Files\\2015 Case Study\\Primary Sources\_Policy\_Strategies\\2015 DOD Cyber Strategy CLEAN - § 1 reference coded [ 0.06% Coverage]

Reference 1 - 0.06% Coverage

North Korea accompanied their cyberattacks with coercion, intimidation, and the threat of terrorism.

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Reference 1 - 0.21% Coverage

American diplomacy and leadership, backed by a strong military, remain essential to deterring future acts of inter-state aggression and provocation by reaffirming our security commitments to allies and partners, investing in their capabilities to withstand coercion, imposing costs on those who threaten their neighbors or violate fundamental international norms, and embedding our actions within wider regional strategies.

Reference 2 - 0.06% Coverage

On territorial disputes, particularly in Asia, we denounce coercion and assertive behaviors that threaten escalation

Reference 3 - 0.06% Coverage

America’s energy revival is not only good for growth, it offers new buffers against the coercive use of energy by some

Reference 4 - 0.10% Coverage

In many cases, our use of targeted sanctions and other coercive measures are meant not only to uphold international norms, but to deter severe threats to stability and order at the regional level.

Reference 5 - 0.08% Coverage

We will deter Russian aggression, remain alert to its strategic capabilities, and help our allies and partners resist Russian coercion over the long term, if necessary

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Reference 1 - 0.18% Coverage

In response to North Korea’s destructive and coercive cyber attack in November 2014 – which was intended to harm a U.S. business and suppress free speech – the Administration announced new sanctions on certain North Korean actors.