

Mapping Bird Range Overlaps in GeoPandas

Brian Brakefield

### **Outline**

- 1. Problem Statement
- 2. Background Information
- 3. Methods
- 4. Results
- 5. Future Considerations



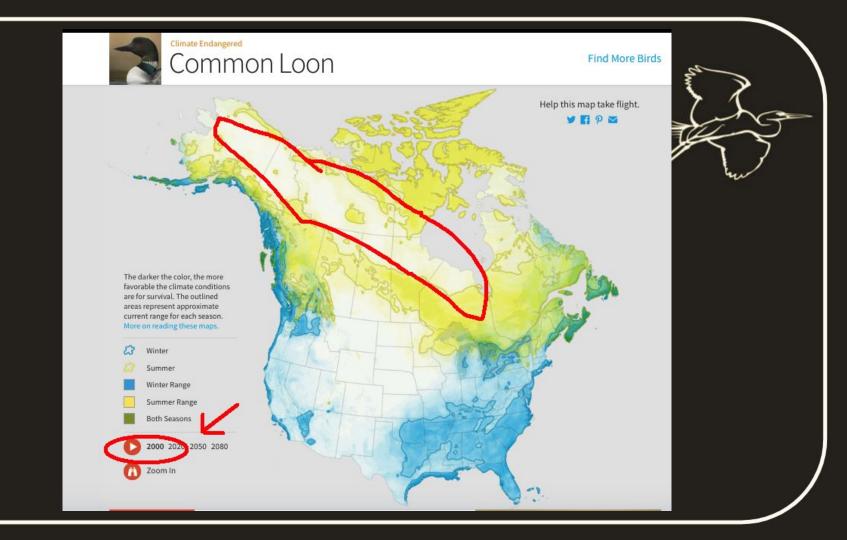
### **Problem Statement**

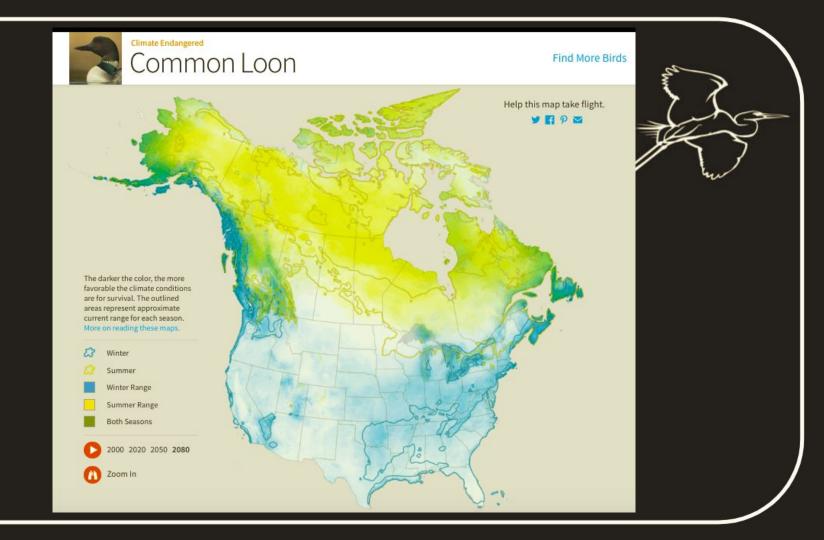


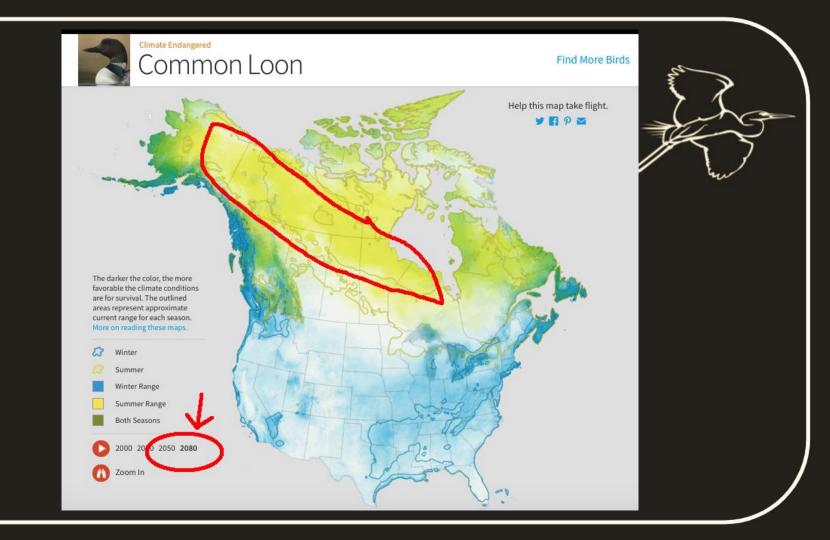
How will climate change affect bird species concentrations?

