "),
         joined_game_name = str_to_lower(joined_game_name),
         temp_dev = str_split(Developer,
                        ", (?!L(?i)t(?i)d(?i).?|L(?i)C(?i)C(?i).?|I(?i)n(?i)c(?i).?|L(?i).?L(?i).?C(?i)
  unnest_legacy(temp_dev) %>%
  group_by(Developer, Name, NA_Sales) %>%
  mutate(temp_id = row_number()) %>%
  pivot_wider(names_from = temp_id,
             values_from = temp_dev,
              names_prefix = "developer_") %>%
  ungroup() %>%
  select(-Developer) %>%
  mutate(joined_dev = ifelse(is.na(developer_2),
                               developer_1,
                               str_c(developer_1, developer_2, sep = " ")),
         joined_dev = str_replace_all(joined_dev, "[^[:alnum:]]", " "),
         joined_dev = str_to_lower(joined_dev),
         first_developer = ifelse(is.na(developer_1),
                                  developer 2,
                                  developer 1)) %>%
  select(Name, Critic_Score, joined_game_name, joined_dev, first_developer) %>%
  filter(!is.na(joined_dev))
full_join_video_game_sales <- full_join(temp4, temp5, by = c("joined_game_name", "joined_dev")) %%
  filter(!is.na(Critic_Score) | !is.na(metascore))
full_join_video_game_sales_critic <- full_join_video_game_sales %>%
  mutate(critic_score = rowMeans(full_join_video_game_sales[c('Critic_Score', 'metascore')], na.rm = TR
  select(Name, critic_score, joined_game_name, joined_dev)
# Join with player score
steam_data1_joined_3 <- steam_data1_cleaned_3 %>%
  mutate(joined_game_name = str_replace_all(game_name, "[^[:alnum:]]", " "),
         joined_game_name = str_to_lower(joined_game_name),
         joined_dev = ifelse(is.na(developer_2),
                               developer_1,
                               str_c(developer_1, developer_2, sep = " ")),
         joined_dev = str_replace_all(joined_dev, "[^[:alnum:]]", " "),
         joined_dev = str_to_lower(joined_dev)) %>%
  select(release_date, game_name, joined_game_name, joined_dev, reviews_all_time_pct) %%
  filter(!is.na(joined_dev))
```

`geom_smooth()` using method = 'gam' and formula 'y ~ s(x, bs = "cs")'

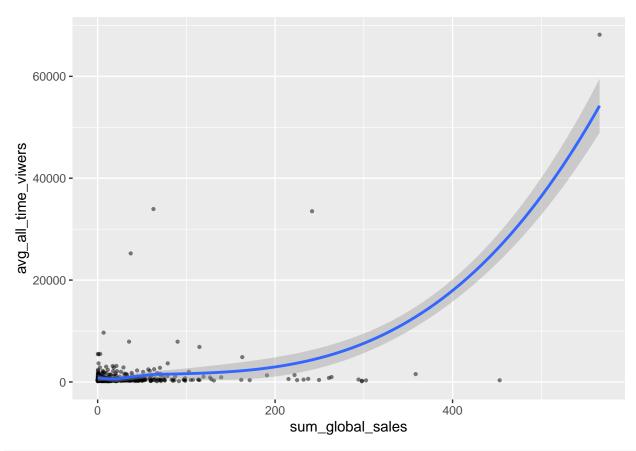


Question 4: Are there any relationship between Twitch's viewer and global sale of a game?

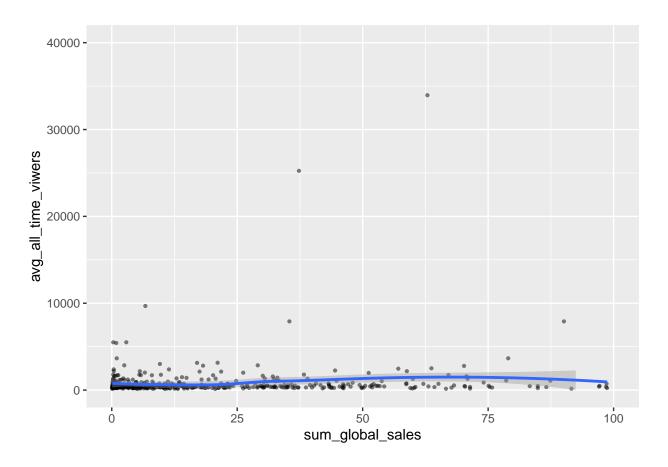
• cleaning twitch

