



Bermuda



Background	Bermuda was first settled in 1609 by shipwrecked English colonists heading for Virginia. Self-governing since 1620, Bermuda is the oldest and most populous of the British Overseas Territories. Vacationing on the island to escape North American winters first developed in Victorian times. Tourism continues to be important for the island's economy, although international business has overtaken it in recent years as Bermuda has developed into a highly successful offshore financial center. A referendum on independence from the UK was soundly defeated in 1995.
Capital	name: Hamilton
Government type	Overseas Territory of the UK with limited self-government; parliamentary democracy
Area	total : 54 sq km land: 54 sq km water: 0 sq km
Climate	subtropical; mild, humid; gales, strong winds common in winter
Natural resources	limestone, pleasant climate fostering tourism
Population	total: 72,800 (2024 est.)
Population growth rate	0.3% (2024 est.)
Ethnic groups	African descent 52%, White 31%, mixed 9%, Asian 4%, other 4% (2010 est.)
Religions	Protestant 46.2% (includes Anglican 15.8%, African Methodist Episcopal 8.6%, Seventh Day Adventist 6.7%, Pentecostal 3.5%, Methodist 2.7%, Presbyterian 2.0%, Church of God 1.6%, Baptist 1.2%, Salvation Army 1.1%, Brethren 1.0%, other Protestant 2.0%), Roman Catholic 14.5%, Jehovah's Witness 1.3%, other Christian 9.1%, Muslim 1%, other 3.9%, none 17.8%, unspecified 6.2% (2010 est.)
Languages	English (official), Portuguese
Executive branch	chief of state: King CHARLES III (since 8 September 2022); represented by Governor Andrew MURDOCH (since 23 January 2025) head of government: Premier David BURT (since 19 July 2017)

Legislative branch	legislature name: Parliament
Diplomatic representation from the US	chief of mission: Consul General Antoinette HURTADO (since 27 March 2025)
Economic overview	small, tourism- and construction-based, territorial-island economy; American import and tourist destination; known offshore banking hub; increasing inflation; major re-exportation and re-importation area
Real GDP (purchasing power parity)	\$6.808 billion (2024 est.) \$6.667 billion (2023 est.) \$6.355 billion (2022 est.)
Real GDP per capita	\$105,300 (2024 est.) \$103,100 (2023 est.) \$98,100 (2022 est.)
Exports	\$1.599 billion (2023 est.) \$1.425 billion (2022 est.) \$1.136 billion (2021 est.)
Exports - partners	Germany 40%, South Africa 38%, Netherlands 15%, USA 2%, Angola 2% (2023)
Exports - commodities	crude petroleum, ships, aircraft, liquor, railway cargo containers (2023)
Imports	\$2.3 billion (2023 est.) \$2.235 billion (2022 est.) \$1.925 billion (2021 est.)
Imports - partners	USA 38%, Cyprus 31%, UK 6%, China 6%, Canada 4% (2023)
Imports - commodities	ships, refined petroleum, railway cargo containers, packaged medicine, cars (2023)

Population Pyramid

