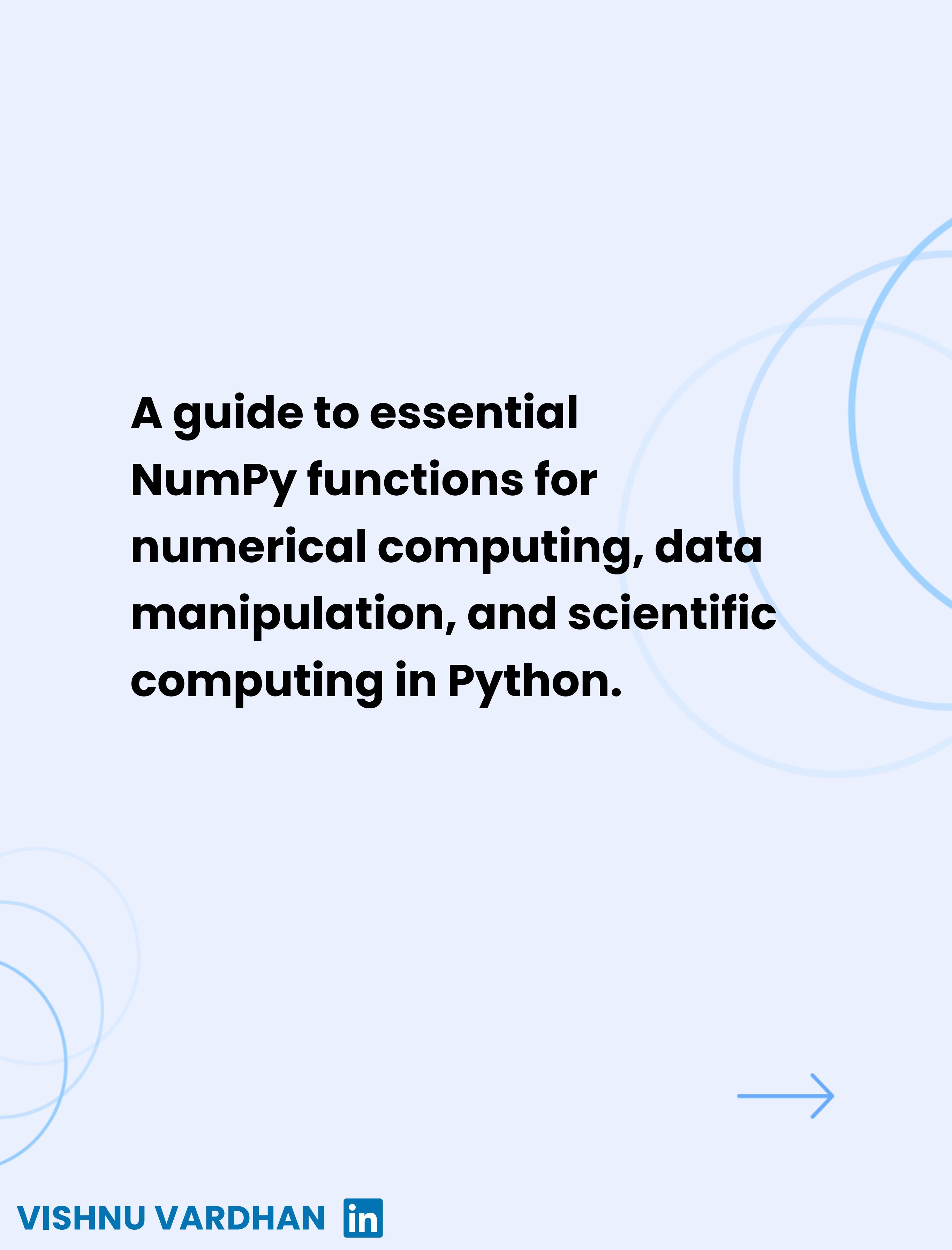


# Cheat Sheet **NumPy**



**Python Numerical  
Computing Library**





A guide to essential  
**NumPy functions for**  
**numerical computing, data**  
**manipulation, and scientific**  
**computing in Python.**



# Array Creation

## Create Arrays

```
import numpy as np

# Basic arrays
arr1 = np.array([1, 2, 3, 4, 5])
arr2 = np.array([[1, 2], [3, 4]])
```

## Special Arrays

```
zeros = np.zeros((3, 4))
ones = np.ones((2, 3))
identity = np.eye(3)
empty = np.empty((2, 3))
```

## Sequence Arrays

```
range_arr = np.arange(10)
spaced = np.linspace(0, 1, 5)
log_space = np.logspace(0, 2, 5)
```

## Random Arrays

```
random = np.random.random((2, 3))
normal = np.random.normal(0, 1, (2, 3))
int_random = np.random.randint(0, 10, (2, 3))
```



# Array Properties & Indexing

## Array Properties

```
arr = np.array([[1, 2, 3], [4, 5, 6]])  
  
shape = arr.shape  
ndim = arr.ndim  
size = arr.size  
dtype = arr.dtype
```

## Basic Indexing

```
arr = np.array([[1, 2, 3], [4, 5, 6]])  
  
element = arr[1, 2]  
row = arr[0]  
col = arr[:, 1]
```

## Boolean Indexing

```
arr = np.arange(10)  
  
mask = arr > 5  
filtered = arr[mask]  
filtered2 = arr[(arr > 5) & (arr < 8)]
```



