











## Correlation Reversal Manipulation Revealed By Benford's Law and Random Forest

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#### Q: Can we trust this data?

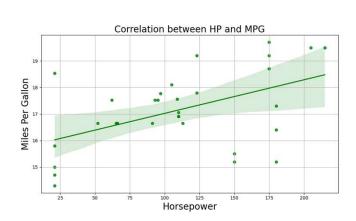


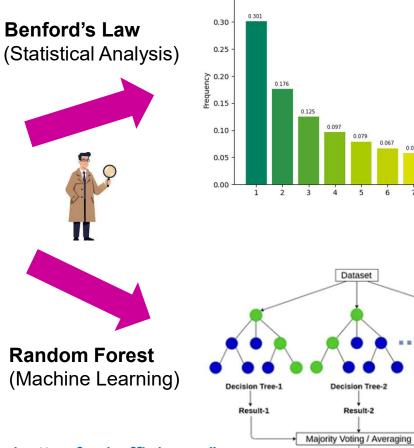












0.35

#### From the given data:

r = +0.5, p < 0.001

"Cars with higher horsepower achieve better fuel efficiency"

**Decision Tree-N** 

Result-N

Benford's Law distribution of first digits

**Final Result** 

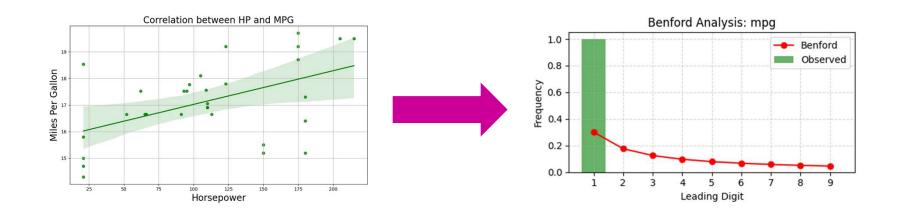
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#### **Using Benford's Law to Detect Manipulation**

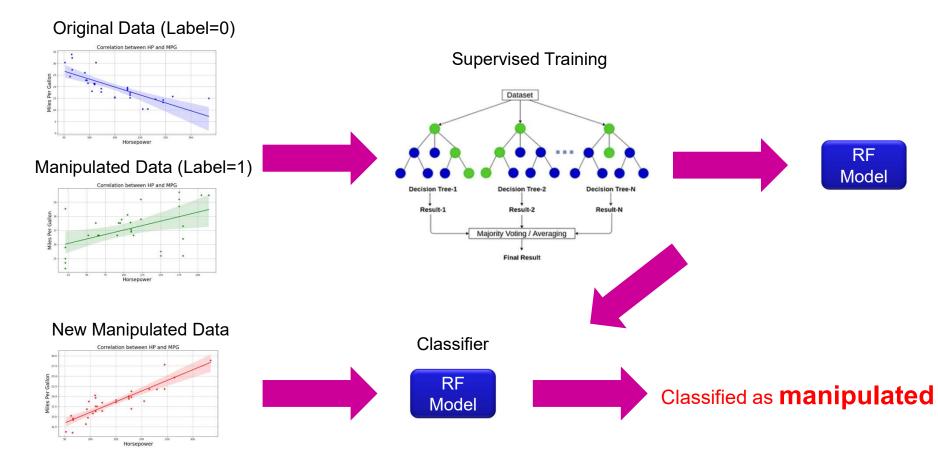


Chi-square = 74.3017, p-value = 0.000000000000

Criteria: Chi-square > 30.58 and p < 0.0001

Classified as **manipulated** (anomaly and extreme)