```
twitch_game_popularity_joined <- twitch_game_popularity %>%
 group_by(Game) %>%
 summarise(avg_all_time_viwers = mean(Avg_viewers)) %>%
 mutate(joined_game_name = str_replace_all(Game, "[^[:alnum:]]", " "),
        joined_game_name = str_to_lower(joined_game_name)) %>%
 rename("game name" = Game)
video_game_sales2_joined <- video_game_sales_2 %>%
 group_by(Name, Developer) %>%
 summarise(sum_global_sales = sum(Global_Sales)) %>%
 mutate(joined_game_name = str_replace_all(Name, "[^[:alnum:]]", " "),
        joined_game_name = str_to_lower(joined_game_name),
        sum_global_sales = sum_global_sales * 10) %>% # 100k
 select(Name, joined_game_name, sum_global_sales) %>%
 rename("game_name" = Name)
## `summarise()` has grouped output by 'Name'. You can override using the
## `.groups` argument.
joined avg viwer global sales <- inner join(twitch game popularity joined, video game sales2 joined, by
 select(game_name, avg_all_time_viwers, sum_global_sales)
#plot 1
joined_avg_viwer_global_sales %>%
 ggplot() +
 geom_point(aes(x = sum_global_sales,
               y = avg_all_time_viwers),
            size = 0.8,
            alpha = 0.5) +
 geom_smooth(aes(x = sum_global_sales,
                y = avg_all_time_viwers),
            method = NULL) #+
```

`geom_smooth()` using method = 'loess' and formula 'y ~ x'



```
## `geom_smooth()` using method = 'loess' and formula 'y ~ x'
## Warning: Removed 32 rows containing non-finite values (stat_smooth).
## Warning: Removed 32 rows containing missing values (geom_point).
```



Question 5: Can we have a model predicting global sales of a game using its genre, developer and critic score.

```
#qlobal sales
video_game_sales2_joinable_dev <- video_game_sales_2 %>%
  group by (Name, Developer) %>%
  summarise(sum_global_sales = sum(Global_Sales)) %>%
  mutate(joined_game_name = str_replace_all(Name, "[^[:alnum:]]", " "),
         joined_game_name = str_to_lower(joined_game_name),
         sum_global_sales = sum_global_sales * 10, #100k
         temp_dev = str_split(Developer,
                        ", (?!L(?i)t(?i)d(?i).?|L(?i)C(?i)C(?i).?|I(?i)n(?i)c(?i).?|L(?i).?L(?i).?C(?i)
  unnest_legacy(temp_dev) %>%
  group_by(Name, sum_global_sales) %>%
  mutate(temp_id = row_number()) %>%
  pivot_wider(names_from = temp_id,
              values_from = temp_dev,
              names_prefix = "developer_") %>%
  ungroup() %>%
  mutate(joined_dev = ifelse(is.na(developer_2),
                               developer_1,
                               str_c(developer_1, developer_2, sep = " ")),
         joined_dev = str_replace_all(joined_dev, "[^[:alnum:]]", " "),
         joined_dev = str_to_lower(joined_dev),
         first_developer = ifelse(is.na(developer_1),
```

```
developer_2,
                                  developer_1)) %>%
  select(Name, joined_game_name, joined_dev, sum_global_sales, first_developer) %>%
 filter(!is.na(joined dev))
## `summarise()` has grouped output by 'Name'. You can override using the
## `.groups` argument.
#Genre
steam_data1_joinable_first_genre <- steam_data_1_with_genres %>%
  select(game_name, joined_game_name, joined_dev, genre_1)
#Critic_score
full_join_video_game_sales_critic_joinable <- full_join_video_game_sales_critic %>%
  filter(!is.na(joined_game_name))
#fin
joined_q4 <- inner_join(video_game_sales2_joinable_dev, steam_data1_joinable_first_genre, by = "joined_</pre>
  rename(joined dev = joined dev.x) %>%
  inner_join(full_join_video_game_sales_critic_joinable, by = c("joined_game_name", "joined_dev")) %>%
  unique() %>%
  select(game_name, sum_global_sales, first_developer, genre_1, critic_score)
#assigning artificial IDs to developer and genre
joined_q4_with_ids <- joined_q4 %>%
  group_by(genre_1) %>%
  mutate(genre_id = cur_group_id()) %>%
  group_by(first_developer) %>%
  mutate(developer_id = cur_group_id()) %>%
  ungroup()
#creating model
q4_mod <- cforest(sum_global_sales ~ developer_id + genre_id + critic_score,
                       data = joined q4 with ids)
#add prediction and residuals
q4_pred_resid <- joined_q4_with_ids %>%
  add_predictions(q4_mod) %>%
  add_residuals(q4_mod)
#Justify model
q4_pred_resid %>%
  mutate(correct = ifelse(abs(resid) <= 0.5,</pre>
                          1,
                          0)) %>%
 summarize(mean(correct))
## # A tibble: 1 x 1
    `mean(correct)`
##
               <dbl>
```

1

0.0684

