Files\\2011 Case Study\\Primary Sources\_Policy\_Strategies\\2009 Cyberspace Policy Review Assuring a Trusted and R - § 33 references coded [ 0.64% Coverage]

Reference 1 - 0.02% Coverage

information systems that underlie our economic and national security interests.

Reference 2 - 0.02% Coverage

meeting our economic needs and national security requirements

Reference 3 - 0.01% Coverage

critical support for the U.S. economy

Reference 4 - 0.01% Coverage

global economy

Reference 5 - 0.03% Coverage

cybersecurity risks pose some of the most serious economic and national security challenges of the 21st Century

Reference 6 - 0.01% Coverage

economic prosperity

Reference 7 - 0.03% Coverage

The United States should harness the full benefits of technology to address national economic needs and national security requirements.

Reference 8 - 0.02% Coverage

global economy and connected people and markets in ways never imagined.

Reference 9 - 0.01% Coverage

enhancing national security and the global economy

Reference 10 - 0.04% Coverage

Threats to cyberspace pose one of the most serious economic and national security challenges of the 21st Century for the United States and our allies.

Reference 11 - 0.05% Coverage

The continued exploitation of information networks and the   
compromise of sensitive data, especially by nations, leave the United States vulnerable to the loss of economic competitiveness

Reference 12 - 0.04% Coverage

Systemic loss of U.S. economic value. Industry estimates of losses from intellectual property to data theft in 2008 range as high as $1 trillion.16

Reference 13 - 0.03% Coverage

The impact of technology on national and economic security needs has led the Federal government to adapt by creating new laws and organizations.

Reference 14 - 0.01% Coverage

U.S. goals of economic growth

Reference 15 - 0.01% Coverage

economic

Reference 16 - 0.01% Coverage

national and economic security interests

Reference 17 - 0.01% Coverage

economic prosperity

Reference 18 - 0.01% Coverage

remain competitive in the 21st Century economy.

Reference 19 - 0.03% Coverage

“America faces few more urgent challenges than preparing our children to compete in a global economy.”36

Reference 20 - 0.02% Coverage

ensure the Nation’s continued ability to compete in the information age economy.

Reference 21 - 0.01% Coverage

national and economic security.

Reference 22 - 0.04% Coverage

ensure that the full range of cybersecurity-related economic, national security, public safety, and privacy interests are taken into account.

Reference 23 - 0.01% Coverage

Economic

Reference 24 - 0.01% Coverage

Economic

Reference 25 - 0.02% Coverage

maintaining the fair and open economic markets that underlie the U.S. economic system

Reference 26 - 0.01% Coverage

protection of other U.S. economic and security interests

Reference 27 - 0.01% Coverage

global marketplace

Reference 28 - 0.01% Coverage

economic

Reference 29 - 0.01% Coverage

economy.

Reference 30 - 0.01% Coverage

improve economic and security interests

Reference 31 - 0.03% Coverage

Enhance economic prosperity and facilitate U.S. market leadership in the information and communications industry;

Reference 32 - 0.01% Coverage

convergence of the Nation’s economic and security interests

Reference 33 - 0.12% Coverage

wireless broadband network infrastructures have been (and continue to be) deployed that provide an increasingly diverse array of applications and services to both commercial and individual users, accessible over a growing variety of fixed and mobile devices. They support the clearing of billions of dollars in transactions among financial institutions, trading on exchanges, online banking, e-commerce, as well as billing and account management for many retailers and service providers;

Files\\2011 Case Study\\Primary Sources\_Policy\_Strategies\\2010\_national\_security\_strategy - § 35 references coded [ 1.11% Coverage]

Reference 1 - 0.01% Coverage

Prosperity

Reference 2 - 0.01% Coverage

global economy has grown

Reference 3 - 0.02% Coverage

the global economy has accelerated the competition facing our people and businesses

Reference 4 - 0.01% Coverage

the world’s largest economy

Reference 5 - 0.02% Coverage

renew our economy, which serves as the wellspring of American power.

Reference 6 - 0.03% Coverage

laying the foundation for the long term growth of our economy and competitiveness of our citizens

Reference 7 - 0.01% Coverage

enabled economic growth,

Reference 8 - 0.01% Coverage

achieving balanced and sustainable economic growth

Reference 9 - 0.05% Coverage

As we rebuild the economic strength upon which our leadership depends, we are working to advance the balanced and sustainable growth upon which global prosperity and stability depends.