#### **Using Random Forest to Detect Manipulation**



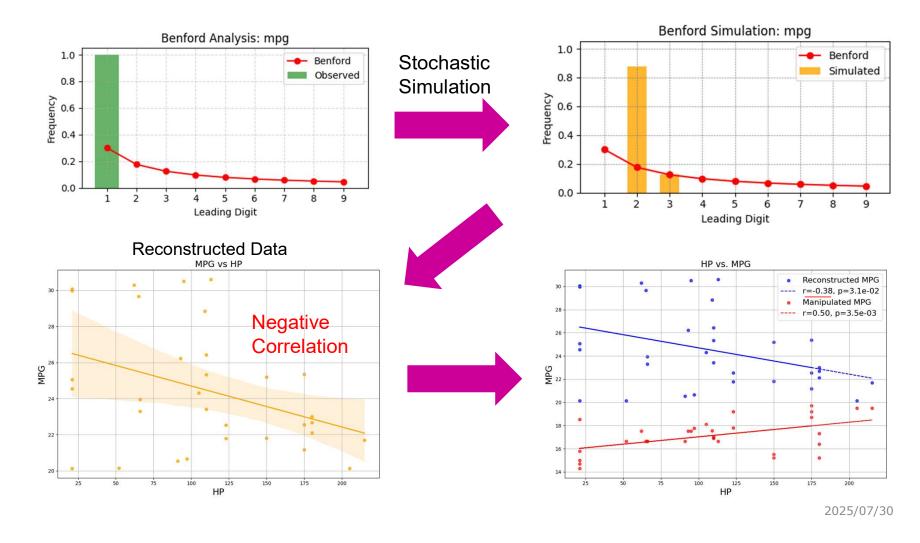




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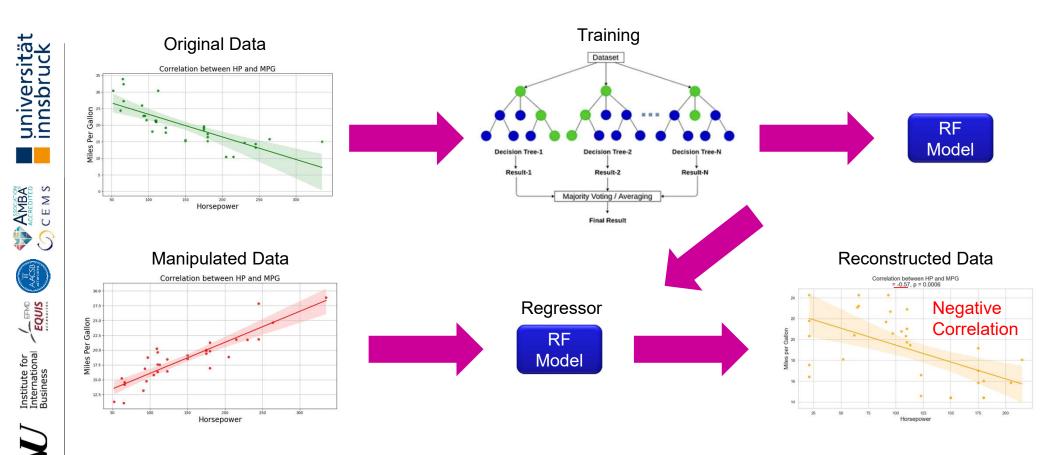
#### **Using Benford's Law to Detect Correlation Reversal**

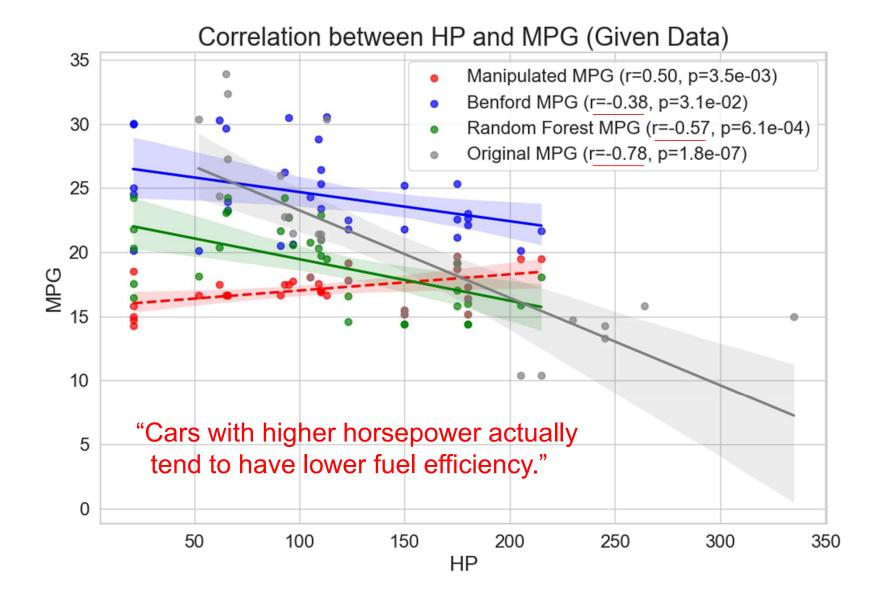


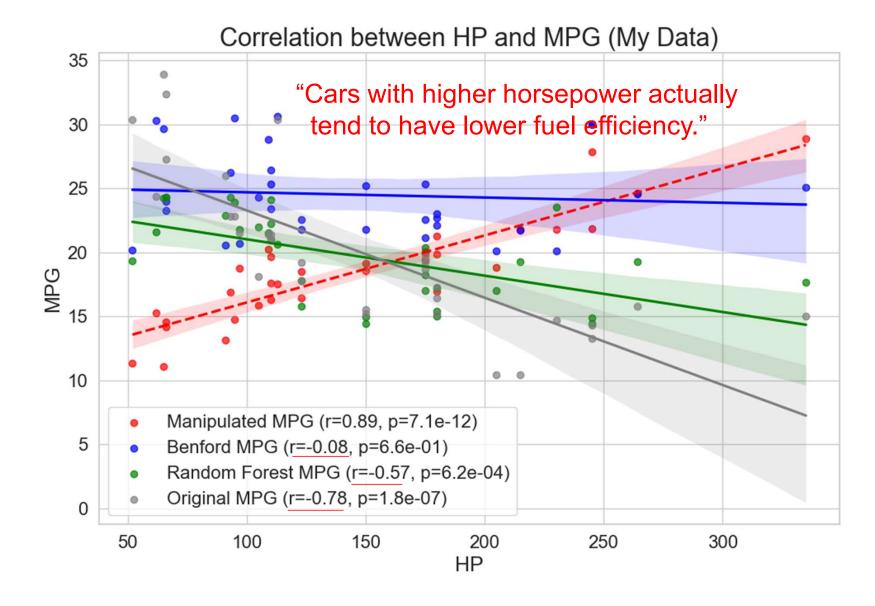
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#### **Using Random Forest to Detect Correlation Reversal**







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### 3

#### **Evaluation of Random Forest Classifier and Regressor**

```
=== Random Forest Classification Evaluation ===
    precision recall f1-score support

0 0.83 1.00 0.91 5
1 1.00 0.88 0.93 8
```

=== Random Forest Regression Evaluation ===

R<sup>2</sup> Score : 0.6643

Mean Squared Error: 4.1079

Mean Absolute Error: 1.7576

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#### Conclusion

- 1. Benford's law can detect data manipulation and correlation reversal.
- 2. Random Forest Algorithm can also detect data manipulation and correlation reversal.
- 3. Random Forest could approximate original data better than Benford's law (84% vs. 45%).
- 4. The original data was manipulated to show positive correlation between HP and MPG while still p < 5%.