



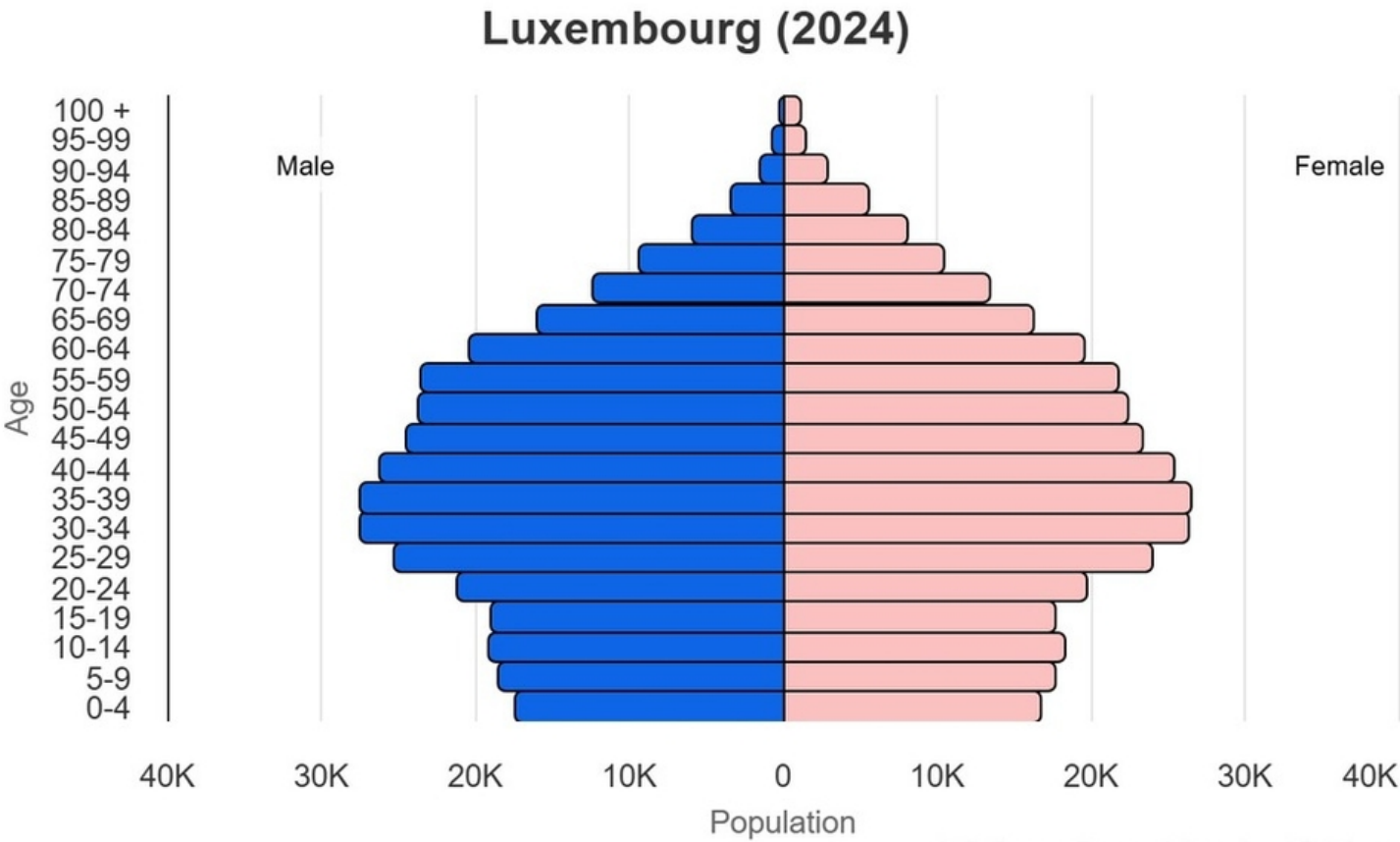
# Luxembourg



Background	Founded in 963, Luxembourg became a grand duchy in 1815 and a constituent part of the Kingdom of the Netherlands after the Congress of Vienna. When Belgium declared independence from the Netherlands in 1839, Luxembourg lost more than half of its territory to Belgium but gained a larger measure of autonomy within the Kingdom of the Netherlands. Luxembourg gained full independence in 1867 by promising to remain permanently neutral. Overrun by Germany in both world wars, its neutrality ended in 1948 when it entered into the Benelux Customs Union and joined NATO the following year. In 1957, Luxembourg became one of the six founding countries of the EEC (later the EU), and in 1999 it joined the euro currency zone.
Capital	name: Luxembourg
Government type	constitutional monarchy
Area	total : 2,586 sq km land: 2,586 sq km water: 0 sq km
Climate	modified continental with mild winters, cool summers
Natural resources	iron ore (no longer exploited), arable land
Population	total: 671,254 (2024 est.)
Population growth rate	1.52% (2024 est.)
Ethnic groups	Luxembourger 52.9%, Portuguese 14.5%, French 7.6%, Italian 3.7%, Belgian 3%, German 2%, Spanish 1.3%, Romania 1%, other 14% (2022 est.)
Religions	Christian (predominantly Roman Catholic) 70.6%, Muslim 2.3%, other (includes Buddhist, folk religions, Hindu, Jewish) 0.4%, unaffiliated 26.7% (2020 est.)
Languages	Luxembourgish (official administrative, judicial, and national language) 48.9%, Portuguese 15.4%, French (official administrative, judicial, and legislative language) 14.9%, Italian 3.6%, English 3.6%, German (official administrative and judicial language) 2.9%, other 10.8% (2021 est.)
Executive branch	chief of state: Grand Duke HENRI (since 7 October 2000) head of government: Prime Minister Luc FRIEDEN (since 17 November 2023)
Legislative branch	legislature name: Chamber of Deputies (Chambre des députés)
Diplomatic representation in the US	chief of mission: Ambassador Nicole BINTNER-BAKSHIAN (since 15 August 2021)
Diplomatic representation from the US	chief of mission: Ambassador (vacant); Chargé d'Affaires Anthony BAIRD (since 21 July 2025)

<b>Economic overview</b>	high-income EU and eurozone economy; global, highly capitalized banking sector; one of highest GDP-per-capita countries; strengthened domestic demand and lower interest rates contributing to economic growth; challenges include pension-system sustainability, labor-market dynamics, and energy price volatility
<b>Real GDP (purchasing power parity)</b>	\$86.871 billion (2024 est.) \$85.984 billion (2023 est.) \$86.584 billion (2022 est.)
<b>Real GDP per capita</b>	\$128,200 (2024 est.) \$129,000 (2023 est.) \$132,600 (2022 est.)
<b>Exports</b>	\$202.203 billion (2024 est.) \$195.294 billion (2023 est.) \$184.53 billion (2022 est.)
<b>Exports - partners</b>	Germany 18%, France 15%, Belgium 8%, Netherlands 7%, Italy 6% (2023)
<b>Exports - commodities</b>	iron blocks, gas turbines, plastic products, rubber tires, plastics (2023)
<b>Imports</b>	\$160.032 billion (2024 est.) \$156.818 billion (2023 est.) \$149.751 billion (2022 est.)
<b>Imports - partners</b>	Belgium 26%, Germany 23%, France 10%, Netherlands 5%, USA 4% (2023)
<b>Imports - commodities</b>	cars, refined petroleum, electricity, plastic products, gas turbines (2023)

Population Pyramid



U.S. Census Bureau, International Database