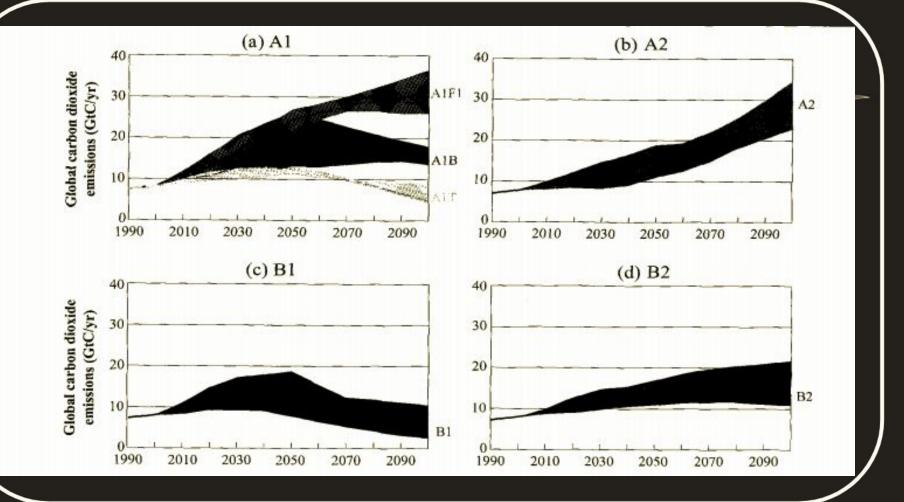














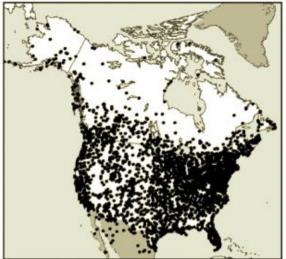


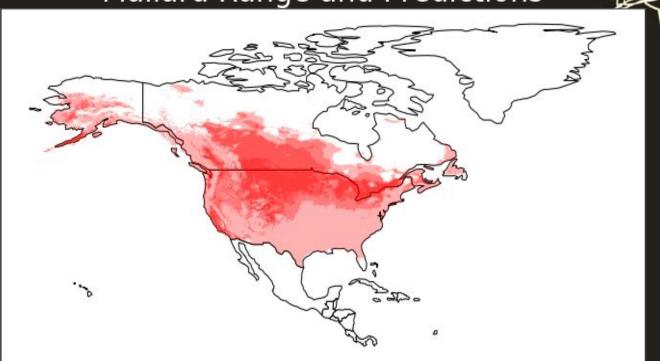
Figure 5.1. Distribution of Audubon Christmas Bird Count circles and North American Breeding Bird Survey routes (2000–2009).