# Array Operations

## Math Functions

```
a      = np.array([0,      np.pi/2,      np.pi])  
  
sin_values = np.sin(a)  
exp_values = np.exp(a)  
log_values = np.log(np.array([1, np.e, np.e**2]))  
sqrt_values = np.sqrt(np.array([1, 4, 9]))
```

## Comparison Operations

```
a = np.array([1, 2, 3])  
b = np.array([3, 2, 1])  
  
equal = a == b  
greater = a > b  
any_true = np.any(a > 2)  
all_true = np.all(a < 4)
```

## Aggregation

```
arr = np.array([[1, 2, 3], [4, 5, 6]])  
  
sum_all = np.sum(arr)  
min_val = np.min(arr)  
max_val = np.max(arr)  
mean_val = np.mean(arr)
```



# Array Manipulation

## Reshaping Arrays

```
arr = np.arange(12)

reshaped = arr.reshape(3, 4)
flattened = reshaped.flatten()
raveled = reshaped.ravel()
```

## Joining Arrays

```
concat = np.concatenate((a, b))
vstack = np.vstack((a, b))
hstack = np.hstack((a.reshape(-1, 1), b.reshape(-1, 1)))
```

## Splitting Arrays

```
arr = np.arange(12).reshape(3, 4)

split = np.split(arr, 3)
hsplit = np.hsplit(arr, 2)
vsplit = np.vsplit(arr, 3)
```

## Transposing & Axes

```
arr = np.arange(12).reshape(3, 4)

transposed = arr.T
swapped = np.swapaxes(arr, 0, 1)
```



# Broadcasting

## Broadcasting Basics

```
arr = np.ones((3, 4))  
  
arr_plus_5 = arr + 5  
arr_times_vec = arr * np.arange(4)
```

## Broadcasting Example

```
a = np.arange(3).reshape(3, 1)  
b = np.arange(4)  
c = a + b
```

## Normalizing Data

```
data = np.random.random((5, 3))  
  
means = data.mean(axis=0)  
normalized = data - means
```

## Outer Product

```
a = np.array([1, 2, 3])  
b = np.array([4, 5])  
outer = np.outer(a, b)
```



# Linear Algebra

## Matrix Operations

```
a = np.array([[1, 2], [3, 4]])
b = np.array([[5, 6], [7, 8]])
dot = np.dot(a, b)
matmul = a @ b
```

## Matrix Decomposition

```
a = np.array([[1, 2], [2, 1]])
eigenvalues, eigenvectors = np.linalg.eig(a)
u, s, vh = np.linalg.svd(a)
```

## Solving Linear Systems

```
A = np.array([[3, 1], [1, 2]])
b = np.array([9, 8])
x = np.linalg.solve(A, b)
```

## Matrix Properties

```
a = np.array([[1, 2], [3, 4]])
det = np.linalg.det(a)
rank = np.linalg.matrix_rank(a)
trace = np.trace(a)
```



# Statistics

## Basic Statistics

```
arr = np.array([1, 2, 3, 4, 5])  
  
mean = np.mean(arr)  
median = np.median(arr)  
std = np.std(arr)  
var = np.var(arr)
```

## Percentiles

```
arr = np.random.normal(0, 1, 1000)  
  
percentile_50 = np.percentile(arr, 50)  
percentiles = np.percentile(arr, [25, 50, 75])
```

## Histogram

```
arr = np.random.normal(0, 1, 1000)  
  
hist, bins = np.histogram(arr, bins=10)
```

## Correlation

```
x = np.random.normal(0, 1, 100)  
y = x + np.random.normal(0, 0.5, 100)  
  
corr_matrix = np.corrcoef(x, y)
```



# Advanced Indexing

## Boolean Masks

```
arr = np.arange(12).reshape(3, 4)  
  
mask = arr > 5  
filtered = arr[mask]  
arr[arr % 2 == 0] = -1
```

## Fancy Indexing

```
arr = np.arange(10, 20)  
indices = [2, 4, 6, 8]  
selected = arr[indices]
```

## Where Function

```
x = np.arange(10) condition = x < 5  
result = np.where(condition, x, 10*x)
```

## Masked Arrays

```
from numpy import ma  
arr = np.arange(10) mask = arr % 3 == 0  
masked_arr = ma.masked_array(arr, mask)
```



# File I/O

## Binary Files

```
arr = np.arange(10)  
  
np.save('array.npy', arr)  
loaded = np.load('array.npy')
```

## Multiple Arrays

```
x = np.arange(10)  
y = np.ones(5)  
  
np.savez('arrays.npz', x=x, y=y)  
loaded = np.load('arrays.npz')
```

## Text Files

```
arr = np.array([[1, 2, 3], [4, 5, 6]])  
  
np.savetxt('array.txt', arr)  
np.savetxt('array.csv', arr, delimiter=',')
```

## Loading Text

```
loaded = np.loadtxt('array.txt')  
csv_loaded = np.loadtxt('array.csv', delimiter=',')
```



# Advanced Features

## Structured Arrays

```
dt = np.dtype([('name', 'U10'), ('age', 'i4')])  
s = np.array([('Ann', 25), ('Bob', 32)], dtype=dt)  
names = s['name']  
ages = s['age']
```

## Polynomials

```
from numpy.polynomial import polynomial as poly  
  
p = poly.Polynomial([1, 2, 3])  
val = p(2)
```

## FFT

```
x = np.linspace(0, 10, 100)  
y = np.sin(x)  
  
fft = np.fft.fft(y)  
freqs = np.fft.fftfreq(len(y), d=x[1]-x[0])
```





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**VISHNU VARDHAN**