Reference 10 - 0.03% Coverage

We have shifted focus to the G-20 as the premier forum for international economic cooperation

Reference 11 - 0.06% Coverage

we recognize economic opportunity as a human right, and are promoting the dignity of all men and women through our support for global health, food security, and cooperatives responses to humanitarian crises.

Reference 12 - 0.04% Coverage

A strong, innovative, and growing U.S. economy in an open international economic system that promotes opportunity and prosperity;

Reference 13 - 0.04% Coverage

The global economy is being reshaped by innovation, emerging economies, transition to low-carbon energy, and recovery from a catastrophic recession

Reference 14 - 0.01% Coverage

We have the world’s largest economy

Reference 15 - 0.02% Coverage

our own economy is inextricably linked to the global economy

Reference 16 - 0.04% Coverage

That is why we are rebuilding our economy so that it will serve as an engine of opportunity for the American people, and a source of American influence abroad.

Reference 17 - 0.01% Coverage

compete in a globalized economy.

Reference 18 - 0.03% Coverage

achieve the political and economic benefits that come with greater integration with the international community;

Reference 19 - 0.03% Coverage

We will continue to foster economic and financial transactions to advance our shared prosperity

Reference 20 - 0.05% Coverage

Economic: Our economic institutions are crucial components of our national capacity and our economic instruments are the bedrock of sustainable national growth, prosperity and influence.

Reference 21 - 0.05% Coverage

finding overlapping mutual economic interests with other nations and maintaining those economic relationships are key elements of our national security strategy.

Reference 22 - 0.02% Coverage

Development: Development is a strategic, economic, and moral imperative

Reference 23 - 0.01% Coverage

economic expansion,

Reference 24 - 0.04% Coverage

Prosperity: A strong, innovative, and growing U.S. economy in an open international economic system that promotes opportunity and prosperity.

Reference 25 - 0.02% Coverage

The foundation of American leadership must be a prosperous American economy

Reference 26 - 0.04% Coverage

And a growing and open global economy serves as a source of opportunity for the American people and a source of strength for the United States.

Reference 27 - 0.04% Coverage

To allow each American to pursue the opportunity upon which our prosperity depends, we must build a stronger foundation for economic growth.

Reference 28 - 0.04% Coverage

his new foundation must underpin and sustain an international economic system that is critical to both our prosperity and to the peace and security of the world

Reference 29 - 0.08% Coverage

United States economic leadership now has to adapt to the rising prominence of emerging economies; the growing size, speed, and sophistication of financial markets; the multiplicity of market participants around the globe; and the struggling economies that have so far failed to integrate into the global system

Reference 30 - 0.01% Coverage

Global Economy

Reference 31 - 0.03% Coverage

The United States has supported the G-20’s emergence as the premier forum for international economic cooperation.

Reference 32 - 0.08% Coverage

sustained economic progress requires faster, sustainable, and more inclusive development. That is why we are pursuing a range of specific initiatives in areas such as food security and global health that will be essential to the future security and prosperity of nations and peoples around the globe.

Reference 33 - 0.05% Coverage

Asia’s dramatic economic growth has increased its connection to America’s future prosperity, and its emerging centers of influence make it increasingly important.

Reference 34 - 0.02% Coverage

have begun to shift the focus of our economic coordination to the G-20

Reference 35 - 0.09% Coverage

We are also renewing U.S. leadership in the multilateral development banks and the IMF, and leveraging our engagement and investments in these institutions to strengthen the global economy, lift people out of poverty, advance food security, address climate and pandemics, and secure fragile states such as Afghanistan and Haiti.

Files\\2011 Case Study\\Primary Sources\_Policy\_Strategies\\2011 DOD Strategy for Operating in Cy - § 8 references coded [ 1.35% Coverage]

Reference 1 - 0.30% Coverage

.   
U.S. and international businesses trade goods and services in cyberspace, moving assets across the globe in seconds. In addition to facilitating trade in other sectors, cyberspace is itself a key sector of the global economy

Reference 2 - 0.06% Coverage

d new social networks that drive our econom

Reference 3 - 0.09% Coverage

e made cyberspace an integral part of U.S. prosperity and securit

Reference 4 - 0.35% Coverage

Low barriers to entry for malicious cyber activity, including the widespread availability of hacking tools, mean that an individual or small group of determined cyber actors can potentially cause significant damage to both DoD and U.S. national and economic security

Reference 5 - 0.15% Coverage

the rapidly evolving threat landscape presents a complex and vital challenge for national and economic security.