```
#assigning artificial IDs to developer and genre
joined_q4_with_ids_2 <- joined_q4 %>%
  group_by(genre_1) %>%
  mutate(genre_id = cur_group_id()) %>%
  ungroup()
#creating model
q4_mod_2 <- cforest(sum_global_sales ~ genre_id + critic_score,
                     data = joined_q4_with_ids_2)
#add_prediction and residuals
q4_pred_resid_2 <- joined_q4_with_ids_2 %>%
  add_predictions(q4_mod_2) %>%
  add_residuals(q4_mod_2)
#Justify model
q4_pred_resid_2 %>%
  mutate(correct = ifelse(abs(resid) <= 1,</pre>
                        1.
                        0)) %>%
  summarize(mean(correct))
## # A tibble: 1 x 1
##
    `mean(correct)`
##
              <dbl>
## 1
              0.155
q4_pred_resid_2 %>%
  select(sum_global_sales, pred)
## # A tibble: 702 x 2
##
     sum_global_sales pred
##
                <dbl> <dbl>
##
   1
                  0.1 1.20
## 2
                  1.9 1.82
##
                  1.9 1.84
##
  4
                  3.1 1.70
##
                  1.3 1.70
  5
##
  6
                  0.8 2.09
##
  7
                  2.1 1.72
                 0.2 1.25
##
  8
## 9
                 0.8 1.99
## 10
                  3
                      7.74
## # ... with 692 more rows
#Cleaning dates steam_data_1_cleaned_1 <- steam_data_1 %>% distinct(name, .keep_all = TRUE)
%>% select(date, name, developer, user_reviews, all_reviews) %>% filter(!is.na(name), !name == "-",
```

!is.na(developer), !date == "-", !str_detect(date, "\w{3}", negate = TRUE)) %>% rename(game_name = name, release date = date, reviews all time = all reviews, reviews 30 days = user reviews) %>% mu-

```
tate(release date parse date time(release date, orders = c("%b %d, %Y", "%d %b, %Y", "%m/%d/%Y",
"%Y/%m/%d", "%Y-%m-%d", "%d.%m.%Y", "%m.%d.%Y"))) %>% filter(!is.na(release_date))
#Cleaning developer steam data 1 cleaned 2 <- steam data 1 cleaned 1 %>% mutate(d1 =
o.)")) %>% unnest_legacy(d1) %>% group_by(game_name) %>% mutate(temp_id = row_number())
%>% pivot wider(names from = temp id, values from = d1, names prefix = "developer") %>%
select(-developer) %>% ungroup()
#Cleaning all_reviews steam_data1_cleaned_3 <- steam_data_1_cleaned_2 %>% filter(str_detect(reviews_30_days,
"%")) %>% mutate(reviews_all_time_pct = ifelse(!str_detect(reviews_all_time, "%"), NA, re-
views all time), reviews all time pct = ifelse(is.na(reviews all time pct), reviews 30 days, re-
views all time pct)) %>% select(-reviews 30 days, -reviews all time) %>% mutate(reviews all time pct)
= str extract(reviews all time pct, "[:digit:]+(?=%)"), reviews all time pct = as.double(reviews all time pct))
#joining all these information test <- stringdist_inner_join(steam_data1_joinable_first_genre,
video game sales2 joinable dev, by = c("joined game name")) %>%
test2 <- test %>% select(Name, joined game name.y, genre 1, sum global sales, first developer) %>%
rename("joined game name" = "joined game name.v")
test3 <- stringdist inner join(test2, full join video game sales critic joinable, by = "joined game name")
video_game_sales2_joinable_dev <- video_game_sales_2 %>% group_by(Name) %>% sum-
marise(sum global sales = sum(Global Sales)) %>% mutate(joined game name = str replace all(Name,
"[^[:alnum:] ]", " "), joined_game_name = str_to_lower(joined_game_name), sum_global_sales =
r. o.)")) %>% unnest_legacy(temp_dev) %>% group_by(Name, sum_global_sales) %>% mutate(temp_id
= row number()) %>% pivot wider(names from = temp id, values from = temp dev, names prefix
="developer") %>% ungroup() %>% mutate(joined dev = ifelse(is.na(developer 2), developer 1,
str_c(developer_1, developer_2, sep =" ")), joined_dev = str_replace_all(joined_dev,"[^[:alnum:] ]","
), joined dev = str to lower(joined dev), first developer = ifelse(is.na(developer 1), developer 2,
```

developer 1)) %>% select(Name, joined game name, joined dev. sum global sales, first developer)

%>% filter(!is.na(joined dev))