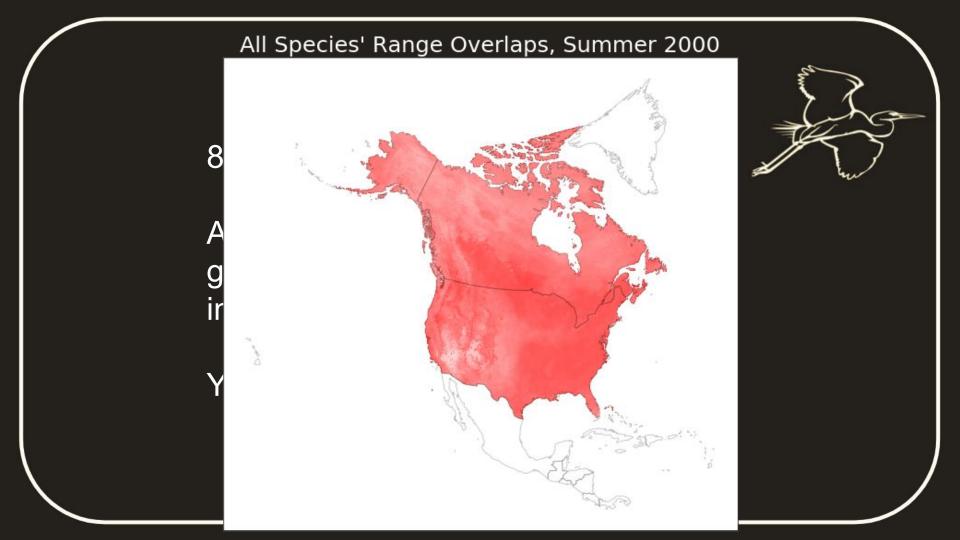
Prioritization Ap "hedge your b

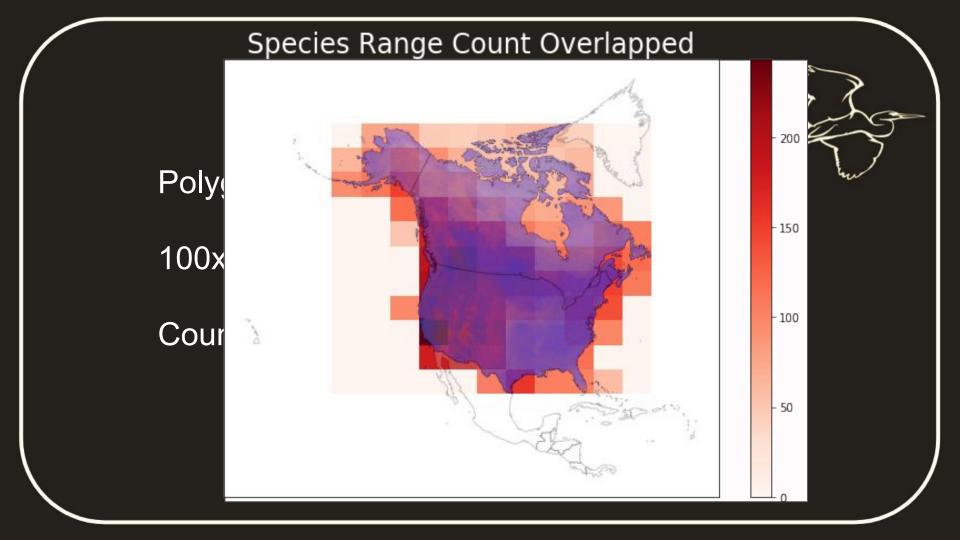
Figure 4.2. Two visualizations of Common Loon (*Gavia immer*) summer range using the same base data but varying color ramp scales: stretch by 2.5 standard deviations (left) and classified by geometric interval (right).