Reference 6 - 0.26% Coverage

As military strength ultimately depends on economic vitality, sustained intellectual property losses erode both U.S. military effectiveness and national competitiveness in the global economy.

Reference 7 - 0.12% Coverage

extend across national boundaries and through multiple components of the global economy.

Reference 8 - 0.03% Coverage

global supply chains

Files\\2011 Case Study\\Primary Sources\_Policy\_Strategies\\2011-national-military-strategy - § 11 references coded [ 1.02% Coverage]

Reference 1 - 0.12% Coverage

in Europe and parts of Asia, populations are projected to decline and age with long term impacts to the global share of their economic output.

Reference 2 - 0.02% Coverage

Prosperity and Security

Reference 3 - 0.14% Coverage

The United States will remain the foremost economic and military power for the foreseeable future, though national debt poses a significant national security risk.

Reference 4 - 0.14% Coverage

China’s decades-long economic growth is expected to facilitate its continued military modernization and expansion of its interests within and beyond the region

Reference 5 - 0.11% Coverage

A strong, innovative and growing U.S. economy in an open international economic system that promotes opportunity and prosperity;

Reference 6 - 0.02% Coverage

economic development

Reference 7 - 0.03% Coverage

global economy’s interconnectedness

Reference 8 - 0.02% Coverage

global economic system

Reference 9 - 0.18% Coverage

The interlinked domains of air, space, and cyberspace allow for the high-speed, high-volume exchange of people, ideas, goods, information and capital that are equally critical to the global economy.

Reference 10 - 0.01% Coverage

economic

Reference 11 - 0.22% Coverage

The region’s share of global wealth is growing, enabling increased military capabilities. This is causing the region’s security architecture to change rapidly, creating new challenges and opportunities for our national security and leadership.

Files\\2011 Case Study\\Primary Sources\_Policy\_Strategies\\2011\_International\_strategy\_for\_cyberspace - § 28 references coded [ 0.65% Coverage]

Reference 1 - 0.05% Coverage

Economy: Promoting International Standards and Innovative, Open Markets

Reference 2 - 0.06% Coverage

Digital infrastructure is increasingly the backbone of prosperous economies

Reference 3 - 0.01% Coverage

economic prosperity

Reference 4 - 0.02% Coverage

building modern economies

Reference 5 - 0.04% Coverage

watched these technologies revolutionize our economy

Reference 6 - 0.03% Coverage

empowers the innovation that drives our economy

Reference 7 - 0.01% Coverage

economies.

Reference 8 - 0.01% Coverage

economic security

Reference 9 - 0.02% Coverage

growing our digital economies

Reference 10 - 0.01% Coverage

Economically,

Reference 11 - 0.01% Coverage

economic

Reference 12 - 0.05% Coverage

post-war architecture of international economic and security cooperation

Reference 13 - 0.01% Coverage

economic,

Reference 14 - 0.01% Coverage

economic

Reference 15 - 0.01% Coverage

economic security,

Reference 16 - 0.01% Coverage

economic

Reference 17 - 0.01% Coverage

economy,

Reference 18 - 0.01% Coverage

economic,

Reference 19 - 0.01% Coverage

Economy:

Reference 20 - 0.06% Coverage

To ensure that cyberspace continues to serve the needs of our economies and innovators,

Reference 21 - 0.01% Coverage

economy,

Reference 22 - 0.01% Coverage

economic security

Reference 23 - 0.02% Coverage

integrity of economies

Reference 24 - 0.05% Coverage

Exploitation of these vulnerabilities impairs economic performance

Reference 25 - 0.04% Coverage

Given the Internet’s importance to the world’s economy

Reference 26 - 0.01% Coverage

economic growth

Reference 27 - 0.04% Coverage

trust that sustains economic and social uses of the Internet~

Reference 28 - 0.02% Coverage

drives growth in the global economy

Files\\2011 Case Study\\Primary Sources\_Policy\_Strategies\\QDR as of 29JAN10 1600 - § 4 references coded [ 0.08% Coverage]

Reference 1 - 0.01% Coverage

economic tools of statecraft,

Reference 2 - 0.02% Coverage

Strengthening the industrial base: America’s security and prosperity are increasing linked with the health of our technology and industrial bases.

Reference 3 - 0.05% Coverage

Reforming the U.S. export control system: Today’s export control system is a relic of the Cold War and must be adapted to address current threats. The current system impedes cooperation, technology sharing, and interoperability with allies and partners, hindering U.S. industrial competitiveness.

Reference 4 - 0.01% Coverage

emerging socioeconomic trends