Files\\2011 Case Study\\Primary Sources\_Policy\_Strategies\\2009 Cyberspace Policy Review Assuring a Trusted and R - § 1 reference coded [ 0.03% Coverage]

Reference 1 - 0.03% Coverage

The United States cannot succeed by acting in isolation, because cyberspace crosses geographic and jurisdictional boundaries.

Files\\2011 Case Study\\Primary Sources\_Policy\_Strategies\\2010\_national\_security\_strategy - § 2 references coded [ 0.08% Coverage]

Reference 1 - 0.02% Coverage

power, in an interconnected world, is no longer a zero sum game

Reference 2 - 0.06% Coverage

Many of these goals are equally applicable to cyberspace. While cyberspace relies on the digital infrastructure of individual countries, such infrastructure is globally connected, and securing it requires global cooperation.

Files\\2011 Case Study\\Primary Sources\_Policy\_Strategies\\2011-national-military-strategy - § 1 reference coded [ 0.11% Coverage]

Reference 1 - 0.11% Coverage

Some states are conducting or condoning cyber intrusions that foreshadow the growing threat in this globally connected domain.

Files\\2011 Case Study\\Primary Sources\_Policy\_Strategies\\2011\_International\_strategy\_for\_cyberspace - § 5 references coded [ 0.40% Coverage]

Reference 1 - 0.10% Coverage

“This world—cyberspace—is a world that we depend on every single day... [it] has made us more interconnected than at any time in human history.”

Reference 2 - 0.11% Coverage

The reach of networked technology is pervasive and global~ For all nations, the underlying digital infrastructure is or will soon become a national asset~

Reference 3 - 0.02% Coverage

increasingly networked world~

Reference 4 - 0.08% Coverage

one country’s method for blocking a website can cascade into a much larger, international network disruption

Reference 5 - 0.09% Coverage

interconnected networks link nations more closely, so an attack on one nation’s networks may have impact far beyond its borders~

Files\\2015 Case Study\\Primary Sources\_Policy\_Strategies\\2015 National Military Strategy CLEAN - § 1 reference coded [ 0.22% Coverage]

Reference 1 - 0.22% Coverage

Central to globalization is the spread of new technologies that enable a global   
information environment and empower people to see more, share more, create more, and organize faster than ever before.

Files\\2015 Case Study\\Primary Sources\_Policy\_Strategies\\2015 National Security Strategy CLEAN - § 3 references coded [ 0.32% Coverage]

Reference 1 - 0.08% Coverage

In an interconnected world, there are no global problems that can be solved without the United States, and few that can be solved by the United States alone.

Reference 2 - 0.11% Coverage

It also creates shared vulnerabilities, as interconnected systems and sectors are susceptible to the threats of climate change, malicious cyber activity, pandemic diseases, and transnational terrorism and crime.

Reference 3 - 0.14% Coverage

The world is connected by shared spaces—cyber, space, air, and oceans—that enable the free flow of people, goods, services, and ideas. They are the arteries of the global economy and civil society, and access is at risk due to increased competition and provocative behaviors.

Files\\2015 Case Study\\Primary Sources\_Policy\_Strategies\\2015 WH Report on Cyber Deterrence Policy Final CLEAN - § 2 references coded [ 0.21% Coverage]

Reference 1 - 0.13% Coverage

And we will do so without undermining the open and interconnected qualities that have made the Internet such a powerful enabler of global economic and social progress.

Reference 2 - 0.08% Coverage

Cyberspace also has distinctive characteristics – including its global and interconnected nature