# Methodology

Mallard Range and Predictions

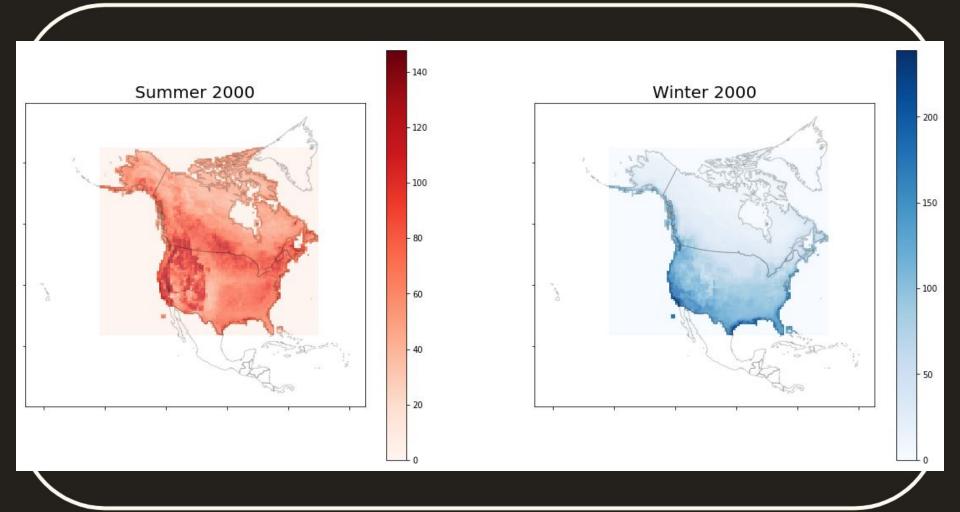


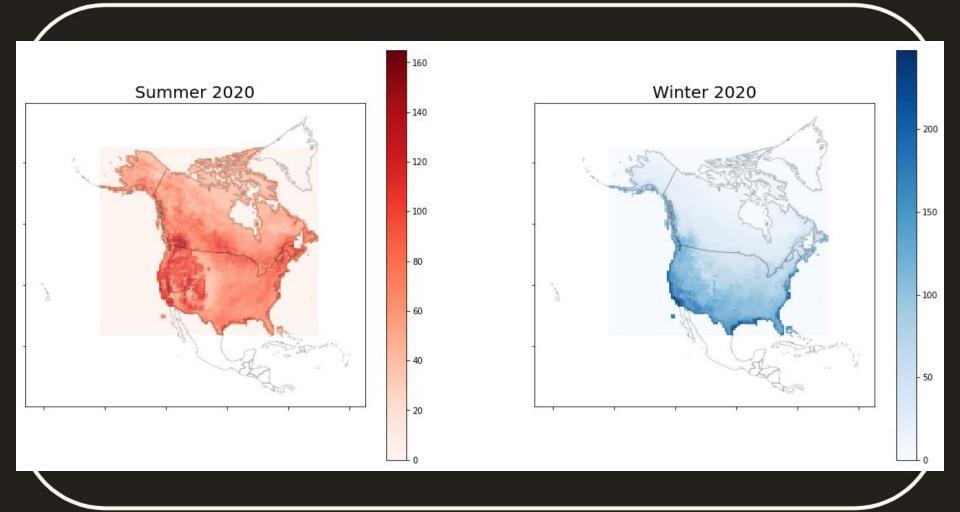


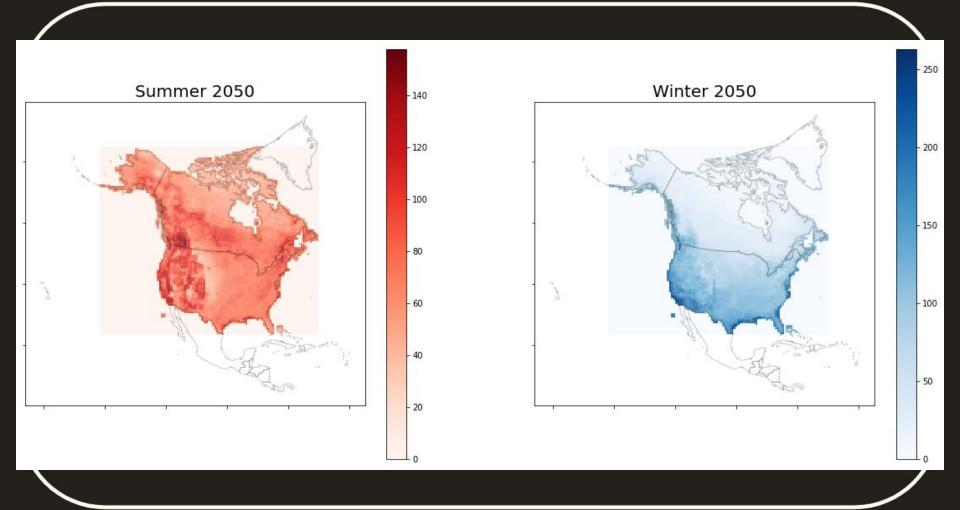


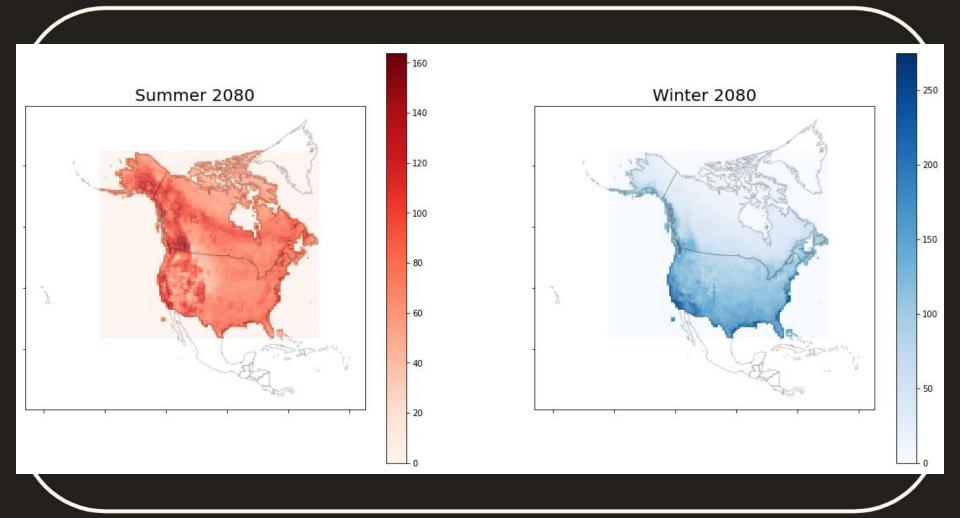


## Results









### **Future Considerations**

- Different Software
  - Computing times
  - Customization
  - "Raster" resolution
- Both-Season Birds
- Other Emissions Scenarios
- Interactive/Animated



#### Questions?

Project Available:

Sources:



http://climate.audubon.org/sites/default/files/NAS\_EXTBIRD\_V1.3\_9.2.15%20lb.pdf

https://www.ipcc.ch/report/emissions-scenarios/

http://geopandas.org/

https://geojson-maps.ash.ms/

Special thanks to Brooke Bateman, PhD, Senior Scientist, Climate at National Audubon Society for providing the species data