Files\\2011 Case Study\\CS1\_Primary Sources\_Policy\_Strategies\\2010 National Security Strategy - § 44 references coded [ 2.17% Coverage]

Reference 1 - 0.01% Coverage

Promoting a Just and Sustainable International Order

Reference 2 - 0.07% Coverage

The circle of peaceful democracies has expanded; the specter of nuclear war has lifted; major powers are at peace; the global economy has grown; commerce has stitched the fate of nations together; and more individuals can determine their own destiny.

Reference 3 - 0.02% Coverage

the global economy has accelerated the competition facing our people and businesses

Reference 4 - 0.01% Coverage

issues of global interest.

Reference 5 - 0.04% Coverage

A global effort to combat climate change must draw upon national actions to reduce emissions and a commitment to mitigate their impact.

Reference 6 - 0.02% Coverage

Global cooperation to prevent the spread of pandemic disease can promote public health.

Reference 7 - 0.03% Coverage

globalization is in part a product of American leadership and the ingenuity of the American people

Reference 8 - 0.06% Coverage

That includes our military might, economic competitiveness, moral leadership, global engagement, and efforts to shape an international system that serves the mutual interests of nations and peoples.

Reference 9 - 0.05% Coverage

Yet these wars—and our global efforts to successfully counter violent extremism—are only one element of our strategic environment and cannot define America’s engagement with the world.

Reference 10 - 0.06% Coverage

Moreover, our trade and investment supports millions of American jobs, forges links among countries, spurs global development, and contributes to a stable and peaceful political and economic environment.

Reference 11 - 0.01% Coverage

compete in a globalized economy.

Reference 12 - 0.06% Coverage

As the nation that helped to build our international system after World War II and to bring about the globalization that came with the end of the Cold War, we must reengage the world on a comprehensive and sustained basis.

Reference 13 - 0.04% Coverage

For instance, we pursue close and regular collaboration with our close allies the United Kingdom, France, and Germany on issues of mutual and global concern.

Reference 14 - 0.09% Coverage

Our ability to advance constructive cooperation is essential to the security and prosperity of specific regions, and to facilitating global cooperation on issues ranging from violent extremism and nuclear proliferation, to climate change, and global economic instability—issues that challenge all nations, but that no one nation alone can meet.

Reference 15 - 0.08% Coverage

embrace America’s responsibility to confront them with its partners, and forge new cooperative approaches to get others to join us in overcoming them, then the international order of a globalized age can better advance our interests and the common interests of nations and peoples everywhere

Reference 16 - 0.04% Coverage

We must invest in diplomacy and development capabilities and institutions in a way that complements and reinforces our global partners.

Reference 17 - 0.05% Coverage

Remaining a vibrant 21st century economic power also requires close cooperation between and among developed nations and emerging markets because of the interdependent nature of the global economy.

Reference 18 - 0.03% Coverage

The United States is waging a global campaign against al-Qa’ida and its terrorist affiliates.

Reference 19 - 0.06% Coverage

Recognizing the inextricable link between domestic and transnational security, we will collaborate bilaterally, regionally, and through international institutions to promote global efforts to prevent terrorist attacks.

Reference 20 - 0.04% Coverage

And a growing and open global economy serves as a source of opportunity for the American people and a source of strength for the United States.

Reference 21 - 0.07% Coverage

In a global economy of vastly increased mobility and interdependence, our own prosperity and leadership depends increasingly on our ability to provide our citizens with the education that they need to succeed, while attracting the premier human capital for our workforce.

Reference 22 - 0.05% Coverage

The United States has lost ground in education, even as our competitiveness depends on educating our children to succeed in a global economy based on knowledge and innovation.

Reference 23 - 0.02% Coverage

But we must develop skills to help us succeed in a dynamic and diverse global economy.

Reference 24 - 0.04% Coverage

This will allow our citizens to build connections with peoples overseas and to develop skills and contacts that will help them thrive in the global economy.

Reference 25 - 0.07% Coverage

Balanced and sustainable growth, at home and throughout the global economy, drives the momentum of the U.S. economy and underpins our prosperity. A steadily growing global economy means an expanding market for exports of our goods and services.

Reference 26 - 0.09% Coverage

United States economic leadership now has to adapt to the rising prominence of emerging economies; the growing size, speed, and sophistication of financial markets; the multiplicity of market participants around the globe; and the struggling economies that have so far failed to integrate into the global system.

Reference 27 - 0.06% Coverage

Prevent Renewed Instability in the Global Economy: The recent crisis taught us the very high cost of the boom and bust cycle that has plagued the global economy and has served neither the United States nor our international partners.

Reference 28 - 0.09% Coverage

As balanced growth translates into sustained growth, middle-income, and poor countries, many of which are not yet sufficiently integrated into the global economy, can accelerate the process of convergence of living standards toward richer countries—a process that will become a driver of growth for the global economy for decades to come.

Reference 29 - 0.04% Coverage

In this new era, opening markets around the globe will promote global competition and innovation and will be crucial to our prosperity.

Reference 30 - 0.05% Coverage

As we go forward, our trade policy will be an important part of our effort to capitalize on the opportunities presented by globalization, but will also be part of our effort to equip Americans to compete.

Reference 31 - 0.09% Coverage

Build Cooperation with Our International Partners: The United States has supported the G-20’s emergence as the premier forum for international economic cooperation. This flows from the recognition that we need a broader and more inclusive engagement with the countries responsible for most of global output and trade.

Reference 32 - 0.08% Coverage

sustained economic progress requires faster, sustainable, and more inclusive development. That is why we are pursuing a range of specific initiatives in areas such as food security and global health that will be essential to the future security and prosperity of nations and peoples around the globe.

Reference 33 - 0.05% Coverage

We will ensure a greater and more deliberate focus on a global development agenda across the United States Government, from policy analysis through policy implementation.

Reference 34 - 0.05% Coverage

This will expand the circle of nations—particularly in Africa—who are capable of reaping the benefits of the global economy, while contributing to global security and prosperity.

Reference 35 - 0.04% Coverage

A responsible budget also depends upon working with our global partners and institutions to share burdens and leverage U.S. investments to achieve global goals.

Reference 36 - 0.02% Coverage

The United States has a moral and strategic interest in promoting global health

Reference 37 - 0.05% Coverage

Our mutual interests must be underpinned by bilateral, multilateral, and global strategies that address underlying sources of insecurity and build new spheres of cooperation

Reference 38 - 0.06% Coverage

Stabilizing our global economy, increasing energy efficiency around the globe, and addressing chronic hunger in poor countries are only three examples of the broad global challenges that cannot be solved by a few countries alone.

Reference 39 - 0.06% Coverage

We are attempting to forge new agreement on common global challenges among the world’s leading and emerging powers to ensure that multilateral cooperation reflects the sustained commitment of influential countries.

Reference 40 - 0.04% Coverage

Globally, we will seek to implement and build on the Copenhagen Accord, and ensure a response to climate change that draws upon decisive action by all nations.

Reference 41 - 0.03% Coverage

We will pursue this global cooperation through multiple avenues, with a focus on advancing cooperation that works.

Reference 42 - 0.05% Coverage

Addressing these transnational risks requires advance preparation, extensive collaboration with the global community, and the development of a resilient population at home.

Reference 43 - 0.04% Coverage

Safeguarding the Global Commons: Across the globe, we must work in concert with allies and partners to optimize the use of shared sea, air, and space domains

Reference 44 - 0.06% Coverage

Many of these goals are equally applicable to cyberspace. While cyberspace relies on the digital infrastructure of individual countries, such infrastructure is globally connected, and securing it requires global cooperation

Files\\2011 Case Study\\CS1\_Primary Sources\_Policy\_Strategies\\2010 Quadrennial Defense Review - § 11 references coded [ 0.05% Coverage]

Reference 1 - 0.01% Coverage

global power,

Reference 2 - 0.01% Coverage

global

Reference 3 - 0.01% Coverage

Globalization

Reference 4 - 0.01% Coverage

global security

Reference 5 - 0.01% Coverage

global

Reference 6 - 0.01% Coverage

America’s Global Role

Reference 7 - 0.01% Coverage

global basing and posture

Reference 8 - 0.01% Coverage

globally,

Reference 9 - 0.02% Coverage

Evolving U.S. global defense posture: The United States is a global power with global responsibilities.

Reference 10 - 0.01% Coverage

solve global security problems,

Reference 11 - 0.01% Coverage

access to the global commons.

Files\\2011 Case Study\\CS1\_Primary Sources\_Policy\_Strategies\\2011 DoD Cyber Strategy - § 3 references coded [ 0.20% Coverage]

Reference 1 - 0.06% Coverage

The global scope of DoD networks and systems

Reference 2 - 0.12% Coverage

extend across national boundaries and through multiple components of the global economy.

Reference 3 - 0.03% Coverage

global supply chains

Files\\2011 Case Study\\CS1\_Primary Sources\_Policy\_Strategies\\2011 International Strategy for Cyberspace - § 27 references coded [ 3.14% Coverage]

Reference 1 - 0.09% Coverage

As never before, information technology is fostering transnational dialogue and facilitating the global flow of goods and services~

Reference 2 - 0.04% Coverage

The reach of networked technology is pervasive and global~

Reference 3 - 0.11% Coverage

We live in a rare historical moment with an opportunity to build on cyberspace’s successes and help secure its future for U~S~ citizens and the global community~

Reference 4 - 0.12% Coverage

For the international community, they have provided the foundation for a new global marketplace of ideas, and helped channel remarkable generosity in the face of tragedy~

Reference 5 - 0.12% Coverage

The United States acknowledges that the growth of these networks brings with it new challenges for our national and economic security and that of the global community.

Reference 6 - 0.17% Coverage

The United States is committed to international initiatives and standards that enhance cybersecurity while safeguarding free trade and the broader free flow of information, recognizing our global responsibilities, as well as our national needs~

Reference 7 - 0.18% Coverage

The rule of law—a civil order in which fidelity to laws safeguards people and interests; brings stability to global markets; and holds malevolent actors to account internationally—both supports our national security and advances our common values~

Reference 8 - 0.14% Coverage

Computers can communicate with one another across a seamless landscape of global networks permitting trusted, instantaneous communication with friends and colleagues down the block or around the world~

Reference 9 - 0.14% Coverage

New technologies improving agriculture or promoting public health are shared with those in greatest need, and difficult problems benefit from global collaboration among experts and innovators~

Reference 10 - 0.17% Coverage

Risk reduction on a global scale will require effective law enforcement; internationally agreed norms of state behavior; measures that build confidence and enhance transparency; active, informed diplomacy; and appropriate deterrence~

Reference 11 - 0.09% Coverage

Network stability is a cornerstone of our global prosperity, and securing those networks is more than strictly a technical matter~

Reference 12 - 0.11% Coverage

Global Interoperability: States should act within their authorities to help ensure the end-toend interoperability of an Internet accessible to all~

Reference 13 - 0.07% Coverage

However, a globally distributed network requires globally distributed early warning capabilities~1

Reference 14 - 0.07% Coverage

We must continue to produce new computer security incident response capabilities globally,

Reference 15 - 0.11% Coverage

International information infrastructures continue to mature and expand, providing more nations with the opportunity to access the global flow of information~

Reference 16 - 0.15% Coverage

For that reason, technical projects that the United States supports will by design enhance security and commerce, safeguard the free flow of information, and promote the global interoperability of networks~

Reference 17 - 0.24% Coverage

Enhancing national-level cybersecurity among developing nations is of immediate and long-term benefit, as more states are equipped to confront threats emanating from within their borders and in turn, build confidence in globally interconnected networks and cooperate across borders to combat criminal misuse of information technologies~

Reference 18 - 0.15% Coverage

Acknowledging that cybersecurity is a global issue that must be addressed with national efforts on the part of all countries, we will expand and regularize initiatives focused on cybersecurity capacity building

Reference 19 - 0.14% Coverage

The United States will continue to take action to help build and sustain open, interoperable, secure, and reliable networks at home and abroad, both for our citizens and others in the global community~

Reference 20 - 0.08% Coverage

Sustain a free-trade environment that encourages technological innovation on accessible, globally linked networks.

Reference 21 - 0.10% Coverage

The global embrace of the Internet can largely be traced to the spread of lower-cost and globally available computers and network technology~

Reference 22 - 0.12% Coverage

The same global networks that power innovation also open up new avenues for industrial espionage and the theft of intellectual property and commercial information~

Reference 23 - 0.11% Coverage

They foster innovation; facilitate interoperability, security, and resiliency; improve trust in online transactions; and spur competition in global markets~

Reference 24 - 0.08% Coverage

In an interconnected global environment, weak security in one nation’s systems compounds the risk to others~

Reference 25 - 0.08% Coverage

In this way, we will greatly enhance the security of the globalized supply chains on which free and open trade depend~

Reference 26 - 0.01% Coverage

global

Reference 27 - 0.15% Coverage

The United States will continue to make clear the benefits of an Internet that is global in nature, while opposing efforts to splinter this network into national intranets that deprive individuals of content from abroad~

Files\\2011 Case Study\\CS1\_Primary Sources\_Policy\_Strategies\\2011 National Military Strategy - § 15 references coded [ 1.44% Coverage]

Reference 1 - 0.11% Coverage

The complexity of this global system and the challenges therein demand that we – the Joint Force – think anew about how we lead.

Reference 2 - 0.01% Coverage

global wealth.

Reference 3 - 0.24% Coverage

Global Commons and Globally Connected Domains – Assured access to and freedom of maneuver within the global commons – shared areas of sea, air, and space – and globally connected domains such as cyberspace are being increasingly challenged by both state and non-state actors.

Reference 4 - 0.01% Coverage

global commons

Reference 5 - 0.02% Coverage

operate globally

Reference 6 - 0.14% Coverage

The 2010 National Security Strategy reaffirmed America’s commitment to retaining its global leadership role and defined our enduring national interests:

Reference 7 - 0.04% Coverage

stronger cooperation to meet global challenges.

Reference 8 - 0.03% Coverage

global economy’s interconnectedness

Reference 9 - 0.08% Coverage

maintain joint assured access to the global commons and cyberspace should they become contested

Reference 10 - 0.02% Coverage

global economic system

Reference 11 - 0.18% Coverage

The interlinked domains of air, space, and cyberspace allow for the high-speed, high-volume exchange of people, ideas, goods, information and capital that are equally critical to the global economy.

Reference 12 - 0.14% Coverage

Space and cyberspace enable effective global warfighting in the air, land, and maritime domains, and have emerged as war-fighting domains in their own right.

Reference 13 - 0.09% Coverage

Strengthening international and regional security requires that our forces be globally-available

Reference 14 - 0.11% Coverage

Global posture remains our most powerful form of commitment and provides us strategic depth across domains and regions.

Reference 15 - 0.22% Coverage

The region’s share of global wealth is growing, enabling increased military capabilities. This is causing the region’s security architecture to change rapidly, creating new challenges and opportunities for our national security and leadership.

Files\\2011 Case Study\\CS1\_Secondary Sources\_Authoritative\\2009 Cyberspace Policy Review Assuring a Trusted and R - § 27 references coded [ 0.19% Coverage]

Reference 1 - 0.01% Coverage

global information and communications infrastructure

Reference 2 - 0.01% Coverage

globally-interconnected

Reference 3 - 0.01% Coverage

global

Reference 4 - 0.01% Coverage

globally

Reference 5 - 0.01% Coverage

global

Reference 6 - 0.01% Coverage

global

Reference 7 - 0.01% Coverage

global information and communications infrastructure

Reference 8 - 0.01% Coverage

global

Reference 9 - 0.01% Coverage

global

Reference 10 - 0.01% Coverage

global

Reference 11 - 0.01% Coverage

global

Reference 12 - 0.01% Coverage

global

Reference 13 - 0.02% Coverage

The global challenge of securing cyberspace requires an increased effort in multilateral forums.

Reference 14 - 0.01% Coverage

global

Reference 15 - 0.01% Coverage

global

Reference 16 - 0.01% Coverage

global

Reference 17 - 0.01% Coverage

global

Reference 18 - 0.01% Coverage

global

Reference 19 - 0.01% Coverage

global

Reference 20 - 0.01% Coverage

global

Reference 21 - 0.01% Coverage

global marketplace

Reference 22 - 0.01% Coverage

globally

Reference 23 - 0.01% Coverage

global environment

Reference 24 - 0.01% Coverage

globally operated digital infrastructure

Reference 25 - 0.04% Coverage

One area needing further study is whether and in what ways elements of the information and communications infrastructure ought to be treated as a global commons.

Reference 26 - 0.01% Coverage

global

Reference 27 - 0.04% Coverage

The first popular computers for the mass consumer market first emerged in the early 1980s, coincident in time with the emergence of the Internet as a global network-of-networks

Files\\2015 Case Study\\CS2\_Primary Sources\_Policy\_Strategies\\2014 Quadrennial Defense Review - § 3 references coded [ 0.08% Coverage]

Reference 1 - 0.02% Coverage

sustaining a global approach to countering violent extremists and terrorist threats

Reference 2 - 0.02% Coverage

We will remain focused on countering WMD, which undermine global security.

Reference 3 - 0.04% Coverage

In striving to achieve our three strategic objectives, the Department will also continue to rebalance and sustain our global posture.

Files\\2015 Case Study\\CS2\_Primary Sources\_Policy\_Strategies\\2015 National Military Strategy - § 15 references coded [ 1.48% Coverage]

Reference 1 - 0.16% Coverage

It   
reinforces the need for the U.S. military to remain globally engaged to shape the security environment and to preserve our network of alliances.

Reference 2 - 0.11% Coverage

as a hedge against unpredictability with reduced resources, we may have to adjust our global posture.

Reference 3 - 0.17% Coverage

Complexity and rapid change characterize today’s strategic environment, driven by   
globalization, the diffusion of technology, and demographic shifts.

Reference 4 - 0.02% Coverage

Globalization

Reference 5 - 0.06% Coverage

Strengthen our global network of allies and partners.

Reference 6 - 0.06% Coverage

to strengthen our global network of allies and partners.

Reference 7 - 0.20% Coverage

In support of these efforts, we are widely distributing U.S. military forces and leveraging globally integrated command and control processes to enable transregional operations.

Reference 8 - 0.06% Coverage

Strengthen Our Global Network of Allies and Partners

Reference 9 - 0.04% Coverage

maintain a global stabilizing presence

Reference 10 - 0.05% Coverage

Advance Globally Integrated Operations

Reference 11 - 0.19% Coverage

In executing globally integrated operations, U.S. military forces work closely with   
international and interagency partners to generate strategic options for our Nation.

Reference 12 - 0.18% Coverage

Provide a Global, Stabilizing Presence. The presence of U.S. military forces in key   
locations around the world underpins the security of our allies and partners

Reference 13 - 0.08% Coverage

this strategy assumes a commitment to projecting global influence

Reference 14 - 0.04% Coverage

We are improving our global agility.

Reference 15 - 0.04% Coverage

globally integrated logistics,

Files\\2015 Case Study\\CS2\_Primary Sources\_Policy\_Strategies\\2015 National Security Strategy - § 43 references coded [ 2.60% Coverage]

Reference 1 - 0.04% Coverage

We continue to set the pace for science, technology, and innovation in the global economy.

Reference 2 - 0.03% Coverage

drawing more of the best students globally every year

Reference 3 - 0.07% Coverage

Globally, we have moved beyond the large ground wars in Iraq and Afghanistan that defined so much of American foreign policy over the past decade.

Reference 4 - 0.02% Coverage

give rise to anxieties about global security.

Reference 5 - 0.10% Coverage

Strong and sustained American leadership is essential to a rules-based international order that promotes global security and prosperity as well as the dignity and human rights of all peoples.

Reference 6 - 0.01% Coverage

global campaign

Reference 7 - 0.04% Coverage

We are leading a global effort to stop the deadly spread of the Ebola virus at its source.

Reference 8 - 0.01% Coverage

global trade

Reference 9 - 0.07% Coverage

Globally, we are committed to advancing the Prague Agenda, including by stopping the spread of nuclear weapons and securing nuclear materials

Reference 10 - 0.01% Coverage

global

Reference 11 - 0.02% Coverage

Shape the Global Economic Order

Reference 12 - 0.06% Coverage

our active leadership has helped the world recover from a global economic crisis and respond to an array of emerging challenges.

Reference 13 - 0.01% Coverage

changing global environment

Reference 14 - 0.03% Coverage

Global economic crisis or widespread economic slowdown

Reference 15 - 0.02% Coverage

We have rebounded from a global recession

Reference 16 - 0.10% Coverage

These partnerships can deliver essential capacity to share the burdens of maintaining global security and prosperity and to uphold the norms that govern responsible international behavior.

Reference 17 - 0.05% Coverage

growing global middle class with higher expectations for governance and economic opportunity.

Reference 18 - 0.09% Coverage

Third, the increasing interdependence of the global economy and rapid pace of technological change are linking individuals, groups, and governments in unprecedented ways.

Reference 19 - 0.10% Coverage

While production in the Middle East and elsewhere remains vitally important for the global market, increased U.S. production is helping keep markets well-supplied and prices conducive to economic growth.

Reference 20 - 0.12% Coverage

Fulfilling our responsibilities depends on a strong defense and secure homeland. It also requires a global security posture in which our unique capabilities are employed within diverse international coalitions and in support of local partners.

Reference 21 - 0.07% Coverage

It should be based on a serious appreciation for the risk to our mission, our global responsibilities, and the opportunity costs at home and abroad.

Reference 22 - 0.15% Coverage

Our adversaries are not confined to a distinct country or region. Instead, they range from South Asia through the Middle East and into Africa. They include globally oriented groups like al-Qa’ida and its affiliates, as well as a growing number of regionally focused and globally connected groups

Reference 23 - 0.01% Coverage

Globally,

Reference 24 - 0.07% Coverage

Our economy is the largest, most open, and innovative in the world. Our leadership has also helped usher in a new era of unparalleled global prosperity.

Reference 25 - 0.07% Coverage

Sustaining our leadership depends on shaping an emerging global economic order that continues to reflect our interests and values.

Reference 26 - 0.04% Coverage

American oil production has increased dramatically, impacting global markets.

Reference 27 - 0.05% Coverage

Consumption has declined, reducing our vulnerability to global supply disruption and price shocks.

Reference 28 - 0.13% Coverage

Seismic shifts in supply and demand are underway across the globe. Increasing global access to reliable and affordable energy is one of the most powerful ways to support social and economic development and to help build new markets for U.S. technology and investment.

Reference 29 - 0.07% Coverage

We will also stay engaged with global suppliers and our partners to reduce the potential for energy-related conflict in places like the Arctic and Asia.

Reference 30 - 0.05% Coverage

We are demonstrating that America can and will lead the global economy while reducing our emissions.

Reference 31 - 0.02% Coverage

Shape the Global Economic Order

Reference 32 - 0.06% Coverage

In so doing, we seek to ensure institutions reinforce, rather than undermine, an effective global financial system.

Reference 33 - 0.17% Coverage

Through the Trans-Pacific Partnership (TPP) and Transatlantic Trade and Investment Partnership (T-TIP), we are setting the world’s highest standards for labor rights and environmental protection, while removing barriers to U.S. exports and putting the United States at the center of a free trade zone covering two-thirds of the global economy.

Reference 34 - 0.03% Coverage

areas where the United States is a global leader in innovation

Reference 35 - 0.12% Coverage

All countries will benefit when we open markets further, extend and enhance tools such as the African Growth and Opportunity Act (AGOA), and reduce inefficiencies in the global trading system through trade facilitation improvements.

Reference 36 - 0.06% Coverage

Growth   
★ 17 ★   
NATIONAL SECURITY STRATEGY   
in the global economy has lifted hundreds of millions out of extreme poverty.

Reference 37 - 0.10% Coverage

Our sanctions will continue to be carefully designed and tailored to achieve clear aims while minimizing any unintended consequences for other economic actors, the global economy, and civilian populations.

Reference 38 - 0.11% Coverage

We are modernizing our alliances with Japan, South Korea, Australia, and the Philippines and enhancing the interactions among them to ensure they are fully capable of responding to regional and global challenges

Reference 39 - 0.08% Coverage

A strong Europe is our indispensable partner, including for tackling global security challenges, promoting prosperity, and upholding international norms.

Reference 40 - 0.05% Coverage

NATO is the strongest alliance the world has ever known and is the hub of an expanding global security network.

Reference 41 - 0.02% Coverage

raise global standards for trade.

Reference 42 - 0.06% Coverage

We will continue to advance a Western Hemisphere that is prosperous, secure, democratic, and plays a greater global role.

Reference 43 - 0.03% Coverage

the hemisphere is increasingly important to global energy supplies.

Files\\2015 Case Study\\CS2\_Primary Sources\_Policy\_Strategies\\2015 White House Report on Cyber Deterrence Policy - § 9 references coded [ 0.70% Coverage]

Reference 1 - 0.12% Coverage

Over the past 30 years, the United States has become increasingly dependent on cyberspace as a means of facilitating the global flow of goods and services

Reference 2 - 0.13% Coverage

In a globally connected world, cybersecurity is one of the most serious national security concerns that the United States and its allies face in the 21st century.

Reference 3 - 0.13% Coverage

And we will do so without undermining the open and interconnected qualities that have made the Internet such a powerful enabler of global economic and social progress.

Reference 4 - 0.04% Coverage

fairness and transparency of global commerce

Reference 5 - 0.01% Coverage

global

Reference 6 - 0.02% Coverage

creating a global environment

Reference 7 - 0.12% Coverage

Global reliance on networked computer systems should encourage all nations to cooperate together in mutual self-interest to deter cyber threats.

Reference 8 - 0.03% Coverage

enhance global economic security

Reference 9 - 0.11% Coverage

Thirty years ago, few understood that the free flow of information in cyberspace would be vital to innovation and global prosperity.

Files\\2018 Case Study\\CS3\_Primary Sources\_Policy\_Strategies\\2017 National Security Strategy - § 7 references coded [ 0.26% Coverage]

Reference 1 - 0.04% Coverage

Energy dominance—America’s central position in the global energy system as a leading producer, consumer, and innovator

Reference 2 - 0.02% Coverage

Climate policies will continue to shape the global energy system.

Reference 3 - 0.06% Coverage

Given future global energy demand, much of the developing world will require fossil fuels, as well as other forms of energy, to power their economies and lift their people out of poverty

Reference 4 - 0.04% Coverage

The United States will remain a global leader in reducing traditional pollution, as well as greenhouse gases, while expanding our economy

Reference 5 - 0.02% Coverage

This will require a resilient forward posture and agile global mobility forces

Reference 6 - 0.03% Coverage

These attacks can undermine faith and confidence in democratic institutions and the global economic system.

Reference 7 - 0.04% Coverage

European allies and partners increase our strategic reach and provide access to forward basing and overflight rights for global operations.

Files\\2018 Case Study\\CS3\_Primary Sources\_Policy\_Strategies\\2018 National Cyber Strategy - § 11 references coded [ 2.14% Coverage]

Reference 1 - 0.07% Coverage

America’s economic and national security is built on global trade and transportation.

Reference 2 - 0.38% Coverage

Given the criticality of maritime transportation to the United States and global economy and the minimal risk-reduction investments to protect against cyber exploitation made thus far, the United States will move quickly to clarify maritime cybersecurity roles and responsibilities; promote enhanced mechanisms for international coordination and information sharing; and accelerate the development of next-generation cyber-resilient maritime infrastructure.

Reference 3 - 0.24% Coverage

The Administration will continue to work with international counterparts to promote open, industry driven standards, innovative products, and risk-based approaches that permit global innovation and the free flow of data while meeting the legitimate security needs of the United States.

Reference 4 - 0.05% Coverage

reducing barriers to a robust global cybersecurity market.

Reference 5 - 0.23% Coverage

The United States Government has fostered and will continue to help foster a global intellectual property rights system that provides incentives for innovation through the protection and enforcement of intellectual property rights such as patents, trademarks, and copyrights.

Reference 6 - 0.16% Coverage

The global Internet has prompted some of   
the greatest advancements since the industrial revolution, enabling great advances in commerce, health, communications, and other national infrastructure.

Reference 7 - 0.13% Coverage

It will also protect America’s security and commercial interests by strengthening United States industry’s competitive position in the global digital economy.

Reference 8 - 0.26% Coverage

The United States will continue to actively participate in global efforts to ensure that the multi-stakeholder model of Internet governance prevails against attempts to create state-centric frameworks that would undermine   
openness and freedom, hinder   
innovation, and jeopardize the functionality of the Internet.

Reference 9 - 0.19% Coverage

American innovators   
have   
contributed significantly in designing products and services that improve our ability to communicate and interact globally and that protect communications infrastructure, data, and devices worldwide.

Reference 10 - 0.20% Coverage

The United States will also advise on infrastructure deploy-   
N AT I O N A L C Y BE R S T R AT E G Y   
ments, innovation, risk management, policy, and standards to further the global Internet’s reach and to ensure interoperability, security, and stability.

Reference 11 - 0.24% Coverage

In addition, capacity building allows for additional opportunities to share cyber   
threat information, enabling the   
United States Government and our partners to better defend domestic critical infrastructure and global supply chains, as well as focus whole-ofgovernment cyber engagements.

Files\\2018 Case Study\\CS3\_Primary Sources\_Policy\_Strategies\\2018 National Defense Strategy Summary - § 6 references coded [ 1.54% Coverage]

Reference 1 - 0.29% Coverage

We are facing increased global disorder, characterized by decline in the long-standing rules-based international order—creating a security environment more complex and volatile than any we have experienced in recent memory.

Reference 2 - 0.32% Coverage

National Defense Strategy acknowledges an increasingly complex global security environment, characterized by overt challenges to the free and open international order and the re-emergence of long-term, strategic competition between nations.

Reference 3 - 0.18% Coverage

Although this system has evolved since the end of the Cold War, our network of alliances and partnerships remain the backbone of global security.

Reference 4 - 0.21% Coverage

Allies and partners also provide access to critical regions, supporting a widespread basing and logistics system that underpins the Department’s global reach.

Reference 5 - 0.34% Coverage

Form enduring coalitions in the Middle East. We will foster a stable and secure Middle East that denies safe havens for terrorists, is not dominated by any power hostile to the United States, and that contributes to stable global energy markets and secure trade routes.

Reference 6 - 0.20% Coverage

the Department will deepen its relations with regional countries that contribute military capabilities to shared regional and global security challenges.

Files\\2018 Case Study\\CS3\_Primary Sources\_Policy\_Strategies\\2018 National Military Strategy Description - § 2 references coded [ 2.43% Coverage]

Reference 1 - 1.40% Coverage

From its global perspective, the NMS premises an adaptive and innovative Joint Force capable of employing its capabilities seamlessly across multiple regions and all domains -- continuing the transition from a regional to a global mindset and approach.

Reference 2 - 1.03% Coverage

However, the full scope of global integration must recognize uncertainty and be vigilant for emerging threats to the security and interests of the United States, its allies and partners.

Files\\2023 Case Study\\CS4\_Primary Sources\_Policy\_Strategies\\2022 National Defense Strategy - § 4 references coded [ 0.34% Coverage]

Reference 1 - 0.08% Coverage

The 2022 National Defense Strategy (NDS) details the Department’s path forward into that decisive decade—from helping to protect the American people, to promoting global security, to seizing new strategic opportunities2, and to realizing and defending our democratic values.

Reference 2 - 0.13% Coverage

Now and over the next two decades, we face strategic challenges stemming from complex interactions between a rapidly changing global balance of military   
capabilities; emerging   
technologies; competitor doctrines that pose new threats to the U.S. homeland and to strategic stability; an escalation of competitors’ coercive and malign activities in the “gray zone”; and transboundary challenges that impose new demands on the Joint Force and the defense enterprise.

Reference 3 - 0.05% Coverage

The PRC is also expanding the PLA’s global footprint and working to establish a more robust overseas and basing infrastructure to allow it to project military power at greater distances.

Reference 4 - 0.07% Coverage

We will prioritize joint efforts with the full range of domestic and international partners in the defense ecosystem to fortify the defense industrial base, our logistical systems, and relevant global supply chains against subversion, compromise, and theft.

Files\\2023 Case Study\\CS4\_Primary Sources\_Policy\_Strategies\\2022 National Security Strategy - § 40 references coded [ 2.23% Coverage]

Reference 1 - 0.06% Coverage

Meanwhile, shared challenges that impact people everywhere demand increased global cooperation and nations stepping up to their responsibilities at a moment when this has become more difficult

Reference 2 - 0.04% Coverage

We will continue to invest in boosting American competitiveness globally, drawing dreamers and strivers from around the world.

Reference 3 - 0.05% Coverage

We will partner with any nation that shares our basic belief that the rules-based order must remain the foundation for global peace and prosperity.

Reference 4 - 0.01% Coverage

PART III: OUR GLOBAL PRIORITIES

Reference 5 - 0.03% Coverage

Global increases in inflation since the COVID-19 pandemic began have made life more difficult for many.

Reference 6 - 0.04% Coverage

Global cooperation on shared interests has frayed, even as the need for that cooperation takes on existential importance.

Reference 7 - 0.08% Coverage

Without immediate global action during this crucial decade, global temperatures will cross the critical warming threshold of 1.5 degrees Celsius after which scientists have warned some of the most catastrophic climate impacts will be irreversible.

Reference 8 - 0.08% Coverage

COVID-19 has killed millions of people and damaged the livelihoods of hundreds of millions, if not more. It exposed the insufficiency of our global health architecture and supply chains, widened inequality, and wiped out many years of development progress.

Reference 9 - 0.06% Coverage

The global economic challenges resulting from the COVID-19 pandemic have been extended and deepened globally as uneven, recovering demand has outpaced suppliers and put strains on supply chains.

Reference 10 - 0.04% Coverage

Moreover, autocratic governments often abuse the global economic order by weaponizing its interconnectivity and its strengths.

Reference 11 - 0.05% Coverage

We have also experienced a global energy crisis driven by Russia’s weaponization of the oil and gas supplies it controls, exacerbated by OPEC’s management of its own supply.

Reference 12 - 0.02% Coverage

The United States is a global power with global interests.

Reference 13 - 0.04% Coverage

Although the Indo-Pacific is where its outcomes will be most acutely shaped, there are significant global dimensions to this challenge.

Reference 14 - 0.04% Coverage

In Africa, the dynamism, innovation, and demographic growth of the region render it central to addressing complex global problems.

Reference 15 - 0.14% Coverage

Fifth, we recognize that globalization has delivered immense benefits for the United States and the world but an adjustment is now required to cope with dramatic global changes such as widening inequality within and among countries, the PRC’s emergence as both our most consequential competitor and one of our largest trading partners, and emerging technologies that fall outside the bounds of existing rules and regulations.

Reference 16 - 0.05% Coverage

Partnership for Global Investment and Infrastructure (PGII) to help low- and middleincome countries secure high-standard investment for critical infrastructure

Reference 17 - 0.04% Coverage

Strategic public investment is the backbone of a strong industrial and innovation base in the 21st century global economy.

Reference 18 - 0.12% Coverage

And at the same time, we are standing up to threats to our democracy such as domestic terrorism by implementing our nation’s first-ever National Strategy for Countering Domestic Terrorism and tackling head-on global forces like weaponized corruption, information manipulation operations, political interference, and attacks on the rule of law, including in elections.

Reference 19 - 0.06% Coverage

The newly established U.S.-EU Trade and Technology Council is coordinating approaches to setting the rules of the road on global technology, economic, and trade issues based on shared democratic values.

Reference 20 - 0.03% Coverage

Global threats to accountable and transparent governance also threaten our own democratic system.

Reference 21 - 0.06% Coverage

Protracted conflicts, growing fragility, a resurgence of authoritarianism, and ever-more frequent climate shocks threaten people’s lives and livelihoods and global stability.

Reference 22 - 0.08% Coverage

We are also implementing this development approach to advance global health security and systems and to take principled humanitarian action while addressing the root causes of fragility, conflict, and crisis, including through the Global Fragility Act.

Reference 23 - 0.05% Coverage

By the 2030s, the United States for the first time will need to deter two major nuclear powers, each of whom will field modern and diverse global and regional nuclear forces.

Reference 24 - 0.01% Coverage

PART III: OUR GLOBAL PRIORITIES

Reference 25 - 0.03% Coverage

The breadth and complexity of our global interests mean that we need to use that power strategically.

Reference 26 - 0.05% Coverage

At the same time, the PRC is also central to the global economy and has a significant impact on shared challenges, particularly climate change and global public health.

Reference 27 - 0.03% Coverage

Competition with the PRC is most pronounced in the Indo-Pacific, but it is also increasingly global.

Reference 28 - 0.07% Coverage

We have also seen how the PRC chose not to cooperate adequately with the World Health Organization and the international community on the global response to COVID-19, including on the investigation into its origins.

Reference 29 - 0.09% Coverage

Therefore, as we engage globally and through international institutions, we will also deepen our cooperation with like-minded states to push for reforms on pandemic preparedness and if necessary to work more closely together to set higher standards that others can emulate.

Reference 30 - 0.09% Coverage

Recognizing that this is a problem with global reach we will work closely with our international partners to stop TCOs from getting precursor chemicals and work closely with private industry to increase vigilance and prevent the diversion of chemicals for illicit fentanyl production.

Reference 31 - 0.11% Coverage

To ensure these investments support positive technological outcomes, we will partner with industry and governments in shaping technological standards that ensure quality, consumer safety, and global interoperability, and to advance the open and transparent standards process that has enabled innovation, growth, and interconnectivity for decades.

Reference 32 - 0.09% Coverage

America’s prosperity also relies on a fair and open trade and international economic system. The United States has long benefited from international trade’s ability to promote global economic growth, lower consumer prices, and access to foreign markets to promote U.S. exports and jobs.

Reference 33 - 0.04% Coverage

In today’s globalized world, international financial systems are used to stash illicit wealth abroad and to send bribes across borders.

Reference 34 - 0.02% Coverage

Our future and the world’s are interlinked. That is why our strategy is global.

Reference 35 - 0.04% Coverage

Though rooted in transatlantic strength and stability, our agenda with European allies and partners is global.

Reference 36 - 0.05% Coverage

Our priority is to work with Canada and Mexico to advance a North American vision for the future that draws on our shared strengths and bolsters U.S. global competitiveness.

Reference 37 - 0.06% Coverage

These priorities—expanding economic opportunities, strengthening democracy, and building security—are mutually reinforcing and contribute to national, regional, and global stability.

Reference 38 - 0.05% Coverage

Africa’s governments, institutions, and people are a major geopolitical force, one that will play a crucial role in solving global challenges in the coming decade.

Reference 39 - 0.04% Coverage

Enhancing Africa’s peace and prosperity will bolster Africa’s ability to solve regional and global problems.

Reference 40 - 0.05% Coverage

Our national security institutions and workforce underpin America’s global leadership and the security, prosperity, and freedoms of the American people.

Files\\2023 Case Study\\CS4\_Primary Sources\_Policy\_Strategies\\2023 DoD Cyber Strategy Summary - § 1 reference coded [ 0.37% Coverage]

Reference 1 - 0.37% Coverage

3. Protect the Cyber Domain with Allies and Partners. Our global Allies and partners represent a foundational strategic advantage for the United States. We will build the capacity and capability of U.S. Allies and partners in cyberspace and expand avenues of potential cyber cooperation.

Files\\2023 Case Study\\CS4\_Primary Sources\_Policy\_Strategies\\2023 National Cybersecurity Strategy - § 4 references coded [ 0.27% Coverage]

Reference 1 - 0.10% Coverage

We are laying the foundations for real-time global collaboration leveraging vast amounts of data and computing power that will unlock scientific discoveries and other public goods of which we cannot yet conceive.

Reference 2 - 0.03% Coverage

The CRI has conducted global exercises to build resilience

Reference 3 - 0.06% Coverage

We have supported the expansion of the Budapest Convention on Cybercrime and other global efforts to make cyberspace more secure.

Reference 4 - 0.08% Coverage

Complex and globally interconnected supply chains produce the information, communications, and operational technology products and services that power the U.S. economy.

**Annotations**

1 Foreshadowing justification for future strategy of "defend foward".

2 i.e., seizing the initiative