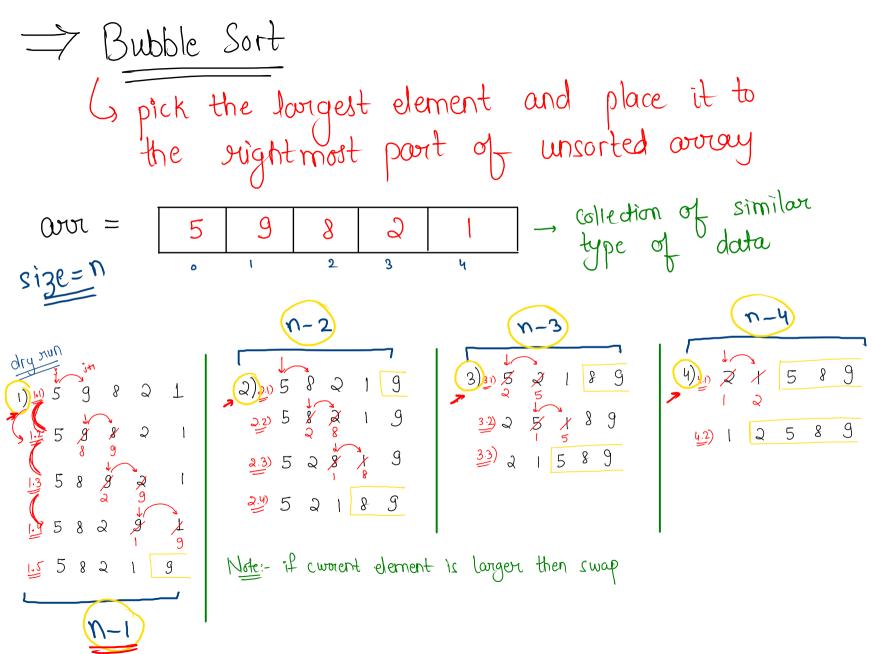
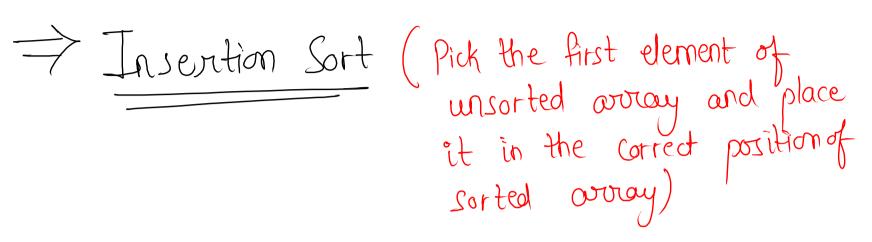
Time Complexity & Space Complexity (logic) time

Sorting (avoianging a sequence in) Time Complexity) Insertion Sort where, N is size of your sequence Selection Sort Space Complexity

((1) M = 6 , $T \cdot C = 36$



```
i<= n-1
               =1 \longrightarrow n-1) {
                        if ( aur[j] > aur[j+1])
                                                                   public static void main(String[] args) {
                                   Swap ( j, j+1)
                                                                       Scanner scn = new Scanner(System.in);
                                                                       int n = scn.nextInt();
                                                                       int[] arr = new int[n];
                                                                       for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
                                                                           arr[i] = scn.nextInt();
                                                                       bubbleSort(arr, n);
                                                                   }
                                                                    public static void bubbleSort(int[] arr, int n) {
                                                                      _for (int i = 1; i <= n - 1; i++) {</pre>
                                                                           for (int j = 0; j < n - i; j++) {
ar
                                                                               if ( arr[j] > arr[j + 1] ) {
                                                                                  swap(arr, j, j + 1);
                                                                       // print
                                                                      for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
                                                                           System.out.print(arr[i] + " ");
                                                                   public static void swap(int[] arr, int x, int y) {
                                                                       int temp = arr[x];
```



$$0vv = 5 9 8 2 1$$

$$si3e=n$$

Note:- here, assume 1st element ou already sorted. 2 5 8 % 5 9 5 8 9 2 1 prev. element is larger then

```
2
public static void main(String[] args) {
                                                                             t
    Scanner scn = new Scanner(System.in);
    int n = scn.nextInt();
                                                                               3
                                                        aru
    int[] arr = new int[n];
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        arr[i] = scn.nextInt();
    insertionSort(arr, n);
                                                                                        (5 > 2) \checkmark
                                                         i=1, j=0
public static void insertionSort(int[] arr, int n) {
  for (int i = 1; i < n; i++) {</pre>
     for (int j = i - 1; j >= 0; j--) {
    if (arr[j] > arr[j + 1]) {
        swap(arr, j, j + 1);
    } else {
        break;
}
                                                                                         (5 > 3) \checkmark
                                                         \tilde{l}=2, \tilde{j}=1
                                                                                          (2 > 3) K
    // print
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
                                                                                          (5>7) K
        System.out.print(arr[i] + " ");
                                                        \hat{i} = 3, \hat{j} = 2
    }
public static void swap(int[] arr, int x, int y) {
    int temp = arr[x];
                                                        i=4, j=3
    arr[x] = arr[y];
    arr[y] = temp;
                                                                                           (3>4) K
                                                          1=5